





Nº 8768

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, VICTORIA.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

OF

AUSTRALIAN FUNGI,

TOGETHER WITH

HOST-INDEX AND LIST OF WORKS ON THE SUBJECT,

BY

D. McALPINE,

GOVERNMENT VEGETABLE PATHOLOGIST,

MEMBER OF THE INTERNATIONAL PHYTO-PATHOLOGIC COMMISSION;
MEMBER OF THE IMPERIAL LEOP.-CAROL GERMAN ACADEMY OF NATURALISTS;
HONOURMAN OF THE SCIENCE AND ART DEPARTMENT, SOUTH KENSINGTON, LONDON, ETC., ETC.

AUTHOR OF A "BOTANICAL ATLAS" IN 2 VOLS.; A "ZOOLOGICAL ATLAS" IN 2 VOLS.;
A "BIOLOGICAL ATLAS"; "SHORT NOTES FOR BIOLOGICAL STUDENTS";
"ATLAS OF ELEMENTARY PHYSIOLOGY AND PHYSIOLOGICAL ANATOMY";
"LIFE-HISTORIES OF PLANTS," ETC. ETC.

Registrado a j. 112
do livro competente, com o
n.º 3959 *gel*



By Authority.

ROBT. S. BRAIN, GOVERNMENT PRINTER, MELBOURNE.

1895. 2

P R E F A C E.

IN dealing with the diseases of plants due to Fungi, it is necessary to determine the name and nature of the Fungus causing the disease, in order to be able to cope with it and to take effectual measures for its prevention, palliation, or cure. Accordingly I considered it essential to have the various known Australian Fungi recorded for reference, just as the various higher forms of Australian vegetation are so ably set forth by the Government Botanist, Baron von Mueller, in his Systematic Census. The very useful *Handbook of Australian Fungi*, prepared by Dr. M. C. Cooke, the veteran mycologist, under the sanction and authority of the various colonial Governments, has been taken as a basis and prepared the way for the present publication. This *Systematic Arrangement of Australian Fungi* aims at giving in a compact and bandy form a complete enumeration of all the known species up to date, systematically arranged so as to show their relationships, and briefly described, together with such additional information as may be of use in a future detailed and more directly useful account. The object being to bring together all the species recorded by the various workers in this field, to take stock, as it were, of what has been done, I had to consult the different works bearing on the subject previous to the addition of a large number of hitherto unrecorded Fungi to the list. I have accordingly prepared a "List of Works on Australian Fungi," the first of its kind. A complete list of Fungi having been compiled from the various publications, including several papers of my own read before the Royal Society of Victoria, together with the plants or parts of plants on which they occurred, in the case of parasitic forms, the material was supplied for a provisional Host-index; the term "host" being applied to the plant on which the Fungus lives or preys, the Fungus being an unwelcome guest as a rule. The necessity for a Host-index became apparent from the time I was appointed Vegetable Pathologist.

There are thus three connected and interdependent divisions in this publication, which may now be briefly glanced at and explained.

I.—SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI.

The plan pursued is the following:—

1st. A consecutive number is given to each species, for convenience of reference, and all future additions will be numbered consecutively. Varieties are distinguished by having a letter added to the number of the species.

2nd. The number in Dr. Cooke's *Handbook of Australian Fungi* is next given for ready reference to the description of any species in that work. This serves a double purpose, and shows not only the species recorded in that work, but also species omitted.

3rd. The volume and number is next quoted for every Australian species given in Saccardo's *Sylloge Fungorum*, consisting at present of ten thick volumes, which are in the Melbourne Public Library. This is the standard work on Fungi, and is the most complete and exhaustive at the present time. The references to Cooke and Saccardo will leave no doubt as to the particular Fungus meant.

4th. The scientific name adopted for each species of Fungus follows next. It is absolutely necessary, for purposes of accuracy, to have the scientific names as well as the common names, for otherwise serious mistakes may arise. Thus, the name of "Peach Yellows" (the dreaded American disease) is often applied to a disease of the Peach in this colony, but, fortunately, it is a very different and much more harmless disease, being none other than the Peach-leaf Rust (*Puccinia Pruni*). It may be noted that the sub-genera of *Agaricus* are raised to the rank of genera; and, as the original generic name is thus set free, it is retained for the species to which the common Edible Mushroom belongs, and which were formerly included in the sub-genus *Psephota*.

5th. The authority for the name is next stated. With so many different names often applied to the same Fungus, and even the same name often applied by different authors to entirely different plants, it is necessary to give the authority for the particular name, in order to indicate the precise Fungus meant. The name of the authority is usually given in a contracted form, and it will be noticed that it is sometimes printed in italics. The reason of this is that it is customary in works on Fungi often to give two authorities, the first to indicate the original describer of the Fungus, and the second where some one has classified it differently on good scientific grounds. I simply give one authority, the name of the original describer being printed in Roman characters; and, where the original name has been set aside, the correct classifier is given in italics. The year of publication is also stated.

As an illustration of the variety of naming, I may mention one kind of Rust of Wheat met with in the colony, and the following nine names have been given to it by the authors whose names are appended:—

Uredo rubigo-vera, De Candolle,	|	<i>Puccinia rubigo-vera</i> , Winter,
Uredo rubigo, Berkeley,		<i>Puccinia striæformis</i> , Westendorp,
<i>Cæoma rubigo</i> , Link,		<i>Puccinia straminis</i> , Fuckel,
<i>Trichobasis rubigo-vera</i> , Levcille,		<i>Æcidium asperifolii</i> , Persoon.
<i>Trichobasis glumarum</i> , Leveille,		

By recognised principle the name of *Puccinia rubigo-vera* is adopted, although Dr. Cooke in his Handbook uses the name of *Puccinia straminis*.

6th. The English name follows. This is merely an attempt to give an English rendering to the specific name, and something of the kind is necessary in naming Fungus diseases to the average farmer or fruit-grower; but, as these diseases become better known as to their cause, some characteristic feature of the disease may be used as a distinguishing name, such as Leaf-curl, Shot-hole, Bitter-rot, Club-root, &c.

7th. The "Habitat" is next given, the various colonies in which the species have been found being recorded. It has been thought advisable to add B. for British when it occurs there, as there may have been preventives or remedies applied in the old country which it would be profitable for us to know. I make no apology for dealing with Australian Fungi, including the five colonies of the Australian Continent and Tasmania, for Fungi do not respect our political boundaries and restrict themselves to artificial limits. There must be federation in the treatment of disease if it is to be thoroughly effectual, and this has been happily illustrated in dealing with the Rust in Wheat question, in which all the colonies are united for devising measures against a common enemy.

8th. The "Occurrence" follows, indicating on what plants or parts of plants the different kinds of Fungi may be looked for. This is afterwards collectively shown in the Host-index, each plant having all its known diseases due to Australian Fungi ranged under it.

9th. "General characters" conclude the whole, giving such superficial and easily-recognised characters as may serve as a guide in the rough discrimination of many species requiring immediate attention to check their spread.

From the very nature of this work and from our present very limited knowledge of the Fungi of Australia there will be constant additions made (in fact, I have quite a number of new species awaiting determination myself), and this will be met by the issue of supplements, when necessary, on the same lines. As Dr. Cooke truly says in his introduction to the Handbook—"It is quite probable that in the course of a few years, by working up the minute species, the total number contained in this volume would be more than doubled, even without the investigation of unexplored districts."

It ought also to be borne in mind that many of the more conspicuous Fungi—such as what are popularly called Mushrooms and Toadstools—work considerable mischief, although unseen and unnoticed. Thus, the Honey Agaric (*Armillaria mellea*), which is even considered edible, does a deal of damage, and by attacking the roots undermines the tree. It spreads from root to root in the soil by means of long purple-black cord-like strands, even in the absence of the tawny-yellow "Toadstools," which are simply the fructification of the Fungus, and I have seen orchard trees killed by this cause. In the soil and in the rotting roots or wood these strands are found, attacking the roots and bases of stems and often causing copious "gumming" there. The Vegetable Pathologist should therefore not only be more or less conversant with the Fungi of the different colonies, as they spread so readily by means of their spores, but he should be acquainted with Fungi as a whole, since even Mushrooms and Toadstools are not beyond his province.

II.—PROVISIONAL HOST-INDEX OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI.

The list of Fungi, systematically arranged, enables us to classify them under their respective Host-plants. Strictly speaking, it is only those which are parasitic, or which prey upon living plants, that should be included; but it is so difficult with our present knowledge to distinguish between those which cause disease and those which attack decaying or decayed parts, that I have given all the Fungi found upon any particular plant. While special attention is paid to the Fungi occurring on the various vegetable products grown in the colony for commercial purposes, as given in the Government Statist's returns, the Fungi on so-called "weeds" are not neglected, because they may and often do pass over to the cultivated and therefore more delicate forms of vegetation. For example, the Fungus causing "Club-root" in Cabbages, Cauliflowers, Turnips, Radishes, Kale, &c., also infests two of our common weeds, viz., Shepherd's Purse (*Capsella Bursa-pastoris*, Moench) and Hedge Mustard (*Sisymbrium officinale*, Scop), and many similar instances could be given. This fact is strikingly pointed out by Mr. Bailey, who says—"As we find in the animal kingdom the wild man preferring sheep to kangaroo, the flying fox peaches to quandong, the grasshopper the more succulent vegetation of our gardens to the dry herbage of the plains, so in like manner we shall doubtless find from time to time blight-fungi, at present unknown, will come from the indigenous plants to exotic ones which may be more congenial to their development."

There can be no doubt that many of the Fungi on our native vegetation will attack introduced plants, and it would be very desirable, both in the interests of science and of practical utility, to have a record of the Fungi preying upon our native plants. I have seen some of our richest soils with the decaying roots of Eucalypts and the mycelium of Fungi passing from them to the roots of orchard trees and causing their decay.

The Host-index should serve various useful purposes. First of all, it will enable the intelligent grower to determine with some degree of certainty the cause of the disease when it is due to a Fungus, and that is often the first step towards its eradication. Thus, if his Peach trees are affected with some Fungus disease on the leaves, he turns up the Index and finds two Fungi recorded there. He then turns to the General Characters in the "Systematic Arrangement" and can easily tell whether it is the "Peach-leaf Rust" or the "Leaf-curl." Or if his Cabbages and Cauliflowers begin to turn yellow and the roots become distorted, he finds from the Index that it is due to a Fungus, a knowledge of which enables him to battle with the disease. Having traced the disease to its source, he may find treatment already prescribed in some of the Government publications, or can apply to the Department for advice. If there is no record of the disease in the Index, then the grower knows it is a subject requiring investigation.

Further, the Host-index may be used in assisting growers to "spot" diseases due to Fungi before they have spread too far and become established. A great many Fungus diseases are overlooked for a number of years and allowed to spread freely before active measures are taken for their suppression, and thus what might have been easily nipped in the bud is now difficult to eradicate; so that another important use of this publication will be to enable Fungus diseases to be recognised at the earliest possible moment and action taken accordingly.

Onion Mould, Ergot in Rye and other Grasses, Powdery Mildew in Apple, and various other diseases, are not recorded in Cooke's Handbook, and, presumably, have been neglected.

A third use will be to assist in the carrying out of any legislation which may be passed for the suppression of Insect and Fungus pests. Many growers err in ignorance, because they are not aware of the disease being present until it has got a firm hold, but now a record of the various Fungus pests is available.

And there is a final purpose to be served which is not the least important. New diseases are continually cropping up, and the sooner they are recognised the better. If the disease is not recorded in the Index there is a strong probability of its being some new one, and then it can be traced to its source without delay.

The names of the Host-plants are given according to Baron von Mueller's *Second Systematic Census of Australian Plants* or Hooker and Jackson's *Index Kewensis*, as far as published. The Fungi belonging to Victoria are indicated by the letter V.

III.—LIST OF WORKS ON AUSTRALIAN FUNGI.

It was necessary, as already stated, to draw up a list of works in order to have the list of Fungi as complete as possible. I have only included those publications in which there is special reference to Australian forms, and no doubt several have been overlooked. To Dr. Alexr. Morrison I am much indebted for bringing under my notice some references to the subject in scattered publications. The "List of Works," the "Systematic Arrangement," and the "Host-index" should serve to focus our present knowledge and prepare the way for further additions to it.

In giving the general characters of the various Fungi, I have endeavoured to use as simple terms as possible, but it was difficult to avoid the employment of technical terms occasionally. For those who wish to enter into the subject more fully and to study in an elementary way the disease-causing Fungi, the following works among others may be mentioned:—

Diseases of Plants, by Professor Marshall Ward, and published by the Society for promoting Christian Knowledge (2s. 6d.). This is a readable little book, and treats in a popular manner such diseases as Rust in Wheat, Smut of Corn, Ergot of Rye, Hop disease, Potato disease, &c.

Diseases of Field and Garden Crops, by Worthington G. Smith, and published by MacMillan and Co. (4s. 6d.). This work is beautifully illustrated, and treats of Onion, Pea, Parsnip, Lettuce, Potato, and other diseases, in addition to those of Wheat and Oats.

Diseases of Crops and their Remedies, by Dr. A. B. Griffiths, and published in Bell's Agricultural Series (2s. 6d.). The diseases of leguminous, gramineous, root, and miscellaneous crops are considered, together with the Fungi or insects causing them, and the best methods of prevention.

Fungus Diseases of the Grape and other Plants, and their Treatment, by F. Lamson-Scribner, and published in America (5s.). This is a thoroughly practical work, and deals with the principal Fungus diseases of Fruit trees as well as of the Vine.

Fungi and Fungicides, by Dr. C. M. Weed, and published in New York (5s.). It is divided into five parts—Fungi affecting the larger fruits, the small fruits, shade trees, &c., vegetables, cereals, and forage crops; and practical remedies, as a rule, are given.

There is still a want of proper works dealing with the subject of Fungus disease from an Australian standpoint and suited to the wants of our orchardists and vignerons especially, but the strong necessity which exists for such information will probably soon lead to its being supplied.

The preparation of this work has entailed a vast amount of labour, done single handed and in my spare time, but it was absolutely necessary as a preliminary for the proper carrying out of my duties. To all those who have supplied me with information my best thanks are due and are hereby tendered. It is hardly necessary to mention special names, since the "List of Works" will afford the best evidence of work done. The Government Botanist, Brunon von Mueller, has always aided me with the free use of his library and the benefit of his rare and critical knowledge in connexion with some of the Host-plants. Mr. F. M. Bailey, F.L.S., Colonial Botanist of Queensland, has given me every assistance in his power in connexion with Queensland Fungi, and Mrs. Flora Martin is well known for her indefatigable labours in extending our knowledge of Australian species. I am indebted to A. de Bary for a list of the Yeasts identified by him in Australia, and he adds that they will be largely increased from time to time. Wine Yeasts especially will yet play an important part in connexion with that industry, and there are kinds of Yeast causing decomposition and disease in Onions, &c. The officers in the neighbouring colonies have also willingly given me the benefit of their advice when asked. Amid such mass of detail some important points may have been overlooked, and I shall be pleased to have any errors or omissions pointed out, such additions and corrections to be subsequently issued as a supplement.

It must not be imagined that because we have tabulated and briefly described a number of Fungi we therefore know all that is necessary about them. The most fascinating branch is the life-history—the story of their lives from year to year; and it is this knowledge as to their various and often disguised phases, how they spread, and where they winter, which will help us to cope with them successfully. There is room for plenty of workers, and it is hoped that some of our young and rising fruit-growers and farmers may be induced to attend to this subject, on account of its great interest and practical importance.

CONTENTS.

PREFACE	PAGE
...	iii
I.—SYSTLMATIC ARRANGEMENT OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI.	
Synopsis of Groups	1
General Classification of Hymenomyces	3
Group I.—Hymenomyces—	PAGE
Order 1.—Agaricaceæ	...
Additions to Agaricaceæ	30
Order 2.—Polyporaceæ	34
3.—Hydnaceæ	58
4.—Thelephoraceæ	62
5.—Clavariaceæ	72
6.—Tremellaceæ	76
Group II.—Gastromycetes—	
Order 7.—Pilacreaceæ	82
8.—Phalloideaceæ	82
9.—Nidulariaceæ	86
10.—Lycoperdaceæ	88
11.—Sclerodermaceæ	96
12.—Hymenogastraceæ	98
Group III.—Uredines—	
Order 13.—Uredinaceæ	102
Group IV.—Pyrenomycetes—	
Order 14.—Hypocreaceæ	110
16.—Xylariaceæ	114
16.—Dothideaceæ	118
17.—Melogrammaceæ	120
18.—Diatrypaceæ	120
19.—Valsaceæ	122
20.—Eutypaceæ	122
21.—Cucurbitariaceæ	122
22.—Superficials	122
23.—Pertusaceæ	124
24.—Lophiostomaceæ	124
25.—Ceratostomaceæ	124
26.—Obtectaceæ	124
27.—Caulicolaceæ	126
28.—Foliicolaceæ	126
29.—Microthyriaceæ	128
30.—Pecrisporiaceæ	128
31.—Hysteriaceæ	132
Group V.—Discomycetes—	
Order 32.—Cyttariaceæ	136
33.—Helvellaceæ	136
34.—Pezizaceæ	136
35.—Ascobolaceæ	144
36.—Dermataceæ	144
Additions—(A.) New Australian Fungi	200
(B.) New Localities, Hosts, &c.	205
(C.) List of Australian Edible Fungi	207
Tables	208
II.—HOST-INDEX OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI	213
III.—LIST OF WORKS ON AUSTRALIAN FUNGI	227

Group V.—Discomycetes— <i>continued</i> —	
Order 37.—Bulgariaceæ	144
38.—Stictaceæ	146
39.—Phacidiaceæ	146
40.—Patellariaceæ	146
41.—Gymnoasceæ	146
Group VI.—Tuberoides—	
Order 42.—Elaphomycetaceæ	150
43.—Tuberaceæ	150
44.—Endogonaceæ	150
Group VII.—Hyphomycetes—	
Order 46.—Mucedinaceæ	154
46.—Dermatiaceæ	156
47.—Stilbeaceæ	160
48.—Tuberculariaceæ	162
Group VIII.—Sphærospides—	
Order 49.—Sphærioidaceæ	168
50.—Nectrioidaceæ	174
51.—Leptostromaceæ	174
52.—Excipulaceæ	176
53.—Melanconiaceæ	176
Group IX.—Saccharomycetes—	
Order 54.—Saccharomycetaceæ	180
Group X.—Ustilagines—	
Order 65.—Ustilaginaceæ	184
Group XI.—Phycomycetes—	
Order 56.—Mucoraceæ	190
67.—Peronosporaceæ	190
58.—Entomophthoraceæ	190
69.—Chytridiaceæ	190
60.—Protomycetaceæ	190
Group XII.—Myxomycetes—	
Order 61.—Tubulinaceæ	194
62.—Cribrariaceæ	194
63.—Stemmitaceæ	194
64.—Lamprodermaceæ	194
65.—Arcyriaceæ	194
66.—Trichiaceæ	196
67.—Didymaceæ	196
68.—Physariaceæ	198
69.—Plasmodiophoraceæ	198

I.—SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI.

SYNOPSIS OF GROUPS.

In selecting a system of classification I have adopted that which best expresses the present state of our knowledge as regards the life-histories of the various forms, which after all constitute the ultimate court of appeal in settling affinity. But unfortunately there are numerous cases where the life-history has not been wrought out, and so certain groups have to be provisionally placed along with those to which they seem to be most nearly related. Saccardo's *Sylloge Fungorum* has been mainly followed, while Dr. Cooke's *Handbook of Australian Fungi*, G. Maseo's *British Fungus-Flora*, De Bary's *Fungi*, and Brefeld's works have all been consulted.

GROUPS OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI.

MYCOMYCETES ...	{	I.—HYMENOMYCETES	...	...	} Basidiomycetes.
		II.—GASTROMYCETES	...	...
		III.—UREDINES	...	...	} <i>Æcidium</i> mycetes.
		IV.—PYRENOYCETES	...	...	} Ascomycetes.
		V.—DISCOMYCETES	...	...
		VI.—TUBEROIDES	...	...
		VII.—HYPHOMYCETES	...	...	} Imperfect forms of Ascomycetes ?
		VIII.—SPHÆROPSIDES	...	...
		IX.—SACCHAROMYCETES	...	...
		X.—USTILAGINES	...	...	} Transitional forms.
		XI.—PHYCOMYCETES	...	...	} Transitional to animals.
		XII.—MYXOMYCETES	...	...

The systematic sequence of the groups is at present a matter of individual opinion, but they are arranged in the order in which they will be treated, and are reduced within the smallest limits consistent with clearness. The two main divisions are *Mycomycetes*, in which there are no sexually produced reproductive bodies, and *Phycomycetes*, or those approximating to sea-weeds, in which reproduction is sexual as well as asexual.

The *Mycomycetes* are divided into two chief classes—*Basidiomycetes* and *Ascomycetes*—the former producing naked spores at the ends of large terminal cells called *basidia*, and the latter producing spores in an *ascus* or bag. The *Ustilagines* are regarded as transition forms to the *Phycomycetes*. The *Myxomycetes* differ in important points from fungi, and are regarded as more nearly related to animals, but they are conveniently retained here for the present. The *Schizomycetes* or Bacteria also differ from fungi in chlorophyll being sometimes present, and the hyphæ or the threads of the ordinary fungus absent. To this group belong some of the organisms causing disease in plants, but as the greater part of the forms belong to medicine, I have finally decided to omit them. The *Uredines* are doubtful in their affinities, and they are placed in a class, *Æcidium*mycetes, between the other two until their position is properly settled.

The imperfect forms are those which are assumed to be genetically related to other fungi, probably *Ascomycetes*; in contradistinction to the perfect fungi, which have an independent life-history.

The characteristic features of each of the twelve groups are here shown, then the general classification of each group is given in its proper connexion.

BASIDIOMYCETES.—Naked spores borne on basidia. Receptacle distinct.

I.—**HYMENOMYCETES.**—Hymenium external.

II.—**GASTROMYCETES.**—Hymenium internal.

ÆCIDIOMYCETES.—Æcidium or cluster-cup forms a feature of the life-history.

III.—**UREDINES.**—Receptacle none or obsolete.

ASCOMYCETES.—Spores produced in asci or spore-sacs.

IV.—**PYRENOMYCETES.**—Receptacles (*Perithecia*) flask-shaped or spherical, opening at apex.

V.—**DISCOMYCETES.**—Receptacles (*Apothecia*) disc- or cup-shaped.

VI.—**TUBEROIDES.**—Subterranean, sub-globose, indehiscent.

IMPERFECT FORMS OF ASCOMYCETES ?—

VII.—**HYPHOMYCETES.**—Perithecia absent.

VIII.—**SPHÆROPSIDES.**—Perithecia present.

IX.—**SACCHAROMYCETES.**—Multiplication by gemmation and ascospores.

TRANSITIONAL FORMS.—

X.—**USTILAGINES.**—Minute, parasitic, usually spores of one kind only.

ALGA-LIKE FORMS.—

XI.—**PHYCOMYCETES.**—Mycelium without septa. Sexual and asexual reproduction.

ANIMAL-LIKE FORMS.—

XII.—**MYXOMYCETES.**—Plasmodium or naked mass of motile protoplasm formed and hyphæ absent.

GENERAL CLASSIFICATION OF HYMENOMYCETES.

GROUP I.—HYMENOMYCETES, FRIES.

ARRANGEMENT OF ORDERS (6).

Hymenium or spore-bearing surface normally inferior—

1. AGARICACEÆ—Hymenium spread over gills.
2. POLYPORACEÆ—Hymenium spread over tubes or pores.
3. HYDNACEÆ—Hymenium spread over prickles.
4. THELEPHORACEÆ—Hymenium spread over an even surface.

Hymenium superior or encircling—

5. CLAVARIACEÆ—Plants club shaped or branched, rarely lobed.
6. TREMELLACEÆ—Plants lobed, convolute, or disc-like ; gelatinous.

ORDER I.—AGARICACEÆ, FRIES.

ARRANGEMENT OF GENERA (55).

Section I.—Leucosporæ—Spores white, or nearly so.

Series 1. Haplophyllæ—Gills entire at edge.

Sub-section 1. Molles—Plants fleshy, more or less firm, putrescent, not reviving when once dried.

Genera (16)—

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Amanita, Pers. | 5. Armillaria, Fries. | 9. Mycena, Pers. | 13. Hygrospora, Fries. |
| 2. Amanitopsis, Roze. | 6. Tricholoma, Fries. | 10. Hiatula, Fries. | 14. Lactarius, D.C. |
| 3. Lepiota, Pers. | 7. Clitocybe, Fries. | 11. Omphalia, Fries. | 15. Russula, Pers. |
| 4. Schulzeria, Bres. | 8. Collybia, Fries. | 12. Pleurotus, Fries. | 16. Cantharellus, Pers. |

Sub-section 2. Tenaces—Plants tough and leathery, or hard, reviving when moistened.

Genera (6)—

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| 17. Marasmius, Fries. | 19. Panus, Fries. | 21. Trogia, Fries. | 22. Lenzites, Fries. |
| 18. Lentinus, Fries. | 20. Xerotus, Fries. | | |

Series 2. Schizophyllæ—Gills split at edge.

Genus (1)—

23. Schizophyllum, Fries.

Section 2. Rhodosporæ—Spores rosy or salmon pink.

Genera (10)—

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 24. Metrarhia, C. and M. | 27. Pluteus, Fries. | 30. Leptonia, Fries. | 32. Eccilia, Fries. |
| 25. Volvaria, Fries. | 28. Entoloma, Fries. | 31. Nolauea, Fries. | 33. Claudopus, Smith. |
| 26. Annularia, Schulz. | 29. Clitopilus, Fries. | | |

Section 3. Ochrosporæ—Spores ochrey brown or red brown.

Genera (11)—

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 34. Pholiota, Fries. | 37. Hebeloma, Fries. | 40. Galera, Fries. | 43. Cortinarius, Pers. |
| 35. Locellinia, Gill. | 38. Flammula, Fries. | 41. Tubaria, Smith. | 44. Paxillus, Fries. |
| 36. Inocybe, Fries. | 39. Naucoria, Fries. | 42. Crepidotus, Fries. | |

Section 4. Melanosporæ—Spores blackish purple, purplish brown, black, or nearly black.

Genera (11)—

- | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 45. Agaricus, Linn. | 48. Psilocybe, Fries. | 51. Bolbitius, Fries. | 54. Anellaria, Karst. |
| 46. Stropharia, Fries. | 49. Deconica, Smith. | 52. Coprinus, Pers. | 55. Psathyrella, Fries. |
| 47. Hypholoma, Fries. | 50. Psathyra, Fries. | 53. Panæolus, Fries. | |

Total number of species = 552.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
GROUP I.—HYMENOMYCETES.—FRIES, SYST. MYC. I. 53 (1821).					
1. AMANITA.—Pers. Syn. 246 (1801).					
	8	V. 36	<i>A. ananæps</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. VII. 672 (1848)	Pine-apple-beaded amanita
2	10	" 23	<i>A. grossa</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 242 (1860)	Large amanita
3	4	" 8	<i>A. mappa</i>	<i>Fries</i> , Epicr. 6 (1838)	Napkin amanita
4	6	IX. 5	<i>A. murina</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 1 (1889)	Mouse-coloured amanita
5	7	V. 18	<i>A. muscaria</i>	Linn., in <i>Fries</i> S.M. I. 16 (1821)	Fly amanita
6	1	" 3	<i>A. ovoidea</i>	<i>Fries</i> , Hym. Eur. 18 (1874)	Ovoid amanita
7	2	" 4	<i>A. Preissii</i>	<i>Fries</i> , Pl. Preiss. II. 131 (1846)	Preiss's amanita
8	9	" 31	<i>A. spissa</i>	<i>Fries</i> , Epicr. 9 (1838)	Clammy amanita
9	5	...	<i>A. strobilacea</i>	Cooke, Grev. XIX. 82 (1891)	Cone-like amanita
10	3	V. 7*	<i>A. verna</i>	<i>Fries</i> , Hym. Eur. 18 (1874)	Spring amanita
2. AMANITOPSIS.—Roze, in Karst.					
11	14	IX. 9	<i>A. curta</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 72 (1888)	Short-stalked amanitopsis
12	13	7	<i>A. farinacea</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 1 (1889)	Mealy amanitopsis
13	12	4	<i>A. illudens</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 30 (1887)	Illusive amanitopsis
14	15	6	<i>A. pulchella</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 1 (1889)	Beautiful amanitopsis
15	11	V. 47	<i>A. vaginata</i>	<i>Roze</i> , Karst. Hattsv. I. 6 (1879)	Sheathed amanitopsis
3. LEPIOTA.—Pers.,					
16	39	V. 150	<i>L. asprata</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. VI. 461 (1847)	Warty lepiota
17	43	" 258	<i>L. australiana</i>	<i>Fries</i> , Pl. Preiss. II. 131 (1846)	Australian lepiota
18	25	" 185	<i>L. Beckleri</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 156 (1873)	Beckler's lepiota
19	32	" 243	<i>L. bubalina</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 156 (1873)	Gazelle lepiota
20	37	" 130	<i>L. cepastipes</i>	<i>Fries</i> , Hym. Eur. 35 (1874)	Onion-stalked lepiota
20A	"	"	<i>L. cepastipes</i> , var. <i>cretacca</i>	Bull. Champ. 374 (1798)	Chalky lepiota
21	33	" 236	<i>L. cheimoniceps</i>	Berk. and Curt., Linn. Journ. X. 283 (1869)	Winter-capped lepiota
22	24	" 101	<i>L. clypeolaria</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. I. 21 (1821)	Shield-like lepiota
23	29	" 111	<i>L. cristata</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. I. 22 (1821)	Crested lepiota
24	20	" 85	<i>L. dolichaula</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. XXVII. 150 (1869)	Long-tubed lepiota
25	18	" 83	<i>L. excoriata</i>	<i>Fries</i> , Hym. Eur. 30 (1874)	Flaky lepiota
26	28	IX. 29	<i>L. fimetaria</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 1 (1889)	Dung lepiota
27	38	V. 145	<i>L. granulosa</i>	<i>Fries</i> , Hym. Eur. 36 (1874)	Granular lepiota
28	42	IX. 36	<i>L. lavendulæ</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 72 (1888)	Lavender lepiota
29	34	V. 234	<i>L. leontoderes</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XI. 499 (1871)	Tawny lepiota
30	21	" 170	<i>L. lepidopora</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XI. 498 (1871)	Scaly lepiota
31	36	" 132	<i>L. limophora</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XI. 500 (1871)	Shovel-bearing lepiota
32	19	" 88	<i>L. mastoidea</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. I. 20 (1821)	Bossed lepiota
33	...	...	<i>L. membranacea</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXI. 36 (1892)	Membranous lepiota
34	40	V. 165	<i>L. mesomorpha</i>	<i>Fries</i> , El. I. 2 (1828)	Intermediate lepiota
36	31	" 127	<i>L. naucina</i>	<i>Fries</i> , Epicr. 16 (1838)	Short-stalked lepiota
35A	31	" 127	<i>L. naucina</i> , var. <i>sphaerospora</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 5 (1890)	Globose-spored lepiota
36	35	IX. 37	<i>L. obclavata</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 30 (1887)	Obclavate lepiota
37	23	IX. 13	<i>L. ochrophylla</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 2 (1889)	Ochre-gilled lepiota
38	16	V. 70	<i>L. procera</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. I. 20 (1821)	Tall lepiota
39	17	74	<i>L. rhacodes</i>	<i>Fries</i> , Hym. Eur. 29 (1874)	Stripped lepiota

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
ORDER I.—AGARICACEÆ.—FRIES, PL. HOMON. 65 (1825).									
Agaricus, Amanitopsis.									
1	T.	...	...	Q.	...	Ground ...	Broad, smooth, shining, breaking into distinct angular spaces or areolæ at the centre, each bearing a conical wart; pine-apple-like.
2	T.	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	White. Thick, fleshy, warted. Stem bulbous; ring obsolete.
3	V.	...	...	B	Ground ...	Delicate. Without separable cuticle, dry, primrose, white, or buff.
4	V.	...	Q.	...	Sandy soil ...	Bell shaped, shining, mouse coloured. Stem thin, straight, whitish.
5	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	B	Woods ...	Large. Orange scarlet, clothed with scattered warts. Very common.
6	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	White. Hemispherical, margin inflexed. <i>Edible</i> .
7	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sandy soil, woods, &c.	Fleshy, viscid. Stem stuffed, mealy, rooting.
8	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	B	Woods ...	Rough, with minute crowded mealy warts, amber grey.
9	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Hemispherical, covered with large persistent obtusely-conical warts, arranged after the manner of a fir-cone, ochrey yellow.
10	V.	...	Q.	B	Moist woods ...	Snow white, beautiful, viscid. Appearing in spring and summer.
Hattsv. I. 6 (1879).—Agaricus, Amanita.									
11	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Ochrey white. Stem short, bulbous, brick red.
12	Q.	...	Ground ...	White and mealy. Fleshy, sprinkled with erect prominent warts, chiefly at disc.
13	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Ochrey yellow, clad with scattered broad unequal warts, which soon fall away.
14	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Vermilion, clad with irregular deciduous whitish warts. Stem hollow, white.
15	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B	Woods and under trees	Size and colour very variable, grey, brown, &c. Thin, margin membranaceous, deeply furrowed. Common. <i>Edible</i> .
Tent. Disp. 68 (1797).—Agaricus.									
16	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Ground, trunks ...	Hemispherical, pallid yellow, often deep orange, rough with warts.
17	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sandy soil ...	Large. Slightly fleshy, viscid. Stem long, club shaped downwards.
18	N.S.W.	...	...	Ground, in scored places	Spongy, rough about apex with little scales. Stem long, minutely warted.
19	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Cow-dung, &c. ...	Snow white. Cap ovate to hemispherical. Stem thickened downwards.
20	Q.	B	Ground ...	Sub-membranaceous, mealy and scaly, yellow. Stem hollow and bulbous.
20A	Q.	...	Ground ...	Chalky white, with darker scales.
21	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Snow white. Thin, powdery. Stem thickened downwards; mealy.
22	V.	...	Q.	B	Woods and hot-houses	Slender. Fleshy, variable in colour, yellowish or pinkish. Common.
23	T.	V.	...	...	B	Fields, lawns, &c. ...	Small and delicate. Slightly fleshy, whitish yellow, red scales.
24	V.	...	Q.	...	Ground ...	Fleshy, centre smooth, otherwise with point-like scales, margin torn.
25	W.A.	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B	Pastures ...	Small and delicate. Fleshy, pale-fawn colour. Cuticle thin, breaking up into scattered papillæ. <i>Edible</i> .
26	Q.	...	Dung ...	Fleshy, thin, pallid, ornamented with darker scales. Stem slender, scaly below.
27	V.	...	Q.	B	Woods and heaths ...	Small. Fleshy, tawny or dull reddish yellow, mealy and granular.
28	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Rather fleshy, mealy, greyish-blue or dove colour. Stem cylindrical, whitish.
29	Q.	...	Ground ...	Tawny, with a few pallid warts, minutely tomentose or downy.
30	N.S.W.	...	...	Ground ...	Rather fleshy, white, sprinkled with minute reddish scales, yellow on drying.
31	V.	...	...	B	Ground ...	Membranaceous, lemon coloured, folded and furrowed, margin notched.
32	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B	Ground ...	Whitish brown. Rather fleshy, umbo or boss acute, scales papillate. <i>Edible</i> .
33	Q.	...	Chips of wood buried in ground	Membranaceous, thin, pale-cream colour. Stem slender, hollow.
34	V.	...	...	B	Ground ...	Slender. Rather fleshy, tawny. Stem even and smooth, as well as cap.
35	V.	...	...	B	Fields ...	Whitish. Fleshy, silky. Stem short, almost hollow, thickened at base.
35A	Q.	...	Ground ...	Spores globose.
36	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Charred ground, under <i>Eucalyptus</i>	Rather fleshy, mealy, rufous with a tawny tinge. Stem slender, cylindrical
37	Q.	...	Sandy ground ...	Fleshy, pale ochre, variegated with darker concentric scales.
38	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B	Pastures ...	Large and tall, very shaggy, brownish. Fleshy, cuticle thick and torn up into broad evanescent scales. <i>Edible</i> .
39	V.	...	...	B	Shady pastures ...	Very large. Fleshy, grey, cuticle thin, broken into persistent brown scales. <i>Edible</i> .

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
3. LEPIOTA.—Pers.,					
40	30	V. 119	<i>L. rbizobola</i> ...	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 42 (1845)	Bulbous-stalked lepiota ...
41	41	" 204	<i>L. rbyparophora</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XI. 500 (1871)	Spot-bearing lepiota ...
42	22	IX. 28	<i>L. rhytipelta</i> ...	F. v. M., Linn. Soc. N.S.W. 104 (1882)	Wrinkle-sided lepiota ...
43	25	" 15	<i>L. stenophylla</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 98 (1887)	Narrow-gilled lepiota ...
44	27	V. 237	<i>L. subclypeolaria</i> ...	Berk. and Curt., Linn. Journ. X. 283 (1869)	Sub-clypeolate lepiota ...
4. SCHULZERIA.—Bres,					
45	45	IX. 45	<i>S. revocans</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 2 (1889)	Recalling schulzeria ...
5. ARMILLARIA.—Fries,					
46	48	IX. 49	<i>A. fulgens</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 2 (1889)	Shining armillaria ...
47	47	V. 289	<i>A. mellea</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 44 (1874)	Honey-coloured armillaria ...
48	46	" 265	<i>A. robusta</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 26 (1821)	Robust armillaria ...
48A	"	"	<i>A. robusta</i> , var. <i>subannulata</i>	Batsch, Consp. f. 17 (1783)	Smaller-ringed armillaria ...
6. TRICHOLOMA.—Fries,					
49	55	V. 415	<i>T. cerinum</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 89 (1821)	Wax-coloured tricholome ...
50	55	" 456	<i>T. civile</i> ...	Fries, Icon. t. 42, f. 1 (1857)	Civil tricholome ...
51	51	IX. 52	<i>T. coarctatum</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 2 (1889)	Compressed tricholome ...
52	53	V. 387	<i>T. cuneifolium</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 99 (1821)	Wedge-gill tricholome ...
53	59	" 485	<i>T. bumile</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 51 (1821)	Humble tricholome ...
54	58	" 480	<i>T. melaleucum</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 114 (1821)	Black and white tricholome ...
55	50	" 329	<i>T. muculentum</i> ...	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 43 (1845)	Glutinous tricholome ...
55	57	" 470	<i>T. nudum</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 72 (1874)	Naked-margined tricholome ...
57	60	" 488	<i>T. persicinum</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 52 (1821)	Peach-coloured tricholome ...
58	61	" 501	<i>T. putidum</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 54 (1838)	Fœtid tricholome ...
59	49	" 326	<i>T. resplendens</i> ...	Fries, Mon. I. 55 (1857)	Resplendent tricholome ...
60	52	" 344	<i>T. rutilans</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 41 (1821)	Red-haired tricholome ...
61	54	" 401	<i>T. sulphureum</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 110 (1821)	Sulphur-coloured tricholome ...
7. CLITOCYBE.—Fries,					
52	76	IX. 106	<i>C. canaliculata</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 2 (1889)	Channelled clitocybe ...
63	53	V. 553	<i>C. cerussata</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 92 (1821)	White clitocybe ...
64	62	" 517	<i>C. curtipes</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 88 (1821)	Short-stalked clitocybe ...
65	73	" 537	<i>C. expallens</i> ...	Fries, Mon. I. 129 (1857)	Bleaching clitocybe ...
66	71	" 521	<i>C. flaccida</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 81 (1821)	Flaccid clitocybe ...
67	64	" 580	<i>C. fumosa</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 91 (1874)	Smoky clitocybe ...
68	68	" 612	<i>C. gilva</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 95 (1874)	Yellowish-tan clitocybe ...
69	66	" 595	<i>C. infundibuliformis</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 93 (1874)	Funnel-shaped clitocybe ...
70	70	" 619	<i>C. inversa</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 96 (1874)	Inverted clitocybe ...
71	75	" 720	<i>C. laccata</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 105 (1821)	Sealing-wax clitocybe ...
72	67	IX. 75	<i>C. myriophylla</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 113 (1888)	Myriad-gilled clitocybe ...
73	74	V. 643	<i>C. pruinosa</i> ...	Lasch, in Fries, Epicr. 75 (1836)	Pruinose clitocybe ...
74	65	" 572	<i>C. schizophylla</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 242 (1850)	Split-gilled clitocybe ...
75	69	IX. 96	<i>C. subsplendens</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 2 (1889)	Shining clitocybe ...
75	72	V. 532	<i>C. tuba</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 72 (1838)	Trumpet clitocybe ...
8. COLLYBIA.—Fries,					
77	83	V. 751	<i>C. butyracea</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 113 (1874)	Buttery collybia ...
78	92	" 865	<i>C. coagulata</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 53 (1863)	Coagulated collybia ...
79	93	" 871	<i>C. dryophila</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 122 (1874)	Wood-loving collybia ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number	Habitat.						s.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Tent. Disp. 68 (1797).— <i>Agaricus</i> — <i>continued.</i>									
40	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	...	Fleshy, shining, white, centre ornamented with pyramidal wart-like scales. Eaten largely by the smaller marsupials.
41	N.S.W.	...	Ground ...	...	Small, white, marked with brownish spots. Stem club shaped.
42	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	Q.	Ground ...	...	Fleshy, at first umber, then white. Stem rather bulbous at base.
43	V.	...	Q.	Ground ...	...	Fleshy, brownish, with depressed persistent scales. Stem long, bulbous.
44	V.	...	...	Ground, roots of trees, or dead wood	...	Thin, white, umbo or boss dusky. Stem smooth, white.
Trid. 7 (1881).— <i>Agaricus.</i>									
45	Q.	Gardens ...	...	Somewhat fleshy, pallid, spotted chiefly about disc, with darker scales.
S.M. I. 26 (1821).— <i>Agaricus.</i>									
46	Q.	Sandy soil	...	Bright golden yellow, smooth, shining. Stem erect, slender, hollow.
47	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	Dead stumps	B	Fleshy, honey brown, scaly fibrous. In tufts on stumps. Very common. <i>Edible.</i>
48	V.	...	...	Woods, &c.	B	Rohust. Fleshy, compact, brown. Stem solid, short, tapering downwards.
48A	V.	...	...	Woods, &c.	...	Smaller than typical form, with smaller ring.
S.M. I. 36 (1821).— <i>Agaricus.</i>									
49	V.	...	...	Lawns, &c.	B	Fleshy, brown or yellow. Stem stuffed, grooved, with fibrils. Rare.
50	V.	...	Q.	Pine woods	B	Fleshy, soft, moist, ash coloured, becoming pallid. Rare.
51	V.	...	...	Sandy soil	...	Pressed together and deformed. Fleshy, viscid, tan coloured, cracked when dry.
52	V.	...	...	Pastures ...	B	Small, very brittle. Rather fleshy, buff. Stem hollow, tapering downwards. Common.
53	V.	...	...	Ground, among grass	B	Fleshy, blackish brown to ash grey. Stem stuffed, powdery, and shaggy. Common.
54	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	Ground ...	B	Fleshy, moist, changing colour dingy black then livid brown. Gills white. Very common.
55	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Among moss	...	Rather fleshy, glutinous, whitish. Stem solid, viscid.
56	W.A.	...	T.	V.	...	...	Woods, &c., among dead leaves	B	Fleshy, rather thin, moist, changing colour. Rare. <i>Edible.</i>
57	V.	...	...	Grassy places	...	Fleshy, moist, thin at the naked margin. Stem stuffed, cartilaginous.
58	V.	...	...	Firwoods ...	B	Somewhat fleshy, olive grey, hoary when dry. Odour mealy, rancid.
59	Q.	Shady places	B	White. Fleshy, shining when dry. Odour agreeable.
60	W.A.	S.A.	...	...	...	...	Pine stumps	B	Fleshy, with red or purplish down. Odour strong. Common.
61	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Woods ...	B	Fleshy, more or less sulphur coloured. Odour disagreeable.
S.M. I. 78 (1821).— <i>Agaricus, Laccaria.</i>									
62	Q.	Under <i>Casuarina</i> (Sheoak) trees	...	Somewhat membranaceous, velvety, bright tawny, with radiating channels.
63	V.	...	Q.	Woods ...	B	White. Fleshy, moist. Stem spongy, elastic. Common. <i>Edible.</i>
64	T.	...	...	...	Grassy places	...	Rather fleshy, brown to livid. Stem solid, short, rigid.
65	V.	...	...	Ground ...	B	Fleshy to membranaceous, becoming tawny, when dry clay coloured. <i>Edible.</i>
66	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	Firwoods ...	B	Rather fleshy, flaccid, funnel shaped, bright brown, becoming pale.
67	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Woods, waste ground	B	Rigid. Fleshy, smoky, turning pale. <i>Edible.</i>
68	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Pine woods	B	Fleshy, moist, yellowish tan. Stem fleshy, solid, stout. <i>Edible.</i>
69	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	Fields and woods, among moss	B	Fleshy, downy, funnel shaped, flaccid, pale-tan colour or cinnamon. Common. <i>Edible.</i>
70	T.	V.	...	...	Woods ...	B	Fleshy, fragile, brownish red at first, then tan coloured. Margin inverted.
71	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	Woods ...	B	Tall and slender. Membranaceous, red, brown, or amethyst, mealy. Very common. <i>Edible.</i>
72	V.	...	...	Grassy places	...	Fleshy, shining, tawny, grey or ochrey, white. Stem solid.
73	Q.	Pine woods and on trunks	B	Slender, rigid, inodorous. Fleshy to membranaceous, brownish or ash coloured, sprinkled with a greyish bloom. <i>Edible.</i>
74	T.	...	...	...	Rotten wood	...	In tufts. Gills splitting at the edge. Stem stringy.
75	Q.	Among grass in garden	...	Somewhat fleshy, shining, rufous or yellowish. Stem solid.
76	V.	...	...	Among leaves, chiefly of Pines	B	White. Fleshy, moist, shining with a whitish silky lustre. Stem soon hollow.
S.M. I. 129 (1821).— <i>Agaricus, Amanita, Marasmius.</i>									
77	V.	...	...	Woods ...	B	Small. Fleshy, changing colour, flesh becoming white. Very common.
78	Q.	Ground ...	...	Cream colour, yellow when dry. Stem slender, twisted, yellow.
79	Q.	Among leaves in woods	B	Somewhat fleshy, turning pale bay red, yellowish, clay coloured, white. Very common.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
8. COLLYBIA.—Fries,					
80	79	V. 734	<i>C. eradicata</i>	Kalch., Grev. VIII. 151 (1880)	Non-rooting collybia
81	91	" 840	<i>C. esculenta</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 121 (1874)	Esculent collybia
82	81	" 748	<i>C. fusipes</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 111 (1874)	Spindle-stalked collybia
83	77	" 807	<i>C. laccatina</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 383 (1881)	Sealing-wax collybia
84	99	" 918	<i>C. lacerata</i>	Lasch, in Fries, Hym. Eur. 127 (1874)	Torn collybia
85	86	" 831	<i>C. lepidopoda</i>	Fries, in Pl. Preiss. II. 131 (1846)	Scaly-stalked collybia
86	80	" 735	<i>C. longipes</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 110 (1874)	Long-staked collybia
87	87	" 808	<i>C. morula</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 243 (1860)	Mulberry-brown collybia
88	95	...	<i>C. nivosula</i>	Berk., Cuban Fungi III.	Snowy collybia
89	90	V. 839	<i>C. nummularia</i>	Fries, Epicr. 91 (1838)	Coin-like collybia
90	82	IX. 116	<i>C. olivaceo-alba</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 93 (1887)	Olive-white collybia
91	97	V. 904	<i>C. ozes</i>	Fries, Epicr. 95 (1838)	Smelling collybia
91A	"	IX. 139	<i>C. ozes, var. crassipes</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 93 (1887)	Thick-stalked collybia
92	98	V. 907	<i>C. plexipes</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 146 (1821)	Twisted-stalked collybia
93	78	728	<i>C. radicata</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 109 (1874)	Rooting collybia
93A	"	" "	<i>C. radicata, var. superbiens</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 43 (1845)	Superh collybia
94	96	" 899	<i>C. rancida</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 141 (1821)	Rancid collybia
95	430	" 784	<i>C. rheicolor</i>	Sacc. Syll. I. 214 (1887)	Ruharh-coloured collybia
96	88	" 826	<i>C. tuherosa</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 119 (1874)	Tuberous collybia
97	100	" 929	<i>C. tylicolor</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 132 (1821)	Greyish collybia
98	94	IX. 115	<i>C. veluticeps</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 30 (1887)	Velvet-head collybia
99	86	V. 773	<i>C. velutipes</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 116 (1874)	Velvet-stem collybia
100	89	" 836	<i>C. xanthopoda</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 120 (1874)	Yellow-stalked collybia
101	84	" 768	<i>C. xylophila</i>	Weinm., in Linn. X. 54 (1836)	Timber-loving collybia
9. MYCENA.—Pers.,					
102	109	V. 1050	<i>M. ætites</i>	Fries, Epicr. 110 (1838)	Beaked mycena
103	107	" 1037	<i>M. atro-cyanea</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 147 (1821)	Dark-blue mycena
104	123	" 1152	<i>M. capillaris</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 160 (1821)	Thread-stalked mycena
106	432	" 991	<i>M. cohærens</i>	Fries, Epicr. 105 (1838)	Cohering mycena
106	120	147	<i>M. corticola</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 150 (1821)	Bark-growing mycena
107	113	" 1088	<i>M. crinalis</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 44 (1845)	Hair-like mycena
108	111	" 1071	<i>M. debilis</i>	Fries, Epicr. 112 (1838)	Tender mycena
109A	110	...	<i>M. filipes, var. acutata</i>	Kalch., Linn. Soc. N.S.W. 104 (1882)	Acutely conical mycena
110	104	IX. 45	<i>M. flavovirens</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 45 (1890)	Yellowish-green mycena
111	105	V. 1002	<i>M. galericulata</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 138 (1874)	Little-cap mycena
112	115	" 1097	<i>M. hæmatopoda</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 149 (1821)	Dark-red juiced mycena
113	122	" 1148	<i>M. hiemalis</i>	Osbeck, in Retz. Supp. 19 (1805)	Winter mycena
114	119	" 1135	<i>M. interrupta</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 243 (1860)	Interrupted mycena
115	124	" 1154	<i>M. juncicola</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 154 (1874)	Rush-growing mycena
116	108	" 1041	<i>M. leptoccephala</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 141 (1874)	Delicate-head mycena
117	102	" 952	<i>M. pura</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 133 (1874)	Pure mauve-cap mycena
118	101	" 944	<i>M. rosella</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 151 (1821)	Rose-coloured mycena
119	116	" 1100	<i>M. sanguinolenta</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 148 (1874)	Light-red juiced mycena
120	103	" 983	<i>M. Silenus</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XI. 524 (1871)	Bacchanalian mycena
121	112	" 1080	<i>M. speirea</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 159 (1821)	Twisted mycena
122	117	" 1124	<i>M. stylobates</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 160 (1874)	Pillar-shaped mycena

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						D.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
S.M. I. 129 (1821).— <i>Agaricus</i> , <i>Amanita</i> , <i>Marasmius</i> —continued.									
80	V.	N.S.W.	...	B	Ground ...	Resembling <i>C. radicata</i> , but not rooting.
81	V.	...	...	B	Pastures ...	Small, in clusters, buffish. Somewhat fleshy. <i>Edible</i> .
82	B	Stumps ...	Fleshy, dull vinous brown or chestnut. <i>Edible</i> .
83	Q.	Dead wood among leaves	Pale fleshy red, margin grooved. Stem paler, fibrillose.
84	V.	...	...	B	Pine woods	Fleshy to membranaceous, moist, streaked brown, lacerated when old.
85	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	Rather fleshy, orange, stem rough with scales.
86	V.	...	...	Q.	Old stumps, &c.	Fleshy, dry, slightly velvety, tan brown. Stem stuffed, tall.
87	T.	V.	...	...	...	Dead wood	Purple red or dark mulberry brown. Fleshy. Stem horizontal, rough.
88	V.	...	...	...	Logs	Thin, whitish. Stem slender, smooth, solid, white, rooting copiously.
89	V.	...	...	Q.	Among leaves, on wood, &c.	Beautiful, white becoming pale, variegated with light yellow and red. Rather fleshy.
90	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Ground under <i>Casuarina</i> (Sbeoak)	Fleshy, shining, dark sooty olive. Stem smooth, whitish, black below.
91	V.	...	...	B	Pine leaves	Fleshy, ashy brown when moist, pale clayey brown when dry. Strong scented, odour of meal.
91A	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Low damp ground	Conical to bell shaped. Stem tapering upwards, umber.
92	V.	...	...	B	Trunks ...	Sub-membranaceous, grey. Stem hollow, silky fibrous. Inodorous.
93	W.A.	...	T.	V.	...	...	Q.	Ground around bases of stems	Fleshy, glutinous, with long, pale, slender, twisted, rooting stems.
93A	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	Brown, and stem clad at base with velvety scurf.
94	V.	...	...	B	Under trees	Strong scented. Rather fleshy, grey, whitish, silky. Stem rooting, smooth.
95	Q.	Trunks ...	Rububarb colour. Thin, and stem clothed with a velvety down.
96	Q.	Putrid <i>Agarics</i> , such as <i>Russula</i> , &c., and on ground	Slightly fleshy, white. Root springing from sclerotoid tuber. Common.
97	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	B	Woods ...	Rather fleshy, ash colour. Stem hollow, powdery.
98	V.	...	...	...	Fern-tree Gully ...	Fleshy, velvety, liver coloured. Stem short, pale upwards.
99	V.	...	...	B	Logs and trunks of trees—Willow, Beech, &c.	Fleshy, viscid, tawny yellow or fawn. Stem stuffed, velvety, dark bay. Common.
100	V.	...	...	B	About stumps of trees	Rather fleshy, becoming pale. Stem yellow, and rooting at base.
101	V.	...	...	B	Stumps ...	Rather fleshy, whitish or clay coloured, bell shaped. Stem hollow.
Tent. Disp. 69 (1797).— <i>Agaricus</i> , <i>Marasmius</i> .									
102	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	B	Among mosses	Fragile. Membranaceous, brownish, growing pale, with broad obtuse prominent umbo.
103	T.	...	...	...	B	Ground ...	Fragile, inodorous. Membranaceous, brownish, then grey, becoming bluish.
104	T.	V.	...	...	B	Dead leaves in woods	Very delicate, white. Bell shaped, smooth. Stem thread-like, smooth.
105	T.	...	...	...	B	Ground ...	Rather fleshy, velvety, cinnamon brown, growing pale. Stem horny, rigid.
106	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B	Mossy bark	Colour various—reddish brown, blue, or ash coloured. Stem incurved, scurfy.
107	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Decayed wood	Very delicate. Membranaceous, white. Stem thread-like, brown.
108	V.	N.S.W.	...	B	Woods ...	Tender. Membranaceous, brownish. Stem thread-like.
109A	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Ground ...	Dark, ash coloured, and acutely conical. Stem thread-like, rooting.
110	V.	...	...	...	Tree ferns	Membranaceous, yellowish green. Stem slender, erect, hollow.
111	T.	V.	...	...	B	Trunks of trees	Sub-membranaceous, flesh coloured, drab, or various. Densely clustered. Common.
112	V.	...	...	B	Old dead trunks	Fleshy. Stem yielding a dark-red juice, rigid, powdery.
113	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	B	Trunks of trees	Thin, brighter coloured than <i>M. corticola</i> , hardly ashy brown.
114	T.	...	...	...	...	Bark ...	Rather thick, livid, gelatinously fleshy. Gills descending interruptedly into flesh of cap.
115	V.	...	...	B	Dead rushes in bogs	Very delicate. Somewhat red. Stem thread-like, smooth, brownish.
116	V.	...	...	B	Trunks and ground	Fragile, with nitrous odour. Sub-membranaceous, furrowed, frosted.
117	V.	...	...	B	Ground in woods	Strong smelling, odour of radish. Rather fleshy, violet or roseate, becoming pallid and variously coloured.
118	V.	...	...	B	Among fir leaves	Rose coloured. Membranaceous, boss obtuse. Stem thin, juiceless.
119	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	B	Among leaves and damp moss	Delicate pale red, becoming brown, membranaceous. Stem yielding pale-red juice.
120	Q.	Dead wood	Small. Fleshy, red to vinous brown. Stem short, hollow.
121	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	B	Mossy trunks	Membranaceous, greyish brown, disc darker. Stem thread-like.
122	V.	...	...	Q.	Fern, twigs, &c.	Membranaceous, white, somewhat bairy. Stem thread-like.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
9. MYCENA.—Pers.,					
123	121	IX. 143	<i>M. subcorticalis</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 93 (1887) ...	Subcortical mycena ...
124	118	V. 1129	<i>M. tenerrima</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 151 (1874) ...	Very tender mycena ...
125	106	" 1025	<i>M. trachycepbala</i> ...	F. v. M. and Kalch., Grev. VIII. 151 (1880) ...	Rough-headed mycena ...
126	114	" 1090	<i>M. tuberigena</i> ...	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 156 (1873) ...	Tuber-bearing mycena ...
10. HIATULA.—Fries,					
127	369	V. 1168	<i>H. Wynniae</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Ann. Nat. Hist., III., 5, 206 (1879)...	Wynne's hiatula. Green-light fungus
11. OMPHALIA.—Fries,					
128	136	V. 1247	<i>O. earneo-rufula</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 243 (1860) ...	Fleshy-red omphalia ...
129	126	" 1181	<i>O. dumosa</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 155 (1874) ...	Thicket-loving omphalia ...
130	129	" 1205	<i>O. cpichysium</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 169 (1821) ...	Watery omphalia ...
131	140	" 1283	<i>O. fibula</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 154 (1874) ...	Pin-like omphalia ...
132	137	" 1265	<i>O. flavo-erocea</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 244 (1860) ...	Bright-yellow omphalia ...
133	133	IX. 179	<i>O. glaucescens</i> ...	Kalch., Linn. Soc. N.S.W. 105 (1882) ...	Sage-green omphalia ...
134	141	V. 1286	<i>O. gomphomorpha</i> ...	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 383 (1881) ...	Club-shaped omphalia ...
135	142	" 1289	<i>O. gracillima</i> ...	Weinm., Ross 121 (1835) ...	Slender omphalia ...
136	128	" 1195	<i>O. holochlora</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XI. 525 (1871) ...	Green omphalia ...
137	125	" 1179	<i>O. hydrogramma</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 169 (1821) ...	Water-line omphalia ...
138	143	" 1313	<i>O. integrella</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 165 (1874) ...	Perfect omphalia ...
139	144	" 1321	<i>O. Muelleriana</i> ...	Berk., in Cooke's Handb. Aust. Fungi 30 (1892) ...	Mueller's omphalia ...
140	134	" 1239	<i>O. muralis</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 160 (1874) ...	Wall omphalia ...
141	130	" 1208	<i>O. oniscus</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 172 (1821) ...	Grey omphalia ...
142	131	" 1215	<i>O. pumilio</i> ...	Kalch., Grev. VIII. 161 (1880) ...	Dwarf omphalia ...
143	127	" 1199	<i>O. pyxidata</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 154 (1821) ...	Box-like omphalia ...
144	132	" 1216	<i>O. seyphiformis</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 159 (1874) ...	Goblet-shaped omphalia ...
145	139	" 1282	<i>O. setipes</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 164 (1874) ...	Hairy-stalked omphalia ...
145	135	" 1241	<i>O. umbellifera</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 160 (1874) ...	Umbrella-like omphalia ...
147	138	" 1279	<i>O. umbratilis</i> ...	Fries, Epier. 127 (1838) ...	Shade-loving omphalia ...
12. PLEUROTUS.—Fries,					
148	147	V. 1346	<i>P. abbreviatus</i> ...	Kalch., Grev. VIII. 152 (1880) ...	Abbreviated pleurote ...
149	170	" 1444	<i>P. affixus</i> ...	Berk., Hook, Lond. Journ. VII., 573 (1848) ...	Affixed pleurote ...
150	180	" 1504	<i>P. applicatus</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 180 (1874) ...	Sessile pleurote ...
151	179	" 1492	<i>P. atro-cæruleus</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 190 (1821) ...	Dark-blue pleurote ...
152	188	IX. 187	<i>P. australis</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 93 (1887) ...	Southern pleurote ...
153	177	V. 1487	<i>P. bursæformis</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 245 (1860) ...	Pouch-like pleurote ...
154	155	" 1400	<i>P. candescens</i> ...	F. v. M., Linn. Journ. XIII. 157 (1873) ...	Glowing pleurote ...
155	159	" 1442	<i>P. earyophylleus</i> ...	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 167 (1873) ...	Clove-like pleurote ...
156	167	IX. 200	<i>P. chatophyllus</i> ...	Sacc. Hedw. 125 (1889) ...	Hairy-gill pleurote ...
157	187	V. 1527	<i>P. ebionæus</i> ...	Pers. M. Eur., 3 (1828) ...	Snow-white pleurote ...
158	159	IX. 190	<i>P. clitocyboides</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 98 (1887) ...	Citocybe-like pleurote ...
159	145	V. 1322	<i>P. corticatus</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 179 (1821) ...	Corticated pleurote ...
150	183	" 1511	<i>P. diversipes</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 244 (1860) ...	Variable-stalked pleurote ...
151	164	" 1423	<i>P. Eucalyptorum</i> ...	Fries, Pl. Preiss. II. 131 (1845) ...	Encalyptus pleurote ...
152	189	" p. 387	<i>P. euphyllus</i> ...	Berk., in Handb. N.Z. Flora. 755 (1867) ...	Broad-gilled pleurote ...
153	172	" 1449	<i>P. flabellatus</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XI. 528 (1871) ...	Fan-shaped pleurote ...
154	149	1359	<i>P. Gardneri</i> ...	Berk., Hook., Journ. II., 427 (1840) ...	Gardner's pleurote ...
155	161	" 1409	<i>P. Guilfoylei</i> ...	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 158 (1873) ...	Guilfoyle's pleurote ...
156	150	" 1370	<i>P. illuminans</i> ...	F. v. M., Linn. Journ. XIII. 157 (1873) ...	Luminous pleurote ...
157	168	" 1429	<i>P. imberbis</i> ...	Kalch., Grev. VIII. 152 (1880) ...	Beardless pleurote ...
158	148	" 1347	<i>P. lacticolor</i> ...	Kalch., Grev. VIII. 151 (1880) ...	Bright-coloured pleurote ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.		
Tent. Disp. 69 (1797).—Agaricus, Marasmius—continued.								
123	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	Log of <i>Banksia</i> (Native Honeysuckle)	Thin, lilac, disc brick red. Stem ascending, thin, hollow.
124	Q. B	Fir cones, sticks, &c.	White, very delicate. Cap frosted with scurfy granules. Stem hairy.
125	V.	...	...	Rotten trunks	Membranaceous, ashy brown, covered with papillæ. Stem thread-like.
126	V.	...	...	Ground	Tender and small, white. Stem thread-like, arising from sclerotium.
Nov. Symb. 27 (1851).								
127	V.	...	Q. B	Ground	White. Tender, luminous, emitting a greenish light. Stem slender.
S.M. I. 162 (1821).—Agaricus.								
128	T.	...	...	...	Rotten wood	Rather fleshy, pale red. Stem flexuous, stuffed.
129	V.	...	...	Woods	Rather membranaceous, brick red. Stem hollow, smooth. Rare.
130	T.	...	...	...	Rotten wood	Soft. Membranaceous, sooty, ash coloured, silky or scaly.
131	W.A.	S.A.	...	V.	...	Q. B	Among moss in moist places	Tiny. Membranaceous, nearly orange colour or orange fawn. Common.
132	T.	...	...	...	Branches	Yellow, and gills saffron yellow. Stem elongated, solid.
133	V.	N.S.W.	...	Ground	Small. Grey, sage green. Stem thread-like, greenish yellow.
134	Q.	Ground in tufts	Club-shaped, lurid. Stem thickened upwards, reddish brown.
135	V.	...	B	Marshy ground	Snow white. Membranaceous, furrowed. Stem thread-like.
136	Q.	Dead wood	Membranaceous, yellow brown, reddish brown when dry.
137	V.	N.S.W.	B	Dead leaves and moist places	Sub-membranaceous, livid; margin spreading, streaked. Stem hollow.
138	T.	...	...	B	Decayed wood	White, fragile. Membranaceous, pellucid. Stem very slender, short.
139	V.	...	...	Ground	Smooth, tawny. Stem elongated, smooth, or streaked lengthwise.
140	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	B	Ground, banks, and walls	Sub-membranaceous, reddish brown, radiately striate.
141	Q. B	Swampy ground	Sub-membranaceous, dark ash coloured. Stem firm, partially hollow.
142	N.S.W.	Q.	Wood	Membranaceous, fawn coloured. Stem hollow, thin, curved.
143	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	B.	Among short grass, on lawns, &c.	Sub-membranaceous, brick red, funnel shaped. Stem stuffed at first. Common.
144	V.	...	Q.	Bare ground	White. Membranaceous. Stem rather hollow, short, thin.
145	V.	N.S.W.	...	Shady places	Membranaceous, brownish grey. Stem thread-like, downy at base.
146	W.A.	...	T.	V.	...	Q. B	Swamps, exposed pastures, &c.	Fleshy to membranaceous, buff or variable in colour. Very common.
147	V.	...	B	Damp places	Sub-membranaceous, umber brown. Stem stuffed, tough.
S.M. I. 178 (1821).—Agaricus.								
148	N.S.W.	...	Wood	Entirely reddish brown. Stem shorter than diameter of cap.
149	T.	...	...	...	Bark of young <i>Eucalyptus amygdalina</i>	White. Cap at length attached by the side, cup shaped. Stem short.
150	W.A.	...	T.	V.	...	Q. B	Dead fallen branches, and on <i>Eucalyptus viminalis</i>	Very small. Dark-ash colour. Sub-membranaceous, eup shaped.
151	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	B	Trunks	Fleshy, dark blue, rarely brown, downy.
152	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	Roots of <i>Leptospermum</i> (Tea-tree)	Fleshy, umber. Stem rather lateral, thick, clad with white down.
153	T.	...	...	...	Rotting bark	Cap affixed behind, pouch-like, whitish. Stem short, almost smooth.
154	V.	...	...	Dead wood	Strongly phosphorescent. White, becoming dingy. Stem dilated above.
155	V.	N.S.W.	...	Wood	Pale-tawny colour. Fan shaped, and much lobed.
156	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	Branches	Thin, white, tomentose, spoon shaped. Stem thick, wrinkled.
157	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	B	Wood or dung	Snow white. Very thin, woolly. Stem very short, hairy.
158	V.	...	...	Old fern stems	Thin, ochrey, becoming reddish.
159	Q. B	Trunks, living and dead	Beautiful large species. Fleshy, greyish white. Stem firm.
160	T.	...	...	Q.	Rotten wood	Pellucid, covered with a gelatinous layer. Stem very variable.
161	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	<i>Eucalyptus</i> bark	Fleshy, bay brown, clad with a rough wool, sessile, kidney shaped.
162	Q.	Wood	Pale chestnut. Stem none or obsolete. Gills broad.
163	Q.	Dead wood	Fan shaped, thin, white, becoming reddish. Adhering to wood by spongy base.
164	Q.	Petioles and half-rotten fronds of palms	Fleshy to leathery, yellow, funnel shaped. Stem short. Phosphorescent.
165	N.S.W.	Q.	Trunks	Whitish, very much wrinkled when dry, cap kidney shaped.
166	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	Dead wood	Phosphorescent. Tawny, smooth. Stem thick.
167	N.S.W.	...	Wood	Membranaceous, kidney shaped, sessile, horizontal.
168	N.S.W.	...	Wood (?)	Rather fleshy, golden yellow. Stem stuffed, naked.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
12. PLEUROTUS.—Fries,					
169	155	V. 1397	<i>P. lampas</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 44 (1845)	Shining pleurote
170	181	" 1506	<i>P. lenticula</i>	Kalch., Grev. VIII. 161 (1880)	Freckled pleurote
171	166	" 1427	<i>P. limpidus</i>	Fries, Epicr. 135 (1838)	Transparent pleurote
172	178	" 1488	<i>P. lividus</i>	Berk. and Curt. Exp. No. 33 (1859)	Livid pleurote
173	161	" 1386	<i>P. luteo-aurantius</i>	Kalch., Grev. VIII. 151 (1880)	Orange-yellow pleurote
174	165	" 1425	<i>P. mitis</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 188 (1821)	Mild pleurote... ..
175	154	" 1396	<i>P. nidiformis</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. III. 185 (1844)	Nest-shaped pleurote
176	152	" 1390	<i>P. ostreatus</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 173 (1874)	Oyster-like pleurote
177	186	" 1523	<i>P. perpusillus</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 195 (1821)	Very small pleurote
178	162	" 1412	<i>P. petalooides</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 183 (1821)	Petal-like pleurote
179	167	" 1401	<i>P. phosphorus</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. VII. 572 (1848)	Phosphorescent pleurote
180	153	IX. 196	<i>P. polyphemus</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 72 (1888)	Variegated pleurote
181	163	V. 1416	<i>P. pulmonarius</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 187 (1821)	Lung-like pleurote
182	158	" 1405	<i>P. salignus</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 174 (1874)	Willow-sprout pleurote
183	176	" 1475	<i>P. scabriusculus</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 157 (1873)	Rough pleurote
184	174	" 1470	<i>P. semiliber</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 54 (1883)	Half-free pleurote
185	173	" 1469	<i>P. semisupinus</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XI. 529 (1871)	Semisupine pleurote
186	175	" 1473	<i>P. sordulentus</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 64 (1883)	Dirty-white pleurote
187	184	" 1518	<i>P. striatulus</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 193 (1821)	Striate pleurote
188	185	" 1522	<i>P. subbarbatus</i>	Berk. and Curt., Linn. Journ. X. 288 (1869)	Barbed pleurote
189	160	IX. 198	<i>P. sulciiceps</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 3 (1889)	Sulcate pleurote
190	182	V. 1510	<i>P. tasmanicus</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 245 (1860)	Tasmanian pleurote
191	146	" 1343	<i>P. tephrophanus</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 244 (1860)	Ash-growing pleurote
192	171	" 1445	<i>P. Thozetii</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 383 (1881)	Thozet's pleurote
13. HYGROPHORUS.—Fries,					
193	379	IX. 216	<i>H. candidus</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 4 (1889)	White hygrophore
194	381	V. 1634	<i>H. ceraceus</i>	Fries, Epicr. 330 (1838)	Waxy hygrophore
195	382	" 1637	<i>H. coccineus</i>	Fries, Epicr. 330 (1838)	Scarlet hygrophore
196	384	" 1658	<i>H. conicus</i>	Fries, Epicr. 331 (1838)	Conical hygrophore
197	376	" 1599	<i>H. flammans</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 160 (1873)	Flaming hygrophore
198	378	IX. 224	<i>H. gigasporus</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 31 (1887)	Gigantic-spored hygrophore
199	375	" 228	<i>H. gilvus</i>	Kalch., Linn. Soc. N.S.W. 105 (1882)	Yellowish-tan hygrophore
200	873	V. 1570	<i>H. hypothejus</i>	Fries, Epicr. 324 (1838)	Sulphur-yellow hygrophore
201	387	IX. 227	<i>H. Lewellinae</i>	Kalch., Linn. Soc. N.S.W. 105 (1882)	Lewellin's hygrophore
202	383	V. 1639	<i>H. miniatus</i>	Fries, Epicr. 330 (1838)	Vermilion hygrophore
203	377	" 1600	<i>H. nigricans</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 160 (1873)	Blackening hygrophore
204	372	" 1555	<i>H. porphyrius</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 55 (1883)	Purple hygrophore
205	385	" 1677	<i>H. scarlatinus</i>	Kalch., Grev. VIII. 152 (1880)	Scarlet hygrophore
206	380	" 1628	<i>H. sciophanus</i>	Fries, Epicr. 329 (1838)	Shadowy hygrophore
207	386	IX. 229	<i>H. subremotus</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 113 (1888)	Sequestered hygrophore
208	374	V. 1590	<i>H. virginens</i>	Fries, Epicr. 327 (1838)	Virgin hygrophore
14. LACTARIUS.—D.C.,					
209	392	V. 1737	<i>L. pallidus</i>	Fries, Epicr. 343 (1838)	Pale lactar
210	390	" 1727	<i>L. piperatus</i>	Fries, Epicr. 340 (1838)	Peppery lactar
211	389	" 1720	<i>L. plumbeus</i>	Fries, Epicr. 339 (1838)	Leaden lactar
212	388	" 1694	<i>L. stenophyllus</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 248 (1860)	Narrow-gill lactar
213	391	" 1759	<i>L. subtomentosus</i>	Berk. and Rav., Ann. Nat. Hist. IV., 293 (1859)	Subtomentose lactar

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.		
S.M. I. 178 (1821).— <i>Agaricus</i> —continued.								
169	W.A.	...	T.	V.	...	...	Stems, languid, but not dead, of <i>Grevillea</i> (Silky oak)	Phosphorescent. Fleshy, tawny, turning black. Stem solid, sometimes splitting.
170	Q.	Trunks ...	Small. Olive brown, or powdered with white.
171	N.S.W.	B	Trunks ...	Rather fleshy, white, tapering behind into rudimentary stem.
172	N.S.W.	...	Dead branches ...	Becoming livid purple, clad with a powdery down, kidney or fan-shaped.
173	N.S.W.	...	Wood ...	Rather fleshy, orange yellow. Stem hollow, thin, short, curved upwards.
174	Q.	Dead wood—Pines, Firs, and Larches	Rather fleshy, growing pale, kidney shaped. Stem lateral, compressed, dilated upwards with white scales. Common.
175	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	Very large. Fleshy, reddish brown, cup shaped. Stem central.
176	V.	N.S.W.	B	Trees ...	Soft, fleshy, shell-like, many overlapping, satiny, growing pale. Common. <i>Edible</i> .
177	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Trunks and branches	White, very delicate, tough, smooth.
178	V.	...	B	Ground ...	Fleshy, spoon shaped or fringed, disc woolly, brown to ashy buff. <i>Edible</i> .
179	T.	...	...	...	Roots of trees	Pale yellowish brown, funnel shaped. So phosphorescent that one was able to read books by its light, and even six days afterwards the light still served for reading.
180	S.A.	...	...	V.	...	...	Rotten wood	Fleshy, ochrey white, at length sulphur coloured, spotted with purple or sooty spots.
181	V.	N.S.W.	B	Trunks ...	Fleshy, greyish to tan colour, rather convex. Stem lateral, straight. <i>Edible</i> .
182	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	B	Trunks, willow	Compact or spongy, shell shaped, white or grey. <i>Edible</i> .
183	V.	...	...	Rotten wood	White, sessile. Cap narrow or fan shaped, rough behind.
184	Q.	Wood ...	White. Cap half adherent, pale yellow. Stem lateral, short.
185	V.	...	Q.	Dead branches and leaves	Cap at first peziza-like, at length semisupine or half flattened out.
186	Q.	Wood ...	Dirty white, at first rather hairy, then becoming smooth. Stem obsolete.
187	Q.	Firwood twigs	Very delicate. Pale-ash colour, streaked, smooth.
188	V.	...	...	Rotten wood	Dark brown. Fan shaped, margin wavy. Stemless.
189	Q.	Rotten wood	Fleshy, sooty brown, disc darker, rather velvety. Stem thin, hollow.
190	T.	...	...	...	Rotten wood	Cap invested with gelatinous pellicle. Stem short, pure white, downy.
191	T.	...	...	...	Burnt wood	Excentric, funnel shaped, brown, powdery. Stem brown, bispid.
192	Q.	Dead leaves	Fan shaped and lobate, arising from rooting stem, whitish ochre.
Epicr. 320 (1838).— <i>Agaricus</i> .								
193	V.	...	...	Ground ...	White. Fleshy, tinged with brown. Stem rather flexuous, stuffed.
194	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	B	Pastures, lawns, &c.	Small, wax coloured, viscid, brittle, Instrous, translucent.
195	V.	...	B	Pastures ...	Fragile. Scarlet, shaded with orange and yellow, turning pale. <i>Edible</i> .
196	V.	...	Q.	Pastures and sandy land	Fragile, rarely red, commonly yellow, usually turning black where bruised. Sub-membranaceous, conical. Very common.
197	V.	...	...	Moist rocks	Small, dark red, funnel-shaped. Stem dilated upwards.
198	V.	...	...	Horse dung, and around it	Fleshy, sooty brown, shining, viscid. Stem straight, elongated.
199	V.	...	...	Ground ...	Yellowish orange, funnel shaped. Stem paler, thickened upwards.
200	V.	...	B	Pine woods, on sandy soil	Fleshy, covered with olive evanescent gluten and yellow beneath. Very common.
201	V.	...	...	Ground ...	Lilac, very elegant. Cap convex. Stem hollow, naked.
202	V.	...	Q.	Moist places	Fragile. Vermilion, changing colour, opaque. Stem scarlet.
203	V.	...	...	Ground ...	Small. Orange red, turning black. Stem thread-like.
204	Q.	Among grass	Fleshy, rather viscid, purple. Stem swollen in middle.
205	V.	...	Q.	Ground ...	Small. Rather fleshy, margin bright scarlet. Stem hollow, rosy white.
206	V.	...	B	Mossy places, wood	Somewhat brick red, rather fleshy, viscid, margin streaked.
207	V.	...	...	Among grass	Yellow, disc becoming reddish, viscid. Stem elongated, hollow.
208	...	S.A.	...	...	...	B	Downs and grassy places	Small. Satiny white, becoming tinted, fleshy. Stem stuffed, firm, short. Common. <i>Edible</i> .
Fl. Fr. II. 141 (1805).— <i>Agaricus</i> .								
209	V.	...	B	Woods ...	Fleshy, pallid, zoneless. Stem stuffed, then hollow. Milk mild, white. <i>Edible</i> .
210	Q.	Woods ...	White, turning black where bruised. Milk white, peppery. Common. <i>Edible</i> .
211	V.	...	B	Woods ...	Fleshy, yellowish to whitish, zoned. Gills very narrow, rather flesh coloured.
212	T.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Somewhat tomentose, umber. Milk white, turning yellow, acrid.
213	V.	N.S.W.	...	Ground, in swamps	Dingy to blackish brown. Stem hollow, white at base. Milk acrid, white, unchangeable.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name	Authority for Name.	English Name.
15. RUSSULA.—Pers. Obs.,					
214	402	V. 1874	<i>R. alutacea</i> ...	Fries, <i>Epicr.</i> 362 (1838) ...	Buff-gilled russule ...
215	394	IX. 249	<i>R. australiensis</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., <i>Grev.</i> XVI. 32 (1887) ...	Australian russule ...
216	399A	V. 1842	<i>R. Clusii</i> ...	Fries, <i>Hym. Eur.</i> 449 (1874) ...	Clusius' russule ...
217	399	1841	<i>R. emetica</i> ...	Fries, <i>Epicr.</i> 357 (1838) ...	Emetic russule ...
218	398	" 1840	<i>R. expallens</i> ...	Gillet., <i>Tab.</i> 49 (1878) ...	Bleaching russule ...
219	400	, 1852	<i>R. fragilis</i> ...	Fries, <i>Epicr.</i> 359 (1838) ...	Fragile russule ...
220	397	, 1818	<i>R. Linnæi</i> ...	Fries, <i>Epicr.</i> 356 (1838) ...	Linnaeus russule ...
221	395	, 1805	<i>R. purpurea</i> ...	Gillet., <i>Tab.</i> 47 (1878) ...	Purple russule ...
222	396	, 1817	<i>R. rubra</i> ...	Fries, <i>Epicr.</i> 354 (1838) ...	Red russule ...
223	393	, 1800	<i>R. sanguinea</i> ...	Fries, <i>Epicr.</i> 351 (1838) ...	Blood-red russule ...
224	401	IX. 259	<i>R. subalbida</i> ...	Bres., <i>Pug., Myc. Austr.</i> 4 (1890) ...	Lurid white russule ...
16. CANTHARELLUS.					
225	404	V. 1886	<i>C. aurantiacus</i> ...	Fries, <i>S.M. I.</i> 318 (1821) ...	Orange-coloured chantarelle ...
226	405	IX. 266	<i>C. aureolus</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., <i>Grev.</i> XVIII. 4 (1889) ...	Golden chantarelle ...
227	403	V. 1882	<i>C. cibarius</i> ...	Fries, <i>S.M. I.</i> 318 (1821) ...	Edible chantarelle ...
228	410	" 1919	<i>C. cinereus</i> ...	Fries, <i>S.M. I.</i> 320 (1821) ...	Ash-grey chantarelle ...
229	412	, 1934	<i>C. concinnus</i> ...	Berk., <i>Linn. Journ.</i> XVI. 38 (1878) ...	Elegant chantarelle ...
230	414	, 1956	<i>C. foliolum</i> ...	Kalch., <i>Grev.</i> IX. 134 (1881) ...	Leaf-like chantarelle ...
231	411	1920	<i>C. leucophæus</i> ...	Nouel., <i>Mem. Lille</i> (1831) ...	White-looking chantarelle ...
232	413	, 1952	<i>C. lobatus</i> ...	Fries, <i>S.M. I.</i> 323 (1821) ...	Lobed chantarelle ...
233	407	IX. 267	<i>C. politus</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., <i>Grev.</i> XVI. 32 (1887) ...	Polished chantarelle ...
234	409	V. 1914	<i>C. pusio</i> ...	Berk., <i>Hook., Journ.</i> VIII. 134 (1856) ...	Puny chantarelle ...
235	408	1899	<i>C. strigipes</i> ...	Berk., <i>Fl. Tasm.</i> II. 248 (1860) ...	Hairy-stalked chantarelle ...
236	406	1893	<i>C. viscosus</i> ...	Berk., <i>Hook., Lond. Journ.</i> IV. 49 (1845) ...	Viscid chantarelle ...
17. MARASMIUS.—Fries,					
237	444	V. 2223	<i>M. aciculæformis</i> ...	Berk. and Curt., <i>Linn. Jouro.</i> X. 297 (1869) ...	Needle-stalked marasmius ...
238	451	, 2292	<i>M. affixus</i> ...	Berk., <i>Fl. Tasm.</i> II. 248 (1860) ...	Attached marasmius ...
239	442	, 2218	<i>M. bicolor</i> ...	Sacc., and Cuh., <i>Syll.</i> V. 555 (1887) ...	Two-coloured marasmius ...
240	438	, 2187	<i>M. calobates</i> ...	Kalch., <i>Grev.</i> IV. 71 (1876) ...	Stilted marasmius ...
241	425	, 2071	<i>M. calopus</i> ...	Fries, <i>Epicr.</i> 379 (1838) ...	Beautiful-stemmed marasmius ...
242	431	, 2122	<i>M. caudicinalis</i> ...	Fries, <i>Epicr.</i> 383 (1838) ...	Craggy marasmius ...
243	418	, 2046	<i>M. confertus</i> ...	Berk. and Br., <i>Linn. Journ.</i> XIV. 34 (1875) ...	Crowded marasmius ...
244	447	, 2259	<i>M. de Toniianus</i> ...	<i>Sacc. and Cuh., Syll.</i> V. 663 (1887) ...	De Toni's marasmius ...
245	460	, 2286	<i>M. emergens</i> ...	Berk. in Cooke's <i>Handh., Aust. Fungi</i> , 88 (1892) ...	Emerging marasmius ...
246	445	, 2239	<i>M. epiphyllus</i> ...	Fries, <i>Epicr.</i> 386 (1838) ...	Leaf marasmins ...
247	441	, 2203	<i>M. equicrinis</i> ...	F. v. M., <i>Grev.</i> VIII. 153 (1880) ...	Horse-hair marasmius ...
248	420	, 2051	<i>M. crythropus</i> ...	Fries, <i>Epicr.</i> 378 (1838) ...	Red-stalked marasmius ...
249	440	, 2200	<i>M. Eucalypti</i> ...	Berk., <i>Fl. Tasm.</i> II. 249 (1860) ...	Eucalyptus marasmius ...
250	452	, 2291	<i>M. Exocarpi</i> ...	Berk., <i>Linn. Journ.</i> XVIII. 384 (1881) ...	Native cherry marasmius ...
251	436	2144	<i>M. ferrugineus</i> ...	Berk., <i>Hook. Lond. Journ.</i> II. 630 (1843) ...	Rust-red marasmius ...
252	423	, 2063	<i>M. floriceps</i> ...	Berk. and Curt., <i>Linn. Journ.</i> X. 298 (1869) ...	Flower-capped marasmius ...
253	427	, 2095	<i>M. fœtidus</i> ...	Fries, <i>Epicr.</i> 380 (1838) ...	Fœtid marasmins ...
254	434	, 2143	<i>M. hæmatocephalus</i> ...	Mont., <i>Syll.</i> 109 (1856) ...	Blood-red capped marasmius ...
255	416	, 2013	<i>M. hepaticus</i> ...	Berk., <i>Hook., Lond. Journ.</i> V. 1 (1846) ...	Liver-coloured marasmius ...
256	421	, 2057	<i>M. impudicus</i> ...	Fries, <i>Epicr.</i> 377 (1838) ...	Impure marasmius ...
257	422	IX. 278	<i>M. lanaripes</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., <i>Grev.</i> XVIII. 4 (1889) ...	Woolly-stalked marasmius ...
258	439	V. 2199	<i>M. lignyodes</i> ...	Berk., <i>Linn. Journ.</i> XVIII. 384 (1881) ...	Smoky marasmius ...
259	436	2147	<i>M. meloniformis</i> ...	Berk., <i>Fl. Tasm.</i> II. 249 (1860) ...	Melon-shaped marasmius ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
I. 100 (1796).—Agaricus.									
214	T.	...	...	...	B	Woods ...	Mild. Fleishy, dark lake, red, or purplish, margin flesh white. Gills bright buff. <i>Edible</i> .
215	V.	...	...	Q.	Ground ...	Acrid. Fleishy, red. Stem stuffed, then hollow, straw coloured.
216	V.	...	...	B	Woods ...	Blood red. flesh white to yellowish.
217	T.	V.	N.S.W.	...	B	Woods ...	Acrid. Fleishy, polished, shining, margin flesh white. Rose, varied with lilac or yellow.
218	V.	...	...	B	Under trees	Fleishy, viscid, bright, purple, becoming pale. Stem cylindrical, firm.
219	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	Q.	B Woods ...	Very acrid, small. Fleishy, rose red, becoming pale, polished, slightly viscid.
220	Q.	B Woods ...	Mild. Fleishy, polished, dry, white. Stem spongy, stout, red.
221	V.	...	...	B	Under trees	Rather mild. Fleishy, viscid, dark purple. Stem white at top, rosy middle.
222	V.	N.S.W.	...	Q.	B Grassy places	Acrid. Fleishy, polished, dry, deep dark vermilion. Stem white or red.
223	Q.	B Woods ...	Acrid. Fleishy, generally blood red, glistening. Stem white or red.
224	Q.	Ground ...	Rather fleshy, margin lurid white. Stem stuffed, then hollow.
Pers. Tent. Disp. 26 (1797).—Agaricus.									
225	Q.	B Fir woods and heaths	Nearly orange colour or orange yellow. Fleishy, rather tomentosc.
226	Q.	Ground ...	Golden. Thin, delicately downy. Stem slender, faintly streaked.
227	V.	N.S.W.	...	Q.	B Woods ...	Apricot yellow and apricot scented. Fleishy. <i>Edible</i> .
228	T.	...	...	...	B	Woods ...	Sub-membranaceous, dingy black, hairy to scaly. Stem hollow.
229	N.S.W.	...	...	Ground ...	Small. Gills very narrow and forked. Stem thickened upwards.
230	Q.	Twigs, leaves, &c...	Membranaceous, whitish, pale ochre when dry or reddish brown. Colour and veins slightly prominent as in a dry leaf.
231	V.	...	...	B	Ground ...	Sub-membranaceous, umber. Stem stuffed, thin, of same colour.
232	V.	...	...	B	Mosses, in swamps	Membranaceous, gelatinous, sessile, dirty reddish brown.
233	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Fern gully	Rather fleshy, viscid, very shining, chestnut colour. Stem stuffed.
234	T.	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Becoming whitish. Funnel shaped, powdery, woolly. Stem brown when dry.
235	T.	...	...	...	...	Among ferns	Liver colour. Stem arising from tawny strigose hairs. Tapering upwards.
236	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ground, among twigs	Beautifully yellow. Viscid, funnel shaped, somewhat wavy.
Epicr. 372 (1838).—Agaricus.									
237	Q.	Rotten wood	Gregarious. Tawny. Stem hair-like, rigid, shining, brownish.
238	T.	...	...	...	Q.	Rotten wood	Whitish, mealy, tomentose, cup shaped, reflexed and attached by side.
239	Q.	Trunks ...	Small. White. Stem short, becoming red below, thread-like.
240	V.	...	...	Q.	Putrid leaves of <i>Bougainvillea</i>	Membranaceous, rust coloured, becoming brown. Stem horny, turning black.
241	V	...	...	Q.	B Twigs, grass, roots, &c.	Inodorous. Rather fleshy. Stem shining, bay to red, hollow, not rooting.
242	V.	...	...	Q.	Ground, among leaves	Membranaceous, rust coloured, yellow, then ochre. Stem hollow, hay.
243	N.S.W.	...	Q.	Among dead vegetables	Sub-membranaceous, tawny. Stem of same colour, hollow.
244	N.S.W.	...	...	Branches ...	Cap scarcely the size of a mustard seed, brownish. Stem hair-like.
245	T.	...	...	...	...	Wood ...	Very minute, white, bursting through. Stem shortened or elongated.
246	V.	...	...	B	Fallen leaves, twigs, &c.	Minute. Membranaceous, creamy. Stem rather horny, finely velvety.
247	V.	N.S.W.	...	Q.	Branches ...	Whitish to tawny, small, membranaceous. Stem hair-like, rigid, black, shining, arising from black horsehair-like mycelium.
248	V.	...	...	Q.	B Among leaves, near stumps	Inodorous. Rather fleshy. Stem dark red, hollow, streaked.
249	T.	...	...	...	...	Fruit and branches of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	Conical, brownish, silky. Stem hair-like, compressed, shining.
250	V.	...	...	Q.	Trunks of <i>Exocarpos latifolia</i> (Native Cherry)	White, wholly resupinate.
251	V.	...	...	...	Dead leaves, branches, &c.	Membranaceous, ferruginous yellow. Stem slender, twisted.
252	V.	...	...	...	Rotten wood	Conical, bright red brown. Stem twisted, hollow, shining.
253	Q.	B Decayed twigs	Fetid. Sub-membranaceous, pellucid, tawny chestnut or somewhat red.
254	V.	...	...	Q.	Dead leaves	Membranaceous, blood red. Stem horny, hair-like, umber.
255	T.	...	...	...	...	Among ferns	Rather fleshy, liver coloured. Stem of stringy fibres, thickened below.
256	V.	...	...	B	About trunks	Fetid. Rather fleshy, chestnut red. Stem hollow, turning purple.
257	Q.	Rotten wood	Fleishy, lead colour or dirty dark blue. Stem red, densely velvety.
258	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	Furrowed. Stem black, shining, grooved.
259	T.	...	...	...	...	Leaves and branches of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	Minute. Bay brown, mealy. Stem thread-like, shining.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
17. MARASMIUS.—Fries,					
260	419	V. 2049	<i>M. Muelleri</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 383 (1881)	Mueller's marasmius
261	429	" 2106	<i>M. opacus</i>	Berk. and Curt., Hook. Journ. I. 99 (1849)	Opaque marasmius
262	417	" 2014	<i>M. pilopus</i>	Kalch., Grev. VIII. 153 (1880)	Downy-stalked marasmius
263	446	" 2257	<i>M. primulinus</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVI. 38 (1878)	Pale-yellow marasmius
264	433	" 2133	<i>M. putredinis</i>	Berk. and Curt., Linn., Journ. X. 296 (1869)	Ptrid marasmius
265	428	" 2103	<i>M. ramealis</i>	Fries, Epicr. 381 (1838)	Twig marasmius
266	449	" 2261	<i>M. rbyticeps</i>	Kalch., Grev. IV. 71 (1876)	Wrinkle-capped marasmius
267	437	" 2150	<i>M. rotula</i>	Fries, Epicr. 386 (1838)	Collared marasmius
268	443	" 2219	<i>M. rufo-pallidus</i>	Kalch., Grev. IV. 71 (1876)	Pale-red marasmius
269	424	2070	<i>M. scorodonius</i>	Fries, Epicr. 379 (1838)	Sballot marasmius
270	426	.. 2084	<i>M. stylobates</i>	Berk. and Curt., Linn. Journ. X. 296 (1869)	Pillar-shaped marasmius
271	...	..	<i>M. subroseus</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXI. 37 (1892)	Somewhat rosy marasmius
272	448	" 2260	<i>M. subsupinus</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 249 (1860)	Subsupine marasmius
273	415	" 1976	<i>M. urens</i>	Fries, Epicr. 373 (1838)	Acrid marasmius
18. LENTINUS.—Fries,					
274	461	V. 2332	<i>L. blepharodes</i>	Berk. and Curt., Linn. Journ. X. 301 (1869)	Eyelashed lentine
275	463	" 2348	<i>L. calvescens</i>	Berk., Hook., Journ. VIII. 141 (1856)	Bald lentine
276A	487	" 2486	<i>L. castoreus</i> , var. <i>hirneoloides</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. X. 302 (1869)	Hirneola-like lentine
277	479	" 2456	<i>L. catervarius</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 65 (1883)	Crowded lentine
278	476	" 2415	<i>L. cocbleatus</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 484 (1874)	Cocbleate lentine
279	470	" 2376	<i>L. cretaceus</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XIV. 42 (1875)	Chalky lentine
280	475	" 2398	<i>L. cyatbus</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. I. 399 (1879)	Goblet lentine
281	459	" 2325	<i>L. dealbatus</i>	Fries, Pl. Preiss. II. 133 (1846)	White-washed lentine
282	465	" 2350	<i>L. Dunalii</i>	Fries, Epicr. 390 (1838)	Dunal's lentine
283	467	" 2368	<i>L. exasperatus</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 65 (1883)	Rough lentine
284	484	" 2472	<i>L. exilis</i>	Fries, Epicr. 393 (1838)	Tbin lentine
285	458	" 2317	<i>L. fasciatus</i>	Berk., Hook., Journ. II. 146 (1840)	Clustered lentine
286	483	" 2471	<i>L. fulvaster</i>	Berk. and Cooke, Linn. Journ. XV. 373 (1877)	Yellowish lentine
287	455	" 2312	<i>L. fulvus</i>	Berk., Ann., Nat., Hist. X. 369 (1843)	Tawny lentine
288	466	" 2315	<i>L. fusco-purpureus</i>	Kalch., Grev. VIII. 153 (1880)	Purple-brown lentine
289	486	IX. 322	<i>L. fusipes</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 1 (1887)	Fusiform lentine
290	482	" 301	<i>L. gracilentus</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 73 (1888)	Slender lentine
291	480	V. 2458	<i>L. Guilfoylei</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 384 (1881)	Guilfoyle's lentine
292	490	" 2490	<i>L. hepaticotrichus</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 249 (1860)	Liver-coloured lentine
293	473	" 2514	<i>L. bolopogonius</i>	Berk., Grev. X. 63 (1881)	Bearded lentine
294	486	" 2483	<i>L. byracinus</i>	Kalch., Grev. VIII. 153 (1880)	Hyrax-coloured lentine
296	471	" 2394	<i>L. Kurzianus</i>	Curr., Linn. Trans. I. 120 (1876)	Kurz's lentine
296	478	" 2449	<i>L. læviceps</i>	Kalch., Grev. VIII. 163 (1880)	Even-beaded lentine
297	489	IX. 317	<i>L. lasiophyllus</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 1 (1887)	Hairy-gilled lentine
298	481	V. 2459	<i>L. lateritius</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 384 (1881)	Brick-red lentine
299	453	" 2308	<i>L. Lecomtei</i>	Fries, Epicr. 368 (1838)	Lecomte's lentine
300	466	" 2351	<i>L. lepideus</i>	Fries, Epicr. 390 (1838)	Scaly lentine
301	469	" 2371	<i>L. manipularis</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XIV. 43 (1876)	Tufted lentine
302	493	" 2499	<i>L. pelliculosus</i>	Fries, Epicr. 395 (1838)	Tbin-skinned lentine
303	477	" 2439	<i>L. pergamenus</i>	Lev., Cbamp., Mus. 117 (1846)	Perbament lentine
304	494	" 2506	<i>L. pulvinulus</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 250 (1860)	Pulvinate lentine
305	491	" 2495	<i>L. punctaticeps</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 55 (1883)	Punctate-headed lentine
306	474	" 2395	<i>L. radicans</i>	Cooke and Mass. Grev. XIV., 118 (1886)	Rooting lentine
307	472	" 2512	<i>L. Schomburgkii</i>	Berk., Linn. Trans. XX. 111 (1861)	Schomburgk's lentine
308	462	" 2333	<i>L. siparius</i>	Berk. and Curt., Linn. Journ. X. 301 (1869)	Curtain lentine
309	454	" 2311	<i>L. strigosus</i>	Fries, Epicr. 388 (1838)	Strigose lentine
310	492	" 2497	<i>L. subdulcis</i>	Berk., Hook., Journ. III. 46 (1851)	Sweet-scented lentine
311	468	" 2361	<i>L. subundus</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. VI. 492 (1847)	Somewhat-naked lentine
312	460	" 2330	<i>L. tener</i>	Klotsch in Fries, Epicr. 389 (1838)	Slender lentine
313	464	" 2349	<i>L. tigrinus</i>	Fries, Epicr. 389 (1838)	Tiger-tuft lentine
314	457	" 2316	<i>L. villosus</i>	Klotsch in Linn. 479 (1833)	Villosus lentine
316	488	" 2486	<i>L. vulpinus</i>	Fries, Mon. Hym. II. 238 (1857)	Fox-coloured lentine

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Epicr. 372 (1838).—Agaricus—continued.									
260	V.	...	Q.	...	Ground ...	Tawny, delicately tomentose. Stem thin, dilated at base.
261	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Leaves and twigs ...	Slender. Opaque, powdery, whitish. Stem mealy towards base.
262	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Wood ...	Leathery to membranaceous, yellowish tan. Stem with powdery ochrey down.
263	N.S.W.	...	...	...	Pale yellow, powdery. Stem short, slender, mealy.
264	V.	...	Q.	...	<i>Eucalyptus</i> ...	Thin, reddish yellow or grey. Stem of same colour, solid.
265	Q.	B	Dry dead branches	Inodorous. Somewhat fleshy, opaque, white, disc somewhat red. Very common.
266	Q.	...	Passion-flower twigs	Membranaceous, tawny to reddish brown. Stem thread-like, velvety.
267	V.	...	Q.	B	Fallen twigs, &c. ...	Minute. Membranaceous, whitish. Stem horny, shining, blackish, with collar from separating gills.
268	Q.	...	Ground, about trunks	Membranaceous, pale red. Stem thread-like, fixed at base by white mycelium.
269	V.	...	...	B	Dry ground	Small. Strong scented, oniony odour. Somewhat fleshy, red becoming white, or red buff. <i>Edible</i> .
270	Q.	...	Wood ...	White. Thin, smooth. Stem arising from circular base, smooth, hollow.
271	V.	...	...	...	Rotten wood	Membranaceous, pale-tan colour, tinged with pink. Stem horny, hollow.
272	T.	...	...	Q.	...	Rotten wood	Small. Mealy, adhering behind. Stem short, mealy.
273	Q.	B	Wood ...	Acrid, odourless. Fleshy to leathery. Usually ochrey tan. Stem fibrous.
Pl. Homon. 77 (1825).—Agaricus.									
274	Q.	...	Dead branches	Brown, hispid, margin ciliate. Stem velvety.
275	Q.	...	Rotten trunks	Pale, at first woolly then bald, margin lobed. Stem short, nearly naked.
276A	N.S.W.	...	...	Rotten logs, in woods	Pale, tawny. Gills paler, cap thin.
277	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Golden yellow. Cap convex, then flattened. Stem cylindrical.
278	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	Q.	B.	Trunks and ground	Tough, fæeid. Fleshy, reddish brown, somewhat lobed or contorted.
279	Q.	...	Ground ...	White, orbicular. Stem thin, at length furrowed.
280	Q.	...	Dense serubs	Ochrey, with velvety brown lines radiating from centre, funnel shaped.
281	W.A.	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Rotten trunks	Becoming white, leathery, woolly to hairy, zoneless. Stem short.
282	Q.	B.	Trunks — Willows and Poplars	Small, tufted. Fleshy to leathery, yellow white with brown scales.
283	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Rough, with rigid warts, ferruginous, powdery. Stem thickened downwards.
284	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	Q.	...	Rotten wood	Papery, pale tawny.
285	W.A.	...	T.	...	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Thin, leathery, wine-glass shape, pale ochre. Stem velvety, tawny.
286	V.	...	...	...	Deadwood	Orbicular, white, becoming tawny when dry. Stem slender, smooth.
287	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Rotten wood	Deeply funnel shaped, hay brown, somewhat zoned. Stem rough or downy.
288	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Wood ...	Leathery, funnel shaped, purple brown, hairy. Stem tall, bristly.
289	Q.	...	Rotten wood	Fleshy, white, downy. Stem lateral, spindle shaped, rooting.
290	V.	...	Q.	...	Rotten wood	Rather membranaceous, ochrey, funnel shaped. Stem slender, brown.
291	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Rotten wood	Umber, smooth. Stem curved, of same colour.
292	T.	...	...	Q.	...	Bark of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	Hoof-like, liver coloured, becoming smooth in front, hispid behind.
293	Q.	...	Stumps ...	Dirty white, funnel shaped, densely hispid. Stem hispid.
294	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Wood ...	Orbicular or semi-orbicular, full red brown, downy, wrinkled behind.
295	Q.	...	Ground ...	Funnel shaped, mealy, tawny. Stem short, rusty brown.
296	Fleshy to leathery, yellowish white. Stem solid, scaly at base.
297	V.	...	N.S.W.	...	...	Stumps ...	Thin, ochrey, shining, lobed at margin. Stems discoid, downy.
298	Wood ...	Brick red, and quite smooth. Stem of same colour, rigid.
299	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Rotten wood	Leathery, funnel shaped, fawn colour. Stem hairy, of same colour.
300	Q.	B.	Stumps of firs, &c.	Fleshy, compact, pale ochrey, broken up into darker spot-like scales.
301	Q.	...	Dead wood	Tufted, orbicular, white, clad with mealy scales. Stem curved.
302	N.S.W.	...	...	Rotten trunks	Sessile, tough, very thin, tawny fawn colour, kidney shaped.
303	Q.	...	Ground ...	White, leathery to membranaceous, funnel shaped. Stem solid.
304	T.	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood	Cushion shaped, pale, margin furrowed, ochrey.
305	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Punctately hispid, presenting sponge-like appearance. Stem yellow.
306	Q.	...	Ground ...	Fleshy, funnel shaped, pale ochrey, shortly velvety. Stem velvety.
307	Q.	...	Wood ...	Leathery when dry, fawn coloured, broadly funnel shaped.
308	Q.	...	Rotten wood	Orange, brown when dry. Woolly with erect rigid hairs intermixed.
309	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Reddish-fawn colour. Roughly hairy. Stem excentric and hairy.
310	Q.	...	Deadwood	White, sweet scented. Cap lobate, smooth. Stem obsolete or spurious.
311	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	Q.	...	Fallen trees	Rather funnel shaped, at first clad with mealy scales. Stem slender.
312	Q.	...	Rotten wood	Membranaceous, hay brown. Stem very slender, brownish.
313	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	Fleshy to leathery, whitish to yellow white, with tawny scales. <i>Edible</i> .
314	Q.	...	Rotten wood	Brown, leathery, with fibrous bristles. Stem solid, tawny.
315	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Stumps ...	Sessile, imbricated. Fleshy, eonchate, tan coloured, corrugated or woolly.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
19. PANUS.—Fries,					
316	511	...	<i>P. angustatus</i> ...	Berk. in Cooke's Handb. Aust. Fungi 98 (1892) ...	Narrow panus ...
317	503	V. 2557	<i>P. arenicola</i> ...	Berk., Linn., Journ. XVII. 384 (1881) ...	Sand-growing panus ...
318	501	" 2552	<i>P. carbonarius</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 94 (1887) ...	Charcoal panus ...
319	505	" 2569	<i>P. cinnabarinus</i> ...	Fries, Pl. Preiss. II. 133 (1846) ...	Vermilion panus ...
320	495	" 2519	<i>P. conchatus</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 398 (1838) ...	Conch panus ...
321	500	" 2547	<i>P. coriaceus</i> ...	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 150 (1873) ...	Coriaceous panus ...
322	507	" 2573	<i>P. eugrammus</i> ...	Fries, Nov. Symb. 40 (1851) ...	Well-lined panus ...
323	498	" 2541	<i>P. incandescens</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 55 (1883) ...	Incandescent panus ...
324	505	IX. 329	<i>P. lateritius</i> ...	Sacc. Hedw. 125 (1889) ...	Brick-red panus ...
325	508	" 328	<i>P. olivaceo-flavidus</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 1 (1887) ...	Yellowish-olive panus ...
326	510	V. 2588	<i>P. patellaris</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 400 (1838) ...	Cup-shaped panus ...
327	497	" 2540	<i>P. rivinosus</i> ...	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 384 (1881) ...	Cracked panus ...
328	509	" 2578	<i>P. saccharinus</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 250 (1860) ...	Saccharine panus ...
329	502	" 2557	<i>P. stypticus</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 399 (1838) ...	Styptic panus ...
330	499	" 2542	<i>P. suborbicularis</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 56 (1883) ...	Sub-orbicular panus ...
331	496	" 2521	<i>P. torulosus</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 397 (1838) ...	Twisted panus ...
332	504	" 2558	<i>P. viscidulus</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 56 (1883) ...	Gelatinous panus ...
20. XEROTUS.—Fries,					
838	516	V. 2609	<i>X. albidus</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 56 (1883) ...	Whitish xerote ...
334	520	" 2617	<i>X. Archeri</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 250 (1860) ...	Archer's xerote ...
335	517	" 2511	<i>X. Berterii</i> ...	Mont. Chil. VII. 353 (1852) ...	Bertero's xerote ...
336	522	...	<i>X. Drummondii</i> ...	Berk. in Cooke's Handb. Aust. Fungi 100 (1892) ...	Drummond's xerote ...
337	521	...	<i>X. fulvus</i> ...	Berk. and Br. in Cooke's Handb. Aust. Fungi 100 (1892) ...	Tawny xerote ...
338	523	V. 2596	<i>X. griseus</i> ...	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. VI. 497 (1847) ...	Grey xerote ...
339	518	" 2613	<i>X. lateritius</i> ...	Berk. and Curt., Linn. Journ. X. 303 (1859) ...	Brick-red xerote ...
340	514	" 2606	<i>X. papuasius</i> ...	Kalch., Grev. VIII. 154 (1880) ...	Papuan xerote ...
341	519	" 2516	<i>X. papyraceus</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 250 (1860) ...	Papery xerote ...
342	513	" 2501	<i>X. proximus</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 56 (1883) ...	Approximate xerote ...
343	515	" 2607	<i>X. rawakensis</i> ...	Pers. in Fries., Epicr. 401 (1838) ...	Rawak xerote ...
344	512	" 2599	<i>X. tener</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XIV. 45 (1875) ...	Tender xerote ...
21. TROGIA.—Fries,					
345	524	V. 2527	<i>T. crispa</i> ...	Fries, Mon. Hym. II. 244 (1857) ...	Crisped trogia ...
22. LENZITES.—Fries,					
345	529	V. 2638	<i>L. abietina</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 407 (1838) ...	Larch lenzites ...
347	532	" 2654	<i>L. acuta</i> ...	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. I. 145 (1842) ...	Acutely-margined lenzites ...
348	534	" 2557	<i>L. appanata</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 404 (1838) ...	Depressed lenzites ...
349	535	" 2658	<i>L. aspera</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 405 (1838) ...	Rough lenzites ...
350	536	" 2664	<i>L. Beckleri</i> ...	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 151 (1873) ...	Beckler's lenzites ...
351	530	" 2651	<i>L. Berkeleyi</i> ...	Lev., Ann. Sci. Nat. V. 122 (1845) ...	Berkeley's lenzites ...
352	525	" 2630	<i>L. betulina</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 405 (1838) ...	Birch lenzites ...
352A	"	" 2651	<i>L. betulina</i> , var. <i>velutina</i> ...	Berk., Ann. Nat. Hist. III. 381 (1839) ...	Velvety lenzites ...
353	"	"	<i>L. bifasciatus</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXI. 87 (1892) ...	Bifasciate lenzites ...
354	533	V. 2656	<i>L. deplanata</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. I. 404 (1838) ...	Levelled lenzites ...
355	540	" 2685	<i>L. faventina</i> ...	Cald., Erb. Critt. Ital. No. 89 (1878, &c.) ...	Honeycombed lenzites ...
356	527	" 2631	<i>L. flaccida</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 406 (1838) ...	Flaccid lenzites ...
357	539	" 2582	<i>L. Guilfoylei</i> ...	Berk. Grev. X. 54 (1881) ...	Guilfoyle's lenzites ...
358	538	" 2670	<i>L. nivea</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. XV. 94 (1887) ...	Snow-white lenzites ...
359	541	" 2687	<i>L. Palisotii</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 404 (1838) ...	Palisot's lenzites ...
360	542	" 2688	<i>L. repanda</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 404 (1838) ...	Repand lenzites ...
381	528	" 2636	<i>L. sapiaria</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 407 (1838) ...	Chocolate lenzites ...
362	531	" 2653	<i>L. striata</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 406 (1838) ...	Striated lenzites ...
363	537	" 2665	<i>L. torrida</i> ...	Kalch., Grev. VIII. 154 (1880) ...	Torrid lenzites ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Epicr. 396 (1838).— <i>Agaricus, Lentinus</i> .									
316	Q.	...	Logs ...	Spoon shaped, tawny, nearly sessile, with a few scattered hairs.
317	V.	...	...	...	Sandy soil ...	Brown, spoon shaped. Stem and cap covered with particles of sand.
318	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Among ferns where burnt	Fleshy, umber, fan or funnel shaped. Stem short, pale.
319	W.A.	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Base of trunks ...	Leathery, vermilion, sessile, kidney shaped.
320	N.S.W.	...	B.	Trunks — Poplar, Beech, Birch	Largish. Fleshy, cinnamon, becoming pale, conchate. <i>Edible</i> .
321	V.	...	...	...	Bark ...	Very beautiful. Leathery, brown behind or black when young, sessile.
322	Q.	...	Bark ...	Sessile, imbricate. Leathery to membranaceous, pale, kidney shaped.
323	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Buried wood, but apparently on soil	Sometimes funnel shaped, smooth. Very luminous at night.
324	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	Membranaceous, tan coloured, sprinkled with brick-red point-like threads.
325	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Burnt wood ...	Sooty brown, densely velvety, with yellowish-olive down, sessile.
326	Q.	B.	Branches — Beech, Cherry, &c.	Leathery, mealy to downy, flat cup shaped.
327	V.	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Ochrey, striately cracked. Stem excentric, similarly cracked.
328	T.	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood	Rather fleshy. Stem short, mealy or obsolete. Edge of gills as if dusted with sugar.
329	V.	...	...	B.	Stumps ...	Small. Leathery, kidney shaped, cinnamon turning pale. Astringent taste.
330	Q.	...	Old trunks	Sub-orbicular, white, delicately downy. Stem obsolete.
331	V.	...	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	Fleshy to leathery, flesh coloured to ochrey pink. <i>Edible</i> .
332	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Rotten trunks, decaying bark	Upper layer gelatinous, rather viscid, dull slate coloured. Stem short, lateral, arising from spongy base.
Elench. I. 48 (1828).									
333	Q.	...	Wood ...	Whitish, kidney shaped. Stem lateral, smooth or slightly velvety.
334	T.	V.	...	...	...	Sticks ...	Kidney shaped, reddish brown. Stem very short, lateral, powdery.
335	Q.	...	Fallen branches	Gregarious. Leathery to membranaceous, rust coloured, kidney shaped.
336	V.	...	...	...	Twigs ...	Gregarious. Kidney shaped, lobed or crispate, rust coloured.
337	Q.	...	Wood ...	Tawny ochrey. Membranaceous, kidney shaped. Stem lateral, thin.
338	V.	...	...	...	Old wood...	Funnel shaped, splitting, grey. Stem compressed, wedge shaped.
339	Q.	...	Dead bark	Sub-orbicular, brick red, furrowed.
340	N.S.W.	...	...	Bark ...	Ochrey tan colour. Membranaceous to leathery, radiately furrowed.
341	T.	V.	...	...	...	Rotten wood	Papery, pale. Stem very short or obsolete.
342	V.	...	Q.	...	Branches...	White, then yellowish brown. Sub-orbicular, delicately powdery.
343	Q.	...	Wood ...	Smooth, cinnamon. Leathery to membranaceous. Stem solid, short.
344	Q.	...	Dead wood	Kidney shaped, membranaceous, umber. Stem very short.
Epicr. 402 (1838).— <i>Merulius, Cantharellus</i> .									
345	V.	...	Q.	B.	Twigs—Birch, Beech, &c.	Tough, cup shaped, reddish yellow. Gills crisp, plaited, forked.
Epicr. 403 (1838).— <i>Agaricus, Dædalea</i> .									
346	...	S.A.	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Wood ...	Leathery, clothed with umber down, at length smooth and whitish.
347	Q.	...	Wood ...	Kidney shaped, leathery, greyish umber. Stem distinct and disc shaped.
348	Q.	...	Wood ...	Kidney shaped, corky, whitish, zoneless, downy.
349	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Dead wood	Thick, spongy to corky, rough, pale, concentrically furrowed.
350	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Woody, whitish, rather thick, margin ochrey.
351	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Leathery, flexible, bairy, brownish, sessile, somewhat kidney shaped.
352	V.	...	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	Corky to leathery, pale, concentrically grooved, downy.
352A	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Hard, sessile, lobed, deeply zoned, tawny, velvety.
353	V.	...	...	...	Bark ...	Kidney or shell shaped, leathery, greyish-fawn colour, silky.
354	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Corky, kidney shaped, tan colour to whitish, downy, zoneless.
355	Q.	...	Trunks, chiefly Poplar	Corky, white, at length turning ash coloured, sessile, zoneless.
356	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	Stumps of beech, &c.	Leathery, flaccid, hairy, pale, zoned.
357	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Shell shaped, smoky behind, pale in front, dotted with tubercles.
358	V.	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Snow white, corky to leathery, pitted, rather discoid behind.
359	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Corky, ochrey to white, hemispherical, zoned, margin lobed.
360	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Dead wood	Corky, white to pale, margin slightly waved.
361	V.	...	...	B.	Wood, pine	Leathery, bright brown, zoned, margin yellowish. Common.
362	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	Q.	...	Trunk ...	Leathery, soft, downy, rust coloured, obsoletely zoned.
363	N.S.W.	...	...	Wood ...	Entirely white. Compact, woody, sessile, concentrically furrowed.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
23. SCHIZOPHYLLUM.—Fries,					
364	525	V. 2705	<i>S. commune</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 333 (1821)	Common schizophyllum
365	"	2706	<i>S. multifidum</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 333 (1821)	Multifid schizophyllum
24. METRARIA.—Cooke and Mass.,					
366	190	IX. 348	<i>M. insignis</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 105 (1891)	Remarkable metraria
25. VOLVARIA.—Fries,					
367	191	V. 2712	<i>V. bombycina</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 277 (1821)	Silky volvar
368	195	" 2740	<i>V. parvula</i>	Weinm., Ross 238 (1836)	Little volvar
369	194	" 2735	<i>V. speciosa</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 278 (1821)	Beautiful volvar
370	192	" 2717	<i>V. Taylori</i>	Berk., Outl. 140 (1860)	Taylor's volvar
371	193	" 2733	<i>V. xanthocephala</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 45 (1845)	Yellow-headed volvar
26. ANNULARIA.—Schulz, Verh. Zool. Bot.					
372	196	IX. 350	<i>A. insignis</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 3 (1889)	Remarkable annularia
27. PLUTEUS.—Fries,					
373	197	V. 2747	<i>P. cervinus</i>	Fries, Epicr. 140 (1838)	Fawn pluteus
374	198	" 2806	<i>P. Wehlianus</i>	F. v. M., Grev. XV. 93 (1887)	Wehl's pluteus
28. ENTOLOMA.—Fries,					
376	202	V. 2828	<i>E. Bloxami</i>	Berk. and Br., Outl. 143 (1860)	Bloxam's entolome
376	200	IX. 354	<i>E. galbincum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVII. 7 (1888)	Yellowish entolome
377	201	" 359	<i>E. laeticolor</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 31 (1887)	Bright-coloured entolome
378	199	" 360	<i>E. melaniceps</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 31 (1887)	Black-headed entolome
379	203	V. 2863	<i>E. panniculus</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 245 (1860)	Ragged entolome
29. CLITOPILUS.—Fries,					
330	204	V. 2900	<i>C. cancrinus</i>	Fries, Epicr. 150 (1838)	Crab-like clitopile
381	"	"	<i>C. cyathoides</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXI. 36 (1892)	Goblet-like clitopile
30. LEPTONIA.—Fries,					
382	207	V. 2945	<i>L. aquila</i>	Fries, Epicr. 154 (1838)	Eagle leptonia
383	205	" 2923	<i>L. lampropoda</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 203 (1821)	Brilliant-stalked leptonia
384	208	"	<i>L. melanura</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 89 (1891)	Black-tailed leptonia
385	206	IX. 372	<i>L. quinquecolor</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVII. 7 (1888)	Five-coloured leptonia
31. NOLANEA.—Fries,					
386	210	V. 2967	<i>N. mammosa</i>	Fries, Mon. Hym. I. 293 (1857)	Papillate nolanea
387	209	" 2960	<i>N. pascua</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 205 (1821)	Pasture nolanea
388	211	" 2980	<i>N. rufo-carnea</i>	Berk. Outl. 148 (1860)	Reddish-brown nolanea
32. ECCILIA.—Fries,					
389	212	V. 3030	<i>E. rhodocylix</i>	Lasch. in Fries, Hym. Eur. 213 (1874)	Rose-cup eccilia
33. CLAUDOPUS.—Smith,					
390	213	V. 3037	<i>C. variabilis</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 213 (1874)	Variable claudopus

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						R	Occurrence.	General Characters.	
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.				
Obs. I. 103 (1815).—Agaricus.										
364	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Dead wood	...	Dry, white or greyish, scarcely exceeding inch in diameter. Cosmopolitan.
365	V.	...	...	...	Wood	...	Deeply cut into numerous lobes, becoming pale yellow.
Grev. XIX. 104 (1891).										
366	V.	...	...	...	Woods	...	Margin cream colour, disc darker and reddish brown, viscid, shining when dry.
S.M. I. 277 (1821).—Agaricus, Amanita.										
367	V.	...	...	B.	Decayed wood	...	Large. Fleshy, silky, fawn to brown, globose and viscid at first. <i>Edible.</i>
368	Q.	Pastures, after stormy weather	...	White. Rather fleshy, downy, conical at first. Stem stuffed, silky.
369	V.	...	...	B.	Dung-hills, roads, sides, &c.	...	Large. Fleshy, smooth, viscid or polished, grey. Stem rather bulbous.
370	T.	V.	...	...	B.	Ground	...	Thin, livid. Stem pale, solid, smooth.
371	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ground	...	Golden yellow, spotted with white from remains of volva. Stem bulbous.
Gesell. 49 (1868).—Agaricus, Chamæota.										
372	V.	...	...	...	Ground	...	Fleshy, pale, entire broken up into broad darker scales. Stem short, thick.
Epicr. 140 (1838).—Agaricus.										
373	T.	V.	...	...	B.	Trunks of trees	...	Large. Fleshy, dull tawny, smooth, then clad with evanescent scales.
374	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Rotten wood on ground	...	Fleshy, shining, oebrey to white, disc darker; stem 6 to 8 inches long, thick.
Epicr. 143 (1838).—Agaricus.										
375	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	B.	Open exposed pastures	...	Fleshy, compact, blackish blue. Stem slightly tapering upwards.
376	V.	...	...	...	Ground	...	Sulphur colour. Rather fleshy, almost saffron colour. Stem hollow.
377	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Sandy soil	...	Rather fleshy, shining, amethyst colour. Stem thin, nearly solid.
378	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Ground	...	Fleshy, compact, dark sooty brown. Stem solid, short, pale.
379	T.	...	...	...	...	Among ferns	...	Thin, bell shaped, dark violet. Stem thickened at base, and downy.
Epicr. 148 (1838).—Agaricus.										
380	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	Q.	Grass fields	...	Small and beautiful. Fleshy to membranaceous, flesh colour to white.
381	V.	...	...	...	Under burnt logs	...	Rather thin, pale, finally funnel shaped. Stem hollow, white and woolly at base.
S.M. I. 201 (1821).—Agaricus.										
382	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Ground	...	Rather membranaceous, bay brown. Stem short, stuffed.
383	V.	...	...	B.	Pastures	...	Rather fleshy, mouse coloured, or steel grey, or sooty. Common.
384	V.	...	...	...	Ground	...	Bell shaped, shining black, silky. Stem cylindrical.
385	V.	...	...	...	Black loam	...	Membranaceous, disc brownish brick red, margin yellowish.
S.M. I. 204 (1821).—Agaricus.										
386	V.	...	...	B.	Meadows	...	Sub-membranaceous, papillate, tawny. Stem hollow, polished.
387	T.	...	...	...	B.	Pastures	...	Membranaceous, shining like silk when dry. Stem silky fibrous.
388	V.	...	...	B.	Heaths	...	Small. Sub-membranaceous, red brown, indistinctly scaly.
S.M. I. 207 (1821).—Agaricus.										
389	V.	...	...	B.	Rotten wood	...	Membranaceous, tawny, when dry floccose, grey.
Seem. Journ.—Agaricus.										
390	V.	...	...	Q.	Sticks, &c.	...	Very small. Sub-membranaceous, silky with white down. Common.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
34. PHOLIOTA.—Fries,					
391	226	V. 3103	<i>P. allantopoda</i> ...	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 45 (1845)	Sausage-stalked pholiota ...
392	218	" 3053	<i>P. blattaria</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 246 (1821)	Cockroach-like pholiota ...
393	224	" 3094	<i>P. congesta</i> ...	Kalcb., Grev. IX. 147 (1881)	Congested pholiota ...
394	220	...	<i>P. disrupta</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 89 (1891)	Disrupted pholiota ...
395	223	V. 3104	<i>P. effusa</i> ...	Kalcb., Grev. IX. 147 (1881)	Expanded pholiota ...
396	215	" 3050	<i>P. erebia</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 246 (1821)	Lurid pholiota ...
397	230	" 3128	<i>P. criogena</i> ...	Fries, Pl. Preiss. II. 132 (1846)	Woolly pholiota ...
398	227	" 3109	<i>P. flammans</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 244 (1821)	Flame-coloured pholiota ...
399	229	" 3130	<i>P. marginata</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 225 (1874)	Margined pholiota ...
400	223	" 3129	<i>P. mutabilis</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 245 (1821)	Changeable pholiota ...
401	232	" 3137	<i>P. myccnoides</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 246 (1821)	Mycena-like pholiota ...
402	222	" 3071	<i>P. phylcigena</i> ...	Berk., Linn. Journ. XV. 52 (1877)	Phylca-growing pholiota ...
403	219	" 3055	<i>P. praccox</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 217 (1874)	Precocious pholiota ...
404	221	" 3065	<i>P. pudica</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 218 (1874)	Modest pholiota ...
405	231	" 3135	<i>P. pumila</i> ...	Fries, El. 29 (1828)	Dwarfish pholiota ...
406	217	IX. 394	<i>P. recedens</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 25 (1889)	Receding pholiota ...
407	225	V. 3102	<i>P. spectabilis</i> ...	Fries, El. 28 (1828)	Notable pholiota ...
408	216	3052	<i>P. togularis</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 216 (1874)	Gowned pholiota ...
35. LOCELLINA.—Gill. Champ.					
409	214	V. 3141	<i>L. cynopotamia</i> ...	Sacc. Syll., V. 762 (1887)	Swan river locellinia ...
36. INOCYBE.—Fries,					
410	234	V. 3149	<i>I. cincinnata</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 266 (1821)	Curly inocybe ...
411	236	3165	<i>I. flocculosa</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 229 (1874)	Flocculous inocybe ...
412	238	...	<i>I. gigaspora</i> ...	Cooke, Handb. Aust. Fungi 47 (1892)	Large-spored inocybe ...
413	237	V. 3285	<i>I. gomphodes</i> ...	Kalcb., Grev. VIII. 152 (1880)	Pap-like inocybe ...
414	235	" 3166	<i>I. lanuginosa</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 257 (1821)	Woolly inocybe ...
416	233	" 3148	<i>I. plumosa</i> ...	Fries, Mon. Hym. (1857)	Downy inocybe ...
416	239	IX. 421	<i>I. victoriæ</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 72 (1888)	Victorian inocybe ...
37. HEBELOMA.—Fries,					
417	245	IX. 426	<i>H. arenicolor</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVII. 7 (1888)	Sand-coloured hebelome ...
418	240	V. 3269	<i>H. fastibile</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 178 (1838)	Disagreeable hebelome ...
419	241	3260	<i>H. glutinosum</i> ...	Lindgr., Bot. Not. 199 (1845)	Glutinous hebelome ...
420	...	...	<i>H. griseum</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXI. 36 (1892)	Grey hebelome ...
421	242	V. 3268	<i>H. mesophæum</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 179 (1838)	Dusky-centred hebelome ...
421A			<i>H. mesophæum</i> , var. <i>holo-</i> <i>phæum</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 240 (1874)	Dusky hebelome ...
422	244	" 3291	<i>H. nudipes</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 181 (1838)	Naked-stalked hebelome ...
423	243	" 8275	<i>H. olidum</i> ...	Cooke and Mass. Grev. XV. 93 (1887)	Strong-smelling hebelome ...
424	246	" 3319	<i>H. petiginosum</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 259 (1821)	Scabby hebelome ...
38. FLAMMULA.—Fries,					
425	262	IX. 437	<i>F. avellanca</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 3 (1889)	Nut-brown flammula ...
426	253	V. 3344	<i>F. Baileyi</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 54 (1883)	Bailey's flammula ...
427	258	" 3869	<i>F. flavida</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 250 (1821)	Yellowish flammula ...
428	257	" 3363	<i>F. fusa</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 247 (1874)	Fusiform flammula ...
429	261	3382	<i>F. hybrida</i> ...	Fries, Mon. Hym. I. 360 (1857)	Hybrid flammula ...
430	261	IX. 438	<i>F. hyperion</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 72 (1888)	Hyperion flammula ...
431	260	V. 3373	<i>F. inopoda</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 251 (1821)	Fibril-stalked flammula ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued*.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
S.M. I. 240 (1821).— <i>Agaricus</i> .									
391	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	...	Ground ...	Fleshy, golden yellow. Stem elongatedly bulbous at base.
392	V.	...	...	B. Ground ...	Elegant, small. Rather fleshy, rust coloured, margin grooved.	
393	V.	...	...	Trunks ...	Fleshy, the size of a pea, rather mealy, brownish.	
394	V.	...	...	Ground ...	Fleshy, creamy white, at first smooth, then cracked deeply.	
395	V.	...	...	Wood ...	Fleshy, white, breaking into polygonal wart-like spaces.	
396	V.	...	...	B. Grassy places ...	Fleshy, rather viscid, lurid. Stem hollow, fibrillose to scaly.	
397	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Fleshy, rust coloured. Stem with dense woolly mycelium at base.
398	Q.	B. Pinewoods ...	Fleshy, tawny, with sulphureous scales. Stem stuffed, thin, hollow.	
399	V.	...	...	B. Ground, among firs ...	Rather fleshy, cinnamon, margin striate. Stem hollow, not scaly.	
400	T.	V.	...	...	B. Trunks or ground ...	Fleshy, cinamon, becoming pale. Stem rough with scales. <i>Edible</i> .	
401	V.	...	...	B. Ground, in damp places ...	Membranaceous, rust coloured, tawny or pale when dry.	
402	Q.	Trunks of <i>Phylca</i> ...	Fleshy, tawny. Stem thick below, tapering upwards.	
403	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	B. Gardens and pastures ...	Fleshy, soft, white to yellowish. Stem downy or mealy. <i>Edible</i> .
404	V.	...	...	B. Trunks, &c. ...	Largish. Fleshy, dry, smooth, whitish huff, modestly coloured. <i>Edible</i> .	
405	V.	N.S.W.	...	B. Woods ...	Somewhat fleshy, hemispherical. Stem hollow, slender.	
406	V.	...	...	Ground ...	Rather fleshy, golden tawny. Stem elongated, cylindrical	
407	V.	N.S.W.	...	B. Dead stumps—Oak, &c. ...	Large, compact. Golden orange or tawny huff, scales silky and broad. Odour bad.	
408	V.	...	...	B. Grassy places, &c. ...	Fleshy, pale ochre. Stem hollow, cracking. Ring hanging like toga.	
Fr. 428 (1874).— <i>Agaricus</i> , <i>Acetabularia</i> .									
409	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	Gills pale fawn colour, leaving a free space round stem. Very rare.
S.M. I. 254 (1821).— <i>Agaricus</i> , <i>Hebeloma</i> .									
410	V.	...	...	B. Shady woods ...	Rather fleshy, scaly. Stem solid, thin, scaly.	
411	V.	...	...	B. Bare soil and among grass ...	Somewhat fleshy, tawny brown. Stem pale reddish.	
412	V.	...	...	Ground ...	Rather fleshy, yellow brown. Stem abruptly rooting.	
413	N.S.W.	...	Ground ...	Rather fleshy, with globose pap-like apex, tawny.	
414	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	B. Ground ...	Rather fleshy, umber, becoming yellowish. Stem solid, thin, scaly.
415	V.	...	...	B. Moist pine woods ...	Rather fleshy. Odour weak, not unpleasant. Stem slender.	
416	V.	...	...	Grassy ground ...	Rather fleshy, viscid, whitish, shining. Stem stuffed, white.	
S.M. I. 249 (1821).— <i>Agaricus</i> .									
417	V.	...	...	Ground ...	Fleshy, rather viscid, dingy ochre or sand colour. Stem cylindrical.	
418	V.	...	...	B. Woods ...	Compact, viscid, yellowish tan or tan colour. Stem solid, white.	
419	V.	...	...	B. Among dead leaves ...	Fleshy, viscid with a tenacious gluten, yellowish white. Stem stuffed.	
420	V.	...	...	Ground in woods ...	Fleshy, mouse grey or pale silver grey, glutinous, smooth, shining when dry. Odour unpleasant.	
421	V.	...	...	B. Woods, &c. ...	Rather fleshy, viscid, yellowish tan, disc hairy. Stem slender, white. Common.	
421 ^a	V.	...	...	Ground ...	Dark brown, veil resembling a ring. Stem becoming brown.	
422	Q.	B. Ground ...	Fleshy, slightly viscid, tan coloured, thin, pale. Stem solid, white.	
423	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	Stony ground ...	Fleshy, viscid, full red brown. Stem hollow, smooth. Odour foetid.
424	V.	...	...	B. Ground in shady places ...	Rather fleshy, dry, brown, circumference silky grey. Stem slender, powdery, brick red.	
S.M. I. 250 (1821).— <i>Agaricus</i> , <i>Paxillus</i> .									
425	V.	...	Q.	Sandy ground ...	Fleshy, nut brown. Stem tapering upwards, grooved.	
426	Q.	Rotten wood ...	Orange. Bell shaped to hemispherical, woolly, sprinkled with reddish-yellow mealy particles.	
427	V.	N.S.W.	...	B. Trunks—Pine, &c. ...	Fleshy, yellow, smooth, moist. Stem yellow, then rusty.	
428	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	B. Ground and fallen logs ...	Compact, rather viscid, flesh becoming yellow. Odour not unpleasant.
429	V.	...	...	B. Fir stumps ...	Fleshy, moist, at first cinnamon brown then golden tawny. Veil forming ring.	
430	V.	...	...	Stumps (?) ...	Fleshy, golden tawny, then darker. Stem tapering downwards, furrowed.	
431	V.	...	...	B. Pine trunks ...	Fleshy, moist, honey tan colour, becoming pale. Stem fibrillose.	

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
38. FLAMMULA.—Fries,					
432	259	V. 3379	<i>F. limonia</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 94 (1887)	Lemon-coloured flammula
433	369	" 3326	<i>F. paradoxa</i>	Kalch., Fung. Hung. t. 16, f. 1 (1873)	Paradoxical flammula
434	262	" 3381	<i>F. penetrans</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 250 (1874)	Penetrating flammula
434A	"	"	<i>F. penetrans, var. australis</i>	F. v. M., Linn. Journ. XIII. 158 (1873)	Southern flammula
435	255	" 3346	<i>F. peregrina</i>	Fries, Elen. I. 31 (1828)	Foreign flammula
436	265	" 3389	<i>F. picrea</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 251 (1874)	Bitter flammula
437	254	IX. 446	<i>F. prasina</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 3 (1889)	Leek-green flammula
438	266	V. 3393	<i>F. purpureo-niteus</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 94 (1887)	Shining-purple flammula
439	249	IX. 445	<i>F. rubra</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 46 (1890)	Red flammula
440	263	V. 3385	<i>F. sapinea</i>	Fries, Epicr. 189 (1838)	Pine-wood flammula
441	256	" 3358	<i>F. spumosa</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 252 (1821)	Frothy flammula
442	248	"	<i>F. veluticeps</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 89 (1891)	Velvet-capped flammula
443	247	" 3323	<i>F. vinosa</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 244 (1874)	Wine-coloured flammula
444	250	"	<i>F. xanthophylla</i>	Cooke and Mass., Handb. Aust. Fungi 60 (1892)	Yellow-gilled flammula
39. NAUCORIA.—Fries,					
446	267	V. 3412	<i>N. anguinea</i>	Fries, Epicr. 193 (1838)	Snake-like naucoria
446	281	" 3506	<i>N. Bowmani</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 158 (1873)	Bowman's naucoria
447	269	" 3436	<i>N. cerodes</i>	Fries, Epicr. 195 (1838)	Wax-like naucoria
448	278	" 3484	<i>N. Drummondii</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 46 (1845)	Drummond's naucoria
449	282	" 3514	<i>N. escharoides</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 260 (1821)	Scabby naucoria
450	275	IX. 458	<i>N. fraterna</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 31 (1887)	Fraternal naucoria
451	283	V. 3495	<i>N. frusticola</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 158 (1873)	Tufted naucoria
452	270	" 3437	<i>N. inclinoidea</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 266 (1821)	Honey-like naucoria
453	272	" 3426	<i>N. nasuta</i>	Kalch., Grev. VIII. 152 (1880)	Long-nosed naucoria
454	276	" 3469	<i>N. pedicades</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 290 (1821)	Field naucoria
455	271	" 3440	<i>N. pusilla</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 264 (1821)	Little naucoria
456	268	" 3427	<i>N. russa</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 94 (1887)	Red naucoria
457	273	" 3450	<i>N. scolecina</i>	Fries, Epicr. 194 (1838)	Worm-eaten naucoria
458	277	" 3470	<i>N. semiorbicularis</i>	Fries, Mon. Hym. I. 376 (1857)	Hemispherical naucoria
459	280	" 3507	<i>N. siparia</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 261 (1821)	Veiled naucoria
460	279	" 3486	<i>N. tumulenta</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 268 (1821)	Dripping naucoria
461	274	" 3467	<i>N. triscopoda</i>	Fries, Mon. Hym. I. 375 (1857)	Hair-stalked naucoria
40. GALERA.—Fries,					
462	286	V. 3568	<i>G. hypnorum</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 267 (1821)	Moss galera
463	287	" 3574	<i>G. minuta</i>	Quel., Champ. Jura III. 10 (1873)	Minute galera
464	285	" 3549	<i>G. peroxydata</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Jour. II. 411 (1843)	Peroxide galera
465	284	" 3537	<i>G. tenera</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 267 (1874)	Delicate galera
41. TUBARIA.—Smith,					
466	288	V. 3584	<i>T. furfuracea</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 272 (1874)	Mealy tubaria
467	289	3597	<i>T. inquilina</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 274 (1874)	Little tubaria
467A	"	"	<i>T. inquilina, var. ecbola</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 276 (1874)	Clay-coloured tubaria
468	"	"	<i>T. strigipes</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXI. 36 (1892)	Rough-stalked tubaria
42. CREPIDOTUS.—Fries,					
469	292	V. 3599	<i>C. alveolus</i>	Lasch., in Fries Epicr. 210 (1836)	Alveolate crepidotus
470	304	" 3665	<i>C. auricula</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 246 (1860)	Eared crepidotus
471	300	" 3627	<i>C. cassiacolor</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 246 (1860)	Cinnamon crepidotus
472	299	" 3601	<i>C. epigæus</i>	Berk. and Br., Ann. Nat. Hist. IX. 179 (1882)	Earth-borne crepidotus
473	294	" 3610	<i>C. globigera</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 158 (1873)	Globose-spored crepidotus
474	298	" 3820	<i>C. haustellaris</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 274 (1821)	Damp-loving crepidotus

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.					B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	N.S.W.	Q.			
S.M. I. 250 (1821).— <i>Agaricus Paxillus</i> —continued.								
432	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	Rich soil ...	Fleshy, moist, sulphur coloured. Stem stuffed, yellowish white.
433	V.	...	Q.	Ground ...	Fleshy, dry, downy, red umber. Stem solid, yellow or reddish.
434	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	Wood ...	Fleshy, dry, yellow tawny or golden. Stem silky, with fleeting veil.
434A	V.	N.S.W.	...	Soil (probably covering pine chips)	Orange tawny, with stem and gills paler.
435	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	...	Trunks ...	Fleshy, rust coloured, corrugated. Stem solid, smooth.
436	V.	...	Q.	Dead trunks of <i>Encyphalartos Denissonii</i>	Rather fleshy, moist, red to bay cinnamon, becoming pale. Stem thin, almost umber, tapering upwards, without veil.
437	V.	...	...	Ground ...	Fleshy, dry, silky, leek green. Stem straight, stuffed, lemon yellow.
438	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	Q.	Wood ...	Fleshy, shining, purple brown. Stem ascending, solid, paler.
439	V.	...	...	Ground ...	Fleshy, shining, red, with tinge of purple. Stem hollow, paler.
440	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	fallen branches and chips	Compact, golden tawny, fluffy to scaly, then cracked. Strong odour.
441	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	B.	Woods ...	Small, stem tall. Fleshy, viscid, yellow. Very common.
442	V.	...	...	Among grass on hillsides	Densely and shortly velvety, bay brown. Stem expanded upwards into cap, rather short, and of same colour.
443	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	B.	Ground ...	Fleshy, dry, rusty-fawn colour. Stem solid, delicately fluffy.
444	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	Wood ...	Ochrey yellow. Fleshy, compact, hard when dry. Stem lateral, short.
S.M. I. 260 (1821).— <i>Agaricus</i> .								
445	Q.	Ground ...	Slightly fleshy, yellowish to tan colour. Stem with white fibrils.
446	Q.	Ground ...	Small. Rough with woolly tufts. Stem slender, fluffy.
447	V.	...	B.	Burnt soil	Rather fleshy, orbicular, ochrey. Stem naked, yellow, rusty at base.
448	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	...	Rotten wood	Viscid, when young very white. Stem mealy above, downy at base.
449	Q.	Bare ground	Gregarious, fragile. Rather fleshy, whitish-tan colour, scabby scales.
450	V.	...	...	Logs ...	Tawny ferruginous. Stem elongated, thin, hollow, of same colour.
451	...	S.A.	...	...	N.S.W.	...	Roots of grass, &c.	Densely tufted. Tawny. Stem slender, mealy, thickened downwards.
452	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	Q.	Among grass	Somewhat fleshy, tawny, ochrey when dry. Stem hollow, yellow.
453	N.S.W.	...	Ground ...	Rather fleshy, ochrey, with elongated teat-like umbo
454	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	B.	Pastures ...	Somewhat fleshy, yellow ochrey to tan colour. Very common.
455	V.	...	B.	Ground ...	Slightly fleshy, rather viscid, tawny yellow. Stem thread-like, shining.
456	V.	...	...	Ground ...	Thin, brick red. Stem nearly of same colour, whitish downy below.
457	...	S.A.	...	...	...	B.	Moist ground	Rather fleshy, ferruginous bay. Stem rusty, sprinkled with white meal.
458	V.	...	Q.	Lawns and pastures	Rather fleshy, hemispherical, somewhat viscid, tawny or ochrey.
459	V.	...	B.	Soil, fern stems, &c.	Rather fleshy, with downy scales, red to rust colour.
460	V.	...	B.	Moist woods	Sub-membranaceous, rust colour, tan colour when dry. Stem polished.
461	V.	...	B.	Old wood ...	Rather fleshy, bay brown, ochrey when dry. Stem hair-like, rusty.
S.M. I. 264 (1821).— <i>Agaricus</i> .								
462	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	B.	Among moss	Minute. Membranaceous, bell shaped, sub-papillate, tawny. Common.
463	V.	...	B.	Decayed wood	Membranaceous, tawny, streaked. Stem almost hair-like.
464	Q.	Ground ...	Membranaceous, reddish brown, bell shaped. Stem very thin.
465	...	S.A.	T.	V.	...	B.	Grassy places, manure, &c.	Small, delicate. Sub-membranaceous, nearly conical, buff. Common.
Seem. Journ. (1870).— <i>Agaricus</i> .								
466	...	S.A.	T.	V.	...	Q.	Chips, &c.	Small. Somewhat fleshy, at first clothed with silky evanescent scales, rich umber.
467	N.S.W.	B.	Chips ...	Minute. Sub-membranaceous, brown. Stem hollow, dark brown. Common.
467A	N.S.W.	B.	Grass roots	Clay coloured. Stem rooting; gills crowded, rusty.
468	V.	...	...	In tufts among grass	Hemispherical, tawny yellow, with conical spreading scales. Stem slender.
S.M. I. 272 (1821).— <i>Agaricus</i> .								
469	V.	...	B.	Old stumps	Fleshy, soft, ochrey brown, contracted, downy to shaggy behind.
470	T.	...	...	Dead wood	Sessile, shell shaped, cream colour. Flesh thick, brittle when dry.
471	...	S.A.	T.	...	...	...	Rotten bark	Mealy, cinnamon. Stem very short, slender, white, downy.
472	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	B.	Ground ...	Fragile, reddish grey, kidney shaped; base shaggy, whitish.
473	V.	...	...	Wood ...	Kidney shaped, tapering at base. About an inch long and wide.
474	...	S.A.	...	...	...	B.	Rotten trunks of <i>Eucalyptus viminalis</i>	Rather fleshy, flaccid, tan coloured. Stem tapering upwards, hairy.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
42. CREPIDOTUS.—Fries,					
475	295	V. 3602	<i>C. hepatochrous</i> ...	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. VII. 574 (1848)	Liver-coloured crepidotus ...
476	301	3628	<i>C. insidiosus</i> ...	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. VII. 574 (1848)	Insidious crepidotus ...
477	296	3603	<i>C. interceptus</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 246 (1860)...	Interposed crepidotus ...
478	303	" 3663	<i>C. leptomorphus</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 246 (1860)...	Delicate crepidotus ...
479	302	" 3641	<i>C. leptus</i> ...	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 46 (1845)	Thin crepidotus ...
480	293	" 3600	<i>C. mollis</i> ...	<i>Fries, S.M. I. 274 (1821)</i> ...	Soft crepidotus ...
481	291	" 3598	<i>C. palmatus</i> ...	<i>Fries, Mon. Hym. I. 398 (1857)</i> ...	Palmate crepidotus ...
482	290	IX. 481	<i>C. phaeton</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 99 (1887) ...	Brilliant crepidotus ...
483	297	V. 3655	<i>C. stromaticus</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 94 (1887) ...	Stromate crepidotus ...
484	305	3664	<i>C. turbidulus</i> ...	Berk., in Cooke's Handh. Aust. Fungi 60 (1892)...	Turbid crepidotus ...
43. CORTINARIUS.—Pers.					
485	361	V. 3763	<i>C. Archeri</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 247 (1860) ...	Archer's cortinar ...
486	366	" 3903	<i>C. hovinus</i> ...	<i>Fries, Epicr. 297 (1838)</i> ...	Ox cortinar ...
487	365	" 3848	<i>C. cinnaharinus</i> ...	<i>Fries, Epicr. 288 (1838)</i> ...	Vermilion cortinar ...
488	360	" 3740	<i>C. decoloratus</i> ...	<i>Fries, Epicr. 270 (1838)</i> ...	Discoloured cortinar ...
489	362	...	<i>C. erythraeus</i> ...	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 48 (1845)	Blood-red cortinar ...
490	364	V. 3849	<i>C. sanguineus</i> ...	<i>Fries, Epicr. 288 (1838)</i> ...	Dark-red cortinar ...
491	363	" 3788	<i>C. violaceus</i> ...	<i>Fries, Epicr. 279 (1838)</i> ...	Violet-coloured cortinar ...
44. PAXILLUS.—Fries,					
492	370	V. 4020	<i>P. crassus</i> ...	<i>Fries, Hym. Eur. 404 (1874)</i> ...	Thick paxil ...
493	368	" 4010	<i>P. Eucalyptorum</i> ...	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 49 (1845)	Eucalypt paxil ...
494	367	" 4008	<i>P. Muellieri</i> ...	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 159 (1873) ...	Mueller's paxil ...
495	371	" 4021	<i>P. panuoides</i> ...	<i>Fries, Hym. Eur. 404 (1874)</i> ...	Panus-like paxil ...
45. AGARICUS.—Linn. Sp. Pl.					
496	306	V. 4039	<i>A. arvensis</i> ...	Schaeff, Icon. t. 310, 311 (1762)...	Field agaric ...
497	307	" 4053	<i>A. campestris</i> ...	Linn., Sp. Pl. 1173 (1753) ...	Pasture agaric ...
498	"	" 4054	<i>A. silvicola</i> ...	Vitt. Mang. (1835) ...	Wood agaric ...
499	310	IX. 559	<i>A. clatior</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 3 (1889)	Tall agaric ...
600	308	V. 4061	<i>A. silvaticus</i> ...	Schaeff, Icon. t. 242 (1762) ...	Sylvan agaric ...
601	309	" 4081	<i>A. versipes</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 64 (1883)	Twisted-stalked agaric ...
46. STROPHARIA.—Fries, Summ. Veg.					
502	311	V. 4120	<i>S. coronilla</i> ...	<i>Fries, Hym. Eur. 285 (1874)</i> ...	Crowned stropharia ...
608	314	" 4144	<i>S. merdaria</i> ...	<i>Fries, Hym. Eur. 286 (1874)</i> ...	Dung-horn stropharia ...
504	313	" 4161	<i>S. semiglobata</i> ...	<i>Fries, Hym. Eur. 287 (1874)</i> ...	Hemispherical stropharia ...
505	312	" 4124	<i>S. squamosa</i> ...	<i>Fries, Hym. Eur. 286 (1874)</i> ...	Scaly stropharia ...
47. HYPHOLOMA.—Fries,					
606	317	IX. 566	<i>H. adustum</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 3 (1889) ...	Scorched hypholome ...
607	318	V. 4212	<i>H. Candolleannm</i> ...	<i>Fries, S.M. I. 296 (1821)</i> ...	De Candolle's hypholome ...
508	...	...	<i>H. discretum</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXI. 37 (1892) ...	Separated hypholome ...
509	316	V. 4182	<i>H. dispersum</i> ...	<i>Fries, Epicr. 222 (1838)</i> ...	Scattered hypholome ...
510	316	" 4178	<i>H. fasciculare</i> ...	<i>Fries, S.M. I. 288 (1821)</i> ...	Tufted hypholome ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
S.M. I. 272 (1821).— <i>Agaricus</i> — <i>continued.</i>									
475	...	...	T.	...	...	...	Bark	...	Rather fleshy, liver coloured. Cap globose at first, with short central stem.
476	...	...	T.	...	...	...	Bark	...	Membranaceous, margin downy, yellowish brown when dry. Stem short and slender.
477	...	...	T.	V.	...	...	Bark	...	Kidney shaped, ochrey white. Cap of three layers, the middle one, white, interposed between two darker ones.
478	...	...	T.	...	...	...	Dead wood	...	Sessile, whitish, downy, fixed at apex by a few white threads.
479	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Bark	...	Tawny ochre. Stem obsolete, extremely short if present.
480	W.A.	S.A.	...	V.	...	Q.	B. Old stumps	...	Gelatinous to fleshy, floccid, pale. Stem obsolete.
481	...	...	T.	...	...	...	B. Trunks	...	Fleshy, compact, rust coloured. Stem excentric or lateral.
482	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Ground (?)	...	Sub-membranaceous, brick red. Stem lateral, elongated.
483	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Bark	...	Sessile, floccid, tan colour, arising from white woolly stroma.
484	...	...	T.	...	...	...	Wood	...	Sessile, kidney shaped, ochrey, smooth.
Syn. 16 (1801).— <i>Agaricus.</i>									
485	...	...	T.	...	...	...	Ground	...	Fleshy, violet brown. Stem stout, viscid, violet.
486	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B. Woods	...	Fleshy, watery cinnamon. Stem stout, spongy, bulbous, grey.
487	...	...	...	V.	...	Q.	B. Under trees	...	Fleshy, silky, vermilion, shining. Stem stuffed, short, vermilion.
488	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B. Woods	...	Fleshy, viscid, soon dry, floccose and discoloured. Stem tapering from base.
489	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Ground	...	Small, blood red. Cap clothed with thick gelatinous coat. Stem short, viscid.
490	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B. Woods	...	Entirely dark red. Fleshy, silky, or scaly. Stem stuffed, thin, hollow.
491	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B. Woods	...	Dark violet. Fleshy, woolly to scaly. Stem bulbous, spongy, shaggy. <i>Edible.</i>
Gen. Hym. 8 (1836).— <i>Agaricus, Merulius.</i>									
492	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B. Ground	...	Fleshy, rust coloured. Stem stuffed, excentric, very short.
493	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Under trees	<i>Eucalyptus</i>	Thick and fleshy, compact, tawny yellow. Stem transversely scaly.
494	...	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	Meadows	...	Dark brown, convex. Stem tawny, frosted.
495	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B. Cellars, on sawdust, &c.	...	Fleshy, shell-shaped, dirty yellow or whitish ochre, sessile.
(1753).— <i>Psalliota, Pratella.</i>									
496	W.A.	...	T.	V.	N.S.W.	...	B. Meadows, &c.	...	Very large, expanding late. Fleshy, flesh turning slightly yellow where bruised. <i>Edible.</i>
497	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B. Rich pastures	...	Fleshy, silky floccose, or scaly. Stem stuffed, ring median. <i>Edible.</i>
498	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B. Woods	...	Smooth, shining white. Stem stuffed, elongated, somewhat bulbous.
499	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B. Ground	...	Thinly fleshy, brown, scaly. Stem cylindrical, silky, whitish.
500	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B. Woods	...	Fleshy, thin, bell shaped, fibrous or scaly. Stem hollow, whitish. <i>Edible.</i>
501	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B. Roots of bamboos	...	White, smooth, like chamois leather. Stem loosely stuffed, tapering at base.
Scan. II. 295 (1849).— <i>Agaricus.</i>									
502	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	B. By waysides	...	Fleshy, viscid, ochrey; margin whitish, fluffy. Stem white, stuffed.
503	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B. Among grass	...	Moist, somewhat cinnamon colour, dry ochrey. Stem hollow, short.
504	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B. Dung	...	Small. Somewhat fleshy, hemispherical, mottled yellowish. Very common.
505	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	B. Woods	...	Fleshy, thin, somewhat viscid, yellowish tawny, sprinkled with superficial concentric scales.
S.M. I. 287 (1821).— <i>Agaricus.</i>									
506	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B. Ground	...	Fleshy, dark brown, variegated with darker scales, yellowish within.
507	...	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	B. Dead stumps	...	Somewhat fleshy, ochrey and whitish. Stem hollow, fragile, white.
508	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B. Ground	...	Bell shaped, tawny yellow. Stem slender, faintly streaked.
509	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	...	...	B. Stumps and ground	...	Somewhat fleshy, tawny honey colour, margin silky. Stem thin.
510	...	S.A.	T.	V.	...	...	B. Old stumps, &c.	...	Fleshy, yellowish, with greenish tinge. Stem hollow, flesh yellow.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
48. PSILOCYBE.—Fries,					
511	324	IX. 568	<i>P. ceres</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 72 (1888) ...	Ceres psilocybe ...
512	322	V. 4259	<i>P. cernua</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 298 (1821) ...	Nodding psilocybe ...
513	320	" 4259	<i>P. compta</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 301 (1874) ...	Ornamented psilocybe ...
514	319	" 4235	<i>P. ericæa</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 291 (1821) ...	Heath-growing psilocybe ...
515	323	" 4275	<i>P. fœniseeii</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 295 (1821) ...	Lawn psilocybe ...
515	321	" 4257	<i>P. spadicea</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 225 (1838) ...	Date-brown psilocybe ...
49.—DECONICA.—Smith,					
517	25	V. 4293	<i>D. atro-rufa</i> ...	Sacc. Syll. V. 1059 (1887) ...	Dark-red deconica ...
518	325	4294	<i>D. nuciseda</i> ...	Sacc. Syll. V. 1059 (1887) ...	Nutty deconica ...
50. PSATHYRA.—Fries,					
519	327	V. 4297	<i>P. conopilea</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 504 (1821) ...	Cone-capped psathyra ...
520	330	" 4344	<i>P. fatua</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 295 (1821) ...	Tasteless psathyra ...
521	331	" 4349	<i>P. gossypina</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 310 (1821) ...	Cottony psathyra ...
522	329	" 4320	<i>P. obtusata</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 293 (1821) ...	Obtuse psathyra ...
523	328	4314	<i>P. Sonderiana</i> ...	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 159 (1873) ...	Sonder's psathyra ...
51. BOLBITIUS.—Fries,					
524	...	...	<i>B. candidus</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXI. 37 (1892) ...	White bolbitius ...
525	358	V. 4357	<i>B. conocephalus</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 205 (1838) ...	Cone-headed bolbitius ...
525	355	" 4355	<i>B. fragilis</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 254 (1838) ...	Fragile bolbitius ...
527	357	" 4358	<i>B. titubans</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 254 (1838) ...	Tottering bolbitius ...
52. COPRINUS.—Pers.					
528	345	V. 4374	<i>C. comatus</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 242 (1838) ...	Maned coprin ...
529	351	" 4429	<i>C. deliquescens</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 249 (1838) ...	Deliquescent coprin ...
530	354	" 4480	<i>C. ephemerus</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 252 (1838) ...	Ephemeral coprin ...
531	347	" 4404	<i>C. fimetarius</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 245 (1838) ...	Dung coprin ...
531A	347	" "	<i>C. fimetarius, var. macrorrhizus</i> ...	(Fries), Hym. Eur. 324 (1874) ...	Large-rooting coprin ...
532	349	" 4415	<i>C. micaceus</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 247 (1838) ...	Glistening coprin ...
533	353	" 4477	<i>C. murinus</i> ...	Kalch., Grev. VIII. 152 (1880) ...	Mouse-coloured coprin ...
534	348bis.	" 4407	<i>C. nivcus</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 245 (1838) ...	Snowy coprin ...
535	346	" 4394	<i>C. picaceus</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 244 (1838) ...	Variegated coprin ...
536	355	" 4490	<i>C. plicatilis</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 252 (1838) ...	Plaited coprin ...
537	352	" 4455	<i>C. stercorarius</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 251 (1838) ...	Dung-borne coprin ...
538	348	" 4405	<i>C. tomentosus</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 245 (1838) ...	Tomentose coprin ...
539	350	4420	<i>C. truncorum</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 248 (1838) ...	Trunk coprin ...
53. PANÆOLUS.—Fries,					
540	338	V. 4544	<i>P. campanulatus</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 311 (1874) ...	Bell panæolus ...
541	333	IX. 598	<i>P. eburneus</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 4 (1889) ...	Ivory-white panæolus ...
542	340	V. 4555	<i>P. fimicola</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 312 (1874) ...	Dung-borne panæolus ...
543	332	IX. 595	<i>P. ovatus</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 4 (1889) ...	Ovate panæolus ...
544	339	V. 4547	<i>P. papilionaceus</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 235 (1838) ...	Butterfly panæolus ...
545	335	" 4535	<i>P. phalænarum</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 235 (1838) ...	Moth panæolus ...
545	336	" 4539	<i>P. retrugis</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 235 (1838) ...	Wrinkled panæolus ...
547	337	IX. 597	<i>P. veluticeps</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 4 (1889) ...	Velvet-capped panæolus ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
S.M. I. 289 (1821).—Agaricus.									
511	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Thin, brick red. Stem elongated, ochrey, downy downwards.
512	V.	...	...	B.	Chips, decayed wood, &c.	Somewhat fleshy, wrinkled when dry, white. Stem hollow, white.
513	V.	...	...	B.	Woods ...	Pale ochrey, grooved, with scattered shining spots. Stem shining, silky.
514	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	...	B.	Exposed pastures after rain	Fleshy, rather viscid when moist, shining when dry, ferruginous tawny.
515	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	B.	Among grass, lawn	Somewhat fleshy, dark brown, hemispherical or bell shaped. Stem pale red.
516	T.	V.	...	...	B.	Dead stumps, ground, &c., in woods	Fragile, rigid. Fleshy, bay to umber, moist. Stem hollow, tough, pale.
Seem. Journ. (1876).—Agaricus, Psilocybe.									
517	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ground in woods	Dark red or purple brown. Rather fleshy, discoloured when dry.
518	Q.	...	Chips ...	Rather fleshy, yellowish, silky when dry.
S.M. I. 11 (1821).—Agaricus.									
519	V.	...	...	B.	Ground ...	Large, graceful. Sub-membranaceous, growing pale. Stem tall. Common.
520	B.	Gardens, &c. ...	Very fragile. Sub-membranaceous, clay coloured, rugged. Stem smooth.
521	Q.	Ground ...	Ochrey to clayey. Sub-membranaceous, downy, becoming smooth.
522	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	...	B.	Oak trunks and ground	Sub-membranaceous, wrinkled, rather shining, obtuse. Stem rigid.
523	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	Pale and dirty yellowish, acutely convex. Stem white, silky.
Epicr. 253 (1838).—Agaricus.									
524	V.	...	...	...	Stable refuse	Membranaceous, white, bell shaped. Stem long, hollow.
525	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Moist ground	Fragile, graceful, from livid to clay white. Membranaceous, conical, rather viscid.
526	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	...	Q.	Dung ...	Small, hut rather tall. Sub-membranaceous, viscid, pellucid, yellow, becoming pale.
527	V.	...	...	B.	Among grass	Small, tall, very fragile, trembling and tottering. Membranaceous, yellow.
Tent. disp. 62 (1797).—Agaricus.									
528	V.	...	...	B.	Sides of roads, pastures	Large and tall, white. Rather fleshy, cylindrical. Cuticle broken and feathery. Edible.
529	Q.	Old stumps	Large. Sub-membranaceous, livid, top papillate. Stem hollow.
530	Q.	Dung-bills	Small. Very thin, splitting, somewhat mealy. Stem slender.
531	Q.	Dung-heaps	Sub-membranaceous, soon torn, disc livid. Stem scaly.
531A	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Dung-heaps	Leathery to scaly. Stem rooting, shaggy.
532	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	B.	About old stumps	Small. Sub-membranaceous, brown, covered with glittering particles.
533	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Ground ...	Small. Sub-membranaceous, with prominent papilla at apex, grey.
534	V.	...	...	B.	Horse-dung	Small. Sub-membranaceous, clad with dense white down.
535	Q.	Road-sides, &c. ...	Sub-membranaceous, deep black, variegated, with broad white superficial scales.
535	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	Q.	Pastures ...	Small, delicate. Very thin, splitting, furrowed and folded, grey.
537	T.	V.	N.S.W.	...	Q.	Rich soil and dung	Very thin, ovate, covered with a dense white micaceous meal.
538	Q.	Dung and rich pastures	Sub-membranaceous, cylindrical to conical, woolly to downy, whitish grey.
539	Q.	Wood ...	Membranaceous, deliquescent, ferruginous ochrey, at first densely micaceous.
Epicr. 234 (1838).—Agaricus.									
540	W.A.	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	Rich soil ...	Fragile. Somewhat fleshy, bell shaped, shining, dry, red brown.
541	Q.	Dung ...	Rather fleshy, ivory white, shining. Stem fragile, elongated.
542	V.	...	...	Q.	Dung, rich pastures &c.	Somewhat fleshy, marked near margin with a narrow brown zone. Stem fragile, elongated.
543	V.	...	...	...	Manure ...	Rather fleshy, ovate, at length cracked, white. Stem erect, silky.
544	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	B.	Dung, rich pastures, &c.	Somewhat fleshy, pale tan, conico-convex, when dry cracked and scaly.
545	V.	...	...	B.	Dung ...	Rather fleshy, viscid, dirty clay colour. Veil fleeting.
546	V.	...	...	B.	Dung ...	Somewhat fleshy, reticulated with raised ribs, flesh to tan colour.
547	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	Q.	In garden among grass	Velvety, grey, convex or bell shaped. Stem elongated, hollow, silvery grey.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
54. ANELLARIA.—Karst.					
548	334	V. 4561	<i>A. fimiputris</i>	<i>Karst. Hattsv. I. 518 (1879, &c.)</i>	Pntrid dngg anellaria
55. PSATHYRELLA.—Fries,					
549	343	V. 4596	<i>P. crenata</i>	<i>Lasch., in Fries Hym. Eur. 315 (1874)</i>	Crenate psathyrella
550	344	4597	<i>P. disseminata</i>	<i>Fries, Hym. Eur. 315 (1835)</i>	Scattered psathyrella
651	341	„ 4572	<i>P. biascens</i>	<i>Fries, Hym. Eur. 314 (1874)</i>	Gaping psatbyrella
652	342	„ 4575	<i>P. trepida</i>	<i>Fries, Epicr. 238 (1838)</i>	Trembling psatbyrella
ADDITIONS TO					
553	<i>Amanita Forrestiæ</i>	<i>Kalch., Linn. Soc. N.S.W. VII. 638 (1882)</i>	Forrest's amanita
554	...	V. 92	<i>Lepiota acute-squamosa</i>	<i>Weinm., Syll. I. 70 (1836)</i>	Acute-scaly lepiota
655	44	...	<i>L. megalotbeles</i>	<i>Kalch., Linn. Soc. N.S.W. VII. 563 (1882)</i>	Large-nippled lepiota
556	<i>Tricholoma carneo-flavidum</i>	<i>Kalch., Linn. Soc. N.S.W. VII. 639 (1882)</i>	Flesby-yellow tricolome
657	...	V. 474	<i>T. panæolum</i>	<i>Fries, Epicr. 49 (1838)</i>	Variogated tricolome
558	<i>T. plagiotum</i>	<i>Kalch., Linn. Soc. N.S.W. VII. 639 (1882)</i>	Oblique tricolome
559	...	V. 496	<i>T. sordidum</i>	<i>Fries, S.M. I. 51 (1821)</i>	Sordid tricolome
560	<i>T. turbinipes</i>	<i>Kalch., Linn. Soc. N.S.W. VII. 639 (1882)</i>	Turhinate-stalked tricolome
561	...	V. 630	<i>Clitocybe catina</i>	<i>Fries, Epicr. 72 (1838)</i>	Bowl-shaped clitocybe
662	...	573	<i>C. ditopoda</i>	<i>Fries, S.M. I. 171 (1821)</i>	Variable-stalked clitocybe
553	...	529	<i>C. ochro-purpurea</i>	<i>Berk., Hook. Lond. Journ. Bot. IV. 299 (1845)</i>	Ocbrey-purple clitocybe
664	<i>Collybia muscipula</i>	<i>Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXII. 26 (1893)</i>	Mousey collyhia
665	...	V. 1109	<i>Mycena epipterygia</i>	<i>Fries, S.M. I. 155 (1821)</i>	Winged mycena
666	...	962	<i>M. lutco-alba</i>	<i>Fries, S.M. (1821)</i>	Yellowish-white mycena
567	...	1006	<i>M. polygramma</i>	<i>Fries, S.M. I. 145 (1821)</i>	Many-lined mycena
558	...	1137	<i>M. pterigena</i>	<i>Fries, S.M. I. 160 (1821)</i>	Pteris-borne mycena
669	...	992	<i>M. ræborrhiza</i>	<i>Lasch., Linn. 539 (1829)</i>	Crooked-root mycena
570	...	1407	<i>Pleurotus acerinus</i>	<i>Fries, Epicr. 134 (1838)</i>	Maple pleurote
671	...	1502	<i>P. cyphellæformis</i>	<i>Berk., Mag. Zool. and Bot. 611 (1837)</i>	Cyphella-like pleurote... ..
572	...	1339	<i>P. lignatilis</i>	<i>Fries, Epicr. 132 (1838)</i>	Wood-growing pleurote
573	...	1561	<i>Hygrophorus discoidicus</i>	<i>Fries, Epicr. 323 (1838)</i>	Discoid hygrophore
574	...	1661	<i>H. puniceus</i>	<i>Fries, Mon. Hym. II. 21 (1857)</i>	Purple hygropore
575	...	1738	<i>Lactarius quietus</i>	<i>Fries, Epicr. 343 (1838)</i>	Mild lactar
675	...	1821	<i>Russula xerampelina</i>	<i>Fries, Epicr. 356 (1838)</i>	Dark-red russule
577	...	1989	<i>Marasmius badius</i>	<i>Berk. and Curt., Linn. Journ. X. 294 (1859)</i>	Bay-brown marasmins
578	...	„ 1995	<i>M. pellucidus</i>	<i>Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XIV. 36 (1875)</i>	Pellucid marasmius
579	...	„ 1991	<i>M. rhyssopyllus</i>	<i>Mont. in Berk and Curt., Linn. Journ. X. 294 (1869)</i>	Wrinkle-gilled marasmius

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.		
Hattsv. I. 25 (1879).— <i>Agaricus</i> , <i>Panaeolus</i> .								
548	V.	...	...	B. (Dung, &c.	... | Sub-membranaceous, viscid, dark grey. Stem slender, equal.
Epicr. 237 (1838)— <i>Agaricus</i> .								
549	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	B.	Grassy ground ... Fragile. Membranaceous, ochrey to pale red, margin notched.
550	W.A.	...	T.	V.	...	...	B.	About trunks of trees and on ground ... Densely clustered. Membranaceous, pearly white, scurfy. Stem lax, fragile.
551	Q.	Ground ... Membranaceous, fissured and furrowed, becoming yellow. Stem brittle
552	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	B.	Ground ... Very fragile. Membranaceous, sooty, bell shaped, densely streaked. Stem nearly straight, transparent.
AGARICACEÆ.								
553	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Fleshy, convex to plane, smooth, naked, white to ashy grey or brown. Stem stout, stuffed, white, fibrous, not hulous.
554	V.	...	...	B.	Grassy places ... Fleishy, at first woolly hairy, then scaly, acute, dark tan. Stem somewhat stuffed, hulous.
555	Q.	River-side ... Fleishy, bell shaped, smooth, with brown adpressed scales. Stem somewhat hollow, dilated at base, naked, from white to brown.
556	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Fleishy, hemispherical, woolly scaly, fleshy yellow as if peach coloured. Stem solid, thick, of same colour
557	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	B.	Grassy places ... Small, spongy to compact, convex to plane, variegated with grey frosted spots. Stem solid, fibrous to striate.
558	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Fleishy, plane, depressed, smooth, pale reddish brown. Stem excentric, stuffed, cylindrical, base slightly thickened.
559	V.	...	...	B.	Meadows, dung-heaps, &c. ... Somewhat fleshy, from bell shaped and convex to plane and depressed, finally squalid. Stem stuffed, base thickened.
560	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Large, pale reddish. Fleishy, irregularly convex. Stem top shaped, thick.
561	V.	...	...	B.	Among dead leaves ... White, discoloured, odour pleasant. Fleishy, plane, then funnel shaped, dry. Stem stuffed, thick, elastic, white.
562	V.	...	...	B.	Woods ... Strong smelling, like new meal. Rather fleshy, dingy, brownish grey, smooth. Stem hollow, almost smooth, of same colour.
563	Clayey soil in woods ... Somewhat hemispherical, at length depressed, fleshy, compact, pale tan, becoming slightly purple. Stem thick, swollen in middle.
564	Q.	Ground ... Fleishy, smooth, mouse grey or brown, wrinkled. Stem stuffed, tapering downwards and rooting, striate lengthwise.
565	Q.	B. Among moss and leaves ... Membranous, bell shaped, striate, very viscid and easily separable, usually grey. Stem elongated, tough, rooting, yellowish.
566	V.	...	...	B.	Among moss, &c. ... Membranous, bell shaped, slightly grooved, pale, yellow. Stem thread-like, shining, smooth, becoming yellow.
567	V.	...	...	B.	Trunks ... Rather membranous, conical to bell shaped, dry, grooved. Stem rigid, longitudinally furrowed and grooved, shining, rooting.
568	V.	...	...	B.	Dead fern stems, veins of leaves, &c. ... Very elegant, delicate, rosy. Bell shaped, obtuse, and stem wavy, very thin, with disc at base.
569	V.	...	...	...	About trunks ... Somewhat membranous, acutely bell shaped, dry, rather tawny or pale. Stem firm, thick, rooting.
570	Q.	B. Trunks ... White, firm. Fleishy, thin, unequal, silky hairy. Stem almost lateral, slender or nearly obsolete, downy.
571	Q.	B. Moss and dead stems of herbaceous plants ... Gregarious, small. Rather fleshy, sessile, cup shaped, grey, margin paler, delicately downy.
572	V.	...	...	B.	Trunks, rotten wood, &c. ... Odour mealy. Fleishy, tough, convex to plane, dingy white. Stem stuffed, then hollow, slender base, rooting and downy.
573	V.	...	...	B.	Grassy places ... Gregarious. Fleishy, smooth, very glutinous, yellowish tan, disc somewhat rusty. Stem stuffed, soft, viscid, pale white.
574	V.	...	...	B.	Mossy meadows, &c. ... Very large, very showy, fragile. Bell shaped, viscid, scarlet to blood red. Stem hollow, thick, bulging, base white.
575	Q.	B. Woods, &c. ... Fleishy, viscid at first, slightly cinnamon, then dry and slightly silky, somewhat zoned. Stem spongy to stuffed, finally rusty red.
576	V.	...	...	B.	Woods ... Mild. Fleishy, compact, dry, opaque, rose purple. Stem strong, firm, finally spongy to soft.
577	Q.	Wood ... Reddish when fresh. Convex, striate, smooth, margin incurved. Stem frosted, becoming smooth.
578	Q.	Dead branches, &c. ... Convex, pellucid. Stem equal, brown, delicately powdery.
579	Q.	Wood ... Fibrous, smooth, pale yellow. Stem same colour, smooth, with rough-haired base.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name	Authority for Name.	English Name.
ADDITIONS TO					
580	...	V. 2379	<i>Lentinus descendens</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 290 (1838) ...	Descending lentinus ...
581	...	2924	<i>Leptonia æthiops</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 152 (1838) ...	Æthiopian leptonia ...
582	...	3406	<i>Nolanea sub-globosa</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. XVII. 38 (1888) ...	Sub-globose nolanea ...
583	...	3107	<i>Pholiota adiposa</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 242 (1821) ...	Glinous pholiota ...
584	<i>P. bicincta</i> ...	Kalch., Linn. Soc. N.S.W. VII. 639 (1882) ...	Twice-girt pholiota ...
586	...	V. 3064	<i>P. radicata</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 242 (1821) ...	Rooting pholiota ...
586	<i>Hebeloma Kirtoni</i> ...	Kalch., Linn. Soc. N.S.W. VII. 564 (1882) ...	Kirton's hebeloma ...
587	...	V. 3359	<i>Flammula carbonaria</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 252 (1821) ...	Charcoal-loving flammula ...
688	...	3322	<i>F. gymnopodia</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 218 (1874) ...	Naked-stalked flammula ...
440A	...	„ 3385	<i>F. sapinea, var. terrestris</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 239 (1821) ...	Terrestrial flammula ...
589	...	„ 3433	<i>Naucoria abstrusa</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 194 (1838) ...	Concealed naucoria ...
590	...	3509	<i>N. conspersa</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 260 (1821) ...	Besprinkled naucoria ...
691	...	3499	<i>N. sobria</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 200 (1838) ...	Sober naucoria ...
692	...	3481	<i>N. tenax</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 198 (1838) ...	Firm naucoria ...
693	...	3605	<i>Crepidotus applanatus</i> ...	Fries, Mon. Hym. I. 399 (1857) ...	Depressed crepidotus ...
594	<i>Cortinarius Walkeri</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXII. 36 (1893) ...	Walker's cortinarius ...
596	...	IX. 663	<i>Paxillus hirtulus</i> ...	F.v.M., Linn. Soc. N.S.W. VIII. 175 (1883) ...	Hairy paxillus ...
696	<i>Hypboloma peltastes</i> ...	Kalch., Linn. Soc. N.S.W. VII. 564 (1882) ...	Shield-like hypboloma ...
697	...	V. 4261	<i>Psilocybe semilanceata</i> ...	Fries, Obs. II. 178 (1818) ...	Semi-pointed psilocybe ...
698	...	4560	<i>Anellaria separata</i> ...	Karst., Hattsv. I. 617 (1879) ...	Separate anellaria ...
699	...	4566	<i>Psatbyrella impatiens</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 302 (1821) ...	Impatient psatbyrella ...
56 ARRHENIA.—Fries,					
600	...	V. 1960	<i>A. cupularis</i> ...	Fries, S.V. S. 312 (1849) ...	Cupular arrhenia ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
<i>AGARICACEÆ—continued.</i>									
580	Q.	...	Ground ...	Somewhat woody, funnel shaped, tan coloured, spotted with minute scales. Stem solid, very hard rooting.
581	V.	...	...	B.	Among grass, &c. ...	Fleshy, depressed, smooth, shining, sooty black. Stem slender, smooth, blackish brown, with black points towards top.
582	V.	...	...	B.	Ground ...	Fleshy, sub-globose, viscid, yellow. Stem thin, becoming hollow, longitudinally striate.
583	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	Tufted, very showy and large. Fleshy, glutinous, yellow, scaly. Stem stuffed, glutinous, base somewhat bulbous.
584	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Convex, obtuse, light umber, scaly. Stem solid, bulbous, fibrillose, about middle and above base doubly girt.
585	V.	...	...	B.	Woods, near to stumps	Large, heartful, sweet odour. Fleshy, dry, smooth, spotted, almost clay colour. Stem solid, passing into tapering root.
586	N.S.W.	...	...	...	Compact, fleshy, convex to plane, smooth. Stem solid, fleshy, fibrillose, white to silky.
587	V.	...	...	B.	Burnt ground, charcoal, &c.	Gregarious. Fleshy, firm, viscid, tawny yellow, often depressed in centre. Stem rigid, scaly, pale, base usually darker.
588	Q.	B.	Ground ...	Often tufted, rusty brown. Fleshy, bell shaped to convex, scaly. Stem solid, almost smooth.
440A	Q.	B.	Ground ...	Tufted, stem elongated, rooting in a spindle-shaped manner.
589	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	B.	Damp earth, leaf-soil, &c.	Rather fleshy, smooth, viscid, rusty tan. Stem cartilaginous, tough, hollow, polished, rusty.
590	V.	...	...	B.	Ground, among leaves, &c.	Gregarious, fragile. Fleshy, with scurfy scales, bay cinnamon when moist, ochrey when dry. Stem fibrillose, brownish cinnamon.
591	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	B.	In moist woods or scrubs	Fleshy, slightly viscid, somewhat silky, honey colour when moist, not absorbent of moisture, hence the name. Stem thick, hollow, rusty brown below.
592	V.	...	...	B.	Woods, among grass	Somewhat fleshy, bell shaped then expanded, smooth, slightly viscid, cinnamon when moist, ochrey when dry. Stem stuffed then hollow, dusky yellow.
593	V.	...	...	B.	Rotten wood	Fleshy, soft, fragile, kidney to wedge shaped, whitish, at length depressed behind. Stem very short, whitish downy.
594	N.S.W.	...	...	Ground ...	Convex, then expanded, minutely silky, pale green then bluish green. Stem slightly thickened at base, stuffed, reddish.
595	Q.	...	Ground ...	Convex to depressed, becoming darkly lurid. Stem thickened downwards, base abruptly rooting, bairy.
596	N.S.W.	...	...	...	Fleshy, viscid, scutiform, becoming brown. Stem solid, thickened downwards, naked, white.
597	V.	...	...	B.	Among grass	Gregarious. Somewhat membranous, acutely conical, almost pointed, slightly viscid, pale yellow when dry. Stem tough, wavy, silky fibrous, shining.
598	B.	Dung ...	Fleshy, bell shaped, viscid, ochrey, then whitish and wrinkled when old, shining. Stem long, straight, shining, whitish, tapering upwards with persistent ring.
599	V.	...	...	...	Moist woods	Membranous, bell shaped, convex, smooth. Stem weak, smooth, white.
Summ. Veg. Scand. 312 (1849).— <i>Cantharellus, Merulius.</i>									
600	Q.	...	Young pinnate leaf	Small, resupinate, soft, circular, shaggy, grey.

ORDER II.—POLYPORACEÆ, FRIES.

57. *Boletus*, Linn.
58. *Strobilomyces*, Berk.
59. *Fistulina*, Bull.
60. *Polyporus*, Linn.

61. *Fomes*, Fries.
62. *Polystictus*, Fries.
63. *Poria*, Pers.
64. *Trametes*, Fries.

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name	English Name.
---------	-----------------	--------------------	------------------	--------------------	---------------

ORDER II.—POLYPORACEÆ

57. BOLETUS.—Linn., Sp. Pl. 1176 (1753).

601	561	VI. 4749	<i>B. æreus</i>	Bull., Champ. 321 (1798)	Bronze bolet...
602	662	4755	<i>B. æstivalis</i>	Fries., Epicr. 422 (1838)	Summer bolet
603	651	„ 4673	<i>B. alliciens</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 50 (1845)	Attractive bolet
604	550	„ 4671	<i>B. arenarius</i>	Fries, Pl. Preiss. II. 134 (1846)...	Sand-loving bolet
605	552	4674	<i>B. australis</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 32 (1887)	Southern bolet
606	547	4653	<i>B. badius</i>	Fries, Elench. 126 (1828)	Bay-brown bolet
607	557	...	<i>B. brunneus</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 90 (1891)...	Brown bolet ...
608	665	VI. 4761	<i>B. cæsaricus</i>	Fries, Pl. Preiss. II. 134 (1846)...	Imperial bolet
609	658	4726	<i>B. calopus</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 390 (1821)	Red-stalked bolet
610	653	4680	<i>B. carysenteron</i>	Fries, Epicr. 416 (1838)	Red-crack bolet
611	560	4748	<i>B. edulis</i> ...	Bull., Champ. 60 (1798)	Edible bolet ...
612	544	4642	<i>B. elegans</i>	Schum., Saccl. II. 374 (1801)	Elegant bolet
613	669	4801	<i>B. felleus</i>	Bull., Champ. 379 (1798)	Bitter bolet ...
614	645	4643	<i>B. flavus</i> ...	Wither., Fries, Epicr. 410 (1838)	Yellow bolet...
615	666	„ 4833	<i>B. fruticicola</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. VII. 574 (1848)	Shrub-growing bolet ...
616	646	VI. 4648	<i>B. granulatus</i>	Linn., Sp. Pl. 1177 (1753)	Granulated bolet
617	572	„ 4817	<i>B. hædinus</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn., Trans. II. 67 (1883)	Kid-like bolet
618	664	„ 4760	<i>B. infractus</i>	Fries, Pl. Preiss. II. 134 (1846)	Fractured bolet
619	671	LX. 641	<i>B. lacunosus</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 5 (1889)	Pitted bolet ...
620	566	VI. 4768	<i>B. luridus</i>	Sebaeff, Fung. 107 (1762)	Lurid bolet ...
621	643	4641	<i>B. luteus</i>	Linn., Sp. Pl. 1177 (1753)	Yellow bolet ...
622	667	4798	<i>B. marginatus</i>	Drum., Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ., Bot. IV. 50 (1846)	Margined bolet
623	570	„ 4803	<i>B. megalosporus</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 251 (1860) ...	Large-spored bolet
624	573	„ 4830	<i>B. napipes</i>	F. v. M., Linn. Journ. XIII. 161 (1873) ...	Turnip-stalked bolet
625	659	4728	<i>B. pachypus</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 390 (1821)	Thick-stalked bolet
626	663	4756	<i>B. portentosus</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XIV. 46 (1875)	Monstrous bolet
627	568	4800	<i>B. prunicolor</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 32 (1887)...	Plum-coloured bolet
628	548	4656	<i>B. sanguineus</i>	With., Arr. IV. 319 (1796)	Blood-red bolet
629	...	4792	<i>B. scaber</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 293 (1821)	Rough bolet ...

ARRANGEMENT OF GENERA (16).

65. Sclerodopsis, Cooke.
66. Hexagonia, Fries.
67. Dædalea, Pers.
68. Ceriomyces, Corda.

69. Favolus, Fries.
70. Laschia, Fries.
71. Camphellia, Cooke.
72. Merulius, Hall.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
601	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B. Woods ...	Cap smooth, olive brown, turning blackish. Stem stout and yellow. Pores sulphur yellow. Rare. <i>Edible</i> .
602	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B. Woods, and in pastures under trees	Largest of this genus. Cap smooth, whitish. Stem very thick and yellowish. Pores greenish yellow. <i>Edible</i> .
603	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	Cap smooth, yellow, viscid. Stem downy. Pores yellow. <i>Edible</i> .
604	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Sandy soil ...	Cap flattened, viscid, excentric. Stem elongated, pale above, black below. Pores cinnamon.
605	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	Ground ...	Cap viscid, umber. Stem flesh colour. Pores hexagonal, sulphur colour.
606	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B. Woods ...	Cap soft, viscid, hay brown. Stem solid, with brownish bloom. Pores from yellowish white to greenish. <i>Edible</i> .
607	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Ground ...	Cap somewhat downy, reddish brown. Stem short, stout. Pores rather large, greenish grey.
608	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Sandy soil ...	Cap fleshy, blood red to purple. Stem stout, sulphur colour. Pores rounded, yellow, with oblique openings.
609	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	...	B. Woods ...	Cap globose, somewhat downy, olive. Stem firm and thick, scarlet. Pores yellow.
610	...	...	...	V.	...	Q.	B. Woods, &c. ...	Cap, dull brown with red cracks. Stem rigid, crimson or yellow. Pores greenish yellow.
611	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B. Woods ...	Cap smooth, moist, brownish. Stem stout, pale brown. Pores lemon to yellowish-green. <i>Edible</i> .
612	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B. Woods ...	Golden yellow entirely. Cap viscid. Stem firm. Pores sulphur colour. <i>Edible</i> .
613	...	...	...	V.	...	Q.	B. Woods ...	Cap soft, smooth, brown or reddish grey. Stem solid, stout. Pores angular, flesh pink.
614	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B. Woods ...	Large, entirely yellow. Cap compact, viscid. Stem spotted with brown and with fugacious rings. Pores angular, yellow
615	...	...	T.	...	...	...	Ground at roots of <i>Pleurocladus riparia</i>	Cap fleshy, smooth, red. Stem nearly smooth. Pores pale orange yellow.
616	...	...	...	V.	...	Q.	B. Grassy places ...	Cap slimy. Stem covered with milky drops drying into brown granules. Pores granulated. <i>Edible</i> .
617	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Ground ...	Cap thick, tan coloured. Stem similarly coloured. Pores pale.
618	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	Cap smooth, purple, with margin much broken. Stem very short and tuberos. Pores sulphur colour.
619	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Sandy ground ...	Cap soft, somewhat viscid, tawny. Stem deeply pitted. Pores angular whitish to flesh colour.
620	...	...	...	V.	...	Q.	B. Ground ...	Large. Cap viscid, soft, olive brown or tawny. Stem stout, tall, vermilion. Pores orange, red, crimson. Common.
621	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	Q.	B. Ground in Pine woods	Large. Cap viscid, soft, dingy yellow. Stem tall, firm, with broad dingy ring. Pores yellow. Common. <i>Edible</i> .
622	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	...	Ground ...	Cap compact, delicately velvety, margin thin and distinct from hymenium. Stem short, black. Pores internally palid.
623	...	...	T.	...	...	...	Ground in woods ...	Cap somewhat tan coloured. Stem warty. Pores flesh colour.
624	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Meadows ...	Cap reddish brown, at length blackish. Stem obconical. Pores lemon yellow.
625	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	Q.	B. Woods ...	Very large. Cap brownish, then pale tan colour. Stem thick, firm, yellow variegated with red, very hulous. Pores round, yellow. Common.
626	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Ground ...	Very large. Cap depressed in centre. Stem thick and dilated at base. Pores lemon yellow.
627	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Ground ...	Cap soft, viscid, plum coloured. Stem club shaped, pale. Pores rounded, pale.
628	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B. Woods ...	Very small. Cap smooth, viscid, blood red. Stem yellow and red. Pores large, orange yellow. Rare.
629	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B. Woods ...	Large. Dull brown, very rough. Cap cushion shaped, viscid. Stem solid, tall, scurfy. Very common. <i>Edible</i> .

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
57. BOLETUS.—Linn., Sp. Pl. 1176 (1753).					
630	549	VI. 4670	<i>B. subsimilis</i>	Fries, Pl. Preiss. II. 134 (1846)	Simulating bolet
531	554	4582	<i>B. subtomentosus</i>	Linn., Sp. Pl. 1178 (1753)	Downy bolet... ..
632	555	4703	<i>B. Thozetii</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 384 (1881)	Thozet's bolet
58.—STROBILOMYCES.—Berk. in Hook.,					
633	581	VI. 4838	<i>S. ananæps</i>	<i>Sacc.</i> , Syll. VI. 50 (1888)	Pine-apple-headed strobilomyces
634	577	...	<i>S. fasciculatus</i>	Cooke, Grev. XX. 4 (1891)	Fasciculate strobilomyces
535	579	VI. 4835	<i>S. floccopus</i>	<i>Vahl.</i> , Fl. Dan. t. 1252 (1754)	Woolly-stalked strobilomyces
636	578	...	<i>S. ligulatus</i>	Cooke, Grev. XX. 4 (1891)	Ligulate strobilomyces
537	574	VI. 4837	<i>S. nigricans</i>	Berk., Hook. Journ. 139 (1852)	Blackening strobilomyces
638	575	IX. 545	<i>S. pallescens</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 5 (1889)	Bleaching strobilomyces
539	576	545	<i>S. rufescens</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 5 (1889)	Reddish-brown strobilomyces
540	580	644	<i>S. velutipes</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 5 (1889)	Velvety-stalked strobilomyces
59. FISTULINA.—Bull.					
641	582	VI. 4849	<i>F. hepatica</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 396 (1821)	Liver-coloured <i>Fistulina</i> . Beef-steak fungus
60. POLYPORUS.—Adans, Fam. II. 10 (1763).—					
642	646	VI. 5146	<i>P. adustus</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. I. 353 (1821)	Scorched polypore
643	594	4913	<i>P. alveolaris</i>	Bosc., Berl. Mag. IV. (1811)	Depressed polypore
644	555	5253	<i>P. anebus</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. VI. 504 (1847)	Beardless polypore
545	632	5080	<i>P. angustus</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 253 (1860)	Narrow-capped polypore
646	622	5043	<i>P. anthracophilus</i>	Cooke, Grev. XII. 16 (1884)	Burnt-ground polypore
647	591	4903	<i>P. arcularius</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. I. 342 (1821)	Convex polypore
548	536	5107	<i>P. argentatus</i>	Cooke., Grev. XV. 20 (1886)	Silvery polypore
649	667	5255	<i>P. ascoboloides</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 162 (1873)	Ascobolus-like polypore
550	654	5207	<i>P. betulinus</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. I. 358 (1821)	Birch polypore
651	599	4944	<i>P. biennis</i>	<i>Fries</i> , Epicr. 433 (1838)	Biennial polypore
552	...	5166	<i>P. biretum</i>	Kalch., Hedw. XV. 114 (1875)	Tawny polypore
653	652	5187	<i>P. borealis</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. I. 366 (1821)	Northern polypore
654	589	4885	<i>P. brumalis</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. I. 348 (1821)	Wintry polypore
556	637	5106	<i>P. campylus</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 252 (1860)	Curved polypore
656	659	5232	<i>P. cartilagineus</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XIV. 49 (1875)	Cartilaginous polypore
657	635	5093	<i>P. chioneus</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. I. 359 (1821)	Snowy polypore

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
<i>Tubiporus, Agaricus—continued.</i>									
630	W.A.	✓	...	...	...	Q.	...	Ground ...	Cap fleshy, viscid, shining brown. Stem solid, sulphur yellow. Pores very short, sulphur yellow. Simulating <i>B. lividus</i> .
631	W.A.	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Woods, &c.	Cap soft, dry, finely tomentose, bronze, with yellow cracks. Stem tall, yellow variegated with red. Pores yellow.
632	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Barren soil	Yellow. Cap with granular warts. Stem slender and flexuous. Pores free.

Kew Misc. III. 78 (1851).—*Boletus.*

633	...	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Ground ...	Cap broken up into flat, thick, broad, scaly warts.
634	...	...	...	V.	..	...	...	Ground ...	Cap reddish brown, scaly, with fascicles of strap-like scales. Stem paler. Pores angular, yellowish.
635	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Ground ...	Ash coloured, becoming black. Cap soft, scaly, and veil silky. Stem stout and downy. Pores large, greyish white. Rare.
636	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Cap hemispherical, brown, with darker ligulate scales. Stem paler. Pores angular, yellowish, or tinted with red.
637	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Woods ...	Small. Cap rough in centre, with hexagonal warts. Stem solid, with woolly scales, like margin of cap.
638	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Base of trees	Cap rosy purple, turning pale, with thick obtuse conical warts overlapping. Stem thick, reddish. Pores large, angular, yellowish.
639	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Base of trees	Entirely reddish brown. Cap hemispherical, thickly covered with overlapping conical warts. Stem solid, pale above, reddish brown below. Pores large, angular, tawny.
640	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Ground ...	Blackening. Cap with thick irregular warts overlapping. Stem velvety. Pores large, angular.

Champ. I. 314 (1798).—*Boletus.*

641	W.A.	V.	B.	Trunks of living trees	Fleshy and red juiced. Cap flesh colour to blood red and liver colour, roundish, attached by broad base, internally streaked. <i>Edible.</i>
-----	------	-----	-----	----	-----	----	----	------------------------	--

Polystictus, Fomes, Favolus, Trametes, Poria, Boletus, Dædalea.

642	...	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Trunks, stumps, &c.	Cap fleshy, tough, pale ash colour, with margin blackening. Pores minute, white to grey, becoming black.
643	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Cap fleshy, leathery, depressed, brown. Stem firm and thickened at base. Pores hexagonal, white.
644	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Wood ...	Pale fawn colour. Cap thin, leathery, delicately velvety. Pores small, round, short.
645	...	...	T.	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood	Cap narrow, downy, brown. Pores small, angularly punctiform.
646	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	Q.	...	Burnt ground	Imbricate and much divided, very leathery and hardening. Caps growing together, overlapping, bay brown. Pores angular, white.
647	...	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Cap tough and leathery, without zones, brown to yellowish. Stems short greyish brown. Pores oblong rhomboid, large, whitish.
648	...	...	...	V.	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Cap fleshy to leathery, shell shaped, slightly silky, white in front, ashy brown behind. Pores white, rounded.
649	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Cap circular, thickish, white, downy. Pores hexagonal, small.
650	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Birch, &c.	Cap fleshy, then corky, hoof shaped, smooth. Pores minute, short, white, or brownish.
651	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Ground, near trunks	Cap spongy, then corky to leathery, white to rusty colour. Stem short, thick, rust coloured, woolly. Pores torn and toothed, dull white to brownish.
652	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	...	...	Trunks ...	Hemispherical, sessile, spongy to powdery, tawny, cinnamon or bay brown.
653	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B.	Trunks ...	White to yellowish. Cap spongy to corky, bairy. Pores unequal, torn, white.
654	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	Cap tough, fleshy to leathery, sooty brown. Stem thin, bairy, scaly. Pores angular, toothed, white.
655	...	...	T.	V.	...	...	...	Rotten wood	Cap palmate, lobed, white, smooth. Hymenium concave. Pores small, irregular.
656	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Dead wood	Cap red brown to sooty brown, cuticle cartilaginous. Pores minute.
657	...	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Trunks and stumps	White. Cap fleshy, soft, smooth. Pores short, minute, rounded. Smell rather acid.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
60. POLYPORUS.—Adans, Fam. II. 10 (1763).—					
658	620	VI. 5019	<i>P. confluens</i>	<i>Fries, S.M. I. 355 (1821)</i>	Confluent polypore
659	628	„ 6072	<i>P. corrivalis</i>	<i>Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 162 (1873)</i>	Overgrowing polypore
660	663	„ 5241	<i>P. cubensis</i>	<i>Mont., Cuba 404 (1838)</i>	Cuban polypore
661	590	4902	<i>P. cupuliformis</i>	<i>Berk. and Curt., Grev. I. 38 (1872)</i>	Cup-shaped polypore
662	644	5140	<i>P. demissus</i>	<i>Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 52 (1845)</i>	Hood-shaped polypore
663	647	5152	<i>P. dichrous</i>	<i>Fries, S.M. I. 364 (1821)</i>	Two-coloured polypore
664	613	4982	<i>P. dictyopus</i>	<i>Mont., Fl. Fern. 14 (1835)</i>	Net-stalked polypore
665	616	5008	<i>P. dorcadideus</i>	<i>Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 57 (1833)</i>	Fawn-coloured polypore
666	609	4971	<i>P. elegans</i>	<i>Fries, Epicr. 440 (1838)</i>	Elegant polypore
666A	„	„	<i>P. elegans, var. nummularius</i>	<i>Fries, S.M. (1821)</i>	Coin-like polypore
667	627	„ 6067	<i>P. epileucus</i>	<i>Fries, Epicr. 452 (1838)</i>	Whitish polypore
668	656	6216	<i>P. Eucalyptorum</i>	<i>Fries, Pl. Preiss. II. 135 (1846)</i>	Encalyptus polypore
669	639	5123	<i>P. fædatus</i>	<i>Berk., Linn. Journ. XVI. 41 (1878)</i>	Dirty polypore
670	633	6082	<i>P. fragilis</i>	<i>Fries, Elench. 86 (1828)</i>	Fragile polypore
671	618	6015	<i>P. frondosus</i>	<i>Fries, S.M. I. 355 (1821)</i>	Frondose polypore
672	649	5169	<i>P. fruticum</i>	<i>Berk. and Curt., Linn. Journ. X. 310 (1869)</i>	Shrub-growing polypore
673	617	6009	<i>P. fusco-lineatus</i>	<i>Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. I. 401 (1879)</i>	Tawny-lined polypore
674	641	5129	<i>P. gilvus</i>	<i>Schw., Carol. 897 (1822)</i>	Yellowish-tan polypore
675	610	4974	<i>P. glabratus</i>	<i>Kalch., in Hedw. XV. 114 (1876)</i>	Smooth polypore
676	614	6005	<i>P. grammocephalus</i>	<i>Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. 1. 148 (1842)</i>	Line-headed polypore
676A			<i>P. grammocephalus, var. Emerici</i>	<i>Berk., Grev. X. 96 (1882)</i>	Emericus polypore
676B			<i>P. grammocephalus, var. Muellerei</i>	<i>Kalch., Grev. X. 97 (1882)</i>	Mueller's polypore
677	611	4976	<i>P. Guilfoylei</i>	<i>Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 58 (1833)</i>	Guilfoyle's polypore
678	631	6079	<i>P. Gunnii</i>	<i>Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 263 (1860)</i>	Gunn's polypore
679	685	4866	<i>P. Hartmanni</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XII. 14 (1884)</i>	Hartman's polypore
680	648	5165	<i>P. hispidus</i>	<i>Fries, S.M. I. 362 (1821)</i>	Bristly polypore
681	...	{ IX. 689 } VI. 6179	<i>P. hispidans</i>	<i>Berk., in Fries, Nov. Sym. 37 (1851)</i>	Bristling polypore
682	666	VI. 5227	<i>P. hypopolius</i>	<i>Kalch., Grev. X. 99 (1882)</i>	Hoary polypore
683	602	4952	<i>P. hystriculus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XV. 16 (1886)</i>	Porcupine-like polypore
684	607	4965	<i>P. infernalis</i>	<i>Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. II. 637 (1843)</i>	Infernal polypore
685	619	6017	<i>P. intyhaceus</i>	<i>Fries, Epicr. 446 (1838)</i>	Endive polypore
686	623	6047	<i>P. lætus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XII., 16 (1884)</i>	Bright-coloured polypore

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.		
Polystictus, Fomes, Favolus, Trametes, Poria, Boletus, Dædalea—continued.								
658	N.S.W.	Q	Wood ...	Branching, firmly fleshy, fragile. Caps thick, overlapping, confluent, smooth, flesh colour to yellowish or dark. Stems very short, confluent. Pores short, minute, white.
659	...	S.A.	...	...	N.S.W.	Q	Trunks ...	Imbricate. Caps shell shaped, whitish, downy. Pores small, angular.
660	Q	Trunks ...	Pale white. Cap sessile, fleshy to corky, smooth. Pores round, small, white, then red brown.
661	V.	...	...	Trunks ...	Cap cup shaped, at first reddish brown, downy. Stem very short. Pores small, red brown.
662	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood	Caps overlapping, hood shaped, corky, dependent, spongy, downy, pale yellow. Pores roundish, minute.
663	V.	...	...	Trunks ...	Cap fleshy, tough, silky, white. Pores short, minute, round, cinnamon brown. Pretty species.
664	V	...	Q	Trunks ...	Cap fleshy to leathery, rigid, smooth, bay brown. Stem lateral, thick, reticulately wrinkled, bay to black. Pores minute, rounded, pale.
665	Q	Trunks ...	Cap fan shaped, lobed, rich amber or fawn colour, with velvety bloom. Stem short, downy. Pores hexagonal.
666	T.	...	...	Q	B. Trunks ...	Cap fleshy, soon hardening and becoming woody, flat. Stem excentric or lateral. Pores minute, roundish, yellowish white.
666A	N.S.W.	...	B. Trunks ...	Smaller, thinner, rather regular. Stem equal, excentric.
667	Q	B. Rotten trunks	Cap soft and cheesy, then firm, roughly hairy, whitish, semicircular. Pores minute, round, white.
668	W.A.	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	<i>Eucalyptus</i> trunks	Cap semicircular, hoof shaped, thick, very soft, white, invested with thin evanescent dark-brown crust. Pores short, small, falling away.
669	Q	Trunks ...	Cap rather thin, kidney shaped, umber to sooty brown. Pores punctiform, pale cinnamon.
670	V.	...	...	B. Wood ...	White, spotted with brown when touched. Cap fleshy, fragile, kidney shaped, rough. Pores very thin.
671	T.	...	...	...	B. On trunks and at base	Elaborately branched, fibrously fleshy, tough. Caps very numerous, semicircular, rough, lobed, greyish to sooty brown. Stems growing together. Pores small, white.
672	Q	Branches	Cap thin, soft, semicircular, rufous colour. Pores small, angular, toothed.
673	Q	Trunks ...	Cap, thin, tough, ochrey, streaked with radiating brown, hispid lines. Stem ochrey, thicker above. Pores irregular, tawny brown
674	W.A.	...	...	...	...	Q	B. Trunks ...	Cap fleshy, tough, yellowish tan. Pores minute, yellowish tan to rusty brown.
675	V.	...	...	Trunks ..	Cap excentric, fleshy, smooth, dark brown. Stem solid, tapering, becoming brown. Pores minute, round, white to yellowish.
676	N.S.W.	Q	Trunks ...	Cap at first wedge shaped, then kidney shaped, flattened, pale umber. Stem lateral. Pores short, umber.
676A	Q	Trunks ...	Whitish. Cap spoon shaped or kidney shaped. Pores angular.
676B	N.S.W.	...	Trunks ...	Whitish tan when dry. Cap thin, rigid. Pores short, angular, unequal.
677	Q	Trunks ...	Cap spoon shaped, lateral, fine, powdery. Stem black, cartilaginous. Pores punctiform.
678	T.	V.	...	...	Branches	Cap fan shaped, thin, whitish, downy, rough. Pores irregular, of medium size.
679	Q	Ground ...	Cap fleshy, rather fragile, finely velvety, reddish brown. Stem swollen, thick, reddish. Pores small, round, pale. Elegant species.
680	Q	B. Trunks ...	Large, brown, juicy. Cap compact, spongy to fleshy, semicircular, thick set with bristly down. Pores minute, rounded, pale.
681	Trunks ...	{ Cap semicircular, fleshy to leathery, fawn or dusky, bristly. Pores angular.
682	Q	Trunks ...	Cap leathery to woody, somewhat shell shaped, with rigid chestnut crust, rough with thick tubercles. Pores short, angular, white to hoary.
683	V.	...	...	About root	Cap tough, bristly, dark brown. Stem thick, shortened. Pores large, angular, torn or toothed.
684	V.	...	Q	Trunks ...	Cap fan shaped, smooth, blackish, liver coloured. Stem short, lateral, black. Pores minute, round, very short.
685	V.	...	Q	B. Trunks, and at foot of trees	Very much branched, fleshy, rather fragile. Caps very numerous, yellowish to tawny. Stems confluent into a very short trunk. Pores firm, white to tawny.
686	V.	...	...	Trunks ...	Imbricated and much divided, leathery, orange tawny. Caps grown together and converging behind into stem. Pores pale.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
60. POLYPORUS.—Adans, Fam. II. 10 (1763).—					
687	588	VI. 4884	<i>P. lentus</i>	Berk., Outl. 237 (1860)	Tough polypore
688	662	5240	<i>P. lignosus</i>	Klotsch., in Fries, Epicr. 471 (1838)	Woody polypore
689	604	4958	<i>P. melanopus</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 347 (1821)	Black-stalked polypore
690	587	4870	<i>P. myelodes</i>	Kalch., Grev. IV. 73 (1875)	Marrow-like polypore... ..
691	1351	...	<i>P. Mylittæ</i>	{ Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXI. 37 (1892) } Sacc., Hedw. 56 (1893)	Mylitta polypore Native head polypore
692	638	VI. 5116	<i>P. nidulans</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 364 (1821)	Nest polypore
693	583	4858	<i>P. ovinus</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 346 (1821)	Sheep polypore
694	650	5180	<i>P. pelliculosus</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. VII. 575 (1848)	Cuticular polypore
695	...	IX. 673	<i>P. Pentzkei</i>	Kalch., Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W. VIII. 175 (1883)	Pentzke's polypore
696	684	VI. 4862	<i>P. pes-capræ</i>	Pers., Champ. Com. (1818)	Goat's-foot polypore
697	613 his	4990	<i>P. petaloides</i>	Fries, Epicr. 444 (1838)	Petal-like polypore
698	...	4999	<i>P. phlebophorus</i>	Berk., Fl. N.Z. II. 177 (1856)	Vein-bearing polypore
699	605	4966	<i>P. picipes</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 353 (1821)	Pitch-stalked polypore
700	596	4933	<i>P. pisiformis</i>	Kalch., Grev. X. 98 (1882)	Pea-shaped polypore
701	615	5007	<i>P. platotis</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans I. 401 (1879)	Broad polypore
702	664	5247	<i>P. plebeius</i>	Berk., Fl. N.Z. II. 179 (1855)	Plebeian polypore
703	655	6212	<i>P. portentosus</i>	Berk., Hook., Journ. 188 (1844)	Monstrous polypore
704	601	4951	<i>P. proteiporus</i>	Cooke, Grev. XII. 15 (1884)	Variable-pored polypore
705	625	5054	<i>P. retiporus</i>	Cooke, Grev. XII. 15 (1884)	Net-pored polypore
706	645	5141	<i>P. rhinocephalus</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 253 (1860)	Rough-headed polypore
707	640	5124	<i>P. rubidus</i>	Berk., Hook., Journ. 500 (1847)	Reddish polypore
708	600	4946	<i>P. rufescens</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 351 (1821)	Reddening polypore
709	621	6026	<i>P. scabriusculus</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII., 384 (1881)	Roughish polypore
710	597	4938	<i>P. Schweinitzii</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 351 (1821)	Schweinitz's polypore
711	642	5130	<i>P. scruposus</i>	Fries, Epicr. 473 (1838)	Rugged polypore
711A	643	5131	<i>P. scruposus, var. isidioides</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. XIII. 87 (1885)	Coral-like polypore
712	630	5078	<i>P. scmidigitaliformis</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVI. 39 (1878)	Finger-like polypore
713	593	4910	<i>P. similis</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. II. 635 (1843)	Similar polypore
714	651	5181	<i>P. spiculifer</i>	Cooke, Grev. XV. 20 (1886)	Spiculate polypore
715	...	5186	<i>P. spumeus</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 358 (1821)	Frothy polypore
716	603	4953	<i>P. squamosus</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 343 (1821)	Scaly polypore
717	595	4923	<i>P. stipitarinus</i>	Berk and Curt., Linn. Journ. X. 304 (1869)	Stalked polypore
718	606	IX. 667	<i>P. Strangeri</i>	F. v. M., Linn. Soc. N.S.W. 106 (1882)	Stranger's polypore
719	667	VI. 5220	<i>P. strumosus</i>	Fries, Epicr. 462 (1838)	Swollen polypore

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
687	V.	...	...	B.	Rotten stems, &c.	Cap fleshy to tough and leathery, pale ochrey. Stem short, rough haired and mealy. Pores irregular, white.
688	V.	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Cap fleshy to corky or woody, pale to yellowish. Pores long, small, very thin.
689	V.	...	...	Q. B.	Ground and branches	Cap fleshy, tough, white to yellowish brown. Stem excentric, velvety at first, black. Pores rounded, small, white to yellowish
690	Q.	Ground, at base of trunks	Cap fleshy, fragile, tan or pale brown. Stem solid, obconical. Pores short, minute, whitish. <i>Edible</i> .
691	...	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	...	Q.	Sclerotium, known as <i>Mytilia australis</i>	Cap fleshy, tough, elastic, minutely velvety, white. Stem short, solid. Pores white, somewhat angular.
692	Q. B.	Trunks ..	Cap fleshy, very soft, yellowish tan. Pores elongated, angular, tawny, brick red.
693	V.	...	...	...	Woods ...	Cap fleshy, fragile, whitish. Stem short, white. Pores minute, rounded, white to lemon yellow.
694	...	S.A.	T.	V.	...	...	Q.	Wood ...	Dark red, juicy, densely gregarious, shell shaped, at first with dense rough hairs. Pores rather angular.
695	Q.	...	Cap slender, leathery, base wedge shaped, smooth, zoned, ochrey, becoming dark. Stem cylindrical, pale.
696	V.	...	...	...	Pine woods	In tufts. Cap fleshy, fragile, bay brown to dark brown. Stem deformed, yellowish white. Pores broad, yellowish white.
697	V.	...	...	B.	Trunks ...	Cap membranaceous, spoon shaped, chestnut brown. Stem lateral, compressed, whitish. Pores very short, small, white.
698	Q.	Stems of <i>Eucalyptus hemiphloia</i>	Small, white. Cap fan shaped. Stem short, smooth, with undulating furrows.
699	V.	...	...	Q. B.	Trunks ...	Cap fleshy to leathery, smooth, depressed. Stem excentric and lateral, firm, black. Pores rounded, small, white to yellowish.
700	V.	...	...	...	Wood ...	Entirely white, globose, sessile, size of pea or less. Pores minute, punctiform. Probably young stage of known species.
701	Q.	Wood ...	Cap club shaped to funnel shaped, fragile, ochrey. Stem elongated and thickened upwards. Pores angular, ochrey.
702	V.	...	...	Q.	Rotten wood	Pale, imbricate. Cap semicircular, delicately downy, corky. Pores minute, punctiform.
703	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	...	Q.	Trunks	Sessile, very large. Cap fleshy, smooth, with thick tan cuticle. Pores small, externally brown, internally pale.
704	V.	...	...	Q.	Ground ...	Cap whitish, fleshy, tough, delicately downy and scurfy. Stem short, whitish. Pores angular, irregular, pale amber.
705	V.	...	...	Q.	Trunks ...	Tufted, forming clumps of juicy cheesy consistence, ochrey. Caps very broad. Pores angular, very short, with net-like partitions.
706	T.	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood	Cap semicircular, shell shaped, whitish, rough veined. Pores white to ashy.
707	N.S.W.	...	Q.	Wood ...	Reddish. Cap thin, leathery, kidney shaped, silky. Pores small, short, punctiform.
708	W.A.	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	Q. B.	Grassy ground about old trunks	Flesh coloured. Cap spongy, hairy. Stem short, deformed. Pores large, sinuous, white to flesh colour.
709	Q.	Trunks ...	Caps spoon shaped, delicately downy, roughish. Stem cylindrical, repeatedly branched, central, sometimes nearly obsolete.
710	Q. B.	Pine stumps	Very large. Cap thick, spongy to corky, bay brown. Stem thick, very short or obsolete, rusty brown. Pores large, sulphury to greenish.
711	W.A.	...	T.	V.	N.S.W.	...	Q.	Dead wood	Cap corky, rough and rugged, amber. Pores minute, rounded, rusty brown.
711A	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Trunks and at foot of trees	Corky or woody, sessile, yellowish tan to rusty, rough, with thick tubercles.
712	N.S.W.	...	...	Trunks ...	Gregarious. Cap hoof shaped, whitish, rough, and downy. Pores large.
713	Q.	Trunks ...	Cap tough, leathery, smooth. Stem thickened downwards, velvety, becoming smooth. Pores small, angular, pale.
714	V.	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Cap fleshy, soft, and watery, sooty brown to black, beset with scattered obtuse spicules. Pores minute.
715	V.	...	...	B.	Old trunks of Eucalypts	White. Cap fleshy to spongy, compact, cushion shaped, rough haired, base stem-like.
716	V.	...	...	Q. B.	Trunks ...	Cap fleshy to tough, fan shaped, ochrey, marked with brown scales. Stem stout, excentric, black at base. Very common.
717	Q.	Wood, &c.	White. Cap circular, thin, smooth. Stem slender,
718	N.S.W.	...	...	Trunks ...	Cap corky to leathery, kidney shaped, amber, turning blackish. Stem short, cylindrical, altogether black.
719	V.	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Fleshy, tough, afterwards very hard, sooty brown, margin acute, turning black.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
60. POLYPORUS.—Adans, Fam. II. 10 (1763).—					
720	534	VI. 5092	<i>P. stypticus</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. I. 359 (1821)	Astringent polypore
721	553	5194	<i>P. substuppeus</i>	<i>Berk. and Cooke</i> , Linn. Journ. XV. 380 (1877)	Tow-like polypore
722	551	IX. 695	<i>P. subzonalis</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIX. 44 (1890)	Slightly-zoned polypore
723	524	VI. 5050	<i>P. sulphureus</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. I. 357 (1821)	Sulphur-coloured polypore
724	598	4939	<i>P. tabulæformis</i>	<i>Berk., Hook.</i> , Lond. Journ. IV. 302 (1845)	Flat polypore
725	625	5054	<i>P. tephronotus</i>	<i>Berk.</i> , Fl. Tasm. II. 252 (1850)	Ashy polypore
725	565	5248	<i>P. testudo</i>	<i>Berk. and Broome</i> , Linn. Trans. II. 59 (1883)	Tortoise polypore
727	592	4908	<i>P. tricholoma</i>	<i>Mont.</i> , Syll. I. 53 (1855)	Hairy polypore
728	585	IX. 550	<i>P. tumulosus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XVII. 55 (1889)	Buried polypore
729	...	VI. 4907	<i>P. umbilicatus</i>	<i>Berk., Hook.</i> , Journ. 79 (1851)	Umbilicate polypore
730	...	5222	<i>P. unguatus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIII. 115 (1885)	Hooked polypore
731	508	4958	<i>P. varius</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. I. 352 (1821)	Variable polypore
732	...	5178	<i>P. Weinmanni</i>	<i>Fries</i> , Epier. 459 (1838)	Weinmann's polypore
733	550	5237	<i>P. zonalis</i>	<i>Berk.</i> , Ann. Nat. Hist. X. 375 (1842)	Zoned polypore
61. FOMES.—Fries,					
734	572	VI. 6300	<i>F. amboinensis</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIII. 118 (1885)	Amboina fomes
734A	572	5303	<i>F. amboinensis</i> , var. <i>gibbosus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIII. 118 (1885)	Swollen fomes
735	708	5487	<i>F. annosus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 20 (1885)	Aged fomes
735	683	5397	<i>F. applanatus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 18 (1885)	Flattened fomes
737	681	5394	<i>F. australis</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 18 (1885)	Southern fomes
737A	581	IX. 723	<i>F. australis</i> , var. <i>arculatus</i>	<i>Bres.</i> , Pug. Myc. Austr. (1890)	Bow-shaped fomes
738	723	VI. 5529	<i>F. bistratosus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 21 (1885)	Stratose fomes
739	717	5509	<i>F. carneus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 21 (1885)	Flesh-coloured fomes
740	582	5395	<i>F. chilensis</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 18 (1885)	Chiliau fomes
741	718	5512	<i>F. cinereo-fuscus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 21 (1885)	Ashy-brown fomes
742	709	5491	<i>F. compressus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XV. 51 (1885)	Compressed fomes
743	579	IX. 705	<i>F. concavus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIX. 44 (1890)	Concave fomes
744	580	VI. 5385	<i>F. conchatus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 18 (1885)	Shell-shaped fomes
745	710	5485	<i>F. connatus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 20 (1885)	Connate fomes
745	594	5451	<i>F. contrarius</i>	<i>Berk. and Curt.</i> , Grev. XV. 21 (1885)	Contrary fomes
747	...	5524	<i>F. cryptarum</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. I. 375 (1821)	Crypt fomes
748	705	5481	<i>F. Curreyi</i>	<i>Berk.</i> , Grev. XV. 21 (1885)	Currey's fomes
749	578	5359	<i>F. dochmius</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 17 (1885)	Oblique fomes
750	704	5478	<i>F. endapalus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 20 (1885)	Soft fomes
751	593	5450	<i>F. exotephrus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 19 (1885)	Ashy fomes
752	715	5499	<i>F. fasciatus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 21 (1885)	Banded fomes

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Polystictus, Fomes, Favolus, Trametes, Poria, Boletus, Dædalea— <i>continued.</i>									
720	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Fleshy to corky, cushion shaped, fragile, whitish; margin obtuse, somewhat reddish.
721	Q.	...	Wood ...	Semicircular, decurrent behind, rough, short, invested with tow-like wool, pale ochrey when dry.
722	Q.	...	Wood ...	Corky, rather thin, sessile, entirely cream coloured, kidney shaped, faintly concentrically zoned.
723	T.	...	...	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	Large, tufted, and much divided; of juicy, cheesy, or doughy consistence. Caps very broad, overlapping, reddish or lemon yellow.
724	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Cap circular, thick in centre, thin at margin, somewhat lobed, slightly zoned, velvety, rusty bay. Stem short, central or lateral.
725	T.	...	N.S.W.	...	...	Rotten wood	Soft, downy, snow white. brown behind. Hymenium white, then turning slightly ashy.
726	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Caps overlapping, rigid, powdery, obscurely streaked and rough here and there.
727	Q.	...	Fallen branches	Cap leathery to membranous, rigid, convex, then funnel shaped, yellowish, with fringe of stiff brown hairs. Stem thin, yellowish brown.
728	Q.	...	Ground ...	Cap fleshy, firm, pale, with darker sunken scales. Stem short, thick, solid, ochrey.
729	T.	...	...	...	...	Wood ...	Cap fleshy to tough, umbilicate, then somewhat funnel shaped, snow white or cream coloured. Stem swelling above, and below minutely scaly.
730	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Cap hard, whitish, shortly hooked behind, delicately downy, margin obtuse, wrinkled.
731	W.A.	...	T.	V.	...	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	Cap fleshy, tough, becoming woody, variable in form. Stem excentric and lateral, finally black.
732	V.	...	...	...	Trunks ...	White to red. Cap fleshy to spongy, firm, with reddish-brown hairs.
733	V.	...	Q.	...	Wood ...	Corky, thin, overlapping, sessile, semicircular, lobed, repeatedly zoned, covered with bloom, fawn colour.

Nov. Symb. 31 (1851).—Agaricus, Polyporus, Boletus, Trametes, Ganoderma.

734	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Cap corky to woody, somewhat ear-shaped, rough, pimpled. Stem lateral, very long, turning black.
734A	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Cap somewhat kidney shaped, and stem reddish brown.
735	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	Woody, rough, for the current year brown and silky; for previous season with blackened crust.
736	...	...	...	V.	...	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	Flattened, tuberculous, obsolete zoned, powdery, cinnamon to hoary.
737	...	...	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Very hard, semicircular, sessile, wavy, incrustated, somewhat bay brown.
737A	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Margin thicker, bow shaped.
738	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Wood ...	Spread out, umber, with very little substance. Pores stratose, punctiform.
739	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	Expanded and reflexed, woody, hard, thin, without zones, flesh coloured without and within.
740	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Corky, hoof shaped and dilated, with elevated ridges, brick red, turning pale.
741	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Semicircular, woody, very hard. Margin thin, ashy brown.
742	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	Q.	...	Wood ...	Small, obliquely compressed, hoof shaped, zoned, light brown at first, dark brown afterwards.
743	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Very hard, semicircular, turning nearly black, comparatively thin and covered with hard crust.
744	...	...	...	V.	...	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	Corky to leathery, thin, spread out, somewhat shell shaped, bay brown.
745	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	Corky to woody, spread out, overlapping and growing into each other, downy white or ashy.
746	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Somewhat zoned, brown at first, ochrey, thin, rigid, downy, finally smooth.
747	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Logs and rotten wood	Corky to tow like, zoneless, silky, reddish to rusty brown, but variable.
748	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Rigid, corky to leathery, semicircular, kidney shaped, brown, with concentric elevated zones.
749	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Wood ...	Semicircular, oblique, hard, zoned, banded.
750	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	Q.	...	...	Overlapping each other, leathery, bay brown, longitudinally rough in lines, delicately downy, substance soft.
751	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Hard, zoned, delicately downy at first, then smooth. Margin furrowed, lobed.
752	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Woody, thin, flattened, rusty brown with black bands.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
61. FOMES.—Fries, Nov. Symb. 31 (1851).—					
753	713	VI. 5501	<i>F. ferreus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 21 (1885)	Hard fomes
754	686	5409	<i>F. fomentarius</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 18 (1885)	Tender fomes
755	689	" 6417	<i>F. fulvus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 18 (1886)	Brown fomes
766	703	" 5477	<i>F. Gourliei</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 20 (1885)	Gourlie's fomes
757	690	" 5424	<i>F. gryphæformis</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 19 (1885)	Shell-shaped fomes
758	692	" 5449	<i>F. hcmileucus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 19 (1885)	Whitish fomes
759	711	" 6497	<i>F. hemitephrus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 21 (1885)	Half-ashy fomes
760	719	" 5519	<i>F. homalopilus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 21 (1885)	Smooth-piled fomes
761	687	" 5412	<i>F. igniarius</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 18 (1885)	Tinder fomes
762	720	6523	<i>F. incrassatus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 21 (1886)	Thickened fomes
763	699	" 5468	<i>F. inflexibilis</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 20 (1885)	Inflexible fomes
764	697	" 6465	<i>F. lineato-scaher</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XV. 51 (1886)	Rough-lined fomes
765	700	5470	<i>F. linteus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 20 (1885)	Linty fomes
766	673	6305	<i>F. lucidus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIII. 118 (1885)	Varnished fomes
767	722	6628	<i>F. luridus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 21 (1885)	Lurid fomes
768	677	5352	<i>F. marginatus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 17 (1885)	Margined fomes
769	668	5272	<i>F. nigripes</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIII. 117 (1885)	Black-stalked fomes
770	685	5401	<i>F. nigro-laccatus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 18 (1885)	Black-lacquered fomes
771	716	5507	<i>F. ohlinitus</i>	Berk., Grev. XV. 22 (1886)	Variegated fomes
772	721	6527	<i>F. obliquus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 21 (1885)	Oblique fomes
773	684	" 6400	<i>F. orbiformis</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 18 (1885)	Orbicular fomes
774	712	" 6520	<i>F. Palliseri</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 21 (1885)	Palliser's fomes
776	701	5469	<i>F. pectinatus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 20 (1885)	Comb-like fomes
776	707	6484	<i>F. ponderosus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 20 (1885)	Weighty fomes
777	670	6282	<i>F. pullatus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIII. 117 (1885)	Mourning fomes
778	696	6461	<i>F. pullus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 19 (1885)	Russet-brown fomes
779	688	6416	<i>F. rimosus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 18 (1886)	Cracked fomes
780	702	5473	<i>F. rhigioceros</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 20 (1885)	Rusty fomes... ..
781	669	5281	<i>F. rudis</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIII. 117 (1886)	Rough fomes
782	671	" 6283	<i>F. rugosus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIII. 117 (1886)	Wrinkled fomes
783	691	" 5429	<i>F. salicinus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 19 (1886)	Willow fomes
784	876	5342	<i>F. scansilis</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIII. 119 (1886)	Climbing fomes
785	714	" 6505	<i>F. scopulosus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 21 (1885)	Craggy fomes
786	676	" 6335	<i>F. senex</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIII. 118 (1886)	Old fomes
787	698	" 6466	<i>F. spadiceus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 20 (1886)	Bright-brown fomes
788	706	6480	<i>F. strigatus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 20 (1885)	Stiff-haired fomes
789	674	5315	<i>F. superpositus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIII. 118 (1885)	Superposed fomes
790	695	6452	<i>F. tasmanicus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 19 (1885)	Tasmanian fomes

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number	Habitat.						Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.		
753	N.S.W.	Q	.. Wood ...	Hard like iron, corky. Caps of current year fawn coloured; velvety of previous year, banded with brown.
754	N.S.W.	...	B. Stumps ...	Hoof shaped, cushion like, thick, sooty brown, becoming hoary, throwing off a snuff-like powder.
755	W.A.	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q	B. Trunks ...	Woody to corky, very hard at first; hairy, brown, then hoary.
756	T.	...	...	...	Bark ...	Semicircular, convex, sparingly zoned, velvety like tow, amber.
757	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Very hard, hemispherical, shell shaped, cinnamon; margin rather thin, bay brown.
758	Q	Stems ...	Corky, thick, rigid, semicircular, delicately downy, white.
759	V.	...	...	Trunks ...	Hoof shaped, concentrically furrowed, purple brown to ashy, very delicately downy.
760	Q	Trunks ...	Semicircular, sessile, leathery to corky, rigid, thin, reddish brown.
761	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q	B. Trunks; very common on <i>Casuarinas</i>	Hoof shaped, with thin hoary cuticle, rusty brown, becoming blackish, substance zoned and very hard. Common.
762	Q	Trunks ...	Hard, kidney shaped, at first thin, without zones, at length thickened, repeatedly zoned, coffee colour.
763	Q	Trunks ...	Hoof shaped, brown, crested, furrowed, quite hard.
764	Q	Trunks ...	Semicircular, rigid, brown; margin frequently zoned, lineately radiate, rough.
765	Q	Bark ...	Hard, heavy, semicircular, furrowed, radiately cracked, brown, but rendered pale by lint-white down.
766	T.	...	...	Q	B. Base of stumps ...	Cap corky to woody, fan shaped, rough, shining as if lacquered, as well as lateral stem, yellowish red or brown. Very common.
767	N.S.W.	Q	Branches ...	Spread out, closely adherent to the wood; pores white, then livid or lurid.
768	V.	N.S.W.	...	Trunks ...	Corky to woody, hoof shaped, somewhat flattened, incrustated, concentrically furrowed, covered with greyish bloom.
769	N.S.W.	...	Trunks ...	Corky to woody. Cap convex, zoneless, opaque, rusty brown. Stem rooting, shining as if lacquered, black.
770	Q	Wood ...	Fan shaped, corky or woody, rough; margin wavy, chestnut brown to black, shining as if lacquered.
771	N.S.W.	...	Trunks ...	Corky to woody, convex to flattened, kidney shaped, variegated with faint concentric zones, red brown.
772	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q	Trunks, <i>Eucalyptus</i> , &c.	A magnificent fungus. Thick, casting off the bark, pale to bay brown, then blackish.
773	V.	...	...	Trunks ...	Very hard, convex, circular, concentrically furrowed, crustaceous.
774	V.	N.S.W.	Q	Trunks ...	Fleshy to tough and leathery, shell shaped, slightly silky, white behind, ashy brown in front.
775	Q	B. Trunks ...	Corky to woody, hard, concentrically lamellately folded, scurfy, rusty brown.
776	Q	Trunks ...	Remarkable for hardness and weight. Woody, semicircular, sessile, imbricate, shell shaped, lurid grey, at base brownish.
777	V.	...	Q	Ground ...	Circular, rough, with furrowed zones, at first glaucous, delicately velvety, at length brown.
778	Q	Branches of <i>Jasminum racemosum</i>	Small, somewhat imbricate, laterally confluent, hard, semicircular, shell shaped, bay brown.
779	W.A.	S.A.	T.	...	N.S.W.	...	Gum-tree trunks ...	Woody, very hard, hoof shaped, at length cracked, deeply furrowed, dark umber, and nearly black when old.
780	T.	...	...	...	Rotten wood ...	Horizontal, solid, sessile, thin, zoned, rough, minutely velvety when young, rusty, when old tinged with brown.
781	T.	...	...	...	Rotten wood ...	Cap circular, brown, rough, covered with a bloom or fine velvet. Stem nearly central, rooting in wood, brown, covered with tawny bloom, shiny.
782	V.	N.S.W.	Q	Ground ...	Leathery, rigid, concentrically furrowed, bay brown, turning black.
783	Q	B. Trunks of Willows, &c.	Woody, quite hard, wavy, smooth, cinnamon brown or rusty; scent of aniseed.
784	Q	Trunks ...	Cushion shaped, brown, repeatedly deeply furrowed and ribbed, coffee colour.
785	Q	Wood ...	Woody, hard, fan shaped, fixed by the vertex, whitish, zoned, rough.
786	Q	Trunks ...	Large, nearly plane, corky, chestnut brown.
787	V.	N.S.W.	Q	Trunks ...	Hard, leathery or corky, thin, bright brown, minutely velvety, closely zoned.
788	Q	Trunks ...	Rigid, thin, semicircular, brown, zoned, with small scattered stiff hairs.
789	N.S.W.	...	Trunks ...	Cap shell shaped, imbricate, arising from a common lateral cylindrical stem, pale, covered with bloom.
790	T.	...	...	...	Rotten wood ...	Narrow, furrowed, pale brown, downy.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
62. POLYSTICTUS.—Fries, Nov. Symb. 54 (1851).—					
791	764	VI. 5702	<i>P. acutus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 82 (1886)	Acute polystictus
792	735	5572	<i>P. adami</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 78 (1886)	Adam's Peak polystictus
793	740	5584	<i>P. affinis</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 78 (1886)	Allied polystictus
794	799	5869	<i>P. aratus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 86 (1886)	Furrowed polystictus
795	751	5125	<i>P. Beckleri</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Handb. Austr. Fungi 142 (1892)... ..	Beckler's polystictus
796	759	5683	<i>P. biformis</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 81 (1886)	Two-shaped polystictus
797	808	5921	<i>P. bireflexus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 87 (1886)	Bireflexed polystictus
798	807	5917	<i>P. Braunii</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 87 (1886)	Braun's polystictus
799	806	5909	<i>P. breviporus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 87 (1886)	Short-pored polystictus
800	810	5931	<i>P. Broomei</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 87 (1886)	Broome's polystictus
801	785	6786	<i>P. brunneo-albus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 83 (1886)	Brownish-white polystictus
802	743	5616	<i>P. brunneolus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 79 (1886)	Brown polystictus
803	729	6546	<i>P. bulbipes</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 77 (1886)	Bulbous-stalked polystictus
804	796	6846	<i>P. byrsinus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 85 (1886)	Leathery polystictus
805	805	5887	<i>P. caperatus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 86 (1886)	Wrinkled polystictus
806	738	6581	<i>P. carneo-niger</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 78 (1886)	Fleshy black polystictus
807	803	6878	<i>P. cichoraceus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 86 (1886)	Cbicorny-coloured polystictus
808	770	5711	<i>P. cinnabarinus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 82 (1886)	Vermilion polystictus... ..
809	727	5542	<i>P. cinnamomeus</i>	<i>Sacc.</i> , Syll. VI. 210 (1888)	Cinnamon polystictus... ..
810	798	5866	<i>P. citreus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 85 (1886)	Lemon-yellow polystictus
811	763	5700	<i>P. cristatus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 81 (1886)	Crested polystictus
812	792	5836	<i>P. cupreo-roseus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 86 (1886)	Copper-rose polystictus
813	749	5782	<i>P. dispar</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Handb. Austr. Fungi 142 (1892)... ..	Unequal polystictus
814	750	5640	<i>P. elongatus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 80 (1886)	Elongated polystictus
814A	760	5640	<i>P. elongatus</i> , var. <i>Hodgkinsonia</i>	Kalcb., Grev. X. 96 (1882)	Hodgkinson's polystictus
815	809	5922	<i>P. erioporus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 87 (1886)	Cottony polystictus
816	769	6709	<i>P. Eucalypti</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 82 (1886)	Eucalyptus polystictus
817	765	6703	<i>P. extensus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 82 (1886)	Extended polystictus
818	768	5706	<i>P. Feei</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 82 (1886)	Fee's polystictus
819	733	5569	<i>P. flabelliformis</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 76 (1886)	Fan-shaped polystictus
820	773	5733	<i>P. floridanus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 82 (1886)	Florida polystictus
821	754	6646	<i>P. Friesii</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 80 (1886)	Fries' polystictus
822	758	5665	<i>P. funalis</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 80 (1886)	Cord-like polystictus
823	756	6656	<i>P. gallo-pavonis</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 80 (1886)	Peacock polystictus
824	779	6770	<i>P. gausapatus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 83 (1886)	Friezed polystictus
825	780	5773	<i>P. glirinus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 83 (1886)	Dormouse polystictus

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.	
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.				
Trametes, Polyporus, Boletus.										
791	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Branches	...	Spread out, reflexed, thin, pale ochrey, flexihle, margin very acnte.
792	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Rotten wood	...	Cap lateral, spoon shaped, thin, leathery, zoned, hay brown. Stem long, mealy, yellow.
793	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Branches	...	Cap papery, fan shaped, rigid, chestnut brown with darker zones. Stem lateral, thin, chestnut brown.
794	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Trunks	...	Yellowish olive, semicircular, flexihle, concentrically furrowed, shining, smooth.
795	N.S.W.	...	...	Wood	...	Thin, semicircular, whitish or ochrey, roughened with very minute elevations.
796	V.	...	...	...	Trunks	...	Overlapping, cap reflexed, tow-like, leathery, soft, downy, white, not zoned.
797	Q.	...	Trunks	...	Spread out, attached; margin reflexed, incurved, pale, faintly linearly zoned, downy, then smooth.
798	V.	...	...	...	Trunks	...	Sessile, semicircular and overlapping in tufts or circular; soft when moist, hard when dry, chestnut brown.
799	Q.	...	Trunks	...	Rust coloured, membranous, rigid, radiately rough, shell shaped; margin crisped.
800	Q.	...	Old wood	...	Caps very numerous, minute, finally sessile, closely overlapping like scales, whitish yellow, brown when dry.
801	T.	...	...	...	...	Trunks	...	Overlapping, semicircular, somewhat zoned, thin, leathery, rusty to blackish brown, velvety.
802	Q.	...	Trunks	...	Corky to leathery, thin, kidney or fan shaped, pale fawn colour, thickly zoned, silky, and shining.
803	W.A.	...	T.	V.	...	...	...	Ground	...	Cinnamon. Cap leathery to membranous, fibrously radiate. Stem cylindrical, velvety, hulous.
804	Q.	...	Bark	...	Broad, of one colour, leathery, soft, thin, elastic, reflexed, semicircular, downy, concentrically furrowed.
805	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Wood	...	Solid, woody to leathery, thin, zoned, variegated with brown, velvety at first, then naked, often shining.
806	Q.	...	Wood	...	Cap kidney shaped, thin, black, radiately rough, obscurely zoned. Stem of same colour, velvety, brown downwards.
807	V.	...	Q.	...	Trunks	...	Overlapping, thin, leathery, rigid, circular or kidney shaped, lobed, plaited, zoned, brown, silky.
808	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Trunks, &c.	...	Corky, somewhat zoned, rough, downy, becoming smooth, vermilion.
809	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	B.	Woods, amongst moss	...	Bright cinnamon without and within. Cap zoned. Stem velvety.
810	Rotten wood	...	Narrow, spoon shaped, or split and fan shaped, lemon yellow, zoned a little.
811	Q.	...	Trunks	...	Widely extended with margins broadly reflexed, thin, bright ochre, flexihle, fringed with nearly erect hairs.
812	Wood	...	Thin, leathery, copper coloured, silky, shining, radiately rough, thickly zoned.
813	V.	...	...	...	Trunks	...	Overlapping, confluent, base wedge shaped, sessile, fan shaped, lobed, slightly zoned, tan coloured.
814	V.	...	Q.	...	Dead leaves	...	Wedge shaped, rounded in front and lobed, tapering behind, thin, leathery, downy, pale ochre.
814A	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Wood	...	Cap rigid, spoon shaped, densely streaked, silky at first, then minutely warted, stem short, disc shaped.
815	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Branches	...	White, attached, cottony; margin slightly reflexed.
816	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	Q.	...	Trunks of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	...	Fleshy to corky (deformed), velvety, soft to the touch, zoneless, opaque, varying in colour from umber or hay to violet.
817	Q.	...	Trunks	...	Leathery, spread out, reflexed, radiately hispid, slightly concentrically zoned, thin, ochrey olive.
818	W.A.	...	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Trunks	...	Corky to leathery, with long hairs, zoned, brown, becoming hoary.
819	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Wood	...	Cap leathery to membranous, zoned, covered with dingy evanescent down, somewhat hay brown. Stem very short, lateral.
820	Q.	...	Trunks	...	Pale bay, somewhat fan shaped, laterally growing together, thin, leathery, zoned, downy.
821	T.	...	...	...	...	Trunks	...	Leathery, thin, fan shaped, expanded from narrow base, densely concentrically straked, silky, yellowish tan.
822	Q.	...	Trunks	...	Fibrously spongy, sessile, shell shaped, rusty, entirely resolved into rigid, much branched, cord-like fibres.
823	Q.	...	Trunks	...	Leathery, thin, rigid, flattened, shell shaped, slightly downy, greyish fawn colour, linearly zoned.
824	N.S.W.	...	...	Trunks	...	Fleshy to leathery, rigid, semicircular, sessile, shell shaped, zoned, hispid and rough to the touch, fawn to brownish.
825	Q.	...	Trunks	...	Semicircular or somewhat reniform, shell shaped, delicately downy, zoned, mouse or olive coloured.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
62. POLYSTICTUS.—Fries, Nov. Symb. 54 (1851).—					
826	801	VI. 5875	<i>P. Hasskarlii</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 86 (1886)</i>	Hasskarl's polystictus
827	777	5760	<i>P. hirsutus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 83 (1886)</i>	Hirsute polystictus
828	760	5689	<i>P. hololeucus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 81 (1866)</i>	Entirely white polystictus
829	784	5784	<i>P. hypothejus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 83 (1886)</i>	Under-yellow polystictus
830	775	5755	<i>P. illotus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 83 (1886)</i>	Dirty polystictus
831	742	5591	<i>P. intonsus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 79 (1886)</i>	Unshorn polystictus
832	748	5639	<i>P. laceratus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 80 (1886)</i>	Torn polystictus
833	811	5933	<i>P. latus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 87 (1886)</i>	Broad polystictus
834	757	6663	<i>P. leonotis</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 80 (1886)</i>	Leonine polystictus
835	745	5630	<i>P. libum</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 79 (1886)</i>	Cake polystictus
836	767	6708	<i>P. lilacino-gilvus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 82 (1886)</i>	Lilac-yellow polystictus
837	781	5777	<i>P. limhatus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 83 (1886)</i>	Bordered polystictus
838	725	6538	<i>P. luteo-nitidus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 77 (1886)</i>	Bright-yellow polystictus
839	800	6870	<i>P. luteo-olivaceus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 86 (1886)</i>	Olive-yellow polystictus
840	737	5577	<i>P. luteus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 78 (1886)</i>	Yellow polystictus
841	753	6644	<i>P. multilobus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 80 (1886)</i>	Many-lobed polystictus
842	736	6574	<i>P. mutabilis</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 78 (1886)</i>	Changeable polystictus
843	739	5582	<i>P. nephridius</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 78 (1886)</i>	Kidney-shaped polystictus
844	728	5545	<i>P. oblectans</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 77 (1886)</i>	Alluring polystictus
845	776	6768	<i>P. obstinatus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 83 (1886)</i>	Hard polystictus
846	794	5343	<i>P. occidentalis</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 85 (1886)</i>	Western polystictus
847	752	5642	<i>P. ornithorhynchi</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 80 (1886)</i>	Ornithorhynchus polystictus
848	730	5648	<i>P. parvulus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 77 (1886)</i>	Very small polystictus
849	789	5820	<i>P. peradenia</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 84 (1886)</i>	Peradenia polystictus
850	726	6643	<i>P. perennis</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 77 (1886)</i>	Perennial polystictus
861	...	5696	<i>P. pergamenus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 81 (1886)</i>	Parchment polystictus
862	744	6623	<i>P. peroxydatus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 79 (1886)</i>	Peroxide polystictus
853	791	5832	<i>P. Persoonii</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 85 (1886)</i>	Persoon's polystictus
854	783	6781	<i>P. pinsitus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 83 (1886)</i>	Crushed polystictus
855	734	6571	<i>P. porphyrites</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 78 (1886)</i>	Purple-coloured polystictus
856	761	5693	<i>P. proteiformis</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 81 (1886)</i>	Protens-like polystictus
857	731	IX. 730	<i>P. quadrans</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 78 (1886)</i>	Quadratate polystictus
858	771	VI. 5717	<i>P. radiatus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 82 (1886)</i>	Radiate polystictus
859	755	5648	<i>P. radiato-rugosus</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 80 (1886)</i>	Radiately-rough polystictus
860	747	5634	<i>P. rasipes</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 79 (1886)</i>	Rough-stalked polystictus
861	795	5844	<i>P. rigens</i>	<i>Sacc. and Cub., Syll. Fung. VI. (1888)</i>	Stiff polystictus

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.	
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.				
826	Q.	...	Trunks ...	...	Corky, overlapping, zoned, velvety, bay brown.
827	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	...	Corky to leathery, hirsute, with rigid hairs, zoned with concentric furrows, whitish to tawny. Common.
828	V.	...	...	...	Trunks ...	...	Wholly white, loosely corky, semicircular, sessile, concentrically furrowed, flesh tinder-like.
829	N.S.W.	...	...	Trunks ...	...	Thin, leathery, shell shaped, narrow at base, with silky hairs, white, zoned. Pores becoming bright yellow.
830	V.	...	...	...	Trunks ...	...	Leathery to membranous, softly velvety, concentrically furrowed, dingy grey, turning brownish.
831	T.	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood	...	Small. Cap fan shaped, thin, velvety, brown. Stem excentric, short.
832	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Branches	...	Spread out and reflexed, thin, zoned, rough, streaked, wood colour.
833	T.	...	...	...	...	Branches	...	Inverted, obscurely zoned, corky to leathery, dingy brown, with velvety bloom.
834	Trunks ...	...	Spongy to fleshy, overlapping and grown together, rough haired, zoneless, dark rusty brown.
835	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Wood ...	...	Leathery, polished, fixed behind by a disc, lobed, somewhat zoned, white; margin yellowish.
836	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	...	Q.	...	Rotten wood	...	Somewhat overlapping, corky to leathery, delicate, rough, more or less zoned, brown when old.
837	V.	...	...	...	Trunks ...	...	Leathery, thin, somewhat velvety, concentrically furrow-zoned, becoming rusty.
838	Q.	...	Ground ...	...	Cap rough, yellow, silky, shining, irregularly lobed, thickly zoned, rather velvety at first. Stem deformed, with spongy coating.
839	Q.	...	Trunks ...	...	Woody, rigid, sessile, thin, downy, deeply and concentrically zoned, warted; substance olive yellow.
840	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Wood ...	...	Cap thin, rigid, leathery, fan shaped, yellowish. Stem marginal, dilated at base, yellowish.
841	N.S.W.	...	...	Trunks ...	...	Leathery, thin, rigid, somewhat kidney shaped, narrowed into lateral and very short stem, white to tan; margin lobed.
842	Q.	...	Wood ...	...	Cap leathery, rigid, fan or spoon shaped, zoned, yellowish white, narrowed down into stem, which is lateral and variable in length.
843	Q.	...	Branches	...	Small, thin. Cap veined, smooth, kidney shaped, bay brown. Stem very short, black.
844	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	...	Q.	...	Sandy soil	...	Cap thin, leathery, cut, zoned about centre, shining, bright cinnamon. Stem velvety, reddish brown.
845	Q.	...	Trunks ...	...	Leathery to woody, hardening, thin, somewhat ash coloured, velvety, variegated with narrow zones.
846	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Trunks ...	...	Corky to leathery, spread out and reflexed, concentrically furrowed, yellowish tan, becoming pale.
847	N.S.W.	...	...	Trunks ...	...	Somewhat tufted, thin, leathery, wedge shaped, zoneless, hairy to downy, rusty amber, tapering into short or obsolete stem of same colour.
848	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	...	Cap leathery to membranous, obsolete silky, zoned, bay brown. Stem thin, tuberous, velvety.
849	Q.	...	Wood ...	...	Semicircular, laterally running together, somewhat zoned, silky, membranous, olive.
850	Q.	B.	Ground ...	...	Cap leathery, funnel shaped, velvety, zoned, cinnamon to bay brown. Stem firm, thickened downwards, velvety.
851	Q.	...	Trunks ...	...	Leathery to membranous, rigid, downy, furrowed concentrically, white.
852	N.S.W.	...	...	Trunks ...	...	Thin, nearly circular, rusty, powdery. Cap slightly zoned, rough. Stem short, thick.
853	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Wood ...	...	Leathery, flattened, obsolete zoned, dark blood red, becoming pale.
854	Q.	...	Wood ...	...	Leathery to membranous, tough, hairy, concentrically furrowed, ash coloured.
855	Q.	...	Rotting branches ...	...	Thin, leathery. Cap fan shaped, with ochrey zones, shining brown, becoming purplish. Stem short, of same colour.
856	V.	...	...	...	Trunks ...	...	Spread out and reflexed, tow-like, leathery, white within, slightly concentrically furrowed. Very variable at different stages.
857	Q.	...	Wood ...	...	Cap rigid, smooth, thin, furrowed, zoned, dark ochre. Stem short, excentric, of same colour.
858	V.	...	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	...	Corky, leathery, rigid, radiately rough, velvety at first, brown, then rusty brown.
859	T.	...	...	...	...	Trunks ...	...	Thickly overlapping, thin, radiately rough, dingy white or grey.
860	Q.	...	Trunks ...	...	Cap fan and shell shaped, silky lineate, somewhat velvety, zoned, reddish brown when dry. Stem short, flattened, rather hispid.
861	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Trunks ...	...	Spread out, shortly reflexed, often run together, leathery, rigid, more or less concentrically furrowed, velvety, pale tawny to wood colour.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
62. POLYSTICTUS.—Fries, Nov. Symb. 54 (1851).—					
862	...	VI. 5831	<i>P. rigidus</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 85 (1886)</i> ...	Rigid polystictus ...
863	746	„ 6631	<i>P. sanguineus</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 79 (1886)</i> ...	Blood-red polystictus ...
864	788	„ 5811	<i>P. scorteus</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 84 (1886)</i> ...	Leathery polystictus ...
865	762	„ 5696	<i>P. seriatus</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 81 (1886)</i> ...	Seriate polystictus ...
866	741	5585	<i>P. stereinus</i> ...	Berk. and Curt., Linn. Journ. X. 308 (1869)	Solid polystictus ...
867	787	5808	<i>P. stereoides</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 78 (1886)</i> ...	Stereum-like polystictus ...
868	802	5876	<i>P. tahacinus</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 86 (1886)</i> ...	Tohacco-coloured polystictus ...
869	797	„ 5847	<i>P. tephroleucus</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 85 (1886)</i> ...	Pale-ashy polystictus ...
870	724	„ 6535	<i>P. tomentosus</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 77 (1886)</i> ...	Downy polystictus ...
871	786	5787	<i>P. trizonatus</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 84 (1886)</i> ...	Three-zoned polystictus ...
872	782	„ 6779	<i>P. vellereus</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 83 (1886)</i> ...	Woolly polystictus ...
873	778	„ 6763	<i>P. velutinus</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 83 (1886)</i> ...	Velvety polystictus ...
874	772	„ 5732	<i>P. venustus</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 82 (1886)</i> ...	Graceful polystictus ...
875	790	„ 6827	<i>P. vernicifluus</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 84 (1886)</i> ...	Varnished polystictus ...
876	766	„ 6704	<i>P. versatilis</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 82 (1886)</i> ...	Changing polystictus ...
877	774	„ 6741	<i>P. versicolor</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 83 (1886)</i> ...	Variouly-coloured polystictus ...
878	793	„ 5838	<i>P. vinosus</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XV. 51 (1886)</i> ...	Vinous polystictus ...
879	732	„ 5665	<i>P. xanthopus</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 78 (1886)</i> ...	Yellow-stalked polystictus ...
880	804	„ 5883	<i>P. xerampelinus</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 86 (1886)</i> ...	Purplish-umher polystictus ...
881	...	„ 5771	<i>P. zonatus</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 83 (1886)</i> ...	Zoned polystictus ...
63. PORIA.—Pers. Syn. 542 (1801).—					
882	831	VI. 6062	<i>P. aprica</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 112 (1886)</i> ...	Exposed poria ...
883	840	„ 6153	<i>P. Archeri</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 115 (1886)</i> ...	Archer's poria ...
884	826	„ 5996	<i>P. atro-vinosa</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 110 (1886)</i> ...	Dark-vinous poria ...
886	817	„ 5948	<i>P. calcea</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 109 (1886)</i> ...	Chalky-white poria ...
886	820	„ 5964	<i>P. callosa</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 110 (1886)</i> ...	Thick-skinned poria ...
887	836	„ 6126	<i>P. contigua</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 114 (1886)</i> ...	Contiguous poria ...
888	833	„ 6093	<i>P. corticola</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 113 (1886)</i> ...	Bark-growing poria ...
889	838	„ 6131	<i>P. dictyopora</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XII. 17 (1884)</i> ...	Net-pored poria ...
890	823	„ 6982	<i>P. epilintea</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 110 (1886)</i> ...	Fibrous poria ...
891	839	„ 6138	<i>P. fatiscens</i> ...	Berk. and Rav., Grev. I. 66 (1872)	Cracking poria ...
892	835	„ 6123	<i>P. ferruginosa</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 114 (1886)</i> ...	Rusty poria ...
893	814	„ 5938	<i>P. hyalina</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 109 (1886)</i> ...	Hyaline poria ...
894	824	„ 6984	<i>P. hyposclera</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 110 (1886)</i> ...	Hard poria ...
895	828	„ 6004	<i>P. livida</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. X. 131 (1882)</i> ...	Livid poria ...
896	816	„ 6947	<i>P. medulla-panis</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 109 (1886)</i> ...	Pith-of-bread poria ...
897	830	„ 6057	<i>P. membranincta</i> ...	Berk. Grev. XV. 26 (1886)	Membrane-girt poria ...
898	832	„ 6068	<i>P. merulina</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 112 (1886)</i> ...	Merulius poria ...
899	813	„ 6936	<i>P. mollusca</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 109 (1886)</i> ...	Soft poria ...
900	818	„ 6949	<i>P. niphodes</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 109 (1886)</i> ...	Snow-like poria ...
901	837	„ 6130	<i>P. orbicularis</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 114 (1886)</i> ...	Circular poria ...
902	821	„ 5969	<i>P. parilis</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 110 (1886)</i> ...	Equal poria ...
903	825	6994	<i>P. rufa</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 110 (1886)</i> ...	Red poria ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						D.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Trametes, Polyporus, Boletus— <i>continued.</i>									
862	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Leathery to corky, wedge shaped, light, lurid, brown zoned.
863	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Vermilion. Cap leathery, thin, kidney shaped, shining, obsolete concentrically furrowed. Stem lateral, short, circularly dilated at base.
864	N.S.W.	...	...	Trunks ...	Leathery, flattened on both sides, concentrically furrowed and zoned, shaggy haired, verdigris to grey.
865	V.	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Tow-like, semicircular, rigid, mostly run together in serial order, concentrically furrowed, velvety, hrick red or yellowish tan.
866	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Fan shaped, rigid when dry and inflexed. Cap thin, many zoned, chestnut red. Stem disc sbaped.
867	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Leatbery, thin, rigid, spread out and reflexed, downy, then smooth, grey brown.
868	N.S.W.	...	...	Trunks ...	Overlapping, rusty to hay, leathery, thin, rigid, spread out and reflexed, shell sbaped, downy, concentrically zoned.
869	V.	...	...	...	Wood ...	Semicircular, rigid, leatbery, white, zoned, velvety, with rough hairs.
870	V.	...	Q.	...	Grund ...	Corky, hard, deformed, zoneless, persistently downy, as well as the unequal stem, brown.
871	V.	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Leathery, thin, rigid, ochrey, flattened, silky, variegated with three elevated darker zones.
872	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Semicircular, leathery, soft, thin, white, densely silky haired, zones darker, very narrow.
873	V.	...	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	Corky to leathery, velvety, soft, slightly zoned, white, at length yellowish.
874	W.A.	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Overlapping, forming elongated tufts, reflexed, leathery, zoned, whitish, downy, tufts in front.
875	T.	...	...	Q.	...	Rotten wood	Semicircular, somewhat fan sbaped, thin, varnished and polished, reddish brown.
876	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Rotten wood	Very long, spread out, thin, whitish, flexible; margin broadly reflexed.
877	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	Leathery, thin, rigid, flattened, velvety, shining, variegated with other coloured zones.
878	Q.	...	Rotten wood	Kidney shaped, thin, zoned, delicately velvety, turning smooth, dark wine colour.
879	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Branches	Cap leathery, papery, funnel shaped, zoned, shining, hay brown. Stem sbort, shining, yellowish.
880	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Corky to leatbery, densely overlapping, shell shaped, sbaggy, becoming smooth, with concentric furrowed zones, purplish umber.
881	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Corky to leathery, convex, tubercled and bulging behind, somewhat zoned, shaggy.
Polyporus, Boletus, Corticium.									
882	T.	...	...	...	...	Wood ...	Inverted, spread out, loosely adhering, pale fawn.
883	T.	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood	Inverted, spread out, leatbery to membranous; margin downy.
884	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Trunks ...	Spread out, undefined, dark vinous purple; margin powdery to downy.
885	Q.	...	Wood ...	Chalky white. Inverted, spread out; margin very thin and membranous.
886	Q.	B.	Wood ...	Widely expanded, tough, entire, separable like soft leather, white.
887	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Old wood	Spread out, thick, firm, cinnamon when young, margin at first shaggy.
888	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	Q.	...	Rotting bark	Widely expanded, firm, white.
889	V.	...	Q.	...	Burnt wood	Spread out, undefined, thin, white, incrusting.
890	N.S.W.	...	...	Trunks ...	Inverted, spread out; margin and substance fibrous.
891	Q.	...	Wood ...	Inverted, very thin, powdery, white.
892	W.A.	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Wood, on posts	Spread out, thick, firm, unequal, tawny, then rusty bay.
893	T.	...	...	...	...	Wood ...	Inverted, white, byaline, thin, margin downy.
894	V.	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Spread out, rather thick, margin thin, and pale ochrey or tinged with flesh colour.
895	N.S.W.	...	...	Bark ...	Spread out, defined, crustaceous, livid to sooty brown.
896	Q.	B.	Old wood	Spread out, defined, somewhat wavy, firm, smooth, white.
897	T.	...	...	...	...	Wood ...	Spread out, thin, pale ochrey, seated on a paler membranous layer.
898	T.	...	...	...	...	Wood ...	Inverted, expanded, orange.
899	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	B.	Old wood. Dead bark of <i>Eucalyptus obliqua</i>	Expanded, thin, soft, white, circumference of finely filamentous texture.
900	N.S.W.	...	...	Wood ...	Inverted, snow white, margin very narrow.
901	Living bark	Exactly circular, dark brown, margin membranous with rough down.
902	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bark ...	Longitudinally expanded, closely attached, run together, dry, yellow, becoming pale.
903	V.	...	...	B.	Branches	Expanded, leatbery, thin, attached, smooth, definite outline, blood red.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
63. PORIA.—Pers. Syn. 542 (1801).—					
904	828 his	VI. 6029	<i>P. ruftincta</i>	Berk. and Curt., Grev. XV. 25 (1886)	Reddish poria
905	834	6095	<i>P. sinuosa</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 113 (1886)	Wavy poria
906	815	6942	<i>P. subvincta</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 109 (1886)	Somewhat-hound poria
907	819	5952	<i>P. tarda</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 109 (1886)	Slowly-developing poria
908	829	6035	<i>P. vaporaria</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 111 (1886)	Sweating poria
909	827	" 6003	<i>P. victoriæ</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 111 (1886)	Victorian poria
910	822	" 5983	<i>P. vincta</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 110 (1886)	Bound poria
911	812	" 5936	<i>P. vulgaris</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 381 (1832)	Common poria
64. TRAMETES.—Fries,					
912	859	VI. 6273	<i>T. Curreyi</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Trans., Bot. Soc. Ed. 157 (1878)	Currey's trametes
913	848	6197	<i>T. deveza</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 165 (1873)	Sloping trametes
914	854	6240	<i>T. epithepha</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 165 (1873)	Ash-coloured trametes
915	852	6220	<i>T. fibrosa</i>	Fries, Epicr. 490 (1838)	Fibrous trametes
916	861	...	<i>T. gausapata</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XV. 55 (1886)	Friezed trametes
917	846	6188	<i>T. heteromalla</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. X. 132 (1882)	Shaggy trametes
918	863	6235	<i>T. hispidula</i>	Berk. and Curt., Linn. Journ. X. 319 (1869)	Rough trametes
919	849	6204	<i>T. lactinea</i>	Berk., Ann. Nat. Hist. X. 373 (1842)	Milk-white trametes
920	850	6205	<i>T. lævis</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. VI. 507 (1847)	Even trametes
921	858	6264	<i>T. mollis</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 585 (1874)	Soft trametes
922	842	6181	<i>T. Muelleri</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. X. 320 (1869)	Mueller's trametes
923	856	6247	<i>T. ochroflava</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. IX. 12 (1880)	Ochrey-yellow trametes
924	847	6236	<i>T. ochroleuca</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIX. 99 (1891)	Ochrey-white trametes
925	841	" 6170	<i>T. phellina</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 164 (1873)	Corky trametes
926	843	IX.p. 198	<i>T. picta</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 61 (1883)	Ornamented trametes
927	851	VI. 6213	<i>T. Pini</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 336 (1821)	Pine trametes
928	855	6241	<i>T. pyrochreas</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 164 (1873)	Fleshy trametes
929	857	6249	<i>T. scrobiculata</i>	Berk., Grev. VI. 70 (1877)	Pitted trametes
930	862	6267	<i>T. serpens</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 586 (1874)	Spreading trametes
931	845	" 6185	<i>T. Sprucei</i>	Berk., Hook., Journ. 236 (1866)	Spruce's trametes
932	860	" 5222	<i>T. unguolata</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 165 (1873)	Hoof-shaped trametes
933	844	" 6183	<i>T. versiformis</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIV. 66 (1875)	Variouly-shaped trametes
65. SCLERODEPSIS.—Cooke,					
934	863	VI. 6237 IX.p. 194	<i>S. colliculosa</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIX. 49 (1890)	Hillocky sclerodopsis
66. HEXAGONIA.—Fries,					
936	883	VI. 6278	<i>H. crinigera</i>	Fries, Epicr. 496 (1838)	Hair-bearing hexagonia
936	894	6338	<i>H. decipiens</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 166 (1873)	Deceptive hexagonia
937	890	" 6320	<i>H. discolor</i>	Fries, Nov. Symb. 102 (1851)	Discoloured hexagonia
938	884	" 6290	<i>H. durissima</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XIV. 67 (1876)	Very hard hexagonia

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Polyporus, Boletus, Corticium—continued.									
904	Wood ...	Expanded, rather thick, firm, tawny, rusty bay when old, margin woolly, golden brown.	
905	N.S.W.	...	Wood and bark ...	Broadly expanded, attached, dry, springing from temporary mycelium, white to yellowish. Pores wavy.	
906	T.	...	...	...	Wood ...	Rather thick, widely expanded, white, separable.	
907	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	...	Wood ...	White, then ochrey, mycelium waxy, like <i>Corticium</i> ; margin narrow, downy. Pores slowly developed.
908	W.A.	...	T.	V.	...	Q.	B. Creeping upon rotten wood, &c.	Expanded, mycelium creeping in the wood, woolly, brown or white. Very common.	
909	V.	...	Q.	Trunks ...	Smoky colour, expanded, thin.	
910	V.	...	Q.	Rotten wood ...	Inverted, thick in centre; margin thin, tinged above with red.	
911	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	Q.	B. Wood and branches	Broadly expanded, thin, closely attached and difficult to remove, dry, even, whitish. Very common.	
Epicr. 488 (1838).—Polyporus, Dædalea, Boletus.									
912	N.S.W.	Q.	Trunks ...	Expanded, reflexed, lobed, membranous to leathery, rusty umbr.	
913	N.S.W.	Q.	Trunks ...	Woody, somewhat hoof-shaped, sloping behind, cap velvety, somewhat tawny.	
914	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Hoof-like, sloping behind, zoned, brown, somewhat rough; margin white.
915	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Corky, thin, somewhat wavy, zoned, dark-brown, rough, with thickly grown branched fibres.
916	...	S.A.	...	...	...	Q.	Trunks ...	Spread out behind, reflexed, velvety, zoned, bright umbr, leathery.
917	N.S.W.	...	Trunks ...	Corky, softish, sagggy, concentrically furrowed, whitish, then somewhat ashy.	
918	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	Wood ...	Small, hoof-shaped, rusty umbr, rough behind, margin somewhat downy.
919	...	S.A.	...	...	N.S.W.	Q.	Wood ...	Sessile, irregular, thickish, hard, rigid, zoneless, corky, velvety, warty, milk white.
920	N.S.W.	Q.	Roots ...	Quite even, thick, hoof-shaped, pale-wood colour, delicately downy, somewhat zoned.	
921	N.S.W.	B.	Branches ...	Inverted, distinct, somewhat membranous, pale wood-colour, finally brownish.	
922	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	Wood ...	Semicircular, corky, delicately downy, white, rough, margin lobed, concentrically furrowed.	
923	Q.	Trunks ...	Entirely ochrey-yellow, often overlapping, corky, compact, tuberclose, concentrically zoned.	
924	W.A.	...	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	Bark ...	Hoof-shaped, corky, few-zoned, ochrey white, delicately downy at first; soon smooth and shining.	
925	N.S.W.	...	Rotten wood ...	Corky, attached by circular disc, becoming whitish, rough, zoneless.	
926	N.S.W.	Q.	Wood ...	Semicircular, corky, hard, smooth, pale, with darker concentric bands.	
927	W.A.	...	...	...	...	B.	Trunks ...	Corky to woody, very hard, concentrically furrowed, cracked, rusty brown, turning blackish, odour slight.
928	N.S.W.	Q.	Trunks ...	Thickish, zoned, umbr brown behind, at length velvety; substance compact but soft, tawny.	
929	V.	...	...	Trunks ...	Ochrey, semicircular, slightly furrowed, pitted and dotted, substance corky.	
930	Q.	B. Bark ...	Dry, at first breaking through, tubercular, circular, white; margin distinct, downy.	
931	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	Wood ...	Thickish, humped, obtuse, becoming white.	
932	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Hard, whitish, hoof-shaped, sloping behind, delicately downy.
933	Q.	Wood ...	White, reflexed, lobed, radiately rough, opaque, varying extremely in thickness.	
Grev. XIX. 49 (1890).—Trametes.									
934	N.S.W.	Q.	Wood ...	Sessile, semicircular, thin, hard, leathery, somewhat silky, zoned, ochrey.	
Epicr. 496 (1838).—Favulus, Polyporus.									
935	Q.	Trunks ...	Corky to leathery, bristly, zoneless, brown, turning blackish.	
936	W.A.	S.A.	...	V.	...	Q.	Trunks of <i>Casuarina</i>	Semicircular, zoned, umbr, velvety to rough, furrowed. Species most distinct.	
937	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Bark ...	Expanded, reflexed, unpolished, pale umbr.
938	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	Wood and trunks	Hoof-shaped, rough, zoned with red and brown; substance rather fleshy.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
66. HEXAGONIA.—Fries,					
939	887	VI. 6310	<i>H. Gunnii</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 57 (1845)	Gunn's hexagonia
940	885	" 6300	<i>H. Muelleri</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 166 (1873)	Mueller's hexagonia
941	892	6325	<i>H. polygramma</i>	Cooke, Grev. XV. 58 (1886)	Many-lined hexagonia
942	888	6315	<i>H. rigida</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVI. 54 (1878)	Rigid hexagonia
943	886	6306	<i>H. sericea</i>	Fries, Epier. 497 (1838)	Silky hexagonia
944	893	" 6328	<i>H. similis</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. V. 4 (1846)	Similar hexagonia
945	891	" 6324	<i>H. tenuis</i>	Cooke, Grev. XV. 60 (1886)	Thin hexagonia
945A	891	...	<i>H. tenuis</i> , var. <i>sub-tenuis</i>	Cooke, Grev. XIX. 103 (1891)	Thinnish hexagonia
946	889	VI. 6319	<i>H. umbrinella</i>	Fries, Fung. Nat. 17 (1848)	Umber hexagonia
947	882	" 6274	<i>H. Wightii</i>	Cooke, Grev. XV. 60 (1886)	Wight's hexagonia
67. DÆDALEA.—Pers.					
948	866	VI. 6184	<i>D. ambigua</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 305 (1845)	Ambiguous dædalea
949	874	" 6374	<i>D. aulacophylla</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 166 (1873)	Furrow-leaved dædalea
950	880	" 6409	<i>D. Bowmani</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 166 (1873)	Bowman's dædalea
951	864	" 6359	<i>D. glahrescens</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVI. 39 (1878)	Smooth dædalea
952	876	" 6382	<i>D. Hobsoni</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 165 (1873)	Hobson's dædalea
953	...	...	<i>D. illudens</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXI., 37 (1892)	Illusive dædalea
954	869	VI. 6363	<i>D. incompta</i>	Berk., Linn. Trans. II. 61 (1883)	Unadorned dædalea
955	865	" 6361	<i>D. intermedia</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 385 (1881)	Intermediate dædalea
956	877	" 6404	<i>D. latissima</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 340 (1821)	Very broad dædalea
957	868	...	<i>D. Muelleri</i>	Berk., Grev. XIX. 93 (1891)	Mueller's dædalea
958	870	VI. 6364	<i>D. scalaris</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 61 (1833)	Ladder-like dædalea
959	872	6368	<i>D. Schomburgkii</i>	Berk. in Cooke, Austr. Fung. 27 (1883)	Schomburgk's dædalea
960	878	" 6406	<i>D. sinulosa</i>	Klotzsch, Linn. VIII. 482 (1833)	Flexuous dædalea
961	873	" 6370	<i>D. Sprucei</i>	Berk., Hook., Journ. 236 (1856)	Spruce's dædalea
962	867	IX. 800	<i>D. subcongener</i>	Berk., Grev. XIX. 93 (1891)	Congeneric dædalea
963	879	VI. 6408	<i>D. tasmanica</i>	Sacc. Syl. VI. 384 (1888)	Tasmanian dædalea
964	871	6367	<i>D. tenuis</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. I. 151 (1842)	Thin dædalea
966	875	6376	<i>D. unicolor</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 336 (1821)	One-coloured dædalea
68. CERIOMYCES.—Battarr.					
966	881	IX. 811	<i>C. incomptus</i>	Sacc. Bull. Soc. Myc. Fr. V. 115 (1889)	Unadorned ceriomyces
69. FAVOLUS.—Fries,					
967	896	VI. 6437	<i>F. Boncheanus</i>	Cooke, Grev. XV. 63 (1886)	Boncheanus favolus
968	900	" 6466	<i>F. hispidulus</i>	Berk. and Curt., Linn. Journ. XIII. 167 (1873)	Hispid favolus
969	898	" 6449	<i>F. pusillus</i>	Fries, Linn. V. 511 (1830)	Small favolus
970	899	" 6460	<i>F. Rhipidium</i>	Cooke, Grev. XV. 54 (1886)	Fan-like favolus
971	897	" 6439	<i>F. scaber</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XIV. 57 (1875)	Rough favolus
972	895	" 6430	<i>F. squamiger</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 166 (1873)	Scale-bearing favolus

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Epicr. 496 (1838).—Favolus, Polyporus—continued.									
939	W.A.	...	T.	V.	...	...	Bark, &c.	...	Sessile, somewhat hoof shaped, overlapping, wood coloured, slightly zoned towards the margin.
940	N.S.W.	Q.	Trunks of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	...	Thin, rigid, attached behind by circular disc, many zoned, lobed, ochrey, becoming brownish.
941	...	S.A.	...	...	...	Q.	Trunks	...	Leathery, thin, kidney shaped, shining, pale wood colour to brownish, zoned with concentric furrows.
942	N.S.W.	Q.	Trunks	...	Semicircular, sloping behind, rigid, umber, concentrically zoned and furrowed, radiately rough, finally smooth.
943	Q.	Trunks of <i>Hormogyne cotinifolia</i>	...	Sessile, leathery to membranous, entire, somewhat bell shaped, silky hairy, pale.
944	...	S.A.	...	...	N.S.W.	Q.	Rotten wood	...	Corky to leathery, thin, pale wood colour to tawny, zoned, silky, shining.
945	...	S.A.	...	...	...	Q.	Trunks	...	Leathery, kidney shaped, rigid, becoming hoary, closely concentrically furrowed; margin thin, brown.
945A	...	S.A.	...	...	...	Q.	Branches	...	Only slightly different.
946	Q.	Trunks	...	Corky to leathery, kidney shaped, closely concentrically smooth, umber, opaque.
947	V.	...	Q.	Trunks	...	Corky to leathery, fibrous, bristly, zoneless, brown.
Syn. 499 (1801).—Trametes, Polyporus.									
948	N.S.W.	...	Trunks	...	Corky, thick, convex, zoneless, becoming white.
949	...	S.A.	...	...	...	Q.	Trunks	...	Kidney shaped, sometimes with short stalk, whitish, downy, rather rough, slightly zoned.
950	Q.	Trunks	...	Narrowly reflexed, downy, pale.
951	N.S.W.	...	Trunks	...	Cushion shaped, thick, at first rough and downy, then smooth, zoned, pale.
952	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	Trunks	...	Ochrey white, fleshy, somewhat membranous.
953	V.	...	...	Trunks, &c.	...	Leathery, thin, running down behind, velvety, grey, with darker linear concentric zones.
954	Q.	Trunks	...	Overlapping, pale, variegated with dingy brown spots, split, hard, rough, zoned.
955	Trunks	...	Semicircular, pale, zoned in front, radiately rough.
956	Q.	B. Old trunks	...	Expanded, often spreading for a foot or more in a continuous sheet, corky to woody, thick, wavy, pale wood colour, zoned within.
957	V.	...	...	Trunks	...	Corky, thickish, narrow behind, zoneless, rough, whitish.
958	Q.	Trunks	...	White, overlapping, thick, bleached above.
959	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	Trunks	...	Pale ochrey, corky, thin, flattened, semicircular, zoned, roughish, shortly velvety.
960	Q.	Trunks	...	Expanded, corky to leathery, thin, pale wood colour. Pores flexuous.
961	Q.	Trunks	...	Corky, dirty umber, thin, roughish. Margin zoned.
962	Q.	Trunks	...	Corky, semicircular, flattened, velvety, pale wood colour, concentrically furrowed.
963	T.	...	...	...	Rotten wood	...	Inverted, somewhat circular, thin, brown.
964	...	S.A.	...	...	...	Q.	Stumps	...	Corky, umber to wood colour, semicircular, thin, zoned, rough, becoming almost smooth.
965	V.	...	Q.	B. Trunks	...	Usually overlapping, leathery, velvety, grey, zones of same colour.
Hist. 62 (1759).									
966	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood	...	Somewhat globose, corky to woody, sessile, externally pale, internally sooty brown.
Syst. Myc. 342 (1821).—Hexagonia, Laschia.									
967	V.	...	Q.	Trunks	...	Fleshy, tough, even, then scaly, yellowish tan.
968	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	Stems	...	Cap thin, kidney shaped, hispid, netted, delicately downy. Stem short, cylindrical, rather rough.
969	T.	...	...	...	Trunks	...	Cap rather membranous, kidney shaped, smooth, tawny. Stem very short, blackening.
970	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	Branches, wood, &c.	...	Cap leathery, kidney shaped, concentrically furrowed, pale tan. Stem lateral, short, dilated above.
971	Q.	Wood	...	Cap white, then smoky, rough. Stem very short arising from orbicular disc.
972	N.S.W.	...	Trunks	...	Cap variegated with scales. Stem short, scaly, dilated upwards.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
70. LASCHIA.—Fries,					
973	901	VI. 6507	<i>L. caespitosa</i> ...	<i>Sacc. Syll. VI. 407 (1888)</i> ...	Tufted laschia ...
974	905	„ 6518	<i>L. micropus</i> ...	<i>Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 170 (1873)</i> ...	Small-stalked laschia ...
975	904	„ 6516	<i>L. pustulata</i> ...	<i>Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XIV. 58 (1875)</i> ...	Pustulate laschia ...
976	903	„ 6508	<i>L. Thwaitesii</i> ...	<i>Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XIV. 58 (1875)</i> ...	Thwaites' laschia ...
977	902	„ 6504	<i>L. tremellosa</i> ...	<i>Fries, S.V. 325 (1849)</i> ...	Gelatinous laschia ...
71. CAMPBELLIA.—Cooke and Mass.,					
978	906	VI. 6523 IX. p. 205	<i>C. infundibuliformis</i> ...	<i>Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 87 (1890)</i> ...	Funnel-shaped campbellia ...
72. MERULIUS.—Hall.					
979	910	VI. 6542	<i>M. aureus</i> ...	<i>Fries, Elench. 62 (1828)</i> ...	Golden merulius ...
980	909	„ 6538	<i>M. Baileyi</i> ...	<i>Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 62 (1883)</i> ...	Bailey's merulius ...
981	907	„ 6532	<i>M. corium</i> ...	<i>Fries, Elench. 58 (1828)</i> ...	Leathery merulius ...
982	914	„ 6563	<i>M. lacrymans</i> ...	<i>Fries, S.M. I. 328 (1821)</i> ...	Weeping merulius (Dry Rot) ...
983	913	„ 6559	<i>M. pallens</i> ...	<i>Berk., Outl. 296 (1860)</i> ...	Pale merulius ...
984	908	...	<i>M. pelliculosus</i> ...	<i>Grev. XIX. 109 (1891)</i> ...	Pellicle-like merulius ...
985	912	VI. 6553	<i>M. serpens</i> ...	<i>Tode., Abh. Hall. I. 355 (1790)</i> ...	Spreading merulius ...
986	911	„ 6550	<i>M. tenuissimus</i> ...	<i>Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 62 (1883)</i> ...	Very thin merulius ...
987	...	...	<i>Xylostroma giganteum</i> ...	<i>Fries.</i> ...	Gigantic xylostroma ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number	Habitat.						D.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
in Linn. V. 533 (1830).									
973	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Branches ...	Densely tufted. Caps conical. Stems smooth, united at base.
974	V.	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Tawny yellow, minute, peziza-like, shortly stalked.
975	Q.	...	Rotten wood	Cap ochrey, then rusty, turherculose, circular. Stem oblique, of same colour.
976	Q.	...	Wood ...	Tufted and gregarious. Cap tremelloid, often oblique, orange. Stem slender, white.
977	W.A.	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Rotten wood	Bell shaped, attached behind, membranous, gelatinous, entirely dark red, rather thick, leathery when dry.
Grev. XVIII. 87 (1890).									
978	V.	...	...	...	Wood ...	Gelatinous, large, stalked. Cap deeply funnel shaped, thick. Stem short, thick, expanded disc at base.
Helv. 150 (1768).—Boletus.									
979	Q.	...	Wood ...	Expanded, thin, membranous, adherent, golden yellow.
980	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Fan shaped, viscid, smooth, almost orange coloured when fresh. Margin notched, rough, inflexed, flesh yellow.
981	W.A.	...	T.	V.	...	Q.	B.	Trunks and branches	Expanded, soft, rather papery, shaggy beneath, white.
982	W.A.	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Rotten wood chiefly of dwellings, in cellars	Large, spongy to fleshy, rusty yellow, web-like or velvety below.
983	T.	V.	...	...	B.	Trunks ...	Attached, fleshy, somewhat gelatinous, thin, slightly downy.
984	V.	...	...	...	Branches of <i>Acacia</i>	Broadly expanded, membranous, white, hyaline when dry, like a thin pellicle.
985	Q.	B.	Rotten wood	Crustaceous, attached, thin, pale, then reddish, spreading in wavy manner.
986	Q.	...	Parasitic on <i>Hymenochæte</i>	Papery, forming very thin irregular yellowish-brown patches, nearly white at margin.
987	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Heart wood of various Eucalypts	This is the sterile state of a wood-destroying fungus, probably belonging to Polyporaceæ, and consisting of thick dense leathery sheets like chamois leather.

ORDER III.—HYDNACEÆ, FRIES.

73. Hydnum, Linn.
74. Sistotrema, Pers.
75. Irpex, Fries.

76. Radulum, Fries.
77. Phlebia, Fries.

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
ORDER III.—HYDNACEÆ,					
73. HYDNUM.—Linn.,					
988	934	VI. 6761	<i>H. alutaceum</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 417 (1821) ...	Wash-leather hydnum ...
989	920	6639	<i>H. ambustum</i> ...	Cooke and Mass, Grev XVI. 32 (1887) ...	Scorched hydnum ...
990	...	...	<i>H. calcareum</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXI. 38 (1892) ...	Chalky-white hydnum ...
991	938	VI. 6809	<i>H. cervinum</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 256 (1860) ...	Fawn hydnum ...
992	...	6696	<i>H. cirrhatum</i> ...	Pers., Syn. 658 (1801) ...	Curled hydnum ...
993	925	6677	<i>H. coralloides</i> ...	Seop. Carn. 472 (1772) ...	Coralline hydnum ...
994	921	IX. 840	<i>H. crocidens</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. XIX. 45 (1890) ...	Saffron-coloured hydnum ...
995	924	VI. 6664	<i>H. cyathiforme</i> ...	Schaeff., Fl. Dan. 1020 ...	Cup-shaped hydnum ...
996	930	6731	<i>H. delicatulum</i> ...	Klotzsch., Ann. Nat. Hist. III. 395 (1839) ...	Delicate hydnum ...
997	933	6757	<i>H. dispersum</i> ...	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 53 (1845) ...	Scattered hydnum ...
998	940	6824	<i>H. filicieola</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 256 (1860) ...	Fern-growing hydnum ...
999	927	6722	<i>H. flavum</i> ...	Berk., Ann. Nat. Hist. X. 380 (1842) ...	Yellow hydnum ...
1000	931	6733	<i>H. gilvum</i> ...	Berk., Hook., Journ. 168 (1861) ...	Yellowish-tan hydnum ...
1001	923	6660	<i>H. graveolens</i> ...	Delast. in Fries, Hym. Eur. 605 (1874) ...	Strong-smelling hydnum ...
1002	936	6779	<i>H. investiens</i> ...	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 57 (1845) ...	Lining hydnum ...
1003	941	6836	<i>H. isidioides</i> ...	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 53 (1845) ...	Isidium-like hydnum ...
1004	918	6624	<i>H. lævigatum</i> ...	Swartz., Vet. Akad. Handl. 243 (1810) ...	Smooth hydnum ...
1005	932	6738	<i>H. membranaceum</i> ...	Bull., Champ 481 (1798) ...	Membranous hydnum ...
1006	926	6705	<i>H. merulioides</i> ...	Berk., Linn. Trans. II. 63 (1883) ...	Merulius-like hydnum ...
1007	939	6812	<i>H. mucidum</i> ...	Pers., Syn. 661 (1801) ...	Hoary hydnum ...
1008	929	6727	<i>H. Muelleri</i> ...	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 167 (1873) ...	Mueller's hydnum ...
1009	922	6657	<i>H. nigrum</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 404 (1821) ...	Black hydnum ...
1010	928	6725	<i>H. ochraceum</i> ...	Pers., Syn. 669 (1801) ...	Ochrey hydnum ...
1011	919	6633	<i>H. repandum</i> ...	Linn., Sp. Pl. 1178 (1763) ...	Repand hydnum ...
1012	937	6795	<i>H. udum</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 422 (1821) ...	Moist hydnum ...
1013	935	6778	<i>H. xanthum</i> ...	Berk. and Curt., Grev. I. 93 (1872) ...	Yellow hydnum ...
1013A	...	...	<i>H. xanthum</i> , var. <i>teretidens</i>	Cooke., Handb. Aust. Fung. 172 (1892) ...	Cylindrical hydnum ...
74. SISTOTREMA.—Pers.					
1014	943	VI. 6872	<i>S. irpicinum</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 62 (1883) ...	Irpex-like sistotrema ...
75. IRPEX.—Fries,					
1015	949	VI. 6925	<i>I. Archeri</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 257 (1860) ...	Archer's irpex ...
1016	947	6896	<i>I. flavus</i> ...	Klotzsch, Linn. VIII. 488 (1833) ...	Yellow irpex ...
1017	944	6876	<i>I. hexagonoides</i> ...	Kalch., Grev. IX. 1 (1880) ...	Hexagonia-like irpex ...

ARRANGEMENT OF GENERA (9).

78. *Grandinia*, Fries.
79. *Porothelium*, Fries.

80. *Odontia*, Pers.
81. *Kneiffia*, Fries.

Number.	Habitat.						R	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W. A.	S. A.	T.	V.	N. S. W.	Q.			

FRIES, PL. HOM. 80 (1825).

Sp. Pl. 1178 (1753).

988	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B.	Rotten wood	...	Spore-bearing surface expanded longitudinally, crustose, smooth, pale ochre. Spines acute.
989	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Sandy soil	...	Cap fleshy to membranous, brick red, turning black. Stem erect, slender, paler than cap.
990	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Bark	...	Chalky white, opaque, widely expanded. Spore-bearing surface crustose, smooth, mealy. Has a scorched appearance when dry.
991	...	...	...	T.	...	...	...	Rotten wood	...	Inverted, expanded, indistinct margin, pale vinous, at first delicately downy.
992	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B.	Trunks	...	Fleshy, expanded, colour variable, the upper surface with long curled abortive spines.
993	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Rotten wood, trunks	Much branched, creamy, like cauliflower at first, then a mass of coralline branches.
994	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Ground	...	Cap fleshy, thin, ochrey yellow. Stem central, slender, smooth when dry.
995	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Woods	Small, commonly grown together. Cap leathery, thin, funnel shaped. zoned, ashy pale. Stem smooth, slender, disc rather downy.
996	...	...	...	...	N. S. W.	...	...	Trunks	...	Cap expanded, reflexed, leathery, thin, margin yellowish.
997	W. A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood	...	In long patches. Spore-bearing surface, thin, waxy, at length disappearing.
998	...	...	...	T.	...	...	...	Fern stems	...	Expanded, indistinct margin, white, thin.
999	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Branches	...	Sessile, nearly circular, thin, pale yellow, smooth.
1000	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Rotten wood	...	Fan shaped, overlapping, thin, ochrey to yellowish tan, clothed with cartilaginous radiating hairs.
1001	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Q.	B.	Woods	Cap leathery, thin, soft, zoneless, rough, dark brown, margin whitish. Stem slender. Odour of melilot.
1002	W. A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	In cavities of trunks of <i>Xanthorrhoea</i>	...	Widely expanded, spore-bearing surface at first downy, then compact, smooth.
1003	W. A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Hymenium of <i>Polyporus gryphaeformis</i>	...	Spore-bearing surface crustaceous, white, margin somewhat fringed, separating in chips.
1004	...	...	...	T.	...	...	Q.	B.	Solitary in wood	Cap fleshy, firm, smooth, umber. Stem thick, even.
1005	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Q.	B.	Rotten wood	Spore-bearing surface expanded, waxy, membranous, smooth, tawny to rusty.
1006	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Wood	...	Semicircular, thick, smooth, pale, rough with prominent lines.
1007	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Trunks	...	White. Spore-bearing surface very broad, membranous, soft, evanescent.
1008	...	...	...	...	N. S. W.	...	Q.	Wood	...	Inverted, then reflexed, sometimes growing together, velvety, somewhat zoned.
1009	...	...	...	...	N. S. W.	...	B.	Woods	...	Cap corky, rigid, downy, zoneless, bluish black. Stem stout, black.
1010	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Q.	B.	Trunks and sticks	Small. Expanded and reflexed, leathery, thin, zoned, ochrey.
1011	...	...	...	T.	...	...	B.	Woods	...	Gregarious. Cap fleshy, fragile, repand and wavy, deformed, pale, creamy buff. Stem rather short. Very common. <i>Edible</i> .
1012	...	...	...	T.	N. S. W.	...	Q.	B.	Rotten wood	Spore-bearing surface expanded, thin, somewhat gelatinous, flesh colour to watery yellow.
1013	...	...	...	...	N. S. W.	...	...	Trunks	...	Inverted, thin, margin delicately downy, then waxy. Spines compressed.
1013A	...	...	...	...	N. S. W.	...	...	Trunks	...	Spines not compressed and hanging from the brighter pale-orange cap.

Tent. Disp. 28 (1797).

1014	Q.	Dead branches	...	Somewhat cuticular, thick, delicately downy, pale, descending deeply behind.
------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	---------------	-----	--

Pl. Homon. 81 (1825).—*Polyporus*.

1015	...	...	...	T.	...	...	...	Rotten wood	...	White, inverted. Margin web-like, downy.
1016	...	S. A.	...	V.	N. S. W.	...	Q.	Trunks, &c.	...	Expanded, spongy soft, yellow, margin shortly reflexed, downy.
1017	...	...	...	...	N. S. W.	...	...	Trunks	...	Entirely white. Cap corky to leathery, running down behind, faintly zoned, teeth disposed in honeycomb manner.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
75. IRPEX.—Fries,					
1018	946	VI. 6891	<i>I. maximus</i>	Mont. Ann. Sci. Nat. 2 Ser. VIII. 364 (1837) ...	Largest irpex
1019	950	„ 6883	<i>I. sinuosus</i> , var. <i>cervicolor</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XIV. 60 (1875) ...	Fawn-coloured irpex
1020	948	„ 6902	<i>I. tabacinus</i>	Berk. and Curt., Grev. I. 102 (1872) ...	Tobacco-coloured irpex
1021	945	„ 6888	<i>I. zonatus</i>	Berk., Hook., Journ. 168 (1854) ...	Zoned irpex
76. RADULUM.—Fries,					
1022	951	VI. 6931	<i>R. molare</i>	Fries, Elench. 151 (1828)	Tubercled radulum
77. PHLEBIA.—Fries,					
1023	956	VI. 6965	<i>P. coriacea</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 385 (1881) ...	Leathery pblebia
1024	954	„ 6960	<i>P. hispidula</i>	Berk. Linn., Journ. XIII. 167 (1873) ...	Rough pblebia
1025	952	„ 6950	<i>P. merismoides</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 427 (1821)	Merisma-like pblebia
1026	953	„ 6951	<i>P. radiata</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 427 (1821)	Radiate pblebia
1027	955	„ 6964	<i>P. reflexa</i>	Berk., Hook., Journ. 168 (1851) ...	Reflexed pblebia
78. GRANDINIA.—Fries,					
1028	960	VI. 6980	<i>G. australis</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 257 (1860)	Southern grandinia
1029	959	„ 6976	<i>G. crustosa</i>	Fries, Epicr. 527 (1838)	Crustaceous grandinia... ..
1030	961	IX. 865	<i>G. glauca</i>	Cooke, Grev. XVII. 55 (1889)	Glaucous grandinia
1031	957	VI. 6969	<i>G. granulosa</i>	Fries, Epicr. 527 (1838)	Granular grandinia
79. POROTHELIUM.—Fries,					
1032	915	VI. 6576	<i>P. subtile</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 506 (1821)	Delicate porothelium
80. ODONTIA.—Pers.					
1033	962	VI. 7018	<i>O. secernibilis</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 257 (1860)	Separable odontia
81. KNEIFFIA.—Fries,					
1034	963	VI. 7022	<i>K. Muelleri</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 167 (1873) ...	Mueller's kneiffia
1035	963bis.	„ 7020	<i>K. setigera</i>	Fries, Epicr. 529 (1838)	Bristle-bearing kneiffia

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W. A.	S. A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Pl. Homon. 81 (1825).— <i>Polyporus</i> — <i>continued.</i>									
1018	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Leathery, thin, kidney shaped, at first downy, then naked, concentrically furrowed.
1019	Q.	...	Wood ...	Expanded, shortly reflexed, thin, soft, zoneless, entirely fawn colour.
1020	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Slightly reflexed, somewhat zoned, bay brown, downy.
1021	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Dead wood	Wood colour. Caps overlapping, somewhat fan shaped, leathery, zoned, delicately downy, becoming smooth.
Pl. Homon. 81 (1825).— <i>Hydnum</i> , <i>Sistotrema</i> .									
1022	Q.	...	Trunks, and on peach trees	Broadly expanded, crustaceous, smooth, somewhat yellow. Tubercles deformed, short.
S.M. I. 426 (1821).— <i>Auricularia</i> , <i>Thelephora</i> .									
1023	Q.	...	Ground ...	Spoon shaped, leathery, brown. Folds irregular.
1024	...	S.A.	...	...	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Inverted, reflexed, reddish, zoned, velvety and hispid.
1025	Q.	B.	Trunks, &c.	Expanded, even or incrusting, branched, flesh colour, white. Margin orange.
1026	Q.	B.	Bark ...	Roundish, smooth, red flesh colour. Margin radiately toothed.
1027	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Wood ...	Inverted, semicircular, reflexed, cracked, clothed with spongy down, zoned, vinous brown.
Epicr. 527 (1838).— <i>Hydnum</i> , <i>Thelephora</i> .									
1028	T.	V.	...	...	...	Rotten wood	Inverted, expanded, indistinct margin, pale, cracked, snow white within.
1029	V.	...	...	B.	Bark ...	Mealy, expanded irregularly, crustaceous, white.
1030	Q.	...	Wood ...	Waxy, broadly expanded, glaucous, margin distinct.
1031	T.	...	...	Q.	B.	Old wood...	Waxy, broadly expanded, tan coloured. Margin distinct. Granules hemispherical, crowded.
Obs. II. 272 (1818).— <i>Boletus</i> .									
1032	T.	...	...	...	...	Bark ...	Irregularly expanded, membranous, snow white, porous warts distinct.
Tent. Disp. 30 (1797).									
1033	T.	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood	Inverted, scapular, membranous, white.
Epicr. 529 (1838).									
1034	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood	Resupinate, thin, mealy when young, cracking here and there.
1035	B.	Wood ...	Whitish, pale buff when dry, soft, forming a layer or sometimes fleshy. Bristles rigid, very minute, scattered.

ORDER IV.—THELEPHORACEÆ PERS.

82. Craterellus, Fries.
83. Thelephora, Ehrh.
84. Cladoderris, Pers.

85. Stereum, Pers.
86. Hymenochaete, Lev.
87. Corticium, Fries.

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
---------	-----------------	--------------------	------------------	---------------------	---------------

ORDER IV.—THELEPHORACEÆ,

82. CRATERELLUS.—Fries, Epicr. 531 (1838).—

1036	965	VI. 7046	<i>C. confluens</i>	Berk. and Curt., Linn. Journ. IX. 423 (1867)	Confluent craterellus
1037	964	„ 7042	<i>C. cornucopioides</i>	Pers. Myc., Eur. II. 5 (1822)	Trumpet-shaped craterellus
1038	967	IX. 882	<i>C. multiplex</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 25 (1889)	Multiplex craterellus
1039	966	...	<i>C. pusio</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 258 (1860)	Little craterellus

83. THELEPHORA.—Ehrh. in Roth.

1040	977	VI. 7116	<i>T. Archeri</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 258 (1860)	Archer's thelephora
1041	...	„ 7146	<i>T. atra</i>	Weinm., Ross. 380 (1836)	Black thelephora
1042	975	„ 7098	<i>T. caryophyllea</i>	Pers., Syn. 565 (1801)	Clove thelephora
1043	974	7087	<i>T. conerescens</i>	Fries, Pl. Preiss. II. 136 (1846)	Concrescent thelephora
1044	976	„ 7107	<i>T. congesta</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVI. 168 (1878)	Congested thelephora
1045	984	„ 7159	<i>T. cristata</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 434 (1832)	Crested thelephora
1046	987	„ 7192	<i>T. exsculpta</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 168 (1873)	Carved thelephora
1047	980	„ 7144	<i>T. intybacea</i>	Pers., Syn. 567 (1801)	Endive thelephora
1048	982	„ 7147	<i>T. laciniata</i>	Pers., Syn. 667 (1801)	Cut thelephora
1049	979	„ 7142	<i>T. multipartita</i>	Schwein., in Fries. Epicr. 536 (1838)	Multipartite thelephora
1050	978	„ 7129	<i>T. myriomera</i>	Fries, Pl. Preiss. II. 137 (1846)	Myriad-partite thelephora
1051	...	„ 7103	<i>T. palmata</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 432 (1832)	Palmate thelephora
1052	986	7188	<i>T. pedicellata</i>	Schwein., Syn. Car. 108 (1822)	Elevated thelephora
1053	985	„ 7173	<i>T. riccioidea</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 258 (1860)	Riccia-like thelephora
1054	...	„ 7088	<i>T. spongiæpes</i>	Berk., Linn. Trans. II. 63 (1833)	Spongy-stalked thelephora
1055	983	IX. 887	<i>T. stercoides</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 5 (1889)	Stereum-like thelephora
1056	981	VI. 7145	<i>T. terrestris</i>	Ehrh., Crypt. 179 (1788)	Ground thelephora

84. CLADODERRIS.—Pers. in Freyc.

1057	989	VI. 7211	<i>C. australica</i>	Berk. in Grev. XI. 28 (1882)	Australian cladoderris
1058	988	7210	<i>C. australis</i>	Kalch., in Thum. Syn. Myc. Aust. II. (1878)	Southern cladoderris
1059	990	7216	<i>C. dendritica</i>	Pers., Freyc. Voy. (1826)	Tree-like cladoderris
1060	991	7207	<i>C. spongiosa</i>	Fries, Fung. Nat. 20 (1848)	Spongy cladoderris

85. STEREOUM.—Pers.

1061	1029	VI. 7418	<i>S. acerinum</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 645 (1874)	Maple sterenum
1062	1027	„ 7375	<i>S. amœnum</i>	Mass., Mon. Thel. Linn. Journ. XXVII. 193 (1891)	Charming sterenum
1063	992	„ 7074	<i>S. caperatum</i>	Mass., Mon. Thel. Linn. Journ. XXVII. 161 (1891)	Wrinkled sterenum
1063A	„	„ 7075	<i>S. caperatum</i> , var. <i>lamellatum</i>	Cooke, Handb. Aust. Fung. 182 (1892)	Plaited sterenum
1063B	„	„ 7088	<i>S. caperatum</i> , var. <i>spongipes</i>	Cooke, Handb. Aust. Fung. 182 (1892)	Spongy-stalked sterenum
1064	1013	„ 7371	<i>S. complicatum</i>	Fries, Epicr. 548 (1888)	Crisped sterenum

ARRANGEMENT OF GENERA (12).

88. Peniophora, Cooke.
89. Coniophora, D. C.
90. Aleurodiscus, Rabh.

91. Cyphella, Fries.
92. Solenia, Hoffm.
93. Lachnocladium, Lev.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			

PERS. MYC. EUR. I. 109 (1822).

Cantharellus, Merulius, Peziza, Helvella.

1036	...	...	...	V.	...	Q.	...	Ground ...	Orange, deeply funnel shaped, margin incurved. Stem divided above into numerous caps.
1037	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Wood ...	Somewhat membranaceous, trumpet shaped, sooty brown, becoming black. Stem hollow, smooth, black. Common. <i>Edible</i> .
1038	...	...	T.	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	Kidney shaped, and attached at base to stem in series of five or six superimposed, ochrey. Stem slender, erect, wrinkled.
1039	...	...	T.	...	...	...	...	Among moss ...	Orange. Cap lateral, convex. Stem thickened upward.

Fl. Germ. I. 538 (1788).—Helvella, Clavaria, Merisma.

1040	...	...	T.	V.	...	Q.	...	Ground ...	Forked, branches compressed and dilated above, ochrey.
1041	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Growing in tufts. Expanded, soft, tufts arising from common tuber.
1042	W.A.	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Among grass ...	Purplish brown. Cap somewhat leathery, depressed, margin divided. Stem short and smooth. Inodorous.
1043	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Moist places ...	Tufted and growing together. Cap funnel shaped, brown as well as stem.
1044	...	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Moist places ...	Small, gregarious, dark purple, sparingly branched in a forked manner.
1045	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	On moss, grass, &c. ...	Incrusting, tough, pale, spreading out into branches or fringes.
1046	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Bark ...	Circular, grey, tinged with pink, radiating with teeth towards the margin, powdery, dark purple beneath.
1047	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	...	B.	Woods ...	Tufted, soft, whitish to rusty, then sooty brown.
1048	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B.	On trunks and ground ...	Incrusting, soft to leathery, rusty brown. Very common.
1049	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Ground ...	Leathery, ashy brown. Cap smooth, much divided down to stem in a branching manner.
1050	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	Tufted, papery, flattened and much branched, growing together.
1051	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Ground in woods ...	Fetid, densely clustered. Brownish purple, soft, stem-like base with wedge-shaped branches.
1052	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	Q.	...	Branches ...	Spread out, finely filamentous, compact, cinnamon brown, rooting beneath with bundles of fibres.
1053	...	...	T.	...	...	...	...	Bare soil ...	Pale, closely attached and radiately branched.
1054	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Old wood ...	Funnel shaped, spongy and downy, radiately folded and wrinkled. Stem spongy.
1055	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Bark ...	Leathery, spread out, reflexed, downy, rust colour, crisped at the margin.
1056	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B.	Ground ...	Tufted, soft brown, turning black. Caps overlapping, flattened, running down into sub-lateral stem.

Voy. Bot. 176 (1826).—Thelephora.

1057	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	...	...	Wood ...	Funnel shaped, oblique, fan shaped or semicircular. Stem excentric, short, of an umber colour like the cap.
1058	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	...	...	Trunks ...	Cap somewhat excentric, funnel shaped, oblique, margin with fringed lobes. Stem woody and downy.
1059	...	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Wood ...	Leathery to soft, yellowish tan. Cap kidney shaped, entire. Stem lateral, firm.
1060	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Broadly funnel shaped, spongy, elastic, tan colour. Stem central, very short, woody.

Obs. Myc. I. 35 (1796).—Thelephora, Auricularia, Corticium, Elvella.

1061	...	...	T.	V.	...	...	B.	Bark ...	Crustaceous, smooth, white, thin. Surface generally covered with minute particles of lime.
1062	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Fallen branches ...	Gregarious. Leathery, membranaceous, hairy, white.
1063	...	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Leathery to membranaceous, wrinkled, folded, ochrey, hairy in centre. Stem central, thick, downy.
1063 ^a	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Wood ...	Ochrey. Cap wrinkled, plaited. Stem elongated, velvety.
1063 ^b	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Wood ...	Spongy and downy, both in cap and stem.
1064	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Q.	Branches ...	Papery, furrowed, brownish or ochrey, much crisped and lobed.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
85. STERENUM.—Pers. Obs. Myc. I. 35 (1796).—					
1065	...	VI. 7299	<i>S. concolor</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 259 (1860)	One-coloured sterenum
1066	1000	" 7255	<i>S. crucibuliforme</i>	Mass., Mon. Thel. Linn. Journ. XXVII. 168 (1891)	Crucible-shaped sterenum
1067	993	" 7223	<i>S. cyathiforme</i>	Fries, Epicr. 245 (1838)	Cup-shaped sterenum
1068	994	7233	<i>S. elegans</i>	Fries, Epicr. 545 (1838)	Elegant sterenum
1069	1011	7271	<i>S. fasciatum</i>	Fries, Epicr. 546 (1838)	Banded sterenum
1070	1012	7270	<i>S. gausapatum</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 688 (1874)	Rough-coated sterenum
1071	1014	7288	<i>S. hirsutum</i>	Fries, Epicr. 549 (1838)	Hairy sterenum
1071A	...	...	<i>S. hirsutum</i> , var. <i>tenellum</i> ..	Sacc., Notes Myc. 5 (1890)	Tender sterenum
1071B	...	...	<i>S. hirsutum</i> , var. <i>glauccellum</i>	Sacc., Notes Myc. 6 (1890)	Glauccous sterenum
1072	1015	VI. 7329	<i>S. illudens</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. Bot. IV. 59 (1845)	Deceptive sterenum
1073	1009	7272	<i>S. involutum</i>	Klotzsch, Linnæa VII. 499 (1832)	Involute sterenum
1074	...	7316	<i>S. Kalchbrenneri</i>	Sacc. Syll. VI. 568 (1888)	Kalchbrenner's sterenum
1075	1007	" 7267	<i>S. Leichardtianum</i>	Sacc. Syll. VI. 559 (1888)	Leichardt's sterenum
1076	1008	" 7311	<i>S. lobatum</i>	Fries, Epicr. 547 (1838)	Lobed sterenum
1077	1028	" 7360	<i>S. molle</i>	Sacc. Syll. VI. 577 (1888)	Soft sterenum
1078	998	7247	<i>S. Moseleyi</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVI. 48 (1878)	Moseley's sterenum
1079	995	7229	<i>S. nitidulum</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. Bot. II. 638 (1843)	Shining sterenum
1080	1017	7283	<i>S. ochroleucum</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 639 (1874)	Yellowish-white sterenum
1081	999	7253	<i>S. prolificans</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVI. 41 (1878)	Prolific sterenum
1082	1018	7284	<i>S. purpureum</i>	Pers. Obs. Myc. II. 92 (1796)	Purple sterenum
1083	1006	7263	<i>S. pusillum</i>	Berk., Ann. Nat. Hist., X. 381 (1842)	Small sterenum
1084	1001	7282	<i>S. radiatofissum</i>	Berk. and Broome, Linn. Trans. II. 63 (1883)	Radiately divided sterenum
1085	1020	" 7520	<i>S. radicale</i>	Mass., Mon. Thel. Linn. Journ. XXVII. 187 (1891)	Root-growing sterenum
1086	1019	" 7388	<i>S. retirugum</i>	Cooke, Proc., Roy. Soc. Ed. XI. 456 (1882)	Net-veined sterenum
1087	1023	7336	<i>S. rugosum</i>	Fries, Epicr. 662 (1838)	Wrinkled sterenum
1088	1010	7278	<i>S. semilugens</i>	Kalch., Grev. IX. 1 (1880)	Gloomy sterenum
1089	1021	" 7340	<i>S. simulans</i>	Berk. and Broome, Linn. Trans. II. 64 (1883)	Simulating sterenum
1090	996	" 7070	<i>S. Sowerbyi</i>	Mass., Mon. Thel. Linn. Journ. XXVII. 164 (1891)	Sowerby's sterenum
1091	1022	7289	<i>S. spadiceum</i>	Fries, Epicr. 549 (1838)	Bright-brown sterenum
1092	1032	7387	<i>S. sparsum</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 169 (1873)	Scattered sterenum
1093	1002	7257	<i>S. spathulatnm</i>	Berk., Hook., Journ. VIII. 274 (1866)	Spoon-shaped sterenum
1094	1006	" 7295	<i>S. striatum</i>	Fries, Hym. Eur. 641 (1874)	Streaked sterenum
1096	1030 & 1031	" 7410	<i>S. strumosum</i>	Fries, Nov. Symh. Myc. 111 (1851)	Swollen sterenum
1096	1024	7300	<i>S. sulphuratum</i>	Berk. and Rav., Linn. Journ. X. 331 (1869)	Sulphur-coloured sterenum
1097	...	...	<i>S. theleporoides</i> (substituted for <i>S. pannosum</i>)	<i>Mc Alpine</i> , Syst. Arr. Austr. Fung. (1894) Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXI. 38 (1892)	Thelephora-like sterenum
1098	997	VI. 7254	<i>S. Thozetii</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 385 (1881)	Thozet's sterenum

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
1065	T.	..	..	..	..	Dead branches	Dirty white, semicircular, decurrent behind, soft, downy, contracted when dry.
1066	V.	..	..	..	Wood	Hairy, margin inflexed. Resembling <i>Crucibulum vulgare</i> .
1067	..	S.A.	..	V.	..	..	..	Wood and ground	Leathery, whitish. Cap broad (1½–2½ inches), wine-glass shaped, hristly. Stem about ½ inch long, central, smooth.
1068	..	S.A.	..	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	..	Ground	Cartilaginous to leathery. Cap funnel shaped usually, chestnut, shining. Stem short and slender.
1069	..	S.A.	..	V.	..	Q.	..	Trunks of <i>Eucalypts</i>	Leathery, tufted, thin, ash grey, zoned with shining hay-brown bands, and tapering towards base.
1070	Q.	..	Trunks	Tufted, sessile. Caps soft, corky, shell shaped, rough haired, tawny, becoming pale, fringed.
1071	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Trunks and branches	Leathery, rigid. Caps overlapping, spread out, rough haired, somewhat zoned, dirty ochre, becoming pale. Common.
1071a	..	S.A.	..	..	..	..	..	Rotten wood of <i>Acacia</i>	Membranous. Caps reflexed, whitish, zoned.
1071b	..	S.A.	..	..	..	..	..	Trunks	Cap velvety, discoloured and zoned. Hymenium greyish, glaucous.
1072	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	..	Branches, &c.	Leathery and rather rigid. Caps confluent, zoned, radiately plaited, hay brown.
1073	Q.	..	Trunks	Leathery, tufted. Caps overlapping, grown together, ear shaped, longitudinally furrowed, tapering at base into lateral black stem.
1074	Leathery to membranous, sessile, rough haired, whitish, zoned, whitish, finally tawny.
1075	..	S.A.	..	..	N.S.W.	Q.	..	Trunks	Leathery, flattened, tapering behind, zoned, velvety, tawny.
1076	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	..	Trunks	Sessile, leathery. Cap 3–5 inches across, more or less lobed, downy, zoned, reddish cinnamon or brownish.
1077	Q.	..	Trunks	Sessile, leathery, flexible, tapering behind, zoned, soft and spongy, pale brown.
1078	V.	..	..	..	Sticks	Gregarious. Cap funnel to fan shaped, delicately velvety, somewhat zoned, fawn. Stem thin.
1079	V.	..	Q.	..	Among grass	Cap funnel shaped, thin, rather membranous, smooth, shining, zoned, brown. Stem central, thin.
1080	T.	..	..	Q.	B.	Bark and dead branches	Leathery, thickish, expanded, silky, zoned, hoary.
1081	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	..	Wood, &c.	Gregarious. Cap funnel shaped, zoned and furrowed, velvety, hay brown. Stem very short.
1082	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Trunks, branches, &c.	Tough, soft. Cap spread out, zoned, silky and downy. Hymenium more or less purple.
1083	T.	..	..	..	..	Wood	Cartilaginous to leathery. Cap fan shaped, shining, reddish umber, silky streaked. Stem short, ½ inch high.
1084	Q.	..	Wood	Crowded, thin, fan shaped, silky, shining, hay brown, many zoned, usually split into numerous lobes.
1085	W.A.	..	..	..	..	..	..	Base of living shrubs	Cap thick, white within, spread out, rough haired, whitish tawny.
1086	Wood	Leathery to membranous, mouse coloured. Cap spread out, cup shaped, then flattened, margin fringed. Hymenium net veined.
1087	W.A.	..	..	..	N.S.W.	..	B.	Trunks	Corky, rigid, becoming red when bruised. Cap spread out and partly reflexed, bay brown.
1088	Q.	..	Trunks	Membranous, somewhat tufted, sessile, flattened, semicircular, zoned, rust coloured to umber.
1089	Q.	..	Branches	Cap circular, rigid, wrinkled, yellowish tan, zoned and slightly reflexed.
1090	..	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Ground	Snow white, funnel shaped, soon discoloured, rough, with radiating processes projecting from surface.
1091	..	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Trunks, &c.	Leathery, spread out or reflexed, hairy, rusty, blood red where scratched, with dark-coloured hymenium.
1092	V.	..	..	..	Bark	White or pale ochrey, in hard now and then confluent pustules. Evidently immature condition of some species.
1093	Q.	..	Wood	Cap spoon shaped or somewhat fan shaped, hristly behind, smooth in front. Stem yellowish, velvety, lateral.
1094	N.S.W.	..	..	Wood	Leathery, spread out, reflexed, wavy, roughly striated, rusty brown.
1095	Q.	..	Wood	Thick, firm, isolated patches, ochrey or lemon yellow. Including <i>S. sulphureum</i> , Fries.
1096	..	S.A.	..	V.	..	..	..	Dead wood and branches	Reflexed, lobed, crisped, sulphur coloured, rough haired, somewhat spongy.
1097	V.	..	..	..	Among moss and on ground	Tufted, growing together, sessile, soft, spongy, flexible, reflexed, pale umber, velvety, concentrically zoned. Species' name pre-occupied by Cooke himself.
1098	..	S.A.	..	V.	..	Q.	..	Trunks	Cap funnel shaped, downy, somewhat zoned, pale. Stem tapering downwards.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
85. STEREOUM.—Pers., Obs. Myc. I. 35 (1796).—					
1099	...	VI. 7316	<i>S. umbrinum</i> ...	Fries, Pl. Preiss. II. 137 (1846) ...	Umber stereum ...
1100	1004	.. 7367	<i>S. vellereum</i> ...	Berk., Fl. N. Zeal. 183 (1855) ...	Woolly stereum ...
1101	1003	.. 7276	<i>S. versicolor</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 547 (1938) ...	Variously coloured stereum ...
1102	1026	.. 7376	<i>S. versiforme</i> ...	Berk. and Curt., Grev. I. 164 (1873) ...	Variously shaped stereum ...
1103	...	.. 7338	<i>S. vittæforme</i> ...	Fries, Pl. Preiss. II. 137 (1846) ...	Striped stereum ...
1104	1025	.. 7286	<i>S. vorticosum</i> ...	Fries, Obs. II. 276 (1818) ...	Obscurely zoned stereum ...
86. HYMENOCHEÆTE.—Lev., Ann. Sci. Nat.					
1105	...	VI. 7476	<i>H. Archeri</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. VIII. 149 (1880) ...	Archer's hymenochæte ...
1106	1035	.. 7438	<i>H. cacao</i> ...	Berk., Linn. Trans. I. 403 (1879) ...	Chocolate-brown hymenochæte...
1107	1044	.. 7461	<i>H. crassa</i> ...	Berk., Grev. VIII. 148 (1888) ...	Thick-margined hymenochæte ...
1108	1040	.. 7473	<i>H. innata</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 99 (1887) ...	Innate hymenochæte ...
1109	1048	IX. 927	<i>H. Kalchbrenneri</i> ...	Mass., Mon. Thel. Linn. Journ. XXVII. 116 (1891)	Kalchbrenner's hymenochæte ...
1110	1041	VI. 7449	<i>H. Mougeotii</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. VIII. 1147 (1880)...	Mougeot's hymenochæte ...
1111	1047	.. 7464	<i>H. olivacea</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. XIV. 11 (1886) ...	Dark-olive hymenochæte ...
1112	1034	.. 7441	<i>H. phœa</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. VIII. 146 (1880) ...	Dusky hymenochæte ...
1113	1046	.. 7462	<i>H. purpurea</i> ...	Mass., Mon. Thel. Linn. Journ. XXVII. 115 (1891)	Purple-gilled hymenochæte ...
1114	...	.. 7440	<i>H. rigidula</i> ...	Berk. and Curt., Linn. Journ. X. 334 (1869) ...	Rigid hymenochæte ...
1115	1043	.. 7467	<i>H. rhabarbarina</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. VIII. 148 (1880) ...	Rhubarb-gilled hymenochæte ...
1116	1033	.. 7427	<i>H. rubiginosa</i> ...	Lev., Ann. Sci. Nat. Ser. 3, V. (1846) ...	Rusty hymenochæte ...
1117	1046	.. 7312	<i>H. Schomburgkii</i> ...	Mass., Mon. Thel. Linn. Journ. XXVII. 115 (1891)	Schomburgk's hymenochæte ..
1118	1037	.. 7444	<i>H. spadicea</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XIV. 68 (1875) ...	Bay-brown hymenochæte ...
1119	1036	.. 7436	<i>H. strigosa</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XIV. 68 (1875) ...	Strigose hymenochæte ...
1120	1042	.. 7428	<i>H. tabacina</i> ...	Lev., Ann. Sci. Nat. Ser. 3, V. 151 (1846) ...	Dark-brown hymenochæte ...
1121	1039	IX. 923	<i>H. tasmanica</i> ...	Mass., Mon. Thel. Linn. Journ. XXVII. 105 (1891)	Tasmanian hymenochæte ...
1122	1038	VI. 7443	<i>H. tenuissima</i> ...	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIV. 67 (1875) ...	Very thin hymenochæte ...
87. CORTICIUM.—Fries, Epicr. 556 (1838).—Thelephora, Hypochnus,					
1123	1076	VI. 7786	<i>C. antbocroum</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 661 (1874) ...	Bright-coloured corticium ...
1124	1070	.. 7528	<i>C. arachnoidenm</i> ...	Berk., Ann. Nat. Hist. 345 (1844) ...	Arachnid corticium ...
1126	1069	.. 7668	<i>C. Archeri</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 260 (1860) ...	Archer's corticium ...
1126	1079	.. 7540	<i>C. atrovirens</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 661 (1874) ...	Dark-green corticium ...
1127	1068	.. 7552	<i>C. Auberianum</i> ...	Mont., Crypt. Cuba 372 (1842) ...	Auber's corticium ...
1128	1064	.. 7696	<i>C. calceum</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 652 (1874) ...	Chalky corticium ...
1129	1074	IX. 946	<i>C. cinnabarinum</i> ...	Mass., Mon. Thel. Linn. Journ. XXVII. 140 (1891)	Vermilion-red corticium ...
1130	1078	VI. 7539	<i>C. cæruleum</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 651 (1874) ...	Blue corticium ...
1131	1080	.. 7616	<i>C. comedens</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 666 (1874) ...	Wasting corticium ...
1132	1067	.. 7627	<i>C. lacteum</i> ...	Fries, Hym. Eur. 649 (1874) ...	Milk-white corticium ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Thelephora, Auricularia, Corticium, Elvellia—continued.									
1099	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Bark of <i>Banksia</i> ...	Sessile, hemispherical, leathery, rather flaccid, fan shaped, undulating radiations from base towards margin, umber.
1100	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Branches and dead twigs	Spreading, with broad lobed zoned margin, dirty white above, and clothed behind with coarse tow-like fibres.
1101	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Trunks ...	Spread out, reflexed, fan shaped, thin, rigid, with raised concentric zones, variously coloured, or whitish to brown.
1102	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Dead branches, &c.	Small, at first circular, often running together, thickish, bright brown. Margin thin, upraised.
1103	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Bark of <i>Acacia</i> ...	Entire, leathery, rigid, somewhat bell shaped, with elevated concentric lines, becoming mud colour.
1104	...	...	...	...	...	Q. B.	Bark and wood ...	Leathery, spread out, reflexed, obscurely zoned, rough haired, pale.

Ser. 3, V. 151 (1846).—Thelephora, Stereum, Corticium.

1105	...	...	T.	...	...	...	Rotten wood ...	Spreading, without distinct margin, soon detached, wine colour to brown, bristly, umber within.
1106	...	...	...	...	...	Q. ...	Wood ...	Dense dark-brown circular patches closely overlapping, cap fan shaped, deeply lobed and folded, furrowed with a few zones, velvety.
1107	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	B.	Trunks ...	Leathery, velvety, pale reddish brown, margin thick, at length free.
1108	...	...	...	...	...	Q. ...	Wood ...	Thin, innate, scarcely distinct from underlying matrix, externally fawn colour, internally brick red.
1109	...	...	...	V.	...	Q. ...	Dead trunks of <i>Eucalypts</i>	Brown, rather thickly membranous, broadly spread out, loosely adherent to matrix.
1110	...	...	T. V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Trunks of <i>Pinus picea</i> , &c.	Broadly spread out, dry, attached, dark blood red.
1111	...	...	...	...	...	Q. ...	Branches ...	Spread out, dark olive, rough, velvety. Margin thinner and paler.
1112	...	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q. ...	Bark and wood ...	Semicircular, sessile, thin, leathery, flexible, concentrically zoned, shortly hairy, somewhat velvety, bay brown.
1113	...	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	Wood ...	Broadly spread out, closely attached, texture soft and spongy.
1114	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	...	Wood ...	Broadly spread out, reflexed, rigid, thickish, zoned, velvety, bay brown.
1115	...	...	...	...	...	Q. ...	Wood ...	Broadly spread out, closely attached. Hymenium velvety, rhubarb colour.
1116	W.A.	...	T.	...	...	Q. B.	Hard wood, posts, &c.	Leathery, rigid, spread out, reflexed, velvety, reddish brown to bay brown.
1117	...	S.A.	...	...	...	Q. ...	Wood ...	Somewhat circular, then shell shaped, umber, somewhat zoned in front, velvety, and about 1 inch broad.
1118	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	Q. ...	Wood ...	Thin, elastic when dry, semicircular or circular, attached behind, zoned, rusty to bay brown.
1119	...	...	...	...	...	...	Wood ...	Semicircular, thin, lobed, zoned, bay brown tinged with purple, strigose or rough haired, 1 to 3 inches across.
1120	...	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	B.	Trunks ...	Somewhat leathery, thin, flaccid, covering underside of fallen logs. Cap spread out, reflexed, silky, rusty. Margin golden yellow.
1121	W.A.	...	T. V.	...	...	...	Wood ...	Broadly spread out, crustaceous, rather thick. Margin thinner and paler, and sometimes slightly curled.
1122	...	...	...	...	...	Q. ...	Wood and bark ...	Sessile, very thin and flexible, 1 inch or more long, rusty to tawny, zoned, clothed with coarse down.

Peniophora, Hymenochæte, Coniophora, Stereum, Auricularia.

1123	...	...	...	...	...	Q. B.	Bark ...	Broadly spread out, membranous, brick red or rosy, turning pale.
1124	...	S.A.	T. V.	...	...	Q. B.	Wood, bark, &c. ...	Delicate, spread out, spider web-like patches, snow white, often remaining barren.
1125	...	...	T.	...	...	Q. ...	Charred wood ...	Pale red, white within, rather thick, cracking.
1126	...	...	...	...	...	Q. B.	Rotten wood, sticks, &c.	Irregularly spread out, thin, blackish or verdigris green.
1127	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Branches ...	Circular at first, thin, mealy, from white to pale ochre.
1128	...	...	T.	...	...	...	Wood and branches	Broadly spread out, thin, waxy, smooth, white, bard, sometimes continuous, sometimes much cracked.
1129	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	...	Wood ...	Spreading for several inches, rather thin, without distinct margin. Hymenium waxy, vermilion.
1130	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	Q. B.	Wood, branches, &c.	Irregularly spread out, attached, downy, bright blue. Said to be phosphorescent.
1131	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Branches ...	Spread out and developed beneath the bark, which eventually is ruptured, lilac then pale.
1132	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Wood ...	Broadly spread out, somewhat membranous and usually broken up, whitish, ochrey or buff when dry.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
87. CORTICIUM.—Fries, Epicr. 556 (1838).—Thelephora, Hypochuus,					
1133	1072	VI. 7530	<i>C. læve</i>	Pers., Tent. Disp. 30 (1797)	Even corticium
1134	...	„ 7597	<i>C. lividum</i>	Pers., Obs. I. 38 (1796)... ..	Livid corticinm
1135	...	„ 7643	<i>C. Marescalchianum</i>	<i>Marc. and Sacc.</i> , Syll. VI. 633 (1838)	Marescalchi's corticium
1136	1076	„ 7676	<i>C. miniatum</i>	Cooke, Grev. IX. 2 (1880)	Vermilion corticium
1137	1073	„ 7609	<i>C. nudum</i>	Fries, Epicr. 564 (1838)	Naked corticium
1138	1071	...	<i>C. penetrans</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 90 (1891)	Penetrating corticium
1139	1065	VI. 7162	<i>C. sebaceum</i>	<i>Mass.</i> , Mon. Thel. Linn. Journ. XXVII. 127 (1891)	Waxy corticium
1140	1066	7593	<i>C. simulans</i>	Berk. and Broome, Linn. Journ. XIV. 72 (1875)	Simulating corticium
1141	1077	...	<i>C. sulphurellum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XX. 35 (1891)	Sulphur-yellow corticium
88. PENIOPHORA.—Cooke, Grev. VIII. 20 (1879).—					
1142	1053	VI. 7158	<i>P. albo-marginata</i>	<i>Mass.</i> , Mon. Thel. Linn. Journ. XXV. 144 (1890)... ..	White-margined peniophora
1143	1068	7712	<i>P. bambusicola</i>	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. VI. 647 (1888)	Bamboo-loving peniophora
1144	1059	7697	<i>P. carnea</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. VIII. 21 (1879)	Flesh-coloured peniophora
1145	1051	„ 7694	<i>P. cinerca</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. VIII. 20 (1879)	Ash-coloured peniophora
1146	..	„ 7707	<i>P. deglubens</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 385 (1881)	Peeling peniophora
1147	1057	„ 7605	<i>P. incarnata</i>	<i>Mass.</i> , Mon. Thel. Linn. Journ. XXV. 147 (1890)... ..	Bright peniophora
1148	1049	7688	<i>P. papyrina</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. VIII. 20 (1879)	Papery peniophora
1149	1050	IX. 969	<i>P. puberula</i>	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. IX. 288 (1891)	Downy peniophora
1150	1066	VI. 7531	<i>P. rosca</i>	<i>Mass.</i> , Mon. Thel. Linn. Journ. XXV. 146 (1890)... ..	Rosy peniophora
1151	1060	„ 7702	<i>P. sparsa</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. VIII. 21 (1879)	Scattered peniophora
1162	1052	„ 7695	<i>P. tephra</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. VIII. 20 (1879)	Ashy peniophora
1163	1065	„ 7477	<i>P. vinosa</i>	<i>Mass.</i> , Mon. Thel. Linn. Journ. XXV. 146 (1890)	Vinous peniophora
89. CONIOPHORA.—De Candolle, Fl. Fr. V. 34 (1815).—					
1164	1084	VI. 7719	<i>C. luteo-cincta</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. VIII. 89 (1880)	Yellow-margined conioophora
1165	1083	„ 7724	<i>C. membranacca</i>	<i>D. C.</i> , Fl. Fr. V. 634 (1815)	Membranous conioophora
1166	1086	„ 7683	<i>C. murina</i>	<i>Mass.</i> , Mon. Thel. Linn. Journ. XXV. 138 (1890)	Mouse-coloured conioophora
1167	1082	„ 7723	<i>C. olivacea</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. VIII. 89 (1880)	Olive-coloured conioophora
1168	1085	7535	<i>C. sulphurea</i>	<i>Mass.</i> , Mon. Thel. Linn. Journ. XXV. 132 (1890)	Sulphur-coloured conioophora
1159	1081	7203	<i>C. viridis</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. VIII. 89 (1879)	Green conioophora
90. ALEURODISCUS.—Rabh.—					
1160	1062	IX. 930	<i>A. albidus</i>	<i>Mass.</i> , Grev. XVII. 56 (1889)	White aleurodiscus
1161	1061	VI. 7506	<i>A. amorphus</i>	<i>Rabh.</i> , Fung. Eur. No. 1824	Shapeless aleurodiscus
1162	1063	7510	<i>A. tabacinus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 11 (1886)	Dark-brown aleurodiscus
91. CYPHELLA.—Fries, Syst. Myc. II. 201 (1823).—					
1163	1087	VI. 7817	<i>C. albo-violascens</i>	<i>Karst.</i> Fung. Fenn. Exs. No. 715	Pale-violet cyphella
1164	1091	...	<i>C. australiensis</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XX. 9 (1891)	Australian cyphella

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number	Habitat.						D.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Peniophora, Hymenochæte, Coniophora, Stereum, Auricularia— <i>continued.</i>									
1133	T.	V.	...	Q.	B.	Wood, bark, &c. ...	Spread out over fibrils, membranous, separating from matrix, pinkish or pale.
1134	Q.	B.	Rotten wood ...	Expanded, soft, waxy, thin, irregular, smooth, bluish grey tinged with purple.
1135	Q.	...	Wood ...	Hymenium powdery, rufous colour, broken into little elevations.
1136	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Bark ...	Spread out, vermilion, margin fringed, whitish. When dry hymenium resembles patches of dried blood (Cooke).
1137	Q.	B.	Bark of <i>Citrus</i> ...	Waxy, cracking, flesh colour to pale. Margin decided, smooth.
1138	V.	...	...	...	Rotten wood, &c. ...	White, spreading, encrusting, thick, soft, with profuse penetrating mycelium.
1139	T.	...	...	...	B.	On ground and running up stems of plants	Spread out, fleshy or waxy, turning hard, incrusting and variable in form, whitish.
1140	V.	...	...	...	Running over mosses and twigs	Soft, tawny, arising from a white membranous woolly mycelium.
1141	V.	...	...	...	Dead branches ...	Broadly spread out, usually forming a thin, powdery, bright sulphur-yellowish stratum.
Corticium, Stereum, Thelephora, Hymenochæte.									
1142	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Bark and wood ...	Very broadly spread and confluent, umber, velvety in centre, and margin white and downy.
1143	Q.	...	Rotting bamboo ...	Roundish patches, yellowish tan, tough, thin, fringed, cracked in drying.
1144	On <i>Pinus contorta</i> ...	Broadly spread, ochrey to flesh colour. Margin white and with loose fibres.
1145	V.	...	...	B.	Branches ...	Waxy, cracking, confluent, ash coloured or brownish.
1146	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Pale, spreading, thick, peeling, downy.
1147	W.A.	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Thin layer on wood and bark	Broadly spread, thin, waxy, radiating at margin, red or orange with pink bloom.
1148	V.	...	Q.	...	Bark ...	Very thin, leathery to papery, very broadly spread out and reflexed, rough haired, ash coloured, and margin tawny.
1149	Q.	...	Wood ...	Membranous, leathery, broadly spread out, ochrey yellow, downy. Margin reflexed.
1150	T.	...	...	...	B.	Wood and bark ...	Spread out, clear rose pink, turning white, rather fleshy, fringed. Beautiful species, sometimes in scattered patches.
1151	V.	...	Q.	...	Bark ...	Minute, snowy white, rather circular scattered patches.
1152	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Bark ...	Spread out, margin reddish brown, notched, free, downy.
1153	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Wood and bark ...	Isolated round patches becoming confluent and widely extending, irregularly lobed, wine colour or dark brown.
Thelephora, Coniophora, Auricularia, Merulius, Corticium, Hypochnus.									
1154	V.	...	...	...	On ground and bark	Spreading. Hymenium brown, powdery, yellow at circumference.
1155	V.	...	...	B.	Walls, &c. ...	In thin patches, foot or more in diameter, fragile, yellowish.
1156	V.	...	...	...	Branches, &c. ...	Widely spreading, at length breaking up, mouse coloured.
1157	V.	...	Q.	B.	Decayed pine ...	Widely spreading, membranous. Margin whitish, fringed. Hymenium dark olive, powdery.
1158	T.	...	...	...	B.	Bark, wood, leaves, &c.	Spreading, often spongy, passing into radiating cord-like branching sulphur-coloured threads.
1159	T.	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood ...	Developed beneath bark, spreading, downy, greenish.
Corticium, Cyphella, Peziza.									
1160	Q.	...	Branches ...	Pure white, at first scattered, becoming confluent and forming irregular patches, cup shaped at first, then expanded and flattened.
1161	Q.	...	Fir trunks and branches	Waxy, tough, rather leathery, cup shaped, then expanded, confluent, white, downy.
1162	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Wood ...	Gregarious, cup shaped, cap somewhat elliptical, wrinkled, crisped, brown, downy.
Peziza, Thelephora, Cantharellus.									
1163	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	B.	Bark and wood, branches of Vine	Somewhat corky, sessile or nearly so, spherical to hemispherical, white. Hymenium pale violet.
1164	V.	...	...	...	Bark ...	Gregarious, cup shaped, sessile, pale, with closely pressed silky hairs.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
91. CYPHELLA.—Fries, Syst. Myc. II. 201 (1823).—					
1165	1088	VI. 7856	<i>C. capula</i> ...	<i>Fries, Epicr. 568 (1838)</i> ...	Cap-like cyphella ...
1166	...	...	<i>C. filicola</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIV. 129 (1886)</i> ...	Fern-growing cyphella ...
1167	...	...	<i>C. longipes</i> ...	<i>Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXI. 33 (1892)</i> ...	Long-stalked cyphella ...
1168	1092	VI. 7889	<i>C. muscigena</i> ...	<i>Fries, Epicr. 567 (1838)</i> ...	Moss-growing cyphella ...
1169	...	„ 7906	<i>C. parasitica</i> ...	<i>Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XIV. 74 (1875)</i> ...	Parasitic cyphella ...
1170	1090	IX. 1006	<i>C. polycephala</i> ...	<i>Sacc., Hedw. 126 (1889)</i> ...	Many-headed cyphella ...
1171	...	„ 1010	<i>C. Schneideri</i> ...	<i>Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 220 (1887)</i> ...	Schneider's cyphella ...
1172	1089	VI. 7868	<i>C. villosa</i> ...	<i>Karst., Myc. Fenn. III. 325 (1871)</i> ...	Villous cyphella ..
92. SOLENIA.—Hoffm.,					
1173	916	VI. 6589	<i>S. candida</i> ...	<i>Pers., Tent. Disp. 36 (1797)</i> ...	White solenia ...
1174A	917	6594	<i>S. anomala</i> , <i>Fries</i> , var. <i>ochracea (Mass.)</i>	<i>Brit., Fung. Fl. I. 144 (1892)</i> ...	Ochrey solenia ...
1175	917*	6596	<i>S. sulphurea</i> ...	<i>Sacc. and Ellis., Mich. II. 564 (1882)</i> ...	Sulphur solenia ...
93. LACHNOCLADIUM.—Lev., Orb. Dict. VIII. 487 (1849).—					
1176	969	VI. 8177	<i>L. Brasiliense</i> ...	<i>Sacc. Syll. VI. 738 (1888)</i> ...	Brazilian lachnocladium ...
1177	973	8018	<i>L. flagelliforme</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Handh. Aust. Fung. 179 (1892)</i> ...	Whip-shaped lachnocladium ...
1178	968	8175	<i>L. furcellatum</i> ...	<i>Sacc. Syll. VI. 738 (1888)</i> ...	Forked lachnocladium ...
1179	972	8183	<i>L. rameale</i> ...	<i>Berk. and Broome, Linn. Journ. XIV. 67 (1875)</i> ...	Branch-growing lachnocladium
1180	970	„ 8180	<i>L. semivestitum</i> ...	<i>Berk. and Curt., Grev. I. 161 (1873)</i> ...	Half-clothed lachnocladium ...
1181	971	„ 8188	<i>L. setulosum</i> ...	<i>Sacc. Syll. VI. 740 (1888)</i> ...	Bristly lachnocladium ...
1182	...	IX. 1043	<i>L. simulans</i> ...	<i>Berk. and Broome, Linn. Trans. II. 219 (1887)</i> ...	Simulating lachnocladium ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
<i>Peziza, Thelephora, Cantharellus—continued.</i>									
1165	T.	...	...	Q.	B.	Herb stems ...	Membranous, obliquely bell shaped, running down into oblique stem, whitish.
1166	V.	...	...	...	Fronds of <i>Adiantum</i>	Whitish, somewhat discoid, concave, smooth. Margin entire or two cnsped.
1167	Q.	...	Logs and stems of trees in wet scrubs	Gregarious, membranous, white, cap narrow, funnel shaped, tapering into long thin curved stem.
1168	T.	V.	...	...	B.	On larger mosses ...	Membranous, soft, flattened nearly semicircular, white.
1169	Parasitic on some <i>sphaeria</i>	Minute, cup shaped, snow white, externally bairy. Margin inflexed.
1170	...	S.A.	...	...	N.S.W.	...	...	Herb stems, <i>Senecio hypoleucus</i>	Gregarious. Caps closely joined in common base, whitish brown, urn shaped.
1171	Q.	...	Wood ...	Gregarious, tuhular, membranous, pale yellow.
1172	V.	...	Q.	B.	Herbstems and rotting stems of Castor Oil plant	Sessile, dry, spherical, white, covered with snow-white persistent villous down.
<i>Bot. Tasch. 68 (1795).</i>									
1173	Q.	...	Rotten wood ...	Scattered, cylindrical, smooth, white.
1174	T.	...	...	...	B.	Rotten wood ...	Scattered, club shaped to cylindrical, downy, ocbrey.
1175	V.	...	...	...	Branches ...	Tbickly crowded, minute, cup-like, sbortly stalked, sulphur coloured, with rough bairs.
<i>Clavaria, Eriocladus.</i>									
1176	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Very shortly stalked, much branched. Branches tapering, forked, ocbrey white.
1177	Q.	...	Bare ground ...	Very much branched, divided to the base. Branches tufted, cylindrical, elongated, forked.
1178	Q.	...	Rotten wood ...	Ascending, somewhat rusty. Branches solid, repeatedly forked, distant, tough, velvety.
1179	Q.	...	Branches, &c. ...	Dark purple, thread-like, forked, encrusting fresh branches, leaf stalks and leaves.
1180	Q.	...	Ground ...	Delicate, repeatedly forked. Branches downy.
1181	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	Small, ocbrey. Stem sbort, irregularly divided. Branches compressed, forked, downy.
1182	Q.	...	Ground ...	Dark brown when dry, downy. Stem simple below, repeatedly branched above. Branches slender, tips forked.



ORDER V.—CLAVARIACEÆ, CORDA.

94. Sparassis, Fries.

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
---------	-----------------	--------------------	------------------	---------------------	---------------

ORDER V.—CLAVARIACEÆ,

94. SPARASSIS.—Fries,

1183	1094	VI. 7923	<i>S. crispa</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 465 (1821)	Crisped sparassis
------	------	----------	-------------------------	----------------------------------	--------------------------

95. CLAVARIA.—Linn.,

1184	1110	VI. 7970	<i>C. abietina</i>	Pers., Comm. 46 (1797)	Fir clavaria
1185	1125	" 8077	<i>C. Archberi</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 261 (1850)	Archber's clavaria
1186	1124	" 8072	<i>C. argillacea</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 482 (1821)	Clay-coloured clavaria
1187	1131	8108	<i>C. aurantia</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 33 (1887)	Orange clavaria
1188	1108	7953	<i>C. aurea</i>	Schaeff. 287 (1762)	Golden clavaria
1189	1095	7931	<i>C. botrytes</i>	Pers., Syn. 587 (1801)	Clustered clavaria
1190	1100	7942	<i>C. cinerea</i>	Bull, Champ. 354 (1791)	Ash-coloured clavaria
1191	1119	8039	<i>C. Colensoi</i>	Berk., Fl. N. Zeal. 186 (1855)	Colenso's clavaria
1192	1099	7941	<i>C. coralloides</i>	Linn., Sp. Pl. 1182 (1753)	Coral-like clavaria
1193	1115	7991	<i>C. crispula</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 470 (1821)	Curled clavaria
1194	1102	" 7944	<i>C. cristata</i>	Pers., Syn. 591 (1801)	Crested clavaria
1195	1112	" 7973	<i>C. crocea</i>	Pers., Ic. and Desc. 36 (1798)	Saffron clavaria
1196	1097	7937	<i>C. fastigiata</i>	Linn., Sp. Pl. 1183 (1753)	Fastigate clavaria
1197	1095	7929	<i>C. flava</i>	Schaeff. 175 (1752)	Yellow clavaria (Pollard fungus)
1198	1109	7957	<i>C. formosa</i>	Pers., Ic. and Desc. 11 (1798)	Elegant clavaria
1199	1127	8080	<i>C. fragilis</i>	Holmsk. I. 7 (1818)	Brittle clavaria
1200	1122	8057	<i>C. fusiformis</i>	Sow., Fung. 224 (1797)	Spindle-shaped clavaria
1201	1113	7979	<i>C. grisea</i>	Pers., Comm. 44 (1797)	Dingy-grey clavaria
1202	1123	" 8069	<i>C. inaequalis</i>	Muell., Fl. Dan. 873	Unequal clavaria
1203	1129	" 8093	<i>C. juucea</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 479 (1821)	Rush-like clavaria
1204	1111	IX. 1024	<i>C. Kalcbrenneri</i>	F. v. M., Linn. Soc. N.S.W. 105 (1882)	Kalcbrenner's clavaria
1205	1104	VI. 7949	<i>C. Krombolzii</i>	Fries, Epicr. 572 (1838)	Krombolz's clavaria
1206	1105	7951	<i>C. Kunzei</i>	Fries, S.M. I. 474 (1821)	Kunze's clavaria
1207	...	" 8064	<i>C. laeta</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XIV. 76 (1875)	Bright clavaria
1208	1117	" 8008	<i>C. lactissima</i>	Pers., in Linn. Journ. XVIII. 386 (1881)	Very bright clavaria
1209	1118	" 8029	<i>C. lorithannus</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 169 (1873)	Crooked bush clavaria
1210	1101	IX. 1028	<i>C. lurida</i>	Kalch., Linn. Soc. N.S.W. 105 (1882)	Lurid clavaria
1211	1133	VI. 8116	<i>C. militina</i>	Berk., Hook., Journ. 140 (1852)	Crimson clavaria
1212	1134	8125	<i>C. mucida</i>	Pers., Comm. 2 (1797)	Musty clavaria

ARRANGEMENT OF GENERA (2).

95. *Clavaria*, Linn.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
CORDA, IC. FUNG. II. 35 (1838).									
S.M. I. 464 (1821).— <i>Clavaria</i> .									
1183	N.S.W.	...	B.	Wood ...	Very much branched, whitish. Branches intricate, zoneless, serrate. <i>Edible.</i>
Sp. Pl. 1182 (1753).— <i>Typhula</i> .									
1184	V.	...	...	B.	Firwood ...	Ochrey, very much branched, green where bruised. Trunk whitish, downy, thick. Branches crowded.
1185	T.	...	...	Q.	...	Ground ...	Tufted, short, orange, fan to club shaped, rather rough.
1186	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Ground ...	Tufted, fragile, clay coloured, pale. Clubs simple, variable. Stem shining, yellow.
1187	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Orange, quite simple, straight, thickened upwards into club, tapering downwards into stem.
1188	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Woods ...	Yellow. Trunk thick, divided into stout straight forked much-divided tapering branches.
1189	W.A.	...	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Ground ...	Fragile, white. Trunk very thick, much branched. Branches swollen, and tips red.
1190	V.	...	...	B.	Woods ...	Fragile, stuffed, grey. Trunk rather thick, short, much branched, wrinkled.
1191	Q.	...	Bare ground and decayed wood	Small, branched from compressed base, branches erect, forked, brown when dry.
1192	V.	...	...	B.	Moist woods ...	Rather fragile, usually tufted, white, hollow inside. Trunk thick, repeatedly and irregularly branched.
1193	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	B.	At base of trunks	Very much branched, tan to ochrey. Trunk thin, shaggy, and rooting. Branches flexuous, spreading.
1194	T.	V.	...	Q.	B.	Woods ...	Tough, stuffed, dingy white. Branches dilated above, and fringed.
1195	V.	...	...	B.	Woods ...	Minute, thin, saffron yellow. Stem naked, pale. Branches and branchlets somewhat forked.
1196	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Pastures ...	Yellow tufted, tough, much branched. Branches equal, short, spreading, branchlets twiggy.
1197	...	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Gravelly ground ...	Fragile. Trunk thick, fleshy, white, very much branched. Branches tapering, twiggy, yellow.
1198	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Woods ...	Trunk thick, whitish, very much branched. Branches rosy orange, branchlets yellowish.
1199	V.	...	...	B.	Ground ...	In bundles, very delicate, yellow above, white below, sometimes entirely white. Clubs hollow, variable.
1200	Q.	B.	Among grass ...	Tufted and run together, yellow, soon hollow. Clubs somewhat spindle shaped, simple and toothed.
1201	V.	...	...	B.	Ground in woods ...	Grey, firm, fragrant. Trunk thick, whitish. Branches tapering and dingy grey, as well as branchlets.
1202	T.	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	Among sand ...	Tufted, yellow, fragile. Clubs various, simple or forked. Apex jagged.
1203	T.	V.	...	...	B.	Among dead leaves	Gregarious. Thin, thread-like, fleshy, hollow, pale to reddish brown, with creeping base of fibrils.
1204	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Thin, pale, orange yellow, somewhat tufted. Trunk, thin, naked. Branches short, forked, or tufted.
1205	V.	...	...	B.	Ground ...	Fragile, tufted, white, sparingly branched. Branches rather compressed, obtuse.
1206	Q.	B.	Woods ...	Rather fragile, very much branched from the thin base, white. Branches elongated, crowded, repeatedly forked.
1207	V.	...	...	...	Red soil ...	Simple, tufted, acute, shining red, without evident stem.
1208	Q.	...	Ground ...	Tufted, orange, repeatedly forked, compressed. Apices dilated, subdivided, tawny.
1209	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Pale umber. Branches straight. Apices shortly bifid, and rather acute.
1210	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Tufted, very much branched, dirty white. Trunks thin. Branches and branchlets crowded, elongated, tawny when dry.
1211	V.	...	Q.	...	Rotten wood ...	Gregarious, fragile. Clubs simple, acute, crimson.
1212	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Ground and musty wood	Gregarious, minute, simple or very sparingly branched, white, becoming yellowish, sometimes rosy.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
95. CLAVARIA.— <i>Linn.</i> ,					
1213	1136	...	<i>C. Muelleri</i> ...	Berk., Grev. XX. 10 (1891) ...	Mueller's clavaria ...
1214	1098	VI. 7938	<i>C. muscoides</i> ...	Linn., Sp. Pl. 1183 (1753) ...	Moss-like clavaria ...
1215	1130	8096	<i>C. paludicola</i> ...	Lihert., in Fries Hym. Eur. 678 (1874) ...	Marsh-growing clavaria ...
1216	1128	„ 8085	<i>C. pistillaris</i> ...	Linn., Sp. Pl. 1182 (1753) ...	Pestle-shaped clavaria ...
1217	1106	„ 7955	<i>C. pleheja</i> ...	Fries, Pl. Preciss. II. 137 (1846) ...	Plebeian clavaria ...
1218	1116	7996	<i>C. portentosa</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 65 (1883) ...	Monstrous clavaria ...
1219	1107	7957	<i>C. pyxidata</i> ...	Pers., Comm. (1797) ...	Box-like clavaria ...
1220	1132	„ 8112	<i>C. rhizomorpha</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 261 (1860) ...	Root-shaped clavaria ...
1221	1121	„ 8063	<i>C. rosea</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 482 (1821) ...	Rosy clavaria ...
1221A	1121	...	<i>C. rosea</i> , var. <i>attenuata</i> ...	Fries, Obs. 2 (1818) ...	Attenuated clavaria ...
1222	1120	VI. 8062	<i>C. rufa</i> ...	Muell., Fl. Dan. 755 ...	Reddish clavaria ...
1223	1103	7947	<i>C. rugosa</i> ...	Bull, Champ. t. 448 (1798) ...	Wrinkled clavaria ...
1224	1114	7988	<i>C. stricta</i> ...	Pers., Comm. 45 (1797) ...	Straight clavaria ...
1225	...	7963	<i>C. subtilis</i> ...	Pers., Comm. (1797) ...	Slender clavaria ...
1226	1136	...	<i>C. tasmanica</i> ...	Berk., in Herb., Grev. XX. 10 (1891) ...	Tasmanian clavaria ...
1227	1126	VI. 8079	<i>C. vermicularis</i> ...	Scop., in Fries, S.M. I. 484 (1821) ...	Worm-like clavaria ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Sp. Pl. 1182 (1753).— <i>Typhula</i> — <i>continued.</i>									
1213	V.	...	Q.	...	Ground ...	Simple, club shaped, white, slender, tapering below into thin cylindrical stem.
1214	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	Pastures among moss	Tough, slender, yellow, two to three times forked. Stem thin. Branches curved, long, graceful.
1215	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Moist places among ferns	Small, simple, slightly compressed, rough, yellow, orange when dry. Clubs short, obtuse.
1216	V.	...	...	B.	Among grass	Simple, tall, fleshy, stuffed, yellow to reddish. Club large.
1217	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sandy soil	Tough, white, becoming yellow. Trunk thickish. Branches and branchlets very much divided and crested at top.
1218	Q.	...	Among leaves	Whitish. Stem somewhat cylindrical, rough, repeatedly much branched. Apices elongated.
1219	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	Rotten wood	Pale tan to reddish. Trunk thin, branched. Branches and branchlets all excavated at the tips into little cups.
1220	T.	...	...	...	...	Dead bark	Eruptive, confluent, chestnut red, nearly simple.
1221	V.	...	...	B.	Ground among moss	In bundles, fragile, rosy. Clubs stuffed, at length yellowish at tips, tapering downwards, and whitish.
1221A	V.	...	...	...	Ground among moss	Clubs tapering at apex.
1222	V.	...	Q.	B.	Among grass	Tufted, rufous. Clubs stuffed, thickened, sometimes bifid, acute.
1223	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	Q.	B.	Moist places	Tough, simple or sparingly branched, thickened upwards and wrinkled, white. Branches deformed.
1224	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Trunks	Very much branched, pale yellow, turning brown when bruised. Trunk thickish. Branches and branchlets straight.
1225	V.	...	...	...	Ground in woods	Scattered, slender, somewhat tough, whitish, becoming pale, smooth at base.
1226	T.	...	...	...	...	Tree ferns, wood, &c.	Clubs simple, single or two or three together, sooty brown, base expanded in a white woolly web.
1227	V.	...	...	B.	Among grass	Tufted, fragile, white. Clubs tufted, simple, cylindrical, often flexuous or incurved.

ORDER VI.—TREMELLACEÆ, FRIES.

SUB-ORDER I.—Auriculariæ, Bref.—Basidia or spore-bearing

Genera (2)—

96. Auricularia.

SUB-ORDER II.—Tremelleæ, Bref.—Basidia globose or ovoid,

Genera (5)—

98. Exidia, Fries.

99. Ulocolla, Bref.

100. Tremella, Linn.

SUB-ORDER III.—Dacryomycetæ, Bref.—Basidia

Genera (3)—

103. Dacryomyces, Nees.

104. Guepinia, Fries.

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
---------	-----------------	--------------------	------------------	---------------------	---------------

ORDER VI.—TREMELLACEÆ,

96. AURICULARIA.—Bull,

1228	1145	VI. 8302	<i>A. alhicans</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 170 (1873)	Whitish auricularia
1229	1144	8293	<i>A. lobata</i>	Somm., Mag. Nat. Vid. (1827)	Lohate auricularia
1230	1143	„ 8294	<i>A. mesenterica</i>	<i>Fries</i> , Epicr. 555 (1838)	Intestine-like auricularia
1231	1146	8303	<i>A. minuta</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 59 (1845)	Minute auricularia
1232	1147	8305	<i>A. pusio</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 386 (1881)	Small auricularia

97. HIRNEOLA.—Fries,

1233	1150	VI. 8312	<i>H. auricula-judæ</i>	<i>Berk.</i> , Outl. 289 (1860)	Jew's ear hirneola
1234	1148	8309	<i>H. auriformis</i>	<i>Fries</i> , Fung. Nat. 26 (1848)	Ear-shaped hirneola
1235	1151	8319	<i>H. fusco-succinea</i>	Mont., Cuba 364 (1842)	Amber-brown hirneola
1236	1153	8323	<i>H. hispidula</i>	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. VI. 769 (1888)	Hispid hirneola
1237	1149	8311	<i>H. polytricha</i>	Mont., in Bel. Voy. 154.	Many-haired hirneola
1238	1152	8320	<i>H. rufa</i>	<i>Fries</i> , Fung. Nat. 27 (1848)	Reddish-brown hirneola
1239	1154	„ 8328	<i>H. vitellina</i>	<i>Fries</i> , Fung. Nat. 27 (1848)	Egg-yellow hirneola
1239A	„	„	<i>H. vitellina</i> , var. <i>tasmanica</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 262 (1860)	Tasmanian hirneola

98. EXIDIA.—Fries,

1240	1156	VI. 8352	<i>E. alhida</i>	<i>Bref.</i> , Unters. VII. 94 (1888)	Whitish exidia
1241	1155	8347	<i>E. glandulosa</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. II. 224 (1821)	Glandulous exidia

99. ULOCOLLA.—Bref.,

1242	1157	VI. 8367	<i>U. foliacea</i>	<i>Bref.</i> , Unters. VII. 98 (1888)	Leafy ulocolla
------	------	----------	---------------------------	--	-----------------------

100. TREMELLA.—Linn.,

1243	1158	VI. 8375	<i>T. frondosa</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. II. 212 (1821)	Fronlose tremella
1244	1160	„ 8384	<i>T. fuciformis</i>	Berk., Hook., Journ. 277 (1856)	Seaweed-like tremella
1245	1159	8377	<i>T. lutescens</i>	Pers., Syn. 622 (1801)	Yellowish tremella

ARRANGEMENT OF GENERA (10).

bodies, elongated or fusoid, transversely divided.

97. *Hirneola*.

four partite in a cruciate manner when mature.

101. *Seismosarca*, Cooke.

102. *Tremellodon*, Pers.

cylindrical or club shaped, forked upwards.

105. *Calocera*, Fries.

Number.	Habitat.						D.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			

FRIES, SYST. MYC. II. 207 (1823).

Herb. Fr. I. 36 (1787).—*Helvella*, *Thelephora*.

1228	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	...	Circular, whitish, delicately downy beneath.
1229	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Bark ...	...	Expanded, reflexed, lobed, variegated with hispid zones, or velvety, or smooth, dusky to whitish.
1230	W.A.	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	...	Reflexed, entire, shaggy, zoned, hownish to ashy. Hymenium ribbed and folded.
1231	W.A.	...	T.	...	...	...	...	Dead branches ...	...	Gregarious, expanded behind. Caps minute, lobed, hispid, zoned, tawny umber.
1232	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	...	Cap attached behind, reflexed, white, downy, wrinkled. Margin lobed. Small hut distinct species.

Pl. Homon. 93 (1825).—*Tremella*, *Peziza*, *Auricularia*, *Exidia*.

1233	...	...	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	...	Hollow ear-like cups, flexuous, thin, blackish, with vein-like folds on both sides, downy beneath.
1234	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	...	Tufted, stalked, glaucous brown. Cups semicircular, veined beneath. Stem short, twisted, lateral.
1235	W.A.	...	...	...	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Bark ...	...	Broad, sessile, shell shaped, then flattened. Margin wavy, internally netted with veins, amber brown.
1236	...	...	...	V.	...	Q.	...	Wood ...	...	Globose to bell shaped, oblique, sessile, internally dark brown, externally with short fawn woolly hairs.
1237	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	...	Cups hemispherical, expanded, ear shaped, shaggy, grey, produced into very short oblique stem.
1238	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	...	Cup shaped, somewhat lateral, sessile, beset with tufted short reddish-brown histles.
1239	...	...	T.	...	...	...	...	Trunks ...	...	Cup shaped, sessile, excavated. Hymenium egg yellow.
1239a	...	...	T.	...	...	...	...	Wood ...	...	Pale, circular, wavy, small. Stem short, compressed.

S.M. II. 220 (1823).—*Tremella*.

1240	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Branches and bark of dead logs	...	Ascending, tough, expanded, wavy, whitish, tawny when dry.
1241	W.A.	...	T.	...	...	...	B.	Trunks and woods	...	Expanded, rather flattened, thick, turning black, with conical pimples, ashy beneath and somewhat downy.

Unters. VII. 95 (1888).—*Tremella*.

1242	W.A.	...	T.	V.	...	Q.	B.	Old trunks	...	Tufted, wavy, cinnamon to flesh colour, folded at the base.
------	------	-----	----	----	-----	----	----	------------	-----	---

Sp. Pl. 1157 (1753).—*Elvella*, *Thelephora*.

1243	...	...	T.	...	...	...	B.	Old trunks	...	Tufted, large, yellow to pale, folded at base. Lobes folded and waved.
1244	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	...	White, tufted, repeatedly lobed or forked. Lobes dilated in fan-like manner.
1245	...	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Fallen branches	...	Tufted, small, very soft, wavy, and folded, yellowish. Lobes entire, naked.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
100. TREMELLA.—Linn.,					
1246	1161	VI. 8387	<i>T. mesenterica</i> ...	Retz., Vet. Ak. Handl. 249 (1769) ...	Contorted tremella ...
1247	...	IX. 1071	<i>T. microscopica</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 220 (1887) ...	Microscopic tremella ...
1248	1162	VI. 8397	<i>T. olens</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 262 (1860) ...	Scented tremella ...
1249	...	8444	<i>T. sarcoides</i> ...	Fries, S.M. II. 215 (1821) ...	Flesh-coloured tremella ...
1250	1163	8402	<i>T. viscosa</i> ...	Berk., Outl. 288 (1860) ...	Sticky tremella ...
101. SEISMOSARCA.—Cooke,					
1251	1164	IX. 1082	<i>S. hydrophora</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. XVIII. 25 (1889) ...	Watery seismosarca ...
102. TREMELLODON.—Pers.,					
1252	942	VI. 6862	<i>T. gelatinosum</i> ...	Pers., Myc. Eur. II. 172 (1822) ...	Gelatinous tremelloidon ...
103. DACRYOMYCES.—Nees,					
1253	1167	VI. 8472	<i>D. deliquescentis</i> ...	Duby, Bot. Gall. 729 (1822) ...	Deliquescent dacryomyces ...
1254	1165	" 8469	<i>D. miltiuus</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 263 (1860) ...	Vermilion dacryomyces ...
1255	1166	" 8471	<i>D. rubrofuscus</i> ...	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 61 (1845) ...	Reddish-brown dacryomyces ...
1256	1169	" 8483	<i>D. Sacchari</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 65 (1883) ...	Sugar-cane dacryomyces ...
1257	1171	" 8502	<i>D. sclerotioides</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 263 (1860) ...	Sclerotium-like dacryomyces ...
1258	1170	" 8488	<i>D. seriatus</i> ...	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 263 (1860) ...	Seriata dacryomyces ...
1259	1168	" 8473	<i>D. stillatus</i> ...	Nees, Syst. 89 (1816) ...	Dripping dacryomyces ...
104. GUEPINIA.—Fries,					
1260	1172	VI. 8514	<i>G. merulina</i> ...	Quelet Quelq. Esp. II. 11 (1878) ...	Merulius-like guepinia ...
1261	1173	8518	<i>G. pezizæformis</i> ...	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 60 (1845) ...	Cup-shaped guepinia ...
1262	1174	8520	<i>G. spathularia</i> ...	Fries, Elench. II. 32 (1828) ...	Spoon-shaped guepinia ...
105. CALOCERA.—Fries,					
1263	1139	VI. 8158	<i>C. cornica</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 485 (1821) ...	Horny calocera ...
1264	1138	IX. 1042	<i>C. digitata</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVII. 7 (1888) ...	Digitate calocera ...
1265	1142	VI. 8165	<i>C. glossoides</i> ...	Fries, S.M. I. 487 (1821) ...	Tongue-like calocera ...
1266	1137	8154	<i>C. guepiniioides</i> ...	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 61 (1845) ...	Guepinia-like calocera ...
1267	1141	IX. 1041	<i>C. nutans</i> ...	Sacc. Hcdw. 154 (1890) ...	Nodding calocera ...
1288	1140	VI. 8163	<i>C. stricta</i> ...	Fries, Epicr. 581 (1838) ...	Erect calocera ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Sp. Pl. 1157 (1753).— <i>Elvella</i> , <i>Thelephora</i> — <i>continued.</i>									
1246	W.A.	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Dead branches	... Toughish, variable in form, folded and wavy, bright orange.
1247	V.	...	Q.	...	Leaves	... Minute, hemispherical, point-like, dark-green scattered spots on upper surface of leaf.
1248	T.	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood	... Irregular, gelatinous, pale, scented.
1249	V.	...	...	B.	Trunks	... Tufted, soft, viscid, pale-flesh colour, at first club shaped, then compressed. Lobed and folded. Conidial stage of <i>Ombrophila sarcoides</i> .
1250	T.	...	...	...	B.	Old wood	... Expanded, flattened, wavy, rather viscid, white to hyaline, brown when dry.
Grev. XVIII. 25 (1889).									
1251	N.S.W.	...	...	Wood	... Inflated, gelatinous, lobate, pale sooty brown, very soft and watery, covered with scattered coloured hairs.
Myc. Eur. II. 172 (1825).— <i>Hydnum</i> .									
1252	Q.	B.	Ground and trunks	... Gelatinous, tremulous, semicircular, somewhat stalked, greyish green to brownish. Only tremelloid fungus with true spines.
Syst. 89 (1816).— <i>Tremella</i> .									
1253	T.	V.	...	...	B.	Rotten wood	... Nearly round, rooting, yellowish, contorted at length, hyaline.
1254	...	S.A.	T.	...	N.S.W.	...	...	Dry wood	... Small, vermilion, lobate and folded.
1255	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rotten branches	... Small, reddish brown, black when dry, cracked and folded.
1256	Q.	...	Stems of <i>Saccharum</i>	... Irregular, thin, gelatinous, orange red, seated on whitish layer, spreading over charred stems of sugar cane.
1257	T.	...	...	...	...	Bark	... White, circular, depressed in centre, cup shaped.
1258	T.	...	...	...	...	Bark	... Bursting through, arranged in a row, whitish, then yellowish.
1259	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	Rotten wood	... Nearly round, folded, yellow to orange, colour persistent.
Pl. Homon. 92 (1825).— <i>Dacryomyces</i> , <i>Merulius</i> , <i>Tremella</i> .									
1260	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood of <i>Melaleuca</i>	... Jelly-like to tough, orange yellow, solitary or in tufts. Stem at first clubbed, then expanding into cup shape.
1261	W.A.	...	T.	V.	...	Q.	...	Wood	... Minute, velvety, red. Stem short, velvety. Hymenium obliquely cup shaped.
1262	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Wood and fences	... Tufted, somewhat erect, rooting. Cap semicircular, spoon shaped. Stem downy, glaucous.
Syst. Myc. I. 485 (1821).— <i>Clavaria</i> .									
1263	V.	...	Q.	B.	Rotten wood	... Tufted, rooting, viscid, orange yellow. Clubs short, grown together at base.
1264	V.	...	...	...	Damp logs	... Branched, tough, pale. Trunk thin, twice or thrice forked. Branches expanded at apex like a spoon each bearing from three to five finger-like processes.
1265	T.	V.	...	...	B.	Trunks	... Simple, solitary, jelly-like, yellow. Clubs thickened, compressed. Stem tapering.
1266	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	...	Q.	...	Rotten wood	... Small, bursting through, reddish brown. Stem compressed, palmate above. Branches few.
1267	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Trunks	... Scattered, tapering, compressed, honey yellow, curved. Stem very short, but distinct.
1268	V.	...	...	B.	Wood and dead fir leaves	... Simple, solitary, elongated, linear, yellow. Clubs short, grown together at base.

GENERAL CLASSIFICATION OF GASTROMYCETES.

GROUP II.—GASTROMYCETES, WILLD.

ARRANGEMENT OF ORDERS (6).

Above ground—

7. PILACREACEÆ—Minute. Peridium eventually disintegrating. Intermediate between Hymenomycetes and Gastromycetes.
8. PHALLOIDEACEÆ—Fleshy to gelatinous. Receptacle and spore-bearing surface enclosed in universal volva
9. NIDULARIACEÆ—Leathery. Spores never powdery.
10. LYCOPERDACEÆ—Membranous to leathery. Spores forming powdery mass when mature.
11. SCLERODERMACEÆ—Leathery. Peridium thick, sessile or stalked, opening at apex.

Subterranean—

12. HYMENOGASTRACEÆ—Fleshy to firm. Peridium indehiscent.

ORDER VII.—PILACREACEÆ, BREF.

Genus (1)—

106. Pilacre, Fries.

ORDER VIII.—PHALLOIDEACEÆ, FRIES.

Genera (8)—

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| 107. Dictyophora, Desv. | 109. Mutinus, Fries. | 111. Colus, Cav. and Sec. | 113. Anthurus, Kalch. |
| 108. Ithyphallus, Fries. | 110. Clathrus, Linn. | 112. Lysurus, Fries. | 114. Ascroë, La Bill. |

ORDER IX.—NIDULARIACEÆ, FRIES.

Genera (3)—

- | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 115. Cyathus, Hall. | 116. Crucibulum, Tul. | 117. Sphærobolus, Todo. |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|

ORDER X.—LYCOPERDACEÆ, EHR.

Genera (18)—

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 118. Secotium, Kunze. | 123. Gymnoglossum, Mass. | 127. Calostoma, Desv. | 132. Areolaria, Forq. |
| 119. Chainoderma, Mass. | 124. Protoglossum, Mass. | 128. Geaster, Scop. | 133. Cnstoreum, Cooke and Mass. |
| 120. Cycloderma, Klot. | 125. Tulostoma, Pers. | 129. Diploderma, Link. | 134. Xylopodium, Mont. |
| 121. Mesophellia, Berk. | 126. Battarrea, Pers. | 130. Bovista, Scop. | 135. Favillea, Fries. |
| 122. Podaxon, Fries. | | 131. Lycoperdon, Linn. | |

ORDER XI.—SCLERODERMACEÆ, FRIES.

Genera (4)—

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 136. Scleroderma, Pers. | 137. Polysaccum, D.C. | 138. Arachnion, Schw. | 139. Paurocotylis, Berk. |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|

ORDER XII.—HYMENOGASTRACEÆ, VITT.

Genera (5)—

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 140. Octaviana, Vitt. | 142. Hymenogaster, Vitt. | 143. Hydngium, Wallr. | 144. Gautieria, Vitt. |
| 141. Rhizopogon, Fries. | | | |

GROUP II.—GASTROMYCETES.—

ORDER VII.—PILACREACEÆ,

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
106. PILACRE.—Fries,					
1269	1989	IV. 2750	<i>P. divisa</i> ...	Berk., Fl. N.Z. II. 197 (1855) ...	Divided pilacre ...
1270	1990	2752	<i>P. Petersii</i> ...	Berk. and Curt., Ann. Nat. Hist. III, 3rd Ser. 362 (1859)	Peters' pilacre ...

ORDER VIII.—PHALLOIDEACEÆ,

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
107. DICTYOPHORA.—Desv., Journ.					
1271	1179	VII. 13	<i>D. merulina</i> ...	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 172 (1873) ...	Merulius-like dictyophora ...
1272	1178	11	<i>D. multicolor</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 65 (1883) ...	Many-coloured dictyophora ...
1273	1175	2	<i>D. phalloidea</i> ...	Desv., Journ. Bot. II. 88 (1809) ...	Phallus-like dictyophora ...
1274	1177	6	<i>D. speciosa</i> ...	Meyen., Nov. Act. XIX. 239 (1843) ...	Handsome dictyophora ...
1275	1176	3	<i>D. tahitensis</i> ...	Fisch., Sacc. Syll. VII. 4 (1888) ...	Tahitian dictyophora ...
108. ITHYPHALLUS.—Fries, S.M. II. 283 (1823).—					
1276	1183	VII. 22	<i>I. aurantiacus</i> ...	Fisch., Sacc. Syll. VII. 9 (1888) ...	Orange-coloured ithyphallus ...
1277	1182	21	<i>I. calyptratus</i> ...	Fisch., Sacc. Syll. VII. 9 (1888) ...	Capped ithyphallus ...
1278	1180	18	<i>I. impudicus</i> ...	Fisch., Sacc. Syll. VII. 8 (1888) ...	Impure ithyphallus ... (Stinkhorn)
1279	1184	23	<i>I. novæ hollandiæ</i> ...	Fisch., Sacc. Syll. VII. 10 (1888) ...	New Holland ithyphallus ...
1280	1181	20	<i>I. quadricolor</i> ...	Fisch., Sacc. Syll. VII. 9 (1888) ...	Four-coloured ithyphallus ...
1281	1185	" 27	<i>I. rectus</i> ...	Fisch., Sacc. Syll. VII. 11 (1888) ...	Blunt ithyphallus ...
1282	1186	29	<i>I. rubicundus</i> ...	Fisch., Sacc. Syll. VII. 11 (1888) ...	Rubicund ithyphallus ...

WILLD., BEMERK. FARR. (1802).

BREF. UNT. VII. (1888).

Number	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Pl. Homon. 364 (1825).									
1269	T.	...	...	...	Bark	...	Head globose, clay coloured. Stem divided, brownish.
1270	N.S.W.	...	Trunks	...	Gregarious, often covering half-dead trunks for a considerable distance. Head relatively large. Stem short, whitish.

FRIES, S.M. II. 281 (1823).

Number.	Habitat.						Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.		

Bot. II. 92 (1809).—Phallus.

1271	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Ground	...	Gregarious. Cap bell shaped, ochrey, covered with foetid brown spore-bearing mass. Stem distinct, white.
1272	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Ground	...	About 7 inches high. Cap conical, orange, netted. Stem cream coloured, tapering to base.
1273	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Sandy soil	...	Cap thickened at apex, bell shaped, white, netted. Stem white and pitted.
1274	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Ground	...	Stem tapering upwards, white. Cap joined to stem at apex with short collar, bell shaped.
1275	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Ground	...	Stem cylindrical, walls pitted. Cap at apex of stem without collar ovate, roughly netted.

Phallus, Omphalo-phallus, Cynophallus.

1276	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Ground	...	Stem 6 to 8 inches long, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch thick, orange. Cap without collar or ring, thimble shaped, orange.
1277	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Among grass	...	Scarcely 2 inches high. Stem slightly tapering upwards. Cap somewhat hemispherical, orange.
1278	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Ground	...	Up to 10 inches high. Stem tapering above and below, white. Cap conical, netted; gelatinous mass of spores, dark olive.
1279	...	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Ground	...	Stem white, slender, tapering upwards. Cap narrow bell shaped, netted.
1280	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Ground	...	About $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches high. Stem cylindrical, lemon colour, veil white; mycelium purple. Cap orange coloured.
1281	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	...	...	Ground	...	About 6 inches high. Stem 1 inch or more thick, cylindrical. Cap ovate, blunt above apex of stem, white.
1282	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Ground	...	Stem between 5 and 6 inches high, spindle shaped, red. Cap conical to bell shaped, clad with brownish gluten.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
109. MUTINUS.—Fries, Summ. Veg.					
1283	...	VII. 30	<i>M. caninus</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.V.S. II. (1849)	Dog mutinus
1284	1168	38	<i>M. curtus</i>	<i>Fisch.</i> , Sacc. Syll. VII. 13 (1888)	Short mutinus
1285	1190	40	<i>M. discolor</i>	<i>Fisch.</i> , Sacc. Syll. VII. 14 (1888)	Discoloured mutinus
1286	1189	39	<i>M. papuasius</i>	Kalch., Grev. IV. 74 (1875)	Papuan mutinus
1287	1187	37	<i>M. Watsoni</i>	<i>Fisch.</i> , Sacc. Syll. VII. 13 (1888)	Watson's mutinus
110. CLATHRUS.—Linn.,					
1288	1194	VII. 61	<i>C. albidus</i>	Becker, Schles. Gesell. 81 (1874)	Whitish clathrus
1289	1195	59	<i>C. cibarius</i>	<i>Fisch.</i> , Sacc. Syll. VII. 20 (1888)	Edible clathrus
1290	1196	60	<i>C. crispus</i>	<i>Turp.</i> , Dict. Sci. Nat. (1822)	Curled clathrus
1291	1193	58	<i>C. gracilis</i>	<i>Schl.</i> , Linn. 166 (1861)... ..	Graceful clathrus
1292	1192	" 55	<i>C. pusillus</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 67 (1845)	Small clathrus
1293	1191	" 51	<i>C. triscapus</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. II. 287 (1823)	Three-branched clathrus
111. COLUS.—Cav. and Sec.,					
1294	1197	VII. 62	<i>C. hirudinosus</i>	Cav. and Sec., Ann. Sci. Nat. 253 (1835)	Leech colus
1295	...	IX. 1093	<i>C. Muelleri</i>	<i>Fisch.</i> , Unters. Phall. 61 (1890)	Mueller's colus
112. LYSURUS.—Fries,					
1296	1198	IX. 1095	<i>L. australiensis</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 6 (1889)	Australian lysurus
113. ANTHURUS.—Kalch.,					
1297	1200	VII. 71	<i>A. Archeri</i>	<i>Fisch.</i> , Sacc. Syll. VII. 24 (1888)	Archer's anthurus
1298	1199	69	<i>A. Muellerianus</i>	Kalch., Grev. IX. 2 (1880)	Mueller's anthurus
114. ASEROË.—La Bill.,					
1299	1202	VII. 78	<i>A. lysuroides</i>	<i>Fisch.</i> , Jahrb. Bot. Gart. IV. (1886)	Lysurus-like aseroë
1300	1201	76	<i>A. ruhra</i>	La Bill. Voy. 44 (1798)	Red aseroë
1800A			<i>A. ruhra</i> , var. <i>pentactina</i>	(<i>Sacc.</i>) Syll. VII. 26 (1888)	Five-rayed aseroë

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Scan. II. 434 (1849).—Phallus, Cynophallus.									
1283	...	...	...	...	...	...	B.	Woods ...	Receptacle somewhat spindle shaped, white or rosy, spore-bearing portion short, red. Stem 3 to 4 inches high, scentless.
1284	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	About 1 inch; receptacle broadly truncate at apex. Stem yellow; very fetid
1285	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Ground ...	Stem cylindrical, orange; spore-bearing part one-sixth of receptacle; apex yellowish grey or turning black.
1286	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Ground ...	About 3 to 4 inches high; receptacle thin and slender; spore-bearing part pear shaped, black.
1287	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Ground ...	About 2½ inches high; spore-bearing part conical, minutely veined, red.
Sp. Pl. II. 1179 (1753).—Heodictyon.									
1288	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Branches of receptacle with broad channel, white, then yellowish.
1289	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Q.	Ground ...	Receptacle spherical or ovoid, white, interstices broad; gregarious and common. <i>Edible.</i>
1290	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	...	Q.	Sandy soil	Receptacle spherical or obovate, vermilion or salmon colour; interstices rounded or oval.
1291	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	...	Q.	Ground ...	Veil globose, splitting into about four lobes; receptacle ovoid, white; interstices hexagonal.
1292	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Ground ...	Small; veil nearly cylindrical; receptacle bright ruby red.
1293	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Ground ...	Receptacle of three vertical branches, slender, thin, straight, white below, vermilion about apex.
Ann. Sci. Nat. 2 Ser. III. 253 (1835).—Clathrus.									
1294	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	Receptacle spindle shaped, white, reddening at apex. Stem inversely conical, with meshes at top.
1295	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Receptacle unequally perforated, the superior meshes of equal diameter, inferior greatly elongated. Stem short.
S.M. II. 285 (1823).—Mutinus.									
1296	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Ground ...	Receptacle tawny, mostly five lobed. Stem cylindrical, hollow, whitish. Veil globose, torn in lobes.
Grev. IX. 2 (1880).—Lysurus.									
1297	...	...	T.	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	Receptacle 3½ inches high, rosy. Stem very short, divided into five long erect lobes.
1298	...	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Ground ...	Receptacle yellow to reddish, cup shaped or funnel shaped above, dilated.
Voy. 44 (1798).—Lysurus.									
1299	...	...	T.	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	Stem white, slender, long, disc carmine rose above, externally distinct from stem.
1300	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	Q.	Ground ...	Stem becoming red, margin divided into five to eight teeth, vermilion above, forked.
1300A	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	...	...	Ground ...	With five bifid rays.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
ORDER IX.—NIDULARIACEÆ,					
115. CYATHUS.—Hall,					
1301	...	VII. 101	<i>C. ambiguus</i>	Tul., Ann. Sci. Nat. 75 (1844)	Ambiguous cyathus
1302	...	...	<i>C. Baileyi</i>	Mass., Grev. XXI. 3 (1892)	Bailey's cyathus
1303	1214	VII. 127	<i>C. Colensoi</i>	Berk., Fl. N. Zeal. II. 192 (1855)	Colenso's cyathus
1304	1212	" 113	<i>C. dasypus</i>	Nees, Phys. Ber. 41 (1820)	Hairy-stalked cyathus
1305	1206	" 104	<i>C. desertorum</i>	F. v. M., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 387 (1881)	Desert cyathus
1306	...	...	<i>C. dimorphus</i>	Cobb, Ag. Gaz. N.S.W. III. Pt. 12 (1892)	Dimorphic cyathus
1307	1213	VII. 121	<i>C. fimetarius</i>	D. C., Fl. Fr. V. 104 (1815)	Dung cyathus
1308	1209	" 116	<i>C. fimicola</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 387 (1881)	Dung-horne cyathus
1309	1205	" 98	<i>C. intermedius</i>	Tul., Mon. Nid. Ann. Sci. Nat. 72 (1844)... ..	Intermediate cyathus
1310	1207	" 109	<i>C. Lesueurii</i>	Tul., Mon. Nid. Ann. Sci. Nat. 79 (1844)... ..	Lesueur's cyathus
1311	1204	" 96	<i>C. Montagnei</i>	Tul., Mon. Nid. Ann. Sci. Nat. 70 (1844)... ..	Montagne's cyathus
1312	1203	" 95	<i>C. novæ-zealandiæ</i>	Tul., Mon. Nid. Ann. Sci. Nat. 66 (1844)... ..	New Zealand cyathus
1313	1210	" 117	<i>C. pezizoides</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 387 (1881)	Peziza-like cyathus
1314	1211	" 118	<i>C. pusio</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 387 (1881)	Small cyathus
1315	1208	" 110	<i>C. vernicosus</i>	D. C., Flor. Fr. II. 270 (1805)	Varnished cyathus
116. CRUCIBULUM.—Tul., Mon. Nid. Ann. Sci.					
1316	1216	...	<i>C. simile</i>	Mass., Grev. XIX. 94 (1891)	Similar crucibulum
1317	1215	VII. 128	<i>C. vulgare</i>	Tul., Mon. Nid. Ann. Sci. Nat. 90 (1844)... ..	Common crucibulum
117. SPHÆROBOLUS.—Tode,					
1318	1217	VII. 136	<i>S. stellatus</i>	Tode, Meck. 43 (1790)	Stellate sphaerobolus

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued*.

Number	Habitat.					Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.		
FRIES, S.M. III. 296.							
Helv. III. 127 (1768).— <i>Nidularia</i> , <i>Peziza</i> .							
1301	Q.	Garden soil ...
1302	Q.	Dung ...
1303	...	S.A.	T.	...	N.S.W.	...	Ground ...
1304	V.	...	...	Bare ground ...
1305	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	Sandy soil ...
1306	N.S.W.	...	Ground ...
1307	Q.	Dung ...
1308	V.	...	Q.	Dung ...
1309	Q.	Rubbish ...
1310	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	Rotten wood ...
1311	W.A.	...	...	...	...	Q.	Chips ...
1312	N.S.W.	...	Rotten wood *
1313	Q.	Rotting herbs ...
1314	Q.	Trunks of <i>Eucalyptus</i> ...
1315	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	Q.	B. Ground and twigs ...
Nat. 3 Ser. I. 89 (1844).— <i>Cyathus</i> , <i>Nidularia</i> , <i>Peziza</i> .							
1316	Bark and wood ...
1317	V.	...	Q.	B. Twigs, wood, &c. ...
Meck. I. 43 (1790).— <i>Lycoperdon</i> .							
1318	T.	V.	...	...	B. Wood, chips, &c. ...

Obconical to cup shaped, cartilaginous to membranous, tawny, rusty, or tawny cinnamon, beautiful silky gloss.
 More or less gregarious, inversely conical or bell shaped, thin and cartilaginous, minutely downy, cinnamon.
 Densely crowded, cup shaped, thin, flexible, dirty umber, downy.
 Bell shaped, somewhat cylindrical, pale ochre, and minutely downy.
 Pale, downy, smooth within and even.
 Gregarious. Peridium ash colour, bell shaped, with obscure circle of small markings half way up.
 Hemispherical, brown to tawny, velvety.
 Cup shaped, umber, becoming pale, minutely velvety.
 Cup shaped, inversely conical, rusty, becoming yellowish, hairy, slightly streaked.
 Membranous, thin, grey, clad with somewhat star-shaped hairs or naked.
 Crucible shaped, rusty, with a few woolly hairs, internally smooth, streaked and ciliate above.
 Elongated, narrow, brown, woolly outside, streaked and furrowed inside.
 Cup shaped, densely downy outside with flexuous hairs, umber, very small, smooth inside.
 Wine-glass shaped, whitish, clad outside with a fine down, smooth inside.
 Clustered, bell shaped, nearly sessile, pale ochre to ash colour, then dusky, downy, lead colour or brown within.

Crowded or scattered, somewhat cylindrical, thin, flexible, externally densely covered with ochrey-brown shaggy down.
 Gregarious, cylindrical to bell shaped, ochrey, then rusty, downy when young, then smooth, inside shining yellow.

Nearly spherical, fleshy, delihsing with five to eight acute teeth, yellow, interior whitish.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
ORDER X.—LYCOPERDACEÆ,					
118. SECOTIUM.—Kunze					
1319	1218	VII. 146	<i>S. acuminatum</i>	Mont., Fl. Alg. I. 371 (1846)	Acuminate secotium
1320	1219	150	<i>S. coaretatum</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 63 (1845)	Compact secotium
1321	1221	152	<i>S. erythrocephalum</i>	Tul., Ann. Sci. Nat. 115 (1844)	Red-headed secotium
1322	1222	156	<i>S. Gunnii</i>	Berk., in Cooke's Handb. Austr. Fung. 221 (1892)	Gunn's secotium
1323	1220	151	<i>S. melanosporum</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 62 (1845)	Dark-spored secotium
1324	1223	...	<i>S. scabrosum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XX. 35 (1891)	Scabrous secotium
119. CHAINODERMA.—Massee,					
1325	1224	...	<i>C. Drummondii</i>	Mass., Grev. XIX. 46 (1890)	Drummond's chainbderma
120. CYCLODERMA.—Klotzsch,					
1326	1225	VII. 1584	<i>C. platyspora</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 73 (1888)	Broad-spored cycloderma
121. MESOPHELLIA.—Berk.,					
1327	1226	VII. 162	<i>M. arenaria</i>	Berk., Linn. Trans. XXII. 131 (1857)	Sandy mesophellia
1328	1227	163	<i>M. ingraticissima</i>	De Toni, Sacc. Syll. VII. 57 (1888)	Strong-smelling mesophellia
122. PODAXON.—Fries,					
1329	1231	VII. 170	<i>P. axata</i>	Mass., Mon. Pod. Journ. Bot. (1890)	Axate podaxon
1330	1229	„ 168	<i>P. carcinomalis</i>	Fries, S.M. III. 62 (1829)	Cancerous podaxon
1331	1230	„ 171	<i>P. indica</i>	Spreng., Syst. Veg. V. 518 (1828)	Indian podaxon
123. GYMNOGLOSSUM.—Massee,					
1332	1232	...	<i>G. stipitatum</i>	Mass., Grev. XIX. 97 (1891)	Stalked gymnoglossum
124. PROTOGLOSSUM.—Mass.,					
1333	1233	...	<i>P. luteum</i>	Mass., Grev. XIX. 97 (1891)	Yellow protoglossum
125. TULOSTOMA.—Pers.,					
1334	1240	...	<i>T. album</i>	Mass., Grev. XIX. 95 (1891)	White tulostoma
1335	1238	VII. 185	<i>T. fimbriatum</i>	Fries, S.M. III. 43 (1829)	Fringed tulostoma
1336	1239	193	<i>T. granulorum</i>	Lev., Demid. Voy. IV. 120 (1842)	Granular tulostoma
1337	1235	„ 177	<i>T. leprosum</i>	Kalch., Grev. IV. 72 (1875)	Leprous tulostoma
1338	1234	„ 175	<i>T. mammosum</i>	Fries, S.M. III. 42 (1829)	Teat-like tulostoma
1339	1237	184	<i>T. maximum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 94 (1887)	Maximum tulostoma
1340	1241	IX. 1113	<i>T. pulchellum</i>	Sacc., Bull., Soc. Myc. V. 118 (1889)	Beautiful tulostoma
1341	1236	VII. 182	<i>T. Wightii</i>	Berk., Fook., Lond. Journ. I. 157 (1842)	Wight's tulostoma

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						D.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
EHR. SYLV. BER. 14 (1818).									
Fl. 321 (1840).									
1319	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	... Solitary, ovoid, tan or ochrey, acuminate at apex, cuticle breaking up into scales. Stem short, twisted.
1320	W.A.	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	... Minute, strong scented, inversely ovate; margin bent inwards. Stem slender, cylindrical.
1321	...	...	T.	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	... Gregarious, rather long stemmed. Stem erect, naked, white. Peridium smooth, carmine red.
1322	...	...	T.	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	... Small. Stem slender, solid, pale brown. Peridium somewhat globose, pale brown, smooth.
1323	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	... Tufted. Cap somewhat globose, mealy. Margin obtuse and rounded. Stem solid. Spores dark chocolate brown.
1324	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	... Hemispherical, dingy olive or greyish, rugged.
Grev. XIX. 46 (1890).—Secotium.									
1325	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	... Club to spindle shaped, dingy brown, smooth. Mass of spores dingy brown.
Linn VII. 203 (1832).									
1326	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	... Ovate, external thick, flexible, ochrey, internal thin, shining.
Fl. Tasm. II. 266 (1860).—Inoderma.									
1327	...	...	T.	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	... Thick, elliptical, externally clad with whitish woolly threads.
1328	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	... Strong scented, crustaceous, very fragile, somewhat globose.
S.M. III. 62 (1829).—Lycoperdon, Mitremyces.									
1329	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	...	...	Dry sandy places ...	... Tuberos rooting, oblong. Stem hollow, substance woody. Peridium ovate.
1330	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	Q.	Sandy places ...	... Peridium ovate, oblong, whitish. Stem cylindrical, curved.
1331	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Q.	Ground ...	... Stem corded, often twisted lengthwise. Peridium club shaped, invested with saffron-yellow membrane.
Grev. XIX. 97 (1891).									
1332	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	...	...	Ground ...	... Obtusely conical, pitted, pale brown. Stem solid, pale brown.
Grev. XIX. 97 (1891).									
1333	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Q.	In rich black mould ...	... Cylindrical, growing vertically, with extreme apex above, orange yellow, underground portion yellowish. No stem.
Tent. Disp. 6 (1797).—Lycoperdon, Schizostoma.									
1334	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	... Stem ochrey, wrinkled lengthwise. Peridium globose, pure white shining.
1335	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Sandy soil ...	... Peridium almost naked, scales falling away, becoming tawny. Stem tawny ochre, mouth torn, fringed.
1336	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	... Peridium globose, depressed, brown; mouth teat-like; margin torn and toothed. Stem thickish.
1337	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Ground ...	... Peridium clad with a lurid umber mealy scurf, at length falling away.
1338	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Q.	Ground ...	... Stem hollow, covered more or less with falling scales. Peridium globose, with minute prominent teat-like mouth.
1339	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	... Peridium smooth, ochrey, with rounded mouth. Stem elongated, of same colour.
1340	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Branes ...	... Minute, shortly stalked. Stem cylindrical, smooth, whitish. Peridium membranous, sub-globose.
1341	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Ground ...	... Peridium papery, egg shaped to globular. Stem somewhat scaly.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
126. BATTARREA.—Pers.,					
1342	1244	VII. 199	<i>B. Muelleri</i>	Kalch., Grev. IX. 3 (1880)	Mueller's battarrea
1343	1242	195	<i>B. pballoides</i>	<i>Pers.</i> , Syn. 129 (1801)	Phallus-like battarrea
1344	1243	196	<i>B. Steveni</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. III. 7 (1829)	Steven's battarrea
1345	1245	IX. 1115	<i>B. Tepperiana</i>	Ludw., Bot. Centr. 337 (1889)	Tepper's battarrea
127. CALOSTOMA.—Desv.,					
1346	1249	...	<i>C. æruginosa</i>	Mass., Grev. XIX. 96 (1891)	Verdigris-green calostoma
1347	1247	VII. 206	<i>C. fusca</i>	<i>Mass.</i> , Ann. Bot. II. 43 (1888)	Brown calostoma
1348	1246	205	<i>C. lurida</i>	<i>Mass.</i> , Ann. Bot. II. 43 (1888)	Lurid calostoma
1349	1248	207	<i>C. viridis</i>	<i>Mass.</i> , Ann. Bot. II. 40 (1888)	Green calostoma
128. GEASTER.—Scop.,					
1350	1270	VII. 1590	<i>G. Archeri</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 264 (1860)	Archer's geaster
1351	1271	IX. 1123	<i>G. argenteus</i>	Cooke, Grev. XVII. 75 (1889)	Silvery geaster
1352	1259	VII. 1592	<i>G. australis</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 265 (1860)	Southern geaster
1353	...	IX. 1119	<i>G. Berkeleyi</i>	Mass., Ann. Bot. 79 (1889)	Berkeley's geaster
1354	1253	VII. 226	<i>G. Drummondi</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. IV. 63 (1845)	Drummond's geaster
1355	1269	261	<i>G. dubius</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVI. 40 (1878)	Doubtful geaster
1356	1264	248	<i>G. floriformis</i>	Vitt., Mon. Lycop. 167 (1842)	Flower-shaped geaster
1357	1258	238	<i>G. fimbriatus</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. III. 16 (1829)	Fringed geaster
1358	1268	257	<i>G. hygrometricus</i>	<i>Pers.</i> , Syn. 135 (1801)	Hygrometric geaster
1359	1262	246	<i>G. lageniformis</i>	Vitt., Mon. Lycop. 160 (1842)	Flask-shaped geaster
1360	1256	229	<i>G. lignicola</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 386 (1881)	Wood-growing geaster
1361	1267	255	<i>G. lugubris</i>	Kalch., Gast. 10 (1883)	Mourning geaster
1362	1257	232	<i>G. minimus</i>	Schwein., Syn. Car. 327 (1822)	Least geaster
1363	1265	249	<i>G. pusillus</i>	<i>Fries</i> , Pl. Preiss. II. 139 (1846)	Small geaster... ..
1364	1254	„ 1591	<i>G. Readeri</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 73 (1888)	Reader's geaster
1365	1266	251	<i>G. rufesceus</i>	<i>Pers.</i> , Syn. 134 (1801)	Reddish geaster
1366	1261	245	<i>G. saccatus</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. III. 16 (1829)	Saccate geaster
1367	1263	247	<i>G. Spegazzinianus</i>	<i>De Ton.</i> , Rev. Geast. in Rev. Myc. 19 (1887)	Spegazzini's geaster
1368	1252	224	<i>G. striatulus</i>	Kalch., Grev. IX. 3 (1880)	Furrowed geaster
1369	1251	222	<i>G. striatus</i>	D. C., Fl. Fr. II. 267 (1805)	Streaked geaster
1370	1255	228	<i>G. subiculosus</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 97 (1887)	Subiculous geaster
1371	1250	218	<i>G. tenuipes</i>	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. VII. 576 (1848)	Slender-stalked geaster
1372	1260	242	<i>G. vittatus</i>	Kalch., Grev. IX. 3 (1880)	Vittate geaster

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Syn. 129 (1801).—Lycoperdon, Dendromyces.									
1342	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	Ground	...	Entirely white, at length rusty from the scattered spores. Peridium bell to mitre shaped, seated on solid very long stem.
1343	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	...	B. Sandy soil	...	Veil ovate, whitish, with mucus. Stem cylindrical, tapering a little to each end. Peridium bell shaped, smooth below, powdery brown above.
1344	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Sandy soil	...	Stem bellied, covered with scales, hollow. Peridium somewhat plane, leathery, thin.
1345	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	Sandy soil	...	Stem very long, thickened upwards, woody, hollow, in upper part torn into large membranous scales.
Journ. Bot. II. 94 (1809).—Mitremyces.									
1346	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Ground	...	Outer peridium becoming broken up into small verdigris-green scales; inner peridium sub-globose, dingy green.
1347	W.A.	...	T.	V.	...	...	Ground	...	Simple or tufted, outer peridium dark brown, dingy red within; inner peridium pale brown, sub-globose, mouth vermilion, teeth erect.
1348	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Sandy soil	...	Outer peridium breaking up early into small blackish granules, adhering to ochrey inner peridium.
1349	...	...	...	V.	...	Q.	Ground and dead timber	...	Outer peridium in form of dingy-green irregular scales, adhering to pale-green inner peridium, stem-like, base stout, greenish.
Carn. II. 489 (1772).—Lycoperdon.									
1350	...	...	T.	...	...	Q.	Ground	...	Outer peridium cut to the middle into six to seven lobes; inner peridium globose, purplish umber.
1351	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Ground	...	Outer peridium cut into eight to ten teeth, whitish and shining, internally dingy umber; inner peridium globose.
1352	W.A.	...	T.	...	...	...	Ground	...	Outer peridium leathery, rigid, cut to the middle in eight to ten lobes; inner peridium sub-globose, pale umber.
1353	...	...	...	...	...	...	B. Ground	...	Outer peridium thinish, split to centre into a number of segments; inner peridium short stalked, thick, pale brown.
1354	W.A.	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	Ground	...	Outer peridium simple, rigid, flattened, many lobed; inner peridium globose, delicately rough.
1355	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	Q.	Ground	...	Outer peridium thick, globose, delicately powdery, fawn colour, seated on stem-like mycelium.
1356	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	Q.	Ground	...	Outer peridium cut into five to eight lobes; inner peridium ovate-oblong, papery, greyish white, shining.
1357	...	S.A.	T.	V.	...	Q.	B. Grassy spots	...	Outer peridium simple, five to fifteen lobed, flattened, tawny brown; inner peridium sub-globose, whitish, yellow or umber.
1358	W.A.	...	...	...	...	Q.	B. Ground	...	Outer peridium cut to the base into seven to twenty lobes, rarely six; inner peridium compressed, brown or grey.
1359	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B. Ground	...	Outer peridium cut nearly to middle in six to nine lobes; inner peridium nearly spherical, soft, membranous.
1360	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Trunks	...	Outer peridium downy to granular, pale, irregularly ruptured; inner peridium brown.
1361	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Ground	...	Outer peridium cut into seven to eight narrow lance-shaped teeth, with thin continuous black layer; inner peridium clay colour to brownish.
1362	W.A.	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	Moist clay soil	...	Outer peridium for most part seven to nine lobed; inner peridium shortly but distinctly stalked, size of pea, white.
1363	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Sandy soil	...	Outer peridium splitting into eight lobes; inner peridium globose, becoming whitish.
1364	...	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	Ground	...	Outer peridium thin, cut into seven to nine lobes, umber within; inner peridium somewhat stalked, globose, ochrey umber.
1365	W.A.	...	...	...	N.S.W.	Q.	B. Ground	...	Outer peridium rigid, cut into about six lobes, reddish; inner peridium somewhat ovate, pale.
1366	W.A.	...	T.	...	N.S.W.	Q.	B. Ground	...	Outer peridium cut into six to nine lobes, thin, soft; inner peridium globose, collapsed.
1367	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	Q.	Ground	...	Outer peridium split into eight to sixteen stellate fringes; inner peridium globose, tough, yellowish tan.
1368	...	S.A.	...	...	...	Q.	Ground	...	Small. Outer peridium with few lobes, mealy outside, smooth inside, umber or tawny; inner peridium conically globose.
1369	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	Q.	B. Ground	...	Outer peridium often multifold beyond the middle, brown within; inner peridium globose, umber.
1370	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Rotten wood	...	Gregarious, springing from expanded, white subiculum, or filamentous mass. Outer peridium mealy, wood colour; inner peridium darker, globose.
1371	...	...	T.	...	...	...	Ground	...	Outer peridium soft, papery, pale umber, about seven lobed; inner peridium on long stalk, globose, dark brown.
1372	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ground	...	Outer peridium membranous to leathery, cut into about eight fringes, tan colour, cracked lengthwise as if channelled; inner peridium globose, tawny.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
129. DIPLODERMA.—Link,					
1373	1275	IX. 1125	<i>D. album</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 2 (1887)	White diploderma
1374	1276	1126	<i>D. fumosum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 2 (1887)	Smoke-coloured spored diploderma
1375	1272	VII. 269	<i>D. glaucum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 99 (1887)	Glaucous diploderma
1376	1277	...	<i>D. melaspermum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XX. 35 (1891)	Dark-spored diploderma
1377	1274	IX. 1127	<i>D. pachythrix</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 50 (1890)	Thick-fibred diploderma
1378	...	...	<i>D. sabulosum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXI. 38 (1892)	Sandy diploderma
1379	1273	VII. 270	<i>D. suberosum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 100 (1887)	Corky diploderma
130. BOVISTA.—Scop.,					
1380	1282	IX. 1130	<i>B. anomala</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 6 (1889)	Anomalous bovista
1381	...	VII. 283	<i>B. brasiliensis</i>	<i>De Ton.</i> , Sacc. Syll. VII. 100 (1888)	Brazilian bovista
1382	1278	283	<i>B. brunnea</i>	Berk., Fl. N. Zeal. II. 189 (1855)	Brown bovista
1383	1284	291	<i>B. cervina</i>	Berk., Ann. Nat. Hist. IX. 447 (1842)	Fawn-coloured bovista
1384	1303	296	<i>B. dermoxantha</i>	<i>De Ton.</i> , Sacc. Syll. VII. 100 (1888)	Yellow-skinned bovista
1385	1280	„ 1605	<i>B. hyalothrix</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 73 (1888)	Colourless-threaded bovista
1386	1281	...	<i>B. hypogæa</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XX. 35 (1891)	Subterranean bovista
1387	1279	VII. 293	<i>B. Muelleri</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 171 (1873)	Mueller's bovista
1388	1307	„ 286	<i>B. mundula</i>	<i>De Ton.</i> , Sacc. Syll. VII. 98 (1888)	Neat bovista
1389	1283	„ 1600	<i>B. olivacea</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 77 (1888)	Olive bovista
1390	1306	325	<i>B. pusilla</i>	<i>De Ton.</i> , Rev. Geast (1887)	Little bovista
131. LYCOPERDON.—Linn.,					
1391	1298	VII. 387	<i>L. australe</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 266 (1860)	Southern lycoperdon (or puff-ball)
1392	1293	324	<i>L. Bovista</i>	Linn., Sp. Pl. 1653 (1753)	Bovista lycoperdon
1393	1287	IX. 1133	<i>L. hovistoides</i>	Sacc., Bull., Soc. Myc. Fr. V. 118 (1889)	Bovista-like lycoperdon
1394	1295	VII. 352	<i>L. cælatum</i>	Bull., Champ. 430 (1812)	Embossed lycoperdon
1395	1296	„ 1615	<i>L. Cookei</i>	Mass., Mon. Lyc. Trans. R.M.S. 714 (1887)	Cooke's lycoperdon
1396	1301	...	<i>L. coprophilum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev.	Dung-loving lycoperdon
1397	1289	VII. 320	<i>L. gemmatum</i>	Bat.-ch., Elen. 147 (1783)	Warty lycoperdon (Root fungus)
1398	1292	386	<i>L. glabrescens</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 226 (1860)	Smooth lycoperdon
1399	1309	„ 341	<i>L. Gunnii</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 265 (1860)	Gunn's lycoperdon
1400	1285	„ 403	<i>L. lilacinum</i>	<i>Speg.</i> , Fung. Arg. 110 (1882)	Lilac lycoperdon

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number	Habitat.						s.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Berl. Mag. VII. 44 (1816).									
1373	N.S.W.	...	...	Ground ...	Somewhat globose. Outer peridium thin, persistent; inner peridium whitish, cartilaginous.
1374	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Ground ...	Globose, depressed, white. Outer peridium fibrous; inner peridium pale, fragile.
1375	T.	...	...	...	...	Ground, amongst sand	Somewhat globose, greyish green. Outer peridium fragile, soon falling away; inner peridium thin, yellowish.
1376	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Somewhat globose. Outer peridium thin, persistent, densely velvety, grey; inner peridium cinnamon.
1377	V.	...	...	...	Underground	Somewhat globose, about 1 inch in diameter. Outer peridium thin, ashy; inner peridium pale. Sterile threads thick, fibrous.
1378	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Sandy soil	Nearly globose, pale. Outer peridium thick, somewhat gelatinous, collecting grains of sand; inner peridium membranous.
1379	...	S.A.	...	...	...	Q.	...	Ground ...	Somewhat globose. Outer peridium corky, ochrey; inner peridium cartilaginous, turning black.
Carn II. 487 (1772).									
1380	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Somewhat globose, depressed, whitish. Peridium thick, leathery, delicately velvety, dingy ochre.
1381	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Tufted. Peridium membranous, persistent, globose, rough pointed, rooting.
1382	N.S.W.	...	...	Ground ...	Globose, about 1 inch across, with minute apiculate rooting base. Peridium brownish umber, smooth, shining.
1383	V.	...	Q.	...	Ground ...	Small, globose. Peridium membranous, pale, fawn-coloured, cortex rather rigid.
1384	V.	...	...	...	Grassy places	Peridium very thin, sessile, irregularly globose, root rather long, slender, bright yellow becoming brownish.
1385	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Somewhat globose. Cortex very thick and fibrous, forming persistent base like acorn cup. Peridium minutely rugged.
1386	V.	...	...	...	Subterranean or partly exposed	Globose and depressed. Outer cortex persistent, thin, white, silky; inner layer thin, whitish, flexible.
1387	Q.	...	Ground ...	Somewhat globose, with short stout rooting base. Cortex soon broken up into minute warts. Peridium firm, brown.
1388	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Peridium fluffy, becoming smooth, white, size of hazel-nut.
1389	V.	...	...	B.	Ground ...	Globose, with short stout rooting base. Cortex very thin and evanescent. Peridium thick, soft, and pliant like leather, pale ochrey.
1390	W.A.	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Ground ...	Among the smallest of puff-balls. Somewhat globose, slightly tapering below, with minute scurfy scales, becoming smooth, pale-olive ochre.
Sp. Pl. II. 1183 (1753).— <i>Bovista.</i>									
1391	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Sand turf meadows	Sessile, globose, and depressed, densely covered with small pointed warts. Root long tapering.
1392	Q.	B.	Ground ...	Peridium somewhat spherical, sessile, fragile above, greyish white to yellowish white, then olive grey. <i>Edible.</i>
1393	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Peridium nearly sessile, attached by a broad base, globose, then depressed, membranous, yellowish.
1394	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Among grass	Solitary, sessile or stalked, large, somewhat globose or depressed. Cortex or bark pale-creamy ochre, broken into large angular patches.
1395	N.S.W.	...	B.	Ground ...	Hemispherical or globose, abruptly contracted into short thick stem-like base, smoky brown above, white below.
1396	Q.	...	Dung	Globose, sessile, whitish, covered with delicate persistent spines.
1397	W.A.	...	T.	...	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Ground ...	Stalked, somewhat globose, depressed above, with prominent spiny warts, eventually falling off. Stem stout.
1398	T.	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Nearly hemispherical, at first covered with slender spines becoming smooth. Stem short, stout.
1399	T.	V.	...	Q.	...	Pastures ...	Sessile, somewhat globose, with very minute stellate warts.
1400	W.A.	...	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Ground ...	Broadly obovate, contracted below into stout stem-like base. Peridium thin; cortex white, polished.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
131. LYCOPERDON.— <i>Linn.</i> ,					
1401	1288	VII. 1610	<i>L. natalense</i>	Cooke and Mass., in Mon. Lyc. Trans. R.M.S. 709 (1887)	Natal lycoperdon ...
1402	1291	359	<i>L. pyriforme</i>	Schaeff., Icon 185 (1762)	Pear-shaped lycoperdon
1403	1304	330	<i>L. reticulatum</i>	Berk., Fl. N. Zeal. II. 190 (1855)	Reticulated lycoperdon ...
1404	1299	333	<i>L. stellatum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 97 (1887)	Stellate lycoperdon
1405	1300	1621	<i>L. substellatum</i>	Berk. and Curt., in Mass. Mon. Lyc. Trans. R.M.S. 720 (1887)	Sub-stellate lycoperdon ...
1406	1305	437	<i>L. tephrum</i>	Berk., in Mass. Mon. Lyc. Trans. R.M.S. 723 (1887)	Ash-coloured lycoperdon ...
1407	1286	1607	<i>L. violascens</i>	Cooke and Mass., Mon. Lyc. Trans. R.M.S. 706 (1887)	Violet lycoperdon
132. AREOLARIA.— <i>Forq.</i> , <i>Champ.</i>					
1408	1318	VII. 481	<i>A. strobilina</i>	<i>Forq.</i> , <i>Champ. Exot.</i> 155 (1886)	Cone-like areolaria
133. CASTOREUM.— <i>Cooke and Mass.</i> ,					
1409	1322	VII. 476	<i>C. radicatum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 100 (1887)	Rooting castoreum
134. XYLOPODIUM.— <i>Mont.</i> ,					
1410	1323	VII. 479	<i>X. australe</i>	Berk., <i>Liun. Journ.</i> XIII. 171 (1873)	Southern xylopodium
1411	1324	478	<i>X. ochroleucum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 95 (1887)	Whitish-ochre xylopodium ...
135. FAVILLEA.— <i>Fries</i> ,					
1412	1325	VII. 487	<i>F. atgillacea</i>	<i>Fries</i> , <i>Fung. Nat.</i> 32 (1848)	Clay-coloured favillea

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Sp. Pl. II. 1183 (1753).— <i>Bovista</i> — <i>continued.</i>									
1401	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Globose, sessile, passing abruptly into short tapering root. Peridium thick, minutely warted, becoming smooth.
1402	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	On stumps or soil, attached to branches, &c.	Densely tufted, pear shaped, membranous, covered with minute-pointed warts, brownish, rooting.
1403	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Globose, tapering downward, with slightly-raised reticulations, eventually disappearing and leaving polished surface.
1404	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	Sessile, nearly globose. Peridium thin, covered at first with stout stellate spiny warts, falling away in patches and leaving smooth surface.
1405	Q.	...	Rotten wood, &c. ...	Globose, sessile, whitish, covered with delicate spines, which become smaller downwards.
1406	Q.	...	...	Globose, sessile, thick and rigid, brown, minutely velvety.
1407	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Globose, sessile, terminating in short slender root. Peridium papery, covered at first with minute warts, becoming smooth and shining.
Exot. 155 (1886).— <i>Scleroderma</i> , <i>Phellorina</i> .									
1408	Q.	...	Ground ...	Globose and depressed, with stout angular scales above. Stem solid, rather woody.
Grev. XV. 100 (1887).									
1409	T.	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	Tufted, nearly globose, confluent below in tough rooting stem. Outer peridium tawny, leathery; inner peridium at length horny.
Ann. Sci. Nat. 3 Ser. IV. 364 (1845).									
1410	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Ground, trunk of <i>Eucalyptus hemiphloia</i>	Peridium volvate when young. Stem rooting, broken into scales.
1411	Q.	...	Ground ...	Stalked. Peridium globose, with large warts. Stem erect, thick, solid, with overlapping scales.
Fung. Nat. 32 (1848).									
1412	Ground ...	Peridium club shaped, simple, without special cortex, membranous above.



SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
ORDER XI.—SCLERODERMACEÆ,					
136. SCLERODERMA.—Pers., Syn.					
1413	1316	IX. 1142	<i>S. australe</i>	Mass., Grev. XVIII. 26 (1889)	Southern scleroderma
1414	1311	VII. 446	<i>S. Bovista</i>	Fries, S.M. III. 40 (1829)	Bovista scleroderma
1415	1319	474	<i>S. corium</i>	Grav., in Duby. Bot. Gall. II. 892 (1830)	Leathery scleroderma
1416	1310	„ 459	<i>S. Geaster</i>	Fries, S.M. III. 46 (1829)	Earth-star scleroderma
1417	1321	„ 1629	<i>S. olivaceum</i>	De Ton., Sacc. Syll. VII. 489 (1868)	Olive scleroderma
1418	1314	„ 454	<i>S. Pandanaccum</i>	F. v. M., Linn. Journ. XIII. 171 (1873)	Pandanus scleroderma... ..
1419	1320	„ 461	<i>S. phæotrichum</i>	De Ton., Sacc. Syll. VII. 139 (1868)	Dusky-haired scleroderma
1420	...	...	<i>S. pileolatum</i>	Kalch., Linn. Soc. N.S.W. VII. 565 (1882)	Capped scleroderma
1421	1317	IX. 1146	<i>S. umbrinum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 45 (1890)	Umber scleroderma
1422	1313	VII. 447	<i>S. verrucosum</i>	Pers., Syn. 154 (1801)	Warted scleroderma
1423	1312	445	<i>S. vulgare</i>	Fries, S.M. III. 46 (1829)	Common scleroderma
137. POLYSACCUM.—D. C., Fl. Fr. V. 103 (1815).—					
1424	1334	... ..	<i>P. album</i>	Cooke and Mass, Grev. XX. 36 (1891)	White polysaccum
1426	1333	VII. 490	<i>P. australe</i>	Lev., Ann. Sci. Nat. Ser. 3, IX. 136 (1848)	Southern polysaccum
1426	1332	1632	<i>P. confusum</i>	Cooke, Grev. XVI. 76 (1888)	Confused polysaccum
1427	1328	491	<i>P. crassipes</i>	D. C., Fl. Fr. V. 103 (1815)	Thick-stalked polysaccum
1428	1335	„ 500	<i>P. degenerans</i>	Fries, Pl. Preiss. 139 (1846)	Degenerating polysaccum
1429	1331	„ 499	<i>P. marmoratum</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 171 (1873)	Marbled polysaccum
1430	1327	1633	<i>P. microcarpum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 28 (1887)	Small-fruited polysaccum
1431	1326	494	<i>P. pisocarpium</i>	Fries, S.M. III. 64 (1829)	Pea-fruited polysaccum
1431A	„	„	<i>P. pisocarpium, var. acaule</i>	D. C., Fl. Fr. V. 103 (1815)	Stemless polysaccum
1432	1330	„ 501	<i>P. tuberosum</i>	Fries, Linn. V. 694 (1830)	Tuberous polysaccum
1433	1329	489	<i>P. turgidum</i>	Fries, S.M. III. 53 (1829)	Turgid polysaccum
138. ARACHNION.—Schwein.,					
1434	1336	VII. 507	<i>A. Drummondi</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 389 (1887)	Drummond's arachnion
139. PAUROCOTYLIS.—Berk.,					
1435	1338	VII. 612	<i>P. echinosperma</i>	Cooke, Grev. VIII. 59 (1879)	Spiny-spored paurocotylis

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						D.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
FRIES, S.M. III. 5 (1829).									
Fung. 150 (1801).—Lycoperdon, Mycenastrum.									
1413	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Soil ...	Nearly globose, sessile. Peridium thick, externally minutely felty, dirty ochre, with rooting base.
1414	...	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Sandy ground ...	Obovoid to spherical, somewhat stalked or possibly with rooting base, warty, turning yellow.
1415	...	...	...	V.	...	Q.	...	Sandy ground ...	Nearly globose, whitish, then greyish brown, leathery, splitting above in stellate manner.
1416	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Sandy ground ...	Sessile, nearly globose, opening at top in stellate fringes.
1417	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Ground ...	Nearly globose, sessile, lead colour above, whitish below; sterile threads and mass of spores olive.
1418	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Ground ...	Globose, sessile, yellow, tessellate above.
1419	W.A.	...	...	...	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Ground ...	Nearly globose; sterile threads and mass of spores dark purple brown.
1420	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	...	...	...	Peridium globose, opaque, umber beneath, concave, size of hazel-nut, with slender stem.
1421	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Ground ...	Peridium globose, coarsely wrinkled below, dirty pale ochre. Stem coarsely furrowed, dark brown, passing into dense bulbous mass.
1422	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Sandy ground ...	Peridium rounded, at first hard, then fragile, covered with rather warted cortex, dingy yellowish.
1423	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Ground under trees, &c.	Almost sessile, deformed. Peridium corky, citron then reddish brown, growing pale with age.
Lycoperdon, Lycoperdoides.									
1424	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Ground ...	Peridium globose, white, polished and shining, tapering below into very short stout irregular stem-like base.
1425	W.A.	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Ground ...	Stem rooting, almost cylindrical, shining, blackish brown, dilated into like-coloured nearly globose peridium.
1426	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Peridium nearly globose, slightly narrowed below into short thick stem, or pear shaped, olivaceous umber with polygonal cavities.
1427	W.A.	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Immersed in sand ...	Peridium from spherical to clavate, pale ochre becoming darker; stem-like base stout, minute cavities.
1428	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	River banks ...	Club shaped with rooting stem. Peridium simple, ochrey-tan colour.
1429	W.A.	S.A.	...	...	N.S.W.	...	...	Ground ...	Peridium somewhat globose, tapering to stem-like base, dirty ochre, marbled with darker patches.
1430	...	...	...	V.	...	Q.	...	Ground ...	Peridium nearly globose, coarsely tubercled, ochrey brown, stout, with stem-like base, bright citrine.
1431	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	Q.	B.	Sandy ground ...	Peridium nearly globose, passing down into short stem-like base, reddish brown, tinged olive.
1431A	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Sandy ground ...	Without distinct stem.
1432	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Ground ...	Peridium nearly globose or deformed, with short stem-like base, ochrey; cavities large, angular.
1433	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sandy soil ...	Peridium cylindrical to club shaped, covered at first with fine spider-like web, dark umber, passing into stem-like base.
Syn. Car. 14 (1822).									
1434	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Attached to <i>Locellinia cynopotamia</i>	Globose, depressed a little, pale.
Fl. N. Zeal. II. 188 (1855).									
1435	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Globose, depressed, tawny flesh colour, spores spiny.



SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
ORDER XII.—HYMENOGASTRACEÆ,					
140. OCTAVIANIA.—Vitt., Mon.					
1436	1340	IX. 1150	<i>O. alveolata</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 2 (1887)	Alveolate octaviana
1437	1341	VII. 529	<i>O. Archeri</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 263 (1860)	Archer's octaviana
1438	1339	578	<i>O. australiense</i>	Berk., in Cooke's Handb. Austr. Fung. 246 (1892)	Australian octaviana
141. RHIZOPOGON.—Fries,					
1439	1342	VII. 534	<i>R. luteolus</i>	Fries, Symb. Gast. 5 (1818)	Yellowish rhizopogon
142. HYMENOGASTER.—Vitt., Mon. Tub. 30 (1831).—					
1440	1343	VII. 560	<i>H. Klotzschii</i>	Tul., Fung. Hyp. 64 (1851)	Klotzsch's hymenogaster
1441	1344	563	<i>H. lycoperdineus</i>	Vitt. Mon. Tub. 22 (1831)	Puff-ball hymenogaster
1442	1345	564 bis.	<i>H. Moselei</i>	<i>De Ton.</i> , Sacc, Syll. VII. 172 (1888)	Moseley's hymenogaster
143. HYDNANGIUM.—Wallr., in Corda					
1443	1346	...	<i>H. brisbanensis</i>	Berk. and Br., in Cooke's Handb. Austr. Fung. 247 (1892)	Brisbane hydnangium
1444	1347	...	<i>H. tasmanicum</i>	Kalch., in Grev. XIX. 95 (1891)	Tasmanian hydnangium
144. GAUTIERIA.—Vitt.,					
1445	1348	...	<i>G. Drummondi</i>	Berk., in Cooke's Handb. Austr. Fung. 247 (1892)	Drummond's gautieria

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
VITT. MON. TUB. 11 (1831).									
Tub. 15 (1831).—Hydnangium.									
1436	N.S.W.	...	...	In the ground	... Somewhat globose or irregular, whitish, then ochrey. Spores globose, alveolate.
1437	T.	...	...	...	...	Ground	... Inversely egg shaped, small, with large sterile base, no fibrils.
1438	V.	...	...	Q.	Under tea-tree	... Somewhat globose, irregular. Peridium thin, wrinkled, ochrey.
Symb. Gast. 5 (1818).—Hysterangium, Tuber.									
1439	V.	...	...	B.	In sandy soil	... Deformed, usually spherical, kidney or egg shaped; fibrils rooting becoming yellowish.
Rhizopogon, Splanchnomyces, Hymenangium.									
1440	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	B.	In ground	... Obovate, fibrillose at base. Peridium membranous, whitish, somewhat downy.
1441	Q.	Ground	... Gregarious, with strong odour of garlic. Peridium rounded, deformed, white, then brownish.
1442	N.S.W.	...	...	Soil	... Almost globose, tapering at base, citrine yellow, smooth.
Ic. Fung. V. 28 (1842).—Octaviana.									
1443	V.	...	...	Q.	In soil	... Almost globose. Peridium thick, dry, wrinkled, reddish brown.
1444	T.	...	...	...	...	Ground	... Nearly globose. Peridium thick, dark brown, angular when dry.
Mon. Tub. 25 (1831).									
1445	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	In soil	... Nearly globose, small; cells wavy. Spores ellipsoid.

GENERAL CLASSIFICATION OF UREDINES.

GROUP III.—UREDINES, BRONGN.

ORDER XIII.—UREDINACEÆ—Parasitic. Spores usually of more than one kind and not all unicellular.

ARRANGEMENT OF GENERA (9).

Section 1. Amerosporæ, Sacc. and De Toni—Teleutospores continuous, one-celled.

Genera (3)—

145. *Uromyces*, Link. | 146. *Melampsora*, Cast. | 147. *Cronartium*, Fries.

Section 2. Didymosporæ, Sacc. and De Toni—Teleutospores bilocular.

Genus (1)—

148. *Puccinia*, Pers.

Section 3. Phragmosporæ, Sacc. and De Toni—Teleutospores 3, or many-celled.

Genera (2)—

149. *Phragmidium*, Link. | 150. *Hamaspora*, Kœrn.

Imperfect Forms—

Genera (3)—

151. *Æcidium*, Pers. | 152. *Rœstelia*, Reb. | 153. *Uredo*, Pers.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
GROUP III.—UREDINES.—					
ORDER XIII.—UREDINACEÆ,					
145 UROMYCES.—Link, Berl. Mag. VII. 28 (1816).—					
1446	1732	VII. 1928	U. Betae	<i>Kuehn</i> , Bot. Zeit. 540 (1869)	Beet uromyces
1447	1738	2033	U. Bulbinis	<i>Thuem.</i> Fl. 410 (1877)	Bulbine uromyces
1448	1737	1982	U. digitatus	<i>Wint. Rev. Myc.</i> 209 (1886)	Digitate uromyces
1449	1738	IX. 1212	U. Diploglottidis	<i>Cooke and Mass.</i> , Grev. XVII. 55 (1889)	Diploglottis uromyces
1450	1735	VII. 1980	U. fusisporus	<i>Cooke and Mass.</i> , Grev. XVI. 2 (1887)	Spindle-spored uromyces
1451	...	1940	U. Junci	<i>Tul.</i> , Ann. Sci. Nat. 146 (1854)	Rush uromyces
1452	...	...	U. Kuehnii	<i>Krueger</i> , Bericht. Versuchs. Java I. (1891)	Kuehn's uromyces (Cane rust)
1453	...	VII. 1209	U. Limosellæ	<i>Ludw.</i> , Dict. Hedw. 182 (1888)	Limosella uromyces
1454	1740	2066	U. Microtidis	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIV. 12 (1885)	Microtis uromyces
1455	1741	2071	U. orchidearum	<i>Cooke and Mass.</i> , Grev. XVI. 74 (1888)	Orchid uromyces
1456	1736	IX. 1203	U. phyllodii	<i>Cooke and Mass.</i> , Grev. XVII. 70 (1889)	Phyllode uromyces
1457	1742	VII. 2100	U. puccinioides	<i>Berk. and F. v. M.</i> , Linn. Journ. XIII. 173 (1873)	Puccinia-like uromyces
1458	1739	IX. 1204	U. Tepperianus	<i>Sacc.</i> , Hedw. 126 (1889)	Tepper's uromyces
1459	1731	VII. 1925	U. Trifolii	<i>Lev.</i> in Winter's Die Pilze I. 159 (1884)	Clover uromyces
1460	1733	1955	U. vesiculosa	<i>Wint.</i> , Hedw. 2 (1885)	Vesicular uromyces
146. MELAMPSORA.—Cast.,					
1461	1743	VII. 2107	M. Lini	<i>Tul.</i> , Ann. Sci. Nat. 93 (1854)	Flax melampsora
1462	1744	2124	M. Nesodaphnes	<i>Berk. and Br.</i> , Linn. Trans. II. 67 (1883)	Nesodaphnes melampsora
1463	1745	2123	M. phyllodiorum	<i>Berk. and Br.</i> , Linn. Trans. II. 67 (1883)	Phyllode melampsora
147. CRONARTIUM.—Fries,					
1464	1746	VII. 2137	C. Asclepiadeum	<i>Fries</i> , Obs. Myc. I. 220 (1815)	Asclepiad Cronartium
148. PUCCINIA.—Pers.,					
1465	1760	VII. 2218	P. Acetosæ	<i>Karn.</i> , Hedw. 184 (1876)	Sorrel puccinia
1466	1751	2174	P. ægra	<i>Grove</i> , Journ. Bot. 274 (1883)	Sick puccinia
1467	1768	2494	P. Alyxiæ	<i>Cooke and Mass.</i> , Grev. XVI. 2 (1887)	Alyxia puccinia
1468	1757	2211	P. Apii	<i>Corda</i> , Icon. VI. 30 (1854)	Celery puccinia
1469	1765	2337	P. aucta	<i>Berk. and F. v. M.</i> , Linn. Journ. XIII. 173 (1873)	Abundant puccinia

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
BRONGN. DICT. V. 33 (1824).									
BRONGN. DICT. V. 33 (1824).									
Uredo, Trichobasis, Puccinia, Æcidium.									
1446	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	B.	Leaves of <i>Beta</i> ...	Cluster cups on circular or oblong yellow spots. Uredospore pustules cinnamon. Teleutospore pustules dark brown.
1447	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Leaves of <i>Bulbine bulbosa</i>	Pustules on both surfaces, small, densely crowded, covered by cuticle, brown.
1448	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Acacia notabilis</i>	Pustules in centre of circular spots, bounded by narrow brown line, black. Teleutospores with finger-like processes.
1449	Q.	Fading leaves of <i>Diploglottis</i>	Pustules scattered, convex, minute, at length splitting, pale brown, on circular greenish spots.
1450	V.	...	...	...	Phyllodes of <i>Acacia salicina</i>	On both surfaces. Pustules disc-like, bursting through, black, surrounded by ruptured cuticle.
1451	V.	...	...	B.	<i>Juncus maritima</i> ...	Cluster cups cup shaped with whitish torn edges. Uredospore pustules on brownish spots. Teleutospore pustules round or elongated.
1452	N.S.W.	...	...	Leaves of Sugar cane	Mostly on under surface, spots finally orange. Pustules in streaks, elongated, narrow, brownish or blackish, bursting through, often, run together.
1453	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Limosella</i>	Cluster cups on both sides, scattered or gregarious. Teleutospore pustules mixed with cluster cups.
1454	N.S.W.	...	...	Leaves of <i>Microtis porrifolia</i>	On both surfaces. Pustules gregarious, dark brown, surrounded by epidermis.
1455	N.S.W.	...	...	Leaves of <i>Chiloglottis diphylla</i>	Pustules blistered, at length bursting, brown.
1456	Q.	Phyllodes of <i>Acacia</i>	Pustules minute, circular, compact, brown, crowded on blistered spots, at length naked.
1457	...	S.A.	T.	V.	...	...	Q.	Leaves and flower stalks of <i>Goodenia</i> and <i>Selliera</i>	Cluster cups on brown circular spots (<i>Æcidium Goodeniaccarum</i> , Berk.). Pustules blistered.
1458	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Living branches of <i>Acacia salicina</i> , <i>A. myrtifolia</i> , and <i>A. hahoioides</i>	Long and broad, flattened, growing beneath cuticle and casting off bark, bright cinnamon.
1459	V.	...	...	B.	Clover ...	Cluster cups circularly arranged, pale orange. Uredospore clusters chestnut brown. Teleutospore clusters smaller.
1460	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Leaves and stems of <i>Zygophyllum amnophilum</i>	Pustules scattered or gregarious, often run together, covered by ashy vesicular epidermis.
Obs. II. 18 (1843).—Uredo, Cœoma.									
1461	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	Leaves of <i>Linum marginale</i> and <i>L. usitatissimum</i>	Uredospore pustules scattered, rounded, orange, minute. Teleutospore pustules at first red brown, then almost black.
1462	Q.	Fruit of <i>Nesodaphnes obtusifolia</i>	Spore masses powdery, shaggy, ochrey.
1463	Q.	Phyllodes of <i>Acacia</i>	Pustules in tubercles; spores arising from delicate filaments, granulated.
Obs. Mye. I. 220 (1815).—Erineum, Uredo, Cœoma.									
1464	Q.	Leaves of <i>Jacksonia scoparia</i>	Uredospore pustules on under surface, scattered or clustered, brown. Teleutospore pustules yellowish.
Tent. Disp. Meth. 38 (1797).—Uredo, Æcidium, Cœoma, Trichobasis, Uromyces.									
1465	Q.	Leaves, stems, &c., of <i>Rumex</i>	Pustules of both forms scattered, minute on leaves and irregularly rounded, oblong on stems and leaf stalks.
1466	V.	...	...	B.	Leaves of <i>Viola hederacea</i>	Cluster cups scattered, white, spores orange yellow. Uredospore pustules on yellow spots. Teleutospore pustules similar.
1467	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Alyxia bixifolia</i>	On under surface. Pustules disc-like, compact, dark brown, girt by ruptured epidermis.
1468	V.	...	...	B.	Celery ...	Cluster cups causing long yellow swellings on stem. Uredospore pustules large, cinnamon brown. Teleutospore pustules blackish brown.
1469	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Leaves of <i>Lobelia anceps</i> , <i>L. pedunculata</i> , <i>L. platycalyx</i>	Cluster cups occupying entire surface of leaves or leaf stalks, ochrey. Teleutospore pustules blistered.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name
148. PUCCINIA.—Pers.,					
1470	1769	VII. 2506	<i>P. Berkeleyana</i>	<i>De Toni</i> , in Sacc. Syll. VII. 717 (1888)	Berkeley's puccinia
1471	...	...	<i>P. Burchardiæ</i>	Ludw., Zeit. f. Pflkrk. III. 137 (1893)	Burchardia puccinia
1472	...	...	<i>P. Carissæ</i>	Cooke and Mass. XXII. 37 (1893)	Carissa puccinia
1473	...	VII. 2162	<i>P. Epilobii</i>	D. C., Fl. Fr. VI. 61 (1805)	Epilobium puccinia
1474	...	2409	<i>P. Geranii</i>	Corda, Icon. IV. 12 (1854)	Geranium puccinia
1475	1753	2191	<i>P. graminis</i>	Pers., Disp. Fung. 39 (1797)	Grass puccinia (Rust in wheat)
1476	1747	2150	<i>P. Heliantbi</i>	Schw., Syn. Car. 73 (1822)	Sunflower puccinia
1477	1767	2403	<i>P. heterospora</i>	Berk. and Curt., Linn. Journ. X. 356 (1869)	Heterosporous puccinia
1478	1749	2210	<i>P. Hieracii</i>	<i>Mart.</i> , Fl. Mosq. 226 (1812)	Hawk-weed puccinia
1479	...	...	<i>P. Junciphila</i>	Cooke and Mass. XXII. 37 (1893)	Rush-loving puccinia
1480	1761	VII. 2240	<i>P. Kalchbrenneri</i>	<i>De Toni</i> , Sacc. Syll. VII. 645 (1888)	Kalchbrenner's puccinia
1481	...	...	<i>P. Kochiæ</i>	Mass., Grev. XXII. 17 (1893)	Kochia puccinia
1482	1752	VII. 2169	<i>P. Lagenophoræ</i>	Cooke, Grev. XIII. 6 (1884)	Lagenophora puccinia
1483	1759	...	<i>P. Ludwigii</i>	Tepper, Bot. Centr. Blatt. 6 (1890)	Ludwig's puccinia
1484	...	VII. 2205	<i>P. Magnusiana</i>	Kærn., Hedw. 179 (1876)	Magnus' puccinia
1485	1766	2368	<i>P. Malvaccarum</i>	Mont, in Gay's Hist. Chil. VIII. 43 (1845)	Mallow puccinia (Hollyhock fungus)
1486	...	...	<i>P. inunita</i>	Ludw., Zeit. f. Pflkrk. II. 133 (1892)	Protected puccinia
1487	1787	VII. 2202	<i>P. obscura</i>	Schrot., Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. IX. 256 (1875)	Obscure puccinia
1488	1756	2204	<i>P. Pbragmitis</i>	Kærn., Hedw. 179 (1876)	Pbragmitis puccinia
1489	1755	2195	<i>P. Poarum</i>	Niels., Bot. Tids. II. 26 (1877)	Poa puccinia
1490	1748	2157	<i>P. Prenanthis</i>	Fekl., Sym. Myc. 45 (1875)	Prenanthes puccinia
1491	1734	2252	<i>P. Pruni</i>	Pers., Syn. Fung. 226 (1808)	Plum puccinia (Peach and Plum leaf rust)
1492	1770	...	<i>P. rimosa</i>	Link, Winter, Hedw. 28 (1880)	Cracking puccinia
1493	1754	VII. 2194	<i>P. Rubigo-vera</i>	Wint., Die Pilze. I. 217 (1884)	True-rust puccinia
1494	1758	2214	<i>P. Rumicis-scutati</i>	Wint., Die Pilze. I. 187 (1884)	Rumex puccinia
1494A	...	IX. 1236	<i>P. Rumicis-scutati</i> , var. <i>Mueblenbeckia</i>	Cooke, Grev. XIX. 47 (1890)	Mueblenbeckia puccinia
1495	1764	1280	<i>P. Saccardoï</i>	Ludw., Hedw. 362 (1889)	Saccardo's puccinia
1496	1762	VII. 2289	<i>P. Sorgbi</i>	Schw., N. Am. Fung. 295 (1831)	Sorghum puccinia
1497	...	...	<i>P. Tepperi</i>	Ludw., Zeit. f. Pflkrk. II. 130 (1892)	Tepper's puccinia
1498	1750	VII. 2163	<i>P. Violæ</i>	Wint., Die Pilze. I. 215 (1884)	Violet puccinia
1499	1763	2304	<i>P. Wurmbseæ</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 74 (1888)	Wurmbsea puccinia

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Tent. Disp. Meth. 38 (1797).—Uredo, <i>Æcidium</i> , <i>Cæoma</i> , <i>Trichobasis</i> , <i>Uromyces</i> —continued.									
1470	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Dichondra repens</i>	Pustules minute on lower, rarely on upper surface, scattered, resembling a cluster cup.
1471	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Burchardia umbellata</i>	Pustules bursting through, circular or elliptical, black. Uredospores and teleutospores.
1472	Q.	...	Living leaves of <i>Carissa ovata</i>	On under surface. Only teleutospores seen. Pustules small, gregarious on circular spots, dark brown.
1473	V.	...	...	B.	Leaves of <i>Epilobium glabellum</i>	Pustules small, roundish, rather crowded, soon naked, surrounded by torn epidermis, dark brown.
1474	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Pelargonium australe</i>	Pustules small, brown, powdery, on under surface. Teleutospore pustules black.
1475	...	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	<i>Avena</i> and <i>Triticum</i>	Cluster cups forming circular, reddish-yellow spots. Uredospore pustules linear (<i>Uredo linearis</i>). Teleutospore pustules elongated, black.
1476	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Sunflower leaves ...	Cluster cups crowded or circular, spores orange red. Uredospore pustules minute, chestnut brown. Teleutospore pustules dark brown or black.
1477	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Abutilon crispum</i> and <i>A. avicennæ</i>	Spots purplish or yellow. Pustules on under surface, minute, soon naked, brown.
1478	Q.	B.	<i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>	Pustules oblong, mostly solitary, reddish brown, girt by ruptured epidermis.
1479	V.	...	...	...	<i>Juncus</i> ...	Pustules rusty, powdery, elliptical or confluent. Uredospores and teleutospores intermixed.
1480	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Helichrysum</i>	Pustules on both surfaces, scattered or gregarious, covered at first, then free, ochrey.
1481	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Kochia sedifolia</i>	On both surfaces of leaf. Pustules discoid, blackish brown, girt by torn epidermis.
1482	V.	...	...	...	Living leaves of <i>Lagenophora Billaudieri</i>	Cluster cups on upper surface. Uredospore pustules small, brown. Teleutospore pustules dark brown.
1483	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Rumex Brownii</i>	Uredospores pale yellow brown. Teleutospore pustules minute, circular girt by ruptured epidermis.
1484	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	<i>Arundo phragmites</i>	Cluster cups mostly on under surface of leaves. Uredospore pustules orange brown. Teleutospore pustules black.
1485	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Leaves and stems of <i>Athæa rosea</i> and <i>Malva rotundifolia</i>	Pustules greyish brown, compact, round, elongated on stems, scattered, pale reddish brown.
1486	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Hydrocotyle hirta</i>	On under surface. Pustules cinnamon brown. Teleutospores protected by white pseudo-peridium.
1487	V.	...	...	B.	<i>Bellis perennis</i> ...	Cluster cups on large roundish spots, mostly on upper surface (<i>Æcidium Bellidis</i>).
1488	V.	...	...	B.	<i>Arundo phragmites</i> , &c.	Cluster cups on circular red spots. Uredospore pustules large, dark brown. Teleutospore pustules sooty black.
1489	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	<i>Poa</i> species ...	Cluster-cup spots yellow. Uredospore pustules small, orange. Teleutospore pustules black.
1490	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	<i>Lactuca</i> , &c. ...	Cluster cups in circular or elongated patches. Uredospore pustules reddish brown. Teleutospore pustules blackish.
1491	...	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Peach, Plum, and Almond leaves, also on fruit of Peach	Uredospore pustules light brown, small, round, crowded. Teleutospore pustules almost black.
1492	V.	...	...	...	<i>Isotepis nodosa</i> ...	Producing narrow cracks, often encircling stem and causing brown spots.
1493	...	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Cereals, <i>Poa annua</i> , &c.	Cluster cups on large circular spots. Uredospore pustules rust colour (<i>Uredo rubigo-vera</i>). Teleutospore pustules black, covered a long time.
1494	Q.	...	Leaves, leaf stalks, and stems of <i>Rumex</i>	Pustules scattered or arranged in circle, rounded or elongated, girt by torn epidermis, brown.
1494A	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Muehlenbeckia adpressa</i>	Pustules on upper surface, scattered, blistered at first.
1495	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Goodenia geniculata</i>	Cluster cups in groups, on brownish spots. Teleutospore pustules rounded or elongated.
1496	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Maize ...	Uredospore pustules on both surfaces, reddish brown (<i>Uredo Maydis</i>). Teleutospores not noted.
1497	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	<i>Arundo phragmites</i>	Generally resembling <i>P. phragmitis</i> , but the teleutospores differ in size and shape, and are yellowish to pale yellowish brown.
1498	V.	...	...	B.	Different species of <i>Viola</i>	Cluster cups on all green parts (<i>Æcidium Viola</i>). Uredospore pustules brown. Teleutospore pustules black.
1499	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Wurmbea dioica</i>	Pustules elongated, blistered, dark brown. Uredospores brown. Teleutospores darker.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
149. PHRAGMIDIUM.—Link, Sp. II. 84 (1824).—					
1500	1771	VII. 2521	<i>P. Barnardi</i>	Plow. and Wint., Rev. Myc. 208 (1886)	Barnard's phragmidium
1501	1773	2516	<i>P. Potentillæ</i>	<i>Karst.</i> , Fung. Fenn. 94 (1887)	Potentilla phragmidium
1502	1772	2522	<i>P. subcorticium</i>	<i>Winter</i> , Die Pilze. I. 228 (1884)	Sub-cortical phragmidium
150. HAMASPORA.—Kœrn.					
1503	1774	VII. 2530	<i>H. longissima</i>	<i>Kœrn.</i> , Hedw. XVI. 23 (1877)	Very long hamaspora
151. ÆCIDIUM.—Pers., in Gmel.					
1504	1780	VII. 2857	<i>A. Apocyni</i>	Schwein, Syn. Car. 68 (1822)	Apocynum æcidium
1505	1776	2719	<i>A. Barbarcæ</i>	D. C., Fl. Fr. II. 244 (1815)	Barbarca æcidium
1506	1779	2815	<i>A. Compositarum</i>	Mart., Erl. 314 (1817)	Composite æcidium
1507	1785	„ 2970	<i>A. cystoseiroides</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. 270 (1850)	Cystoseira-like æcidium
1508	1786	„ 2100	<i>A. Goodeniacearum</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 173 (1873)	Goodenia æcidium
1509	1781	2864	<i>A. Nymphoidis</i>	D. C., Fl. Fr. II. 597 (1815)	Nymphoides æcidium
1510	1782	2879	<i>A. Plantaginis</i>	Ces., Erb. Critt. Ital. 247 (1878)... ..	Plantain æcidium
1511	1775	2707	<i>A. Ranunculacearum</i>	D. C., Fl. Fr. V. 97 (1805)	Buttercup æcidium
1512	1790	2313	<i>A. Scneconis</i>	Desm., Ann. Sci. Nat. 243 (1835)	Groundsel æcidium
1513	1778	„ 2770	<i>A. soleniiforme</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 270 (1860)	Solenia-like æcidium
1514	1789	„ 2196	<i>A. Urticæ</i>	Schum., Fl. Sacll. II. 223 (1801)	Nettle æcidium
1515	1783	2887	<i>A. Veronicæ</i>	Berk., Grev. XI. 97 (1883)	Speedwell æcidium
152. RÆSTELIA.—Rebent.,					
1516	1791	VII. 2974	<i>R. polita</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 174 (1873)	Polished ræstelia
153. UREDO.—Pers.,					
1517	1792	VII. 2999	<i>U. angiosperma</i>	Thum., Myc. Austr. IV. 95 (1880)	Angiospermous uredo
1518	1801	...	<i>U. armillata</i>	Ludw., Bot. Centr. 6 (1890)	Collared uredo
1519	1799	VII. 2210	<i>U. Cichoracearum</i>	D. C., Fl. Fr. II. 229 (1815)	Chicory uredo... ..
1520	1800	3139	<i>U. Clematidis</i>	Berk., Hook., Journ. VI. 205 (1854)	Clematis uredo
1521	1798	...	<i>U. leguminum</i>	Desm., Ann. Sci. Nat. X. 310 (1838)	Legume uredo
1522	1793	...	<i>U. notabilis</i>	Ludw., Bot. Centr. 5 (1890)	Notable uredo
1523	...	...	<i>U. pallidula</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXII. 37 (1833)	Pallid uredo... ..
1524	1795	VII. 3101	<i>U. Rhagodiæ</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 99 (1887)	Rhagodia uredo
1525	1795	3111	<i>U. Spyridii</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 99 (1887)	Spyridium uredo
1526	1794	3000	<i>U. Wurmbacæ=U. Anguillariz</i>	Cooke, Grev. XIV. 11 (1885)	Wurmbsea uredo

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Uredo, Cœoma, Puccinia, Lycoperdon, Hamaspora.									
1500	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	Leaves of <i>Rubus parvifolius</i>	Uredospore pustules scattered on under surface. Teleutospore pustules scattered or gregarious.
1501	V.	...	B.	Leaves of <i>Acacia Sanguisorba</i>	Spots roundish, orange yellow. Uredospores pustules orange red. Teleutospore pustules black.	
1502	V.	...	B.	Rose leaves	Uredospore pustules on under surface, scattered or crowded, yellow. Teleutospore pustules black.	
Hedw. 22 (1877).—Phragmidium, Uredo.									
1503	Q.	Leaves of <i>Rubus Moluccanus</i>	Uredospores pustules on under surface, scattered or gregarious, bright orange. Teleutospore pustules gregarious, pale ochre.	
Syst. 1472 (1791).—Cœoma, Uredo, Puccinia, Trichobasis.									
1504	Q.	Leaves of <i>Taberna montana orientalis</i>	Spots thin, circular, large, orange, pale beneath.	
1505	N.S.W.	B.	Crucifers...	Cluster cups on both surfaces on ruddy spots in irregular clusters, large, distorting leaf.	
1506	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	Leaves of <i>Senecio Velleioides</i> and other <i>Compositæ</i>	Spots purplish, nearly round and run together. Cluster cups crowded on the spots in circular patches. Probably stage of <i>Puccinia Hieracii</i> and others.	
1507	T.	...	...	...	<i>Opercularia</i> ...	Pustulate, deforming the leaves. Cluster cups immersed.	
1508	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	Leaves of <i>Selliera</i> , <i>Goodenia</i> , and <i>Scaevola</i>	Spots circular, brown beneath. Cluster cups scattered. May belong to <i>Puccinia Saccardoii</i> or <i>Uromyces puccinioides</i> .	
1509	Q.	Leaves of <i>Limnanthemum indicum</i>	Cluster cups gregarious, disposed without order on rounded spots or in concentric zones.	
1510	V.	N.S.W.	...	Leaves of <i>Plantago</i> ...	Spots mostly small, sometimes broad. Cluster cups loosely scattered on both surfaces.	
1511	T.	V.	...	B.	Leaves of <i>Ranunculus rivularis</i> and <i>R. inundatus</i>	Cluster cups on under surface, in circular or elongated clusters, cup shaped.	
1512	V.	N.S.W.	...	<i>Senecio</i> ...	Cluster cups on brown spots often bordered with black, arranged in clusters without definite order.	
1513	T.	...	...	...	<i>Goodia latifolia</i> ...	Spots circular, brown. Spores orange.	
1514	V.	...	B.	Nettles, &c.	Referred to <i>Puccinia caricis</i> . Cluster cups arranged in single or double series on yellow or red spots, on leaves, or stems.	
1515	V.	...	...	<i>Veronica</i> ...	Scattered half-immersed cluster cups with margins fringed.	
Fl. Neom. 330 (1804).									
1516	V.	...	Q.	Branches of <i>Muehlenbeckia Cunninghamii</i> and <i>Jacksonia scoparia</i>	Ochrey, cylindrical, polished, delicately downy.	
in Usteri, n. Ann. IX. 16 (1795).									
1517	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Hahea</i> ...	Pustules on both surfaces, large, commonly disposed about a circle, powdery, brown.
1518	V.	...	...	<i>Juncus pallidus</i> ...	Pustules red brown, run together, surrounded by ruptured epidermis.	
1519	V.	...	Q.	<i>Bidens pilosa</i> ...	Referred to <i>Puccinia Hieracii</i> . Spots very minute. Pustules on both surfaces, scattered, small, circular.	
1520	V.	...	Q.	Leaves of <i>Clematis aristata</i> and <i>C. microphylla</i>	Pustules on under surface, solitary or gregarious, pale yellow, more or less rounded, flattened.	
1521	Q.	Pods of <i>Acacia</i> ...	Pustules rounded, solitary, rather large, girt by ruptured epidermis.	
1522	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	Phyllodes of <i>Acacia notabilis</i>	Pustules large, red brown, seated on distorted inflated tubercle.
1523	Q.	Leaves, twigs, and legumes of <i>Cassia</i>	Pustules on both surfaces, pallid, convex, gregarious, splitting irregularly, and then girt by ruptured epidermis.	
1524	V.	...	...	Leaves of <i>Rhagodia Billardieri</i>	Pustules on under surface, scattered, covered a long time, at length torn, brown.	
1525	V.	...	...	Leaves of <i>Spyridium parvifolium</i>	Pustules on under surface, scattered, yellowish, powdery.	
1526	N.S.W.	...	Leaves of <i>Wurmbsea dioica</i>	Pustules on both surfaces, gregarious, blistered, long covered by epidermis.	

GENERAL CLASSIFICATION OF PYRENOMYCETES.

GROUP IV.—PYRENOMYCETES, FRIES.

ARRANGEMENT OF ORDERS (18).

14. HYPOCREACEÆ—Simple or compound. Receptacles rather fleshy or waxy, bright coloured, never carbonaceous.
15. XYLARIACEÆ—Stroma erect, compound. Receptacles carbonaceous.
16. DOTHIDEACEÆ—Composite, leathery or carbonaceous, blackish.
17. MELOGRAMMACEÆ—Receptacles formed from the stroma, or confluent with it.
18. DIATRYPACEÆ—Receptacles immersed in a heterogeneous stroma.
19. VALSACEÆ—Receptacles distinct, circinating, or in a single row.
20. EUTYPACEÆ—Receptacles immersed in stroma, densely gregarious for the most part.
21. CUCURBITARIACEÆ—Receptacles tufted or gregarious; erumpent, carbonaceous.
22. SUPERFICIALES—Receptacles distinct from each other, superficial or nearly so.
23. PERTUSACEÆ—Receptacles emergent, smooth, flattened at base.
24. LOPHIOSTOMACEÆ—Receptacles nearly superficial, opening compressed.
25. CERATOSTOMACEÆ—Receptacles for the most part immersed or sometimes nearly superficial.
26. OBTECTACEÆ—Receptacles innate in bark, and covered by cuticle.
27. CAULICOLACEÆ—Immersed, innate, observed mostly on dead stems of herbaceous plants.
28. FOLICOLACEÆ—Receptacles minute, membranous, innate, growing mostly on leaves.
29. MICROTHYRIACEÆ—Simple, receptacles nearly superficial, membranous or carbonaceous.
30. PERISPORIACEÆ—Receptacles membranous, leathery or somewhat carbonaceous, wholly closed.
31. HYSTERIACEÆ—Receptacles more or less elongated, leathery or somewhat carbonaceous.

ORDER XIV.—HYPOCREACEÆ, DE NOT.

ARRANGEMENT OF GENERA (15).

Sub-order 1. Hypocreoidæ, Cooke—Composite forms.

Genera (6)—

- | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 154. <i>Claviceps</i> , Tul. | 156. <i>Epiclæa</i> , Fries. | 158. <i>Hypocrella</i> , Sacc. |
| 155. <i>Cordyceps</i> , Fries. | 157. <i>Hypocrea</i> , Fries. | 159. <i>Polystigma</i> , Pers. |

Sub-order 2. Nectriæ, Cooke—Simple or tufted forms.

Genera (9)—

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 160. <i>Spærostilbe</i> , Tul. | 163. <i>Hypomyces</i> , Fries. | 166. <i>Gibberella</i> , Sacc. |
| 161. <i>Nectria</i> , Fries. | 164. <i>Dialonectria</i> , Sacc. | 167. <i>Lisiella</i> , Cooke. |
| 162. <i>Calonectria</i> , De Not. | 165. <i>Ophionectria</i> , Sacc. | 168. <i>Melanospora</i> , Corda. |

ORDER XV.—XYLARIACEÆ, COOKE.

Genera (7)—

- | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| 169. <i>Xylaria</i> , Hill. | 172. <i>Ustulina</i> , Tul. | 174. <i>Daldinia</i> , De Not. and Ces. |
| 170. <i>Poronia</i> , Willd. | 173. <i>Nummularia</i> , Tul. | 175. <i>Hypoxylon</i> , Bull. |
| 171. <i>Kretzschmaria</i> , Fries. | | |

ORDER XVI.—DOTHIDEACEÆ, NITS. AND FCKL.

ARRANGEMENT OF GENERA (7).

Sub-order 1. Dothideoideæ.

Genera (5)—

- | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 176. <i>Phyllachora</i> , Nits. | 178. <i>Montagnella</i> , Speg. | 180. <i>Darwiniella</i> , Speg. |
| 177. <i>Dotbidella</i> , Speg. | 179. <i>Bagnisiella</i> , Speg. | |

Sub-order 2. Rhytismoideæ.

Genus (1)—

181. *Rhytisma*, Fries.

Sub-order 3. Stigmatoidæ.

Genus (1)—

182. *Trabutia*, Sacc. and Roum.

ORDER XVII.—MELOGRAMMACEÆ, NITS.

Genera (4)—

- | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 183. <i>Sarcoxydon</i> , Cooke. | 185. <i>Botryosphaeria</i> , De Not. | 186. <i>Melogramma</i> , Tul. |
| 184. <i>Gibellia</i> , Sacc. | | |

- Genera (2)—
187. *Diatrype*, Fries.
- ORDER XVIII.—DIATRYPACEÆ, FRIES.
| 188. *Cœlosphæria*, Sacc.
- Genera (2)—
189. *Valsa*, Fries.
- ORDER XIX.—VALSACEÆ, FRIES.
| 190. *Eutypella*, Nits.
- Genera (3)—
191. *Cryptovalsa*, Ces. and De Not. | 192. *Cryptosphærella*, Sacc. | 193. *Eutypa*, Tul.
- ORDER XX.—EUTYPACEÆ, COOKE.
- Genus (1)—
194. *Gibberidea*, Fekl.
- ORDER XXI.—CUCURBITARIACEÆ, COOKE.
- Genera (7)—
195. *Byssosphæria*, Cooke.
196. *Lasiosphæria*, Ces. and De Not.
- ORDER XXII.—SUPERFICIALES, FRIES.
| 197. *Pleosphæria*, Speg. | 200. *Rosellinia*, De Not.
| 198. *Venturia*, De Not. and Ces. | 201. *Trematosphæria*, Fekl.
| 199. *Chætodium*, Kunze.
- Genus (1)—
202. *Conisphæria*, Cooke.
- ORDER XXIII.—PERTUSACEÆ, FRIES.
- Genus (1)—
203. *Lophiostoma*, Ces. and De Not.
- ORDER XXIV.—LOPHIOSTOMACEÆ, SACC.
- Genus (1)—
204. *Rhamphoria*, Niessl.
- ORDER XXV.—CERATOSTOMACEÆ, FRIES.
- Genera (2)—
205. *Massariella*, Speg.
- ORDER XXVI.—OBTECTACEÆ, FRIES.
| 206. *Didymosphæria*, Fekl.
- Genera (4)—
207. *Physalospora*, Niessl.
208. *Didymella*, Sacc.
- ORDER XXVII.—CAULICOLACEÆ, FRIES.
| 209. *Anthostomella*, Sacc. | 210. *Pleospora*, Rabb.
- Genera (3)—
211. *Læstadia*, Auersw.
- ORDER XXVIII.—FOLIICOLACEÆ, FRIES.
| 212. *Sphærella*, Ces. and De Not. | 213. *Sphærulina*, Sacc.
- Genera (2)—
214. *Microthyrium*, Desm.
- ORDER XXIX.—MICROTHYRIACEÆ, SACC.
| 215. *Micropeltis*, Mont.
- Genera (13)—
216. *Podosphæra*, Kunze.
217. *Sphærotheca*, Lev.
218. *Erysiphe*, Hedw.
219. *Eurotium*, Link.
220. *Asterina*, Lev.
- ORDER XXX.—PERISPORIACEÆ, FRIES.
| 221. *Asterella*, Sacc. | 225. *Zukalia*, Sacc.
| 222. *Dimerosporium*, Fekl. | 226. *Asteridium*, Sacc.
| 223. *Parodiella*, Speg. | 227. *Capnodium*, Mont.
| 224. *Meliola*, Fries. | 228. *Antennaria*, Link.
- Genera (8)—
229. *Aulographum*, Lib.
230. *Glonium*, Muhl.
231. *Lembosia*, Lev.
- ORDER XXXI.—HYSTERIACEÆ, CORDA.
| 232. *Hysterium*, Tode. | 235. *Platycheilus*, Cooke.
| 233. *Tryhliidiella*, Sacc. | 236. *Hysterographium*, Corda.
| 234. *Rhytidhysterium*, Speg.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
GROUP IV.—PYRENOAMYCETES.—					
ORDER XIV.—HYPOCREACEÆ,					
154. CLAVICEPS.—Tul.,					
1527	...	II. 5005	<i>C. purpurea</i>	<i>Tul., Ann. Sci. Nat. XX. (1853)</i>	Purple claviceps (Ergot)
155. CORDYCEPS.—Fries,					
1528	1488	II. 5012	<i>C. entomorrhiza</i>	<i>Fries, S.V.S. 381 (1849)</i>	Insect-root cordyceps
1528A	1488	...	<i>C. entomorrhiza</i> , var. <i>Menesteridis</i>	<i>Cooke, Handb. Aust. Fung. 277 (1892)</i>	Menesteridis cordyceps
1529	1486	II. 5030	<i>C. Gunnii</i>	<i>Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. VII. 577 (1848)</i>	Gunn's cordyceps
1530	1487	IX. 4013	<i>C. Hawkesii</i>	<i>Gray, Not. Insects (1858)</i>	Hawkes' cordyceps
1531	...	II. 5038	<i>C. ophioglossoides</i>	<i>Link, Handb. III. 347 (1833)</i>	Ophioglossum-like cordyceps
1532	...	5041	<i>C. Taylori</i>	<i>Sacc., Mich. I. 320 (1878)</i>	Taylor's cordyceps
156. EPICHLÆ.—Fries,					
1533	1489	II. 5059	<i>E. cinerea</i>	<i>Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XIV. 111 (1875)</i>	Ashy epichlæ
157. HYPOCREA.—Fries,					
1534	1490	II. 4897	<i>H. cerebriformia</i>	<i>Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 179 (1873)</i>	Braiu-like hypocrea
1535	1492	4875	<i>H. citrina</i>	<i>Fries, S.V.S. 185 (1849)</i>	Lemon-yellow hypocrea
1536	1493	„ 4834	<i>H. rufa</i>	<i>Fries, S.V.S. 383 (1849)</i>	Reddish hypocrea
1537	1491	4898	<i>H. semiorbis</i>	<i>Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 278 (1860)</i>	Semicircular hypocrea
158. HYPOCRELLA.—Sacc.,					
1538	1495	...	<i>H. axillaris</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev. XX. 4 (1891)</i>	Axillary hypocrella
1539	1494	II. 5061	<i>H. discoidea</i>	<i>Sacc., Mich. I. 322 (1878)</i>	Diseoid hypocrella
159. POLYSTIGMA.—D. C.,					
1540	1496	IX. 3802	<i>P. australiense</i>	<i>Sacc., Bull., Soc. Myc. Fr. V. 119 (1889)</i>	Australian polystigma
160. SPHEROSTILBE.—Tul.,					
1541	1497	II. 4817	<i>S. cinnabarina</i>	<i>Tul., Carp. III. 103 (1865)</i>	Cinnabar sphaerostilbe
1542	1500	„ 4825	<i>S. dubia</i>	<i>Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 389 (1881)</i>	Doubtful sphaerostilbe
1543	1498	„ 4820	<i>S. hypocreoides</i>	<i>Kalch. and Cooke, Grev. IX. 26 (1880)</i>	Hypocrea-like sphaerostilbe
1544	1499	IX. 3912	<i>S. microspora</i>	<i>Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 4 (1887)</i>	Small-spored sphaerostilbe

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						D.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
FRIES, S.M. I. 51 (1821).									
DE NOT. OSS. PIR. GIORN. BOT. I. (1844).									
Ann. Sci. Nat. Ser. III, XX. 43 (1853).—Sphæria.									
1527	V.	...	...	B.	On <i>Lolium perenne</i> , <i>L. temulentum</i> , <i>Tri-</i> <i>ticum sativum</i> , &c.	Stroma stalked, erect, arising from a sclerotium, club headed.
S.M. II. 324 (1821).—Sphæria.									
1528	V.	...	...	B.	Insect larvæ (<i>Tinea</i> , &c.)	Fleshy. Club somewhat globose, brown. Stem thin, very long.
1528a	V.	...	...	...	Larvæ of <i>Menes-</i> <i>teridis</i> , &c.	Club elliptic, reddish, at first powdery. Stem thickened upwards.
1529	T	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Larvæ of some <i>Cossus</i> or <i>Hepialus</i>	Fleshy. Club cylindrical, yellow, blackening above. Stem elongated, white.
1530	T	...	...	...	...	Larvæ of insects ...	Cylindrical, tapering and truncate at apex. Stem flexuous, sometimes forked with three or four clubs.
1531	B.	...	Solitary, rarely tufted, simple, rarely branched, fleshy, yellow within. Club oblong. Stem olive, then blackening.
1532	v.	N.S.W.	...	...	Larvæ of insects ...	Stems tufted, running together in net-like manner. Clubs reddish yellow, delicately velvety.
S.V.S. 381 (1849).									
1533	Q.	Various grasses, pre- ferably <i>Sporobolus</i>	Encircling stems of grasses, dark ashy, and dotted with the darker openings of immersed receptacles.
S.V.S. 383 (1849).									
1534	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Cushion shaped, wrinkled, lobed, fawn, substance thick.
1535	T.	...	...	...	B.	Soil, mosses, rotting leaves, &c.	Fleshy, spread out, lemon yellow, prominent openings of receptacles brownish.
1536	T.	...	...	...	B.	Wood or bark ...	Gregarious, hemispherical when moist, collapsing when dry, wrinkled, reddish, soft and fleshy.
1537	T.	...	...	...	...	Bark and wood ...	Hemispherical, rather fleshy, ochrey, darker than the bark. Receptacles immersed, openings minute.
Mich. I. 322 (1878).—Hypocrea.									
1538	Q.	Grasses (<i>Eragrostis</i> <i>stricta</i>)	Inversely club shaped, seated in the upper axils, black, opaque, minutely granular with the openings of the receptacles.
1539	Q.	Leaves ...	Circular, separating from matrix, scarlet. Receptacles rather promi- nent.
Fl. Fr. V. 164 (1815).									
1540	V.	...	...	...	Leaves, rarely stems, of <i>Leguminosæ</i>	Immersed, rather swollen, covering half or entire leaf, dull rosy, rather fleshy.
Carp. III. 103 (1865).									
1541	N.S.W.	...	Q.	Bark ...	Receptacles at base of conidia-bearing layers, small, sessile, globose, smooth, orange red.
1542	Q.	Bark of <i>Ægiceras</i> ...	Only Stilbum form known, bearing conidia.
1543	Q.	Bark ...	Pale rose, convex. Receptacles as in <i>Hypocrea</i> , associated with club- shaped conidia bearers.
1544	V.	...	...	...	Bark ...	Receptacles associated with conidia bearers, minute, scattered, ovate, orange.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
161. NECTRIA.—Fries,					
1545	1502	II. 4670	<i>N. coccinea</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S. V.S. 368 (1849)	Scarlet nectria
1546		IX. 3858	<i>N. ferruginea</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , <i>Grev.</i> XIII. 8 (1884)	Rusty nectria... ..
1547	1501	II. 4561	<i>N. fusarioides</i>	<i>Berk.</i> , <i>Fl. Tasm.</i> II. 279 (1850)	Fusarium-like nectria
1548	1503	„ 4705	<i>N. tasmanica</i>	<i>Berk.</i> , <i>Fl. Tasm.</i> II. 279 (1860)	Tasmanian nectria
1549	1504	„ 4678	<i>N. zealandica</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , <i>Grev.</i> VIII. 65 (1879)	New Zealand nectria
162. CALONECTRIA.—De Not.,					
1550	...	II. 6174	<i>C. otagensis</i>	<i>Sacc.</i> <i>Syll.</i> II. LXVIII. (1883)	Otago calonectria
163. HYPOMYCES.—Fries, Pl. Homon. 105 (1825).—					
1551	1508	II. 4622	<i>H. aurantius</i>	<i>Fekl.</i> , <i>Symb. Myc.</i> 183 (1875)	Golden hypomyces
1552	1505	„ 4614	<i>H. chrysospermus</i>	<i>Tul.</i> , <i>Sel. Fung. Carp.</i> III. 51 (1865)	Golden-seeded hypomyces
1553	1509	...	<i>H. membranaceus</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , <i>Handh. Austr. Fung.</i> 281 (1892)	Membranous hypomyces
1554	1506	II. 4617	<i>H. rosellus</i>	<i>Tul.</i> , <i>Sel. Fung. Carp.</i> III. 45 (1855)	Rosy-red hypomyces
1555	1507	„ 4643	<i>H. tormentosus</i>	<i>Fries</i> , in <i>Grev.</i> IV. 15 (1875)	Downy hypomyces
164. DIALONECTRIA.—Sacc.					
1556	1511	II. 4733	<i>D. quisquiliaris</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , <i>Handb. Austr. Fung.</i> 282 (1882)	Rubbish-loving dialonectria
1557	1610	„ 4721	<i>D. sanguinea</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S. V.S. 388 (1849)	Blood-red dialonectria... ..
1558	1512	„ 4742	<i>D. tephrothele</i>	<i>Berk.</i> , <i>Fl. Tasm.</i> II. 278 (1860)... ..	Dark-nippled dialonectria
165. OPHIONECTRIA.—Sacc.,					
1559	1513	II. 5001	<i>O. agaricicola</i>	<i>Sacc.</i> <i>Syll.</i> II. 563 (1883)	Agaricus-growing ophionectria
166. GIBBERELLA.—Sacc., Mich. I. 43 (1878).—					
1560	1514	II. 4977	<i>G. Sauhinctii</i>	<i>Sacc.</i> , <i>Mich.</i> I. 513 (1878)	Sauhinet's gibberella
167. LISIELLA.—Cooke,					
1561	1515	IX. 3804	<i>L. Passifloræ</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , <i>Grev.</i> XVI. 5 (1887)	Passion-flower lisiella
168. MELANOSPORA.—Corda,					
1562	1516	II. 4599	<i>M. caprina</i>	<i>Sacc.</i> <i>Syll.</i> II. 462 (1883)	Shaggy melanospora

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
S.V.S. 387 (1849).—Sphæria.									
1515	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Bark and dead branches	Receptacles in tufts, on a convex yellowish layer, ovoid, bright red, sometimes ochrey red.
1546	V.	...	...	...	Living leaves, bracts, &c. of <i>Styphelia</i>	Bursting through, tufted. Receptacles waxy, almost globose, dark brown, at length naked.
1547	T.	...	...	...	...	Dead bark	Pale crimson. Receptacles ovate to pap-like, with bloom half immersed in umber-coloured layer.
1548	T.	...	...	...	...	Dead bark	Tufted, red. Receptacles ovate, with pap-like openings, often arising from circular disc.
1549	V.	...	...	...	Bark	Tufted, brick red, bursting through, pustules convex. Receptacles almost globose, pap-like, soon concave.
Comm. Critt. II. 477 (1867).—Nectria.									
1550	Q.	...	Twigs of <i>Capparis Mitchellii</i>	Receptacles densely tufted, pale-apricot colour, with openings a little deeper in colour, papillate.
Sphæria, Hypocrea, Nectria.									
1551	Q.	B.	On <i>Polyporus</i> , &c.	Conidia-bearing mycelium white, then orange. Receptacles seated on fluffy ochrey base, often white at margin, golden yellow or orange.
1552	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	Q.	B.	On <i>Boleti</i> chiefly and <i>Polyporus</i>	Conidia-bearing mycelium penetrating matrix. Receptacles closely packed in a rough layer, pale yellow brown.
1553	Q.	...	On <i>Polyporus</i>	Forming at first fine filaments, gradually becoming membranous, tan coloured.
1554	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	B.	On <i>Polyporus</i> , &c.	Receptacles gregarious, at first white, then bright-red mycelium.
1555	T.	...	...	...	...	On <i>Agarics</i>	Stratum white, delicate downy.
Syll. II. 490 (1883).—Nectria, Sphæria.									
1556	V.	...	...	...	Bark, chips, &c.	Scattered, umber coloured or somewhat orange. Receptacles crowded here and there.
1557	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	B.	Wood and bark	Receptacles scattered, egg shaped, openings pap-like, blood red.
1558	T.	...	...	...	...	<i>Hypoxyton</i>	Receptacles scattered, crimson, egg shaped, openings darker and pap-like.
Mich. I. 323 (1878).—Nectria.									
1559	T.	V.	...	...	...	Putrid Agarics	Vermilion. Receptacles egg shaped, with fibrous swollen texture.
Gibbera, Botryosphæria.									
1560	T.	V.	...	...	B.	Herbaceous stems	Receptacles gregarious, growing together in tufts, somewhat membranous, warted, folded, blue.
Grev. XVI. 5 (1887).—Gibberella.									
1561	Q.	...	Stems of <i>Passiflora</i>	Receptacles bursting through, collected in small clusters, globose, substance bright blue.
Icon. Fung. I. 24 (1837).—Sphæria.									
1562	T.	...	...	...	B.	Wood and chips	Receptacles globose, shaggy, white, openings turning blackish.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
ORDER XV.—XYLARIACEÆ,					
169. XYLARIA.—Hill, Hist. Plant. 62 (1773).—					
1553	1543	IX. 2175	<i>X. agariciformis</i> ...	Cooke and Mass, Grev. XVII. 81 (1889) ...	Agaricoid xylaria ...
1554	1532	I. 1178	<i>X. allantoidea</i> ...	Berk., Linn. Journ. X. 380 (1869) ...	Allantoid xylaria ...
1555	1535	„ 1219	<i>X. anisopleura</i> ...	Mont., Syll. 688 (1855) ...	Unequal-ribbed xylaria ...
1556	1545	„ 1241	<i>X. aphrodisiaca</i> ...	Welw. and Curr., Fung. Angol. 280 (1857) ...	Aphrodisiac xylaria ...
1557	1517	IX. 2137	<i>X. australis</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. XI. 54 (1883) ...	Southern xylaria ...
1568	1531	I. 1246	<i>X. castorea</i> ...	Berk., Fl. N. Zeal. II. 204 (1855) ...	Beaver xylaria ...
1569	1528	IX. 2157	<i>X. cerebriformis</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. XI. 86 (1883) ...	Brain-like xylaria ...
1570	1541	2173	<i>X. cinnabarina</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., XV. 101 (1887) ...	Vermilion xylaria ...
1571	1544	I. 1239	<i>X. corniformis</i> ...	Fries, S.V.S. 381 (1849) ...	Horn-shaped xylaria ...
1572	1538	II. 5953	<i>X. cretacea</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. 405 (1879) ...	Chalky xylaria ...
1573	1529	IX. 2150	<i>X. cynoglossa</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. XII. 1 (1883) ...	Dog-tongue xylaria ...
1574	1534	I. 1223	<i>X. dealbata</i> ...	Berk. and Curt., Exot. Fung. 284 (1853) ...	Bleached xylaria ...
1575	1546	1283	<i>X. digitata</i> ...	Grev., Fl. Ed. 355 (1824) ...	Digitate xylaria ...
1576	1540	IX. 2172	<i>X. elastica</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. XVI. 4 (1887) ...	Elastic xylaria ...
1577	1535	2159	<i>X. ellipsozona</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 33 (1887) ...	Elliptical-spored xylaria ...
1578	1533	I. 1185	<i>X. fistulosa</i> ...	Fries, Nov. Symb. 125 (1851) ...	Hollow xylaria ...
1579	1539	...	<i>X. gigas</i> ...	Cooke, Handb. Austr. Fung. 287 (1892) ...	Gigantic xylaria ...
1580	1525	I. 1188	<i>X. gracilis</i> ...	Sacc. Syll. I. 317 (1882) ...	Graceful xylaria ...
1581	1519	1189	<i>X. grammica</i> ...	Mont., Syll. 580 (1856) ...	Lined xylaria ...
1582	...	„ 1303	<i>X. hippotrichoides</i> ...	Sacc. Syll. I. 344 (1882) ...	Horsehair like xylaria ...
1583	1547	„ 1260	<i>X. Hypoxylon</i> ...	Grev., Fl. Ed. 355 (1824) ...	Hypoxylon xylaria ... (Candle-snuff fungus)
1584	1518	1228	<i>X. involuta</i> ...	Klotzsch, Linn. VII. (1832) ...	Involute xylaria ...
1585	1530	IX. 2171	<i>X. lobata</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. XI. 86 (1883) ...	Lobed xylaria ...
1586	1525	2154	<i>X. ovispora</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 101 (1887) ...	Egg-spored xylaria ...
1587	1537	I. 1167	<i>X. phosphorea</i> ...	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 177 (1873) ...	Phosphorous xylaria ...
1588	1527	1150	<i>X. polymorpha</i> ...	Grev., Fl. Ed. 35 (1824) ...	Polymorphous xylaria ...
1588A	...	...	<i>X. polymorpha</i> , var. <i>pachystroma</i>	Sacc., Myc. Austr. 13 (1890) ...	Thick stroma xylaria ...
1589	...	...	<i>X. Readeri</i> ...	F. v. M., Grev. XXII. 17 (1893) ...	Reader's xylaria ...
1590	...	...	<i>X. rhizophila</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., XXII. 37 (1893) ...	Root-loving xylaria ...
1591	1520	I. 1234	<i>X. rhopaloides</i> ...	Mont., Ann. Sci. Nat. III. 99 (1855) ...	Club-like xylaria ...
1592	1522	„ 1200	<i>X. rhytidophloea</i> ...	Mont., Syll. 687 (1855) ...	Wrinkled xylaria ...
1593	1521	1222	<i>X. Schweinitzii</i> ...	Berk. and Curt., Exot. Fung. 284 (1853) ...	Schweinitz's xylaria ...
1594	1524	1288	<i>X. scopiformis</i> ...	Mont., Ann. Sci. Nat. XIII. 349 (1840) ...	Stalk-like xylaria ...
1595	1542	1225	<i>X. tuberiformis</i> ...	Berk., Fl. N. Zeal. II. 204 (1855) ...	Tuber-like xylaria ...
1596	1523	1209	<i>X. zealandica</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. VIII. 55 (1879) ...	New Zealand xylaria ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
COOKE, GREV. XIII. 9 (1884).									
Sphæria, Clavaria, Hypoxylon, Rhizomorpha.									
1563	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Stumps ...	Half globose, glaucous, dotted with black openings. Stem equal, with barren black ring round it.
1564	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	Q.	...	Stumps ...	Club shaped, encrusted with black, leathery. Stem very short. Receptacles minute, globose.
1565	Q.	...	Dead wood	Solitary, woody, very hard. Club inversely egg shaped as well as stem, scaly.
1566	Q.	...	Rotten trunks	Tufted, smooth. Clubs somewhat cylindrical, brown to ashy, substance white.
1567	Q.	...	Wood ...	Club shaped, thickened upwards, brown. Stem elongated, blackening.
1568	T.	...	...	Q.	...	Rotten wood	Stem short, spongy and velvety at first, at length naked, black. Clubs obtuse, ovate, compressed.
1569	Q.	...	Wood ...	Large, corky, stalked, sooty brown. Stem woody, smooth, furrowed. Clubs somewhat elliptic, brain-like.
1570	Q.	...	Wood ...	Corky, somewhat globose, brown, vermilion under thin skin. Stem obsolete.
1571	T.	...	...	...	B.	Prostrate trunks ...	Cylindrical, thick, brown, then black, horn shaped.
1572	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Nearly globose, stalked, white, rather wrinkled, netted with thin brown lines.
1573	Q.	...	Wood ...	Umber, tongue shaped, shortly stalked, flesh white.
1574	Q.	...	Rotten trunks	Club elliptical, tapering downwards into short cylindrical stem, covered with whitened crust.
1575	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	Rotten wood	Erect, thick, brown, velvety, tapering towards apex, sometimes divided into forked branches; short stem.
1576	V.	...	Q.	...	Rotten wood	Corky to elastic, nearly globose, or hemispherical, sessile, becoming black.
1577	T.	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood	Club shaped, obtuse, black. Stem shortened, smooth. Receptacles immersed, not prominent.
1578	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Corky, simple, club shaped, with varnished crust, black, hollow, confluent with short stem.
1579	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Stumps, &c.	Large, ochrey, then brown. Clubs oval or irregular, wrinkled. Stem stout and irregular.
1580	Q.	...	Wood of <i>Acacia harpophylla</i>	Leathery. Stem smooth, forked, tufted. Clubs cylindrical, narrow, wrinkled, black.
1581	V.	...	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Large, corky, club shaped, rigid, sooty black, becoming whitish. Clubs with longitudinal lines running into one another.
1582	B.	...	Somewhat tufted, thread-like, ascending, black, branched.
1583	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Stumps ...	Erect, compressed, and dilated, black, shaggy about base. Stem usually shorter than club.
1584	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Woods ...	Leathery, club shaped, ochrey to brownish yellow or fawn, tapering below into long slender stem.
1585	Q.	...	Wood ...	Large, corky, shell shaped, sessile, circumference lobed, brown, lobes rounded.
1586	Q.	...	Stumps ...	Leathery, black, stalked, erect, forked above, tapering downwards into smooth stem.
1587	V.	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Reddish brown, small. Stem short, cylindrical, streaked, expanding upwards into short club.
1588	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Wood ...	Clubs in clusters, rarely solitary erect, thick, smooth, brown, then black, variously shaped.
1589	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Stroma or receptacle-bearing layer very hard and thick above middle branching into finger-like processes.
1590	V.	...	...	...	Sandy desert	Black, globose or broadly elliptical, crowned by short spine, mealy, with white conidia. Stem erect.
1590	Q.	...	Roots of herbs and grasses	Stroma club shaped, divided nearly to base into two to six clubs. Clubs spoon shaped, flattened, bright brown.
1591	Q.	...	Putrid wood	Clubs cylindrical, obtuse, tapering downwards into short smooth stem.
1592	V.	...	Q.	...	Wood ...	Horny, compressed, obtuse or horn shaped, black. Stem very short and wrinkled in a netted manner.
1593	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Rotten wood	Club elliptic, obtuse, corky, compact. Stem elongated, smooth, slightly cracked.
1594	Q.	...	Decaying fruit of <i>Flindersia australis</i>	Simple, slender. Clubs cylindrical, acute at apex, black. Stem as long as club, compressed.
1595	Q.	...	Rotten wood	Corky, almost globose, wrinkled, cap like, thick. Stem short or obsolete.
1596	Q.	...	Rotten wood	Simple, slender, stalked, black. Clubs cylindrical, wrinkled. Stem smooth, channelled.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
170. PORONIA.—Willd.,					
1597	1549	I. 1322	<i>P. cdipus</i>	Mont., Syll. 209 (1856)	Swollen-stalked poronia
1598	1550	„ 1323	<i>P. pileiformis</i>	<i>Fries</i> , Nov. Symb. 129 (1851)	Cap-shaped poronia
1599	1548	„ 1321	<i>P. punctata</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.V.S. 382 (1849)	Punctate poronia
171. KRETZSCHMARIA.—Fries,					
1600	1652	I. 1519	<i>K. angolensis</i>	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. IX. 565 (1891)	Angola kretzschmaria
1601	1551	„ 1439	<i>K. cetrarioides</i>	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. IX. 567 (1891)	Cetrarium-like kretzschmaria
172. USTULINA.—Tul., Sel. Fung.					
1602	1553	I. 1323	<i>U. vulgaris</i>	Tul., Sel. Fung. Carp. II. 23 (1863)	Common ustulina
173. NUMMULARIA.—Tul., Sel. Fung.					
1603	1558	IX. 2295	<i>N. australis</i>	Cooke, Grev. XII. 6 (1833)	Southern nummularia
1604	1554	2292	<i>N. Baileyi</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XII. 6 (1833)	Bailey's nummularia
1605	1556	I. 1524	<i>N. Bulliardi</i>	Tul., Sel. Fung. Carp. II. 43 (1863)	Bulliard's nummularia
1606	1557	„ 1105	<i>N. exutans</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Handb. Austr. Fung. 291 (1892)	Shedding nummularia
1607	1555	„ 1528	<i>N. lutea</i>	<i>Nits.</i> Pyr. Germ. 59 (1867)	Yellow nummularia
1608	1659	„ 1112	<i>N. microplaca</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Grev. XIII. 13 (1884)	Cake-like nummularia
1609	1560	IX. 2300	<i>N. pusilla</i>	<i>Sacc.</i> , Hedw. (1889)	Small nummularia
174. DALDINIA.—De Not. and Ces.,					
1610	1561	I. 1516	<i>D. concentrica</i>	<i>Ces. and De Not.</i> , Schema Sfer. Ital. 198 (1870)	Concentric daldinia
1611	1562	„ 1516	<i>D. vernicosa</i>	<i>Ces. and De Not.</i> , Schoma Sfer. Ital. 198 (1870)	Varnished daldinia
175. HYPOXYLON.—Bull.,					
1612	1573	I. 1384	<i>H. annulatum</i>	<i>Mont.</i> , Syll. 213 (1856)	Anuulate hypoxylon
1613	1680	„ 1449	<i>H. Archeri</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 280 (1860)	Archer's hypoxylon
1614	1567	„ 1337	<i>H. argillaceum</i>	Berk., Outl. 387 (1860)	Clay-coloured hypoxylon
1615	...	„ 1433	<i>H. atro-purpureum</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.V.S. 384 (1849)	Dark-purple hypoxylon
1616	1676	„ 1113	<i>H. capnodes</i>	<i>Cooke.</i> , Grev. XI. 147 (1833)	Capnodium-like hypoxylon
1617	1666	„ 1333	<i>H. coccineum</i>	Bull., Champ. I. 174 (1798)	Brick-red hypoxylou
1618	1671	„ 1370	<i>H. coharens</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.V.S. 384 (1849)	Cohering hypoxylon
1619	1581	IX. 2264	<i>H. ellipticum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVII. 70 (1889)	Elliptic hypoxylon
1620	...	2230	<i>H. flavo-fuscum</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Traus. II. 222 (1837)	Yellow-browu hypoxylon
1621	1669	I. 1368	<i>H. fuscum</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.V.S. 384 (1849)	Brown hypoxylon
1622	1575	IX. 2254	<i>H. hæmatites</i>	Lev., Grev. XI. 133 (1833)	Orange-red hypoxylon
1623	1572	I. 1435	<i>H. hæmato-stroma</i>	<i>Mont.</i> , Syll. 737 (1856)	Blood-red stroma hypoxylon

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Fl. Berol. 400 (1787).—Sphæria, Peziza.									
1597	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Dung ...	Erect, externally blackish, simple or branched. Stem long, clubbed at base, expanded into cup at apex.
1598	Q.	...	Rotten wood ...	Branched, nearly even, branches ending in piliform cups, blackish.
1599	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	...	...	B.	Dung ...	Erect, simple, at first club shaped, soon cup shaped, tapering into long black downy stem, disc white, punctate with black openings.
S.V.S. 409 (1849).—Rhopalopsis, Daldinia, Hypoxylon.									
1600	Q.	...	Rotting bark ...	Club shaped, black, bright, and shining. Receptacles thickly crowded, openings minute.
1601	Q.	...	Trunks ...	Resembling in habit and mode of growth the Lichen <i>Cetraria tristis</i> , fringed, fringes passing into receptacles at apex.
Carp. II. 23 (1861).—Sphæria, Hypoxylon.									
1602	Q.	B.	Branches and logs	Spread out, large, thick, wavy, at length quite black, carbonaceous, hollow within.
Carp. II. 12 (1863).—Hypoxylon, Sphæria, Anthostoma, Diatrype.									
1603	N.S.W.	...	...	Branches	Developed within bark, then bursting through, unpolished, black. Receptacles nearly globose, small.
1604	Q.	...	Wood ...	Bursting through, circular, cup shaped, disc rough with prominent openings of receptacles, which are immersed in centre.
1605	T.	...	...	...	B.	Branches	Bursting through, circular or oval, broadly expanded, black without and within.
1606	V.	...	...	...	Branches	Broadly expanded, marginate, black, bursting through, and throwing off epidermis.
1607	Q.	B.	Wood ...	Superficial on decorticated wood, circular, thick, cup shaped, surface brown, then blackish.
1608	Q.	...	Bark ...	Thin, circular, sparingly dotted with minute pap-like openings of receptacles, black.
1609	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Branches of <i>Bursaria spinosa</i>	Small, flattened, becoming black, shining. Receptacles crowded, oblong, openings point-like.
Schema Sfer. Ital. I. 197 (1870).—Hypoxylon, Sphæria.									
1610	W.A.	...	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Trunks ...	Spherical or hemispherical, zoned internally with concentric layers, black or brown.
1611	V.	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Large, tapering below into thick stem, surface black, varnished. Receptacles in many rows, black.
Champ. I. 168 (1798).—Sphæria, Diatrype, Anthostoma, Nummularia.									
1612	T.	...	...	...	...	Bark and wood ...	Hemispherical, confluent, blackening. Receptacles nearly globose, opening in centre of disc, with rather prominent annulate margin.
1613	T.	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood ...	Quite black, spread out. Receptacles nearly globose, wrinkled, opening in centre of depressed disc.
1614	T.	...	...	...	B.	Trunks ...	Bursting through, somewhat globose, clay coloured, turning black within. Receptacles small, ovate, crowded.
1615	B.	Wood ...	Stroma in wood turning black and widely spread out, circumference variously and often interrupted.
1616	W.A.	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Branches	Spread out, greyish black, dotted with the prominent openings of the receptacles.
1617	T.	V.	...	...	B.	Branches	Bursting through, nearly globose, violet brown or fawn, then brick red. Receptacles minute, ovate, crowded.
1618	T.	...	...	...	B.	Branches	Bursting through, nearly globose or flattened, thick, dirty brown, then black. Receptacles large, globose.
1619	Q.	...	Decorticated wood	Parallel, elliptic, black, openings of receptacles minute, crowded, dotted.
1620	Q.	...	Roots and stumps of grasses	Convex, irregularly lobed, yellow brown, mealy; mouths black, prominently punctate.
1621	Q.	B.	Bark ...	Bursting through, spot-like, hemispherical, purple brown then black. Receptacles globose, crowded.
1622	Q.	...	Wood ...	Expanded, crustaceous, wrinkled, bright orange red, at length rusty. Receptacles thickly crowded.
1623	Q.	...	Bark ...	Irregularly spread out, confluent, purplish black. Receptacles immersed rather prominent, layer blood red.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
1623A	...	IX. 2232	<i>H. hæmato-stroma</i> , var. <i>hæmatozonum</i>	Sacc., Pug. Austr. 13 (1890)	Blood-red zoned hypoxylon ...
1624	...	2227	<i>H. liaus</i>	Berk. and Cooke, Grev. XI. 129 (1883)	Gaping hypoxylon
1625	1574	I. 1414	<i>H. marginatum</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. X. 385 (1869)	Marginate hypoxylon
1626	1570	„ 1376	<i>H. multiforme</i>	Fries, S.V.S. 384 (1849)	Multiform hypoxylon
1627	1577	„ 1456	<i>H. oodes</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. 122 (1875)	Egg-like hypoxylon
1628	1664	„ 1535	<i>H. placentaforme</i>	Berk. and Curt., Linn. Journ. 383 (1869)	Placenta-shaped hypoxylon ..
1629	1678	1634	<i>H. punctulatum</i>	Berk. and Rav., Grev. IV. 94 (1875)	Punctulate hypoxylon
1630	1568	1344	<i>H. rutilum</i>	Tul., Sel. Fung. Carp. II. 38 (1863)	Reddish hypoxylon
1631	1563	1341	<i>H. sclerophæum</i>	Berk. and Curt., Linn. Journ. XIII. 177 (1873)	Hard-dusky hypoxylon
1632	1579	1448	<i>H. serpens</i>	Fries, S.V.S. 384 (1849)	Creeping hypoxylon
1633	1565	IX. 2212	<i>H. stratosum</i>	Sacc., Pug. Austr. 13 (1890)	Stratose hypoxylon

175. HYPOXYLON.—Bull.,

ORDER XVI.—DOTHIDEACEÆ.

176. PHYLLACHORA.—Nits,

1634	1685	IX. 4083	<i>P. Alpinia</i>	Sacc. and Berl., Misc. Myc. II. 6 (1884)	<i>Alpinia phyllachora</i>
1635	1686	4091	<i>P. anceps</i>	Sacc., Hedw. 156 (1890)	Two-sided phyllachora
1636	1588	„ 4089	<i>P. Fimbristylis</i>	Sacc., Syll. IX. 1025 (1891)	<i>Fimbristylis phyllachora</i>
1637	1582	II. 5132	<i>P. graminis</i>	Fehl., Symb. Myc. 216 (1869)	Grass phyllachora
1638	1589	5144	<i>P. juuci</i>	Fehl., Symb. Myc. 216 (1869)	Rush phyllachora
1639	1587	...	<i>P. maculata</i>	Cooke, Grev. XX. 4 (1891)	Spotted phyllachora
1640	...	IX. 4088	<i>P. nervisquua</i>	Winter, Hedw. 9 (1885)	Nerve-following phyllachora ...
1641	1683	II. 6093	<i>P. rhytismoides</i>	Sacc. Syll. II. 594 (1883)	Rhytisma-like phyllachora
1642	1584	5184	<i>P. Trifolii</i>	Fehl., Symb. Myc. 218 (1869)	Clover phyllachora

177. DOTHIDELLA.—Speg.,

1643	1590	IX. 4124	<i>D. apiculata</i>	Sacc. and Berl., F. Austr. 4 (1885)	Apiculate-spored dothidella ...
1644	1692	...	<i>D. inæqualis</i>	Cooke, Grev. XX. 5 (1891)	Unequal dothidella
1645	1591	II. 5260	<i>D. tephrosia</i>	Sacc. Syll. II. 630 (1883)	Ash-coloured dothidella

178. MONTAGNELLA.—Speg.,

1646	1693	IX. 4165	<i>M. Encalypti</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 5 (1887)	<i>Encalypt montagnella</i>
1647	1594	...	<i>M. rugulosa</i>	Cooke, Grev. XX. 6 (1891)	Wrinkled montagnella

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.		
Champ. I. 168 (1798).— <i>Sphæria</i> , <i>Diatrype</i> , <i>Anthostoma</i> , <i>Nummularia</i> — <i>continued.</i>								
1623A	Q.	Wood ...	Rather thick, externally, minutely and densely papillate, clay to red internally.
1624	T.	...	...	...	Wood ...	Hemispherical or nearly globose, superficial, black, shining dusky black within. Cup-shaped depression around opening of receptacle.
1625	Q. B.	Bark and wood ...	Hemispherical, confluent, finally black, openings of receptacles singly in distinct marginate disc.
1626	W.A.	...	T.	V.	...	...	B. Bark or wood ...	Bursting through, hemispherical, thick, variously shaped, often deformed. Receptacles rather large, globose.
1627	Q.	...	Broadly expanded, coffee coloured, blackening. Receptacles globose, sparingly confluent.
1628	Q.	Old trunks ...	Large, margin inflexed, substance black, surface rusty to black. Receptacles oblong, immersed.
1629	Q.	Rotten branches ...	Very broadly expanded, black, girt by ruptured epidermis. Receptacles small, ovoid, crowded.
1630	V.	...	Q.	Bark and wood ...	Bursting through, cushion shaped, irregular form when young, clay colour to bright red, old red brown or dark red.
1631	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	Trunks ...	Expanded, cushion shaped, thick, surface rust coloured, substance black. Receptacles oblong.
1632	Q. B.	Rotten wood ...	On wood, rarely on bark, spread out in narrow thin crust, dark brown or black. Receptacles large, thickly crowded.
1633	Q.	Bark of dead trees	Hemispherical, large, corky to woody, sooty brown. Receptacles in outer layer black, oblong.

NITS AND FCKL., SYMB. 214 (1869).

Fckl., Smyb. Myc. 216 (1869).—*Dothidea*, *Sphæria*.

1634	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Fading leaves of <i>Alpinia cærulca</i>	Spots brown, then pitch black, elongated, running together here and there.
1635	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Stems of <i>Scirpus nodosus</i>	Elongated, immersed, making matrix brownish. Receptacles parallel, globose, sporidia unequal-sided.
1636	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	<i>Fimbristylis</i> ...	Black, covered by epidermis, openings granulate.
1637	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B.	Leaves of grass, dying or dead	Distinct or run together in parenchyma of leaf, covered by shining blackened epidermis.
1638	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B.	<i>Juncus</i> ...	Internal, brown, epidermis ultimately brownish and blackish, cracked lengthwise.
1639	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of Eucalypts	Gregarious, on blistered tawny spots of living leaves, black, half immersed.
1640	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Living and dry leaves of <i>Cordyline terminalis</i> , var. <i>Cannaefolia</i>	Elongated, lance shaped, running parallel with veins, shining black, in brown spots.
1641	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Phyllodes of <i>Acacia penninervis</i> and leaves of Figs	Immersed, black, shining, pustules black, minute, warty, warts with openings.
1642	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B.	Leaves of clover ...	Internal, forming brownish spots, at first producing conidia.

Fung. Arg. Pug. IV. 186 (1882).—*Phyllachora*, *Sphæria*.

1643	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Fading leaves of <i>Litsea dealbata</i>	On ochrey-brown spots, loosely gregarious, at first covered with epidermis, shining black.
1644	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Dead leaves of Eucalypts	Bursting through on both surfaces, nearly circular, black, shining.
1645	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Leaves ...	Internal, circular, plane then convex, ash coloured, openings point-like, black.

Fung. Arg. Pug. IV. 188 (1882).

1646	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Dead leaves of Eucalypts	Circular, convex, shining, black.
1647	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of Eucalypts	On upper or under surface, thin, somewhat circular, black, wrinkled.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
179. BAGNISIELLA.—Speg., F. Arg.					
1648	1597	...	<i>B. catervaria</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Handb. Austr. Fung. 299 (1892) ...</i>	Crowded bagnisiella ...
1649	1596	IX. 4026	<i>B. endopyria</i> ...	<i>Sacc., Hedw. 155 (1890) ...</i>	Fiery bagnisiella ...
1650	1595	4025	<i>B. rugulosa</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIX. 45 (1890) ...</i>	Wrinkled bagnisiella ...
180. DARWINIELLA.—Speg.,					
1651	1598	II. 4167	<i>D. globulosa</i> ...	<i>Sacc. Syll. IX. 1049 (1891) ...</i>	Globose darwiniella ...
181. RHYTISMA.—Fries,					
1652	1600	VIII. 3027	<i>R. filicinum</i> ...	<i>Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XIV. 130 (1875) ...</i>	Fern rhytisma ...
1653	1599	X. 4655	<i>R. hypoxanthum</i> ...	<i>Berk. and Br., Fung. Brisb. II. 71 (1883) ...</i>	Buff-coloured rhytisma ...
182. TRABUTIA.—Sacc. and					
1654	1603	IX. 2439	<i>T. Eucalypti</i> ...	<i>Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVII. 43 (1888) ...</i>	Eucalypt trabutia ...
1655	1601	...	<i>T. parvicapsa</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XX. 5 (1891) ...</i>	Small-receptacled trabutia ...
1656	1602	...	<i>T. phylloidiæ</i> ...	<i>Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 60 (1891) ...</i>	Phyllode trabutia ...
ORDER XVII.—					
183. SARCOXYLON.—Cooke,					
1657	1605	I. 1231	<i>S. compunctum</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIII. 107 (1885) ...</i>	Punctate sarcoxylon ...
184. GIBELLIA.—Sacc.,					
1658	1606	IX. 2470	<i>G. dothideoides</i> ...	<i>Sacc. and Berl., Misc. Myc. II. 23 (1885) ...</i>	Dothidca-like gibellia... ..
185. BOTRYOSPHERIA.—Ces. and De Not.,					
1659	...	...	<i>B. hypoxyloidea</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Grev. XIII. 102 (1885) ...</i>	Hypoxylon-like botryosphæria...
186. MELOGRAMMA.—Tul., Carp. II. 81 (1863).—					
1660	1607	I. 2814	<i>M. rubricosa</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Handb. Austr. Fung. 301 (1892) ...</i>	Red melogramma
ORDER XVIII.—					
187. DIATRYPE.—Fries, p.p. Nits					
1661	1610	I. 715	<i>D. cblorosarca</i> ...	<i>Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. 123 (1875) ...</i>	Green-fleshed diatrype ...
1662	1608	740	<i>D. glomeraria</i> ...	<i>Berk., Fl. N. Zeal. II. 205 (1855) ...</i>	Ball-like diatrype
1663	1609	705	<i>D. stigma</i> ...	<i>Fries, S.V.S. 385 (1849) ...</i>	Stigma diatrype
188. CÆLOSPHERIA.—Sacc.,					
1664	...	II. 5890 IX. 1836	<i>C. leptosporoides</i> ...	<i>Wint., Hedw. 2 (1883) ...</i>	Leptospora-like cælospbæria ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Pug. III. 22 (1882).—Phyllachora, Dothidea.									
1648	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Ficus</i> ...	Pustules minute, crowded in orbicular or irregular spots, openings pap-like.
1649	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Myoporum platycarpum</i>	Minute, disc shaped, black, crowded here and there, surface wrinkled, leathery, substance bright fiery orange.
1650	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of Eucalypts	On upper or under surface, gregarious, globose, black, wrinkled.
F. Fueg. 279 (1887).—Dothidea.									
1651	T.	...	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Tasmania aromatica</i>	On both surfaces, globose, wrinkled, black, opaque.
S.M. II. 569 (1822).—Marchalia.									
1652	Q.	...	Fronds of <i>Alsophila</i>	Spots rather circular, thin. Cells elongated, wavy, thin.
1653	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Cudrania javanensis</i>	Spots irregular, thickened, buff coloured, layer shining black, margin distinct.
Roum., Rev. Myc. 27 (1881).									
1654	T.	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of Eucalypts	Leathery, somewhat circular, convex, wrinkled, black, shining.
1655	V.	...	...	...	Phyllodes of <i>Acacia</i>	Internal. Receptacles on brown elliptical spots, crowded, small, black, shining.
1656	V.	...	...	...	Phyllodes of <i>Acacia longifolia</i>	Receptacles convex, brown, four to ten, seated on circular spots, with pore at apex.
MELOGRAMMACEÆ, NITS.									
Grev. XIII. 107 (1885).									
1657	Q.	...	Prostrate trunks ...	Globose, deformed, constricted at base, smooth, pale tan, punctate with black openings.
Misc. Myc. II. 12 (1885).									
1658	Q.	...	Bark ...	Cushion shaped, loosely gregarious, black, paler within, openings of receptacles point-like.
Schem. Sfer. Comm. I. 211 (1861).									
1659	Branches ...	Soon superficial, with habit and appearance of <i>Hypoxylon</i> , but not carbonaceous. Receptacles very small.
Venturia, Hypoxylon, Sphæria, Valsaria.									
1660	W.A.	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Bark, dead wood ...	Deformed, tubercled, wrinkled and cracked, reddish. Receptacles immersed, black, shining.
DIATRYPACEÆ, FRIES.									
Pyr. Germ. 64 (1867).—Sphæria.									
1661	Q.	...	Branches and bark of trees	Small, pustulate, circular, green inside.
1662	V.	...	...	...	Branches of <i>Rhipigonum parviflorum</i>	Bursting through, angular or run together, and elongated. Receptacles ovate.
1663	Q.	B.	Branches ...	Receptacle-bearing layer, bursting through, long and broad, at length black. Receptacles ovoid.
Myc. Ven. Spec. 115 (1873)									
1664	Branches ...	Receptacles gregarious, at first moist and globose, at length dry and cup shaped, dark brown.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
ORDER XIX.—					
189. VALSA.—Fries,					
1665	...	I. 476	<i>V. decorticans</i>	Fries, S.V.S. 412 (1849)	Decorticating valsa
1666	1612	498	<i>V. ecbidna</i>	Cooke, Grev. IX. 4 (1880)	Hedgehog valsa
190. EUTYPELLA.—Nits,					
1667	1611	I. 571	<i>E. stellulata</i>	Sacc. Syll. I. 149 (1882)	Stellate eutypella
ORDER XX.—EUTYPACEÆ,					
191. CRYPTOVALSA.—Ces. and De Not.,					
1668	1613	I. 702	<i>C. elevata</i>	Sacc. Syll. I. 191 (1882)	Elevated cryptovalsa
192. CRYPTOSPHERELLA.—Sacc.,					
1669	...	IX. 1940	<i>C. Macrozamia</i>	Sacc. Syll. IX. 471 (1891)	Macrozamia cryptospharella
193. EUTYPA.—Tul., Sel. Fung.					
1670	1614	I. 637	<i>E. lata</i>	Tul., Sel. Fung. Carp. II. 56 (1861)	Broad eutypa
1671	1616	632	<i>E. ludibunda</i>	Sacc., Mich. I. 15 (1878)	Sportive eutypa
1672	1615	IX. 1926	<i>E. polyscia</i>	Berl. and Vogl., in Sacc. Syll. IX. 467 (1891)	Shadowy eutypa
ORDER XXI.—CUCURBITARIACEÆ,					
194. GIBBERIDEA.—Fckl.,					
1673	1617	II. 3637	<i>G. Archeri</i>	Cooke, Handb. Aust. Fung. 304 (1892)	Archer's gibberidea
1674	1618	IX. 3340	<i>G. plagia</i>	Sacc. Syll. IX. 820 (1891)	Striped gibberidea
ORDER XXII.—					
195. BYSSOSPHERIA.—Cooke,					
1675	1620	IX. 2450	<i>B. acanthostroma</i>	Cooke, Handb. Aust. Fung. 306 (1892)	Thorny byssosphæria
1676	1619	I. 916	<i>B. aquila</i>	Cooke, Grev. XV. 122 (1887)	Eagle byssosphæria
196. LASIOSPHERIA.—Ces. and De Not.,					
1677	1622	IX. 3469	<i>L. larvæspora</i>	Cooke and Mass, Grev. XIX. 83 (1891)	Larva-spored lasiosphæria
1678	1621	II. 3568	<i>L. ovina</i>	Ces. and De Not., Schma Sfer. 229 (1870)	Woolly lasiosphæria
197. PLEOSPHERIA.—Speg.,					
1679	1623	II. 3927	<i>P. pulvinula</i>	Sacc. Syll. II. (1883)	Cushion-shaped pleosphæria

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.		
VALSACEÆ, FRIES.								
S.V.S., 410 (1849).— <i>Sphæria</i> .								
1665	Q.	...	Dry branches ... Stroma somewhat circular or often oval, abruptly tapering into a disc of openings, becoming dusky, at length black.
1666	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Bark ... Bursting through. Receptacles nestling in a white powdery layer.
Pyr. Germ. 163 (1867).— <i>Valsa</i> , <i>Sphæria</i> .								
1667	V.	...	...	B.	Branches... Somewhat round, immersed; receptacle-bearing layer, white or dirty white; openings radiately stellate.
COOKE, GREV. XIV. 93 (1886).								
Schema Sfer. It. 29 (1870).— <i>Diatrype</i> , <i>Sphæria</i> , <i>Eutypa</i> .								
1668	W.A.	...	T.	...	...	...	B.	Dead branches ... Elongated, emergent, black or grey. Receptacles gregarious, globose, immersed in wood.
Syll. I. 186 (1882).— <i>Sphæria</i> .								
1669	Q.	...	Fruit of <i>Macrozamia Hopei</i> Receptacles under epidermis, at first scattered, then crowded, black, springing from dark-brown filaments.
Carp. II. 52 (1861).— <i>Sphæria</i> , <i>Valsa</i> .								
1670	T.	...	...	...	B.	Wood and bark ... Receptacle-bearing layer long and broad, innate in wood or bark, brown or ashy. Receptacles immersed, spheroid.
1671	V.	...	...	...	Branches... Receptacle-bearing layer spreading. Receptacles globose, externally black, at first mealy white.
1672	Q.	...	Epicarp of <i>Cucurbita lugenaria</i> Receptacle-bearing layer black, point-like. Receptacles immersed.
COOKE, GREV. XV. 83 (1887).								
Symb. Myc. 168 (1869).— <i>Zigacella</i> , <i>Sphæria</i> , <i>Melanomma</i> .								
1673	T.	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood ... Crowded. Receptacles wrinkled, at length collapsing and cup shaped.
1674	V.	...	...	...	Living twigs of <i>Cassinia aculeata</i> Receptacles densely crowded, at length run together in large patches, globose, black, shining, smooth.
SUPERFICIALES, FRIES.								
Grev. VII. 84 (1879).— <i>Scortechinia</i> , <i>Rosellia</i> , <i>Sphæria</i> .								
1675	Q.	...	Wood and bark ... Finely filamentous. Receptacles very small, globose, crowded, black, not pap-like.
1676	T.	...	...	...	B.	Wood and bark ... Receptacles gregarious or densely crowded, globose, dark brown, pap-like.
Schema Sfer. 55 (1870).— <i>Sphæria</i> , <i>Leptospora</i> .								
1677	V.	...	...	...	Bark ... Receptacles loosely gregarious, globose, covered with mealy fluffy sulphur-coloured coat. Spores long, spindle shaped, with fifteen to nineteen partitions.
1678	V.	...	...	B.	Rotten wood ... Receptacles gregarious, almost globose, covered with mealy fluffy lemon-coloured coat.
Fung. Arg. IV. 65 (1882).— <i>Sphæria</i> , <i>Coniochæta</i> , <i>Lasiochæta</i> .								
1679	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood ... Scattered, somewhat globose, collapsed and depressed at length, hairy, black.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
198. VENTURIA.—De Not. and Ces.,					
1680	1624	I. 2311	V. circinans	<i>Sacc.</i> , Mich. I. 499 (1868)	Circinate venturia
199. CHÆTOMIUM.—Kunze,					
1681	1626	IX. 1997	C. cymatotrichum	Cooke, Grev. XII. 21 (1883)	Wavy-haired chætodium
1682	1625	I. 793	C. comatum	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. III. 253 (1832)	Hairy chætodium
200. ROSELLINIA.—De Not.,					
1683	1627	I. 970	R. inspersa	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. I. 265 (1882)	Scattered rosellinia
1684	1628	IX. 2055	R. tremellicola	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 6 (1889)	Tremella rosellinia
201. TREMATOSPHERIA.—Fekl.,					
1685	1629	IX. 3307	T. congesta	<i>Berl. and Vogl.</i> , in <i>Sacc.</i> Syll. IX. 811 (1891)	Congested trematosphæria
ORDER XXIII.—					
202. CONISPHERIA.—Cooke,					
1686	1632	IX. 3539	C. australica	<i>Cooke and Mass.</i> , Handb. Austr. Fung. 307 (1892)	Australian conisphæria
1687	1631	...	C. erumpens	<i>Cooke</i> , Handb. Austr. Fung. 307 (1892)	Erumpent conisphæria
1688	1630	IX. 3527	C. subcorticalis	<i>Cooke</i> , Handb. Austr. Fung. 307 (1892)	Underbark conisphæria
ORDER XXIV.—LOPHIOSTOMACEÆ,					
203. LOPHIOSTOMA.—Ces. and De Not.,					
1689	1633	II. 5405	L. Schomburgkii	<i>Cooke</i> , Handb. Austr. Fung. 307 (1892)	Schomburgk's lophiostoma
ORDER XX.—					
204. RHAMPHORIA.—Niessl.,					
1690	1634	IX. 3684	R. tenella	<i>Sacc.</i> , Hedw. 155 (1890)	Delicate rhamphoria
ORDER XXVI.—					
205. MASSARIELLA.—Speg.,					
1691	1635	I. 2707	M. australis	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. I. 716 (1882)	Southern massariella
206. DIDYMOSPHERIA.—Fekl.,					
1692	1638	IX. 3000	D. Banksiæ	Cooke, Grev. XIX. 90 (1891)	Banksia didymosphæria
1693	1637	2979	D. conoidella	<i>Sacc. and Berl.</i> , Misc. Myc. II. 26 (1885)	Conical didymosphæria

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						D.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Schema Sf. I. 225 (1870).—Perisporium, Stigmatea.									
1680	V.	...	...	B.	Leaves of <i>Geranium</i>	Receptacles clustered in patches or spots, hardly circinating, hairs thickened at base.
Myc. Heft. I. 15 (1817).—Sphæria.									
1681	Q.	Leaves of <i>Solanum Dallachyi</i>	Gregarious. Receptacles depressed globose, woolly, sooty olive.
1682	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	B.	Rotting grass, &c. ...	Receptacles gregarious, nearly ovoid, thin black hairs radiating from base.
Giorn. Bot. Ital. II. 334 (1847).—Sphæria.									
1683	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood ...	Crowded or scattered, black. Receptacles nearly globose, wrinkled
1684	Q.	<i>Tremella fuciformis</i>	Receptacles scattered, globose, superficial, black, pap-like, smooth.
Symb. Myc. 161 (1869) emended.—Psilosphæria, Melanomma.									
1685	N.S.W.	...	...	Bark ...	Gregarious, crowded, black. Receptacles convex, smooth, pierced with a pore.

PERTUSACEÆ, FRIES.

Grev. XVI. 87 (1888).—Zignœlla.									
1686	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Naked branches ...	Receptacles scattered, half immersed, rather conical, base buried in wood.
1687	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Twigs ...	Scattered or collected together, crumpled. Receptacles globose, smooth, black.
1688	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Inside dead bark of trees	Scattered. Receptacles half immersed, pierced, black.

SACC., MICH. I. 333 (1879).

Schem. Sfer. 45 (1870).—Schizostoma, Sphæria.									
1689	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Wood ...	Receptacles large, free, black, openings linear.

CERATOSTOMACEÆ, FRIES.

Notiz. 44 (1876).									
1690	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood of <i>Eucalyptus viminalis</i>	Receptacles almost superficial, or base buried in wood, small, globose, black, thinly carbonaceous.

OBTECTACEÆ, FRIES., S.V.S. (1849).

Fung. Arg. Pug. 2 (1880).—Massaria.									
1691	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Bark ...	Scattered, covered, inconspicuous. Receptacles depressed.
Symb. Myc. 140 (1869) emended.									
1692	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Living leaves of <i>Banksia</i>	Spots circular, pale with indistinct brown margin. Receptacles few, black, bursting through.
1693	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Dead branches of <i>Capparis</i>	Receptacles loosely gregarious, globose, then conical, black.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
ORDER XXVII.—CAULICOLACEÆ,					
207. PHYSALOSPORÆ. —Niessl., Notiz.					
1694	1639	I. 1660	<i>P. gregaria</i>	Sacc. Syll. I. (1882)	Gregarious physalospora ..
1695	...	„ 1723	<i>P. labecula</i>	Sacc. Syll. I. 447 (1882)	Stain physalospora
1696	...	IX. 2427	<i>P. Sacchari</i>	Sacc. Syll. IX. 599 (1891)	Sugar-cane physalospora ...
208. DIDYMELLA. —Sacc., Mich. I. 377 (1878).—					
1697	1640	I. 2174	<i>D. Bryoniae</i>	Rehm., Ascom. III. 99 (1881)	Bryonia didymella
1698	1636	„ 2126	<i>D. eladophila</i>	Sacc. Syll. I. 545 (1862)	Branch-loving didymella ...
209. ANTHOSTOMELLA. —Sacc., Consp.					
1699	1641	...	<i>A. Lepidospermæ...</i>	Cooke, Grev. XX. 5 (1891)	Lepidosperma anthostomella ...
210. PLEOSPORÆ. —Rabh., Herb. Myc.					
1700	1643	II. 3776	<i>P. Aucubæ</i>	Lamb., Fl. Myc. Belg. II. 268 (1889)	Aucuba pleospora
1701	1642	3730	<i>P. herbarum</i>	Rabh., Herb. Myc. Ed. II. 547 (1858)	Herb pleospora
ORDER XXVIII.—FOLIICOLACEÆ,					
211. LÆSTADIA. —Auersw., in Hedw. 177					
1702	...	IX. 2368	<i>L. Dammarae</i>	Sacc. Syll. IX. 586 (1891)	Danmara læstadia
1703	1644	2378	<i>L. destructiva</i>	Berl. and Vogl., in Sacc. Syll. IX. 588 (1891)	Destructive læstadia
1704	„ bis.	...	<i>L. Litseæ</i>	Cooke, Grev. XX. 65 (1892)	Litseæ læstadia
1705	...	IX. 2346	<i>L. Melaleucæ</i>	Sacc. Syll. IX. 581 (1891)	Melaleuca læstadia
1706	1645	2400	<i>L. phyllodiar</i>	Cooke, Handb. Austr. Fung. 310 (1892)	Phyllode læstadia
212. SPHÆRELLA. —Ces. and De Not.,					
1707	1651	IX. 2556	<i>S. Alyxiæ</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 5 (1887)	Alyxia sphærella
1708	...	I. 1921	<i>S. atra</i>	Sacc. Syll. I. 498 (1882)	Black sphærella
1709	1650	IX. 2578	<i>S. Banksiæ</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 114 (1888)	Banksia sphærella
1710	1647	...	<i>S. cryptica</i>	Cooke, Grev. XX. 5 (1891)	Hidden sphærella
1711	1649	I. 1906	<i>S. Euonymi</i>	Auersw., Myc. Eur. 10	Euonymus sphærella
1712	...	1951	<i>S. Fragariæ</i>	Sacc. Syll. I. 505 (1882)	Strawberry sphærella... ..
1713	...	...	<i>S. Goodiæfolia</i>	Cooke, Grev. XXI. 38 (1892)	Goodiæ-leaf sphærella

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
FRIES, S.M. II. 503 (1823).									
Kr. Pyr. 10 (1876).— <i>Sphæria</i> .									
1694	Q.	...	Stems of <i>Ricinus communis</i>	Receptacles densely gregarious, covered by epidermis, globose, black, white within.
1695	Leaves of <i>Acacia verticillata</i>	Innate, upper or under surface spot-like, black, shining. Receptacles nearly globose, black within.
1696	Q.	...	Leaves of Sugar cane	Receptacles scattered or gregarious, minute, black, bursting through, filaments dark brown.
<i>Sphæria, Sphærella, Didymosphæria.</i>									
1697	Q.	B.	Twigs of cucurbitaceous plant	Receptacles beneath epidermis, at length almost free, gregarious, very minute, black.
1698	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Branches of Grape vine	Receptacles loosely gregarious, covered with blackened cuticle, hemispherical, black, leathery.
Gen. Pyr. Ital. 8 (1875).									
1699	V.	...	...	...	<i>Lepidosperma</i> ...	Receptacles on blackened elongated spots, with dark-brown border, globular.
Ed. II. 347 (1858).— <i>Sphæria, Phoma.</i>									
1700	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Aucuba japonica</i>	Receptacles spherical, immersed, black, scattered upon somewhat circular brown spots.
1701	V.	...	...	B.	Herbaceous stems	Receptacles somewhat gregarious, at first covered, then almost naked, spherical, depressed.
FRIES. S.M. II. 513 (1823).									
(1869).— <i>Sphærella, Physalospora.</i>									
1702	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Dammara robusta</i> = <i>Agathis</i>	Spots pale brown or yellow, margin amber, then dark brown. Receptacles black, internal.
1703	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Leaves of Lucerne	Receptacles minute, seated on brown spots; raised above general surface.
1704	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Litsea</i> ...	Spots irregular or somewhat circular on upper surface, becoming pale, with broad brown border.
1705	N.S.W.	...	...	Leaves of <i>Melaleuca</i>	Spots circular, minute, brown, convex. Receptacles black, in crowded spots.
1706	V.	...	...	...	Ptylodes of <i>Acacia suaveolens</i>	Receptacles scattered, very thin, immersed, black, covered by blackened cuticle.
Schema Sfer. Ital. 62 (1870).— <i>Sphæria.</i>									
1707	V.	...	...	...	Dead leaves of <i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>	On both sides. Receptacles gregarious, arising from within, nearly globose, covered by blackened cuticle.
1708	Leaves of <i>Grevillea</i>	Gregarious or confluent. Receptacles globose, white within, covered by a black expanded layer.
1709	V.	...	...	...	Fading leaves of <i>Banksia integrifolia</i>	On upper surface, spots none. Receptacles gregarious, black, pierced with a pore.
1710	V.	...	...	...	Fading leaves of Eucalypts	On both sides, spots reddish brown, large. Receptacles immersed in substance of leaf and bidden.
1711	V.	...	...	...	Dead leaves of <i>Euonymus</i>	On upper surface. Receptacles black, beneath epidermis, globose, on greyish spots.
1712	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Leaves of Strawberry	Spots becoming purple, then pale towards the centre. Receptacles very minute, globular, black.
1713	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Goodia latifolia</i>	Spots circular, brown, surrounded by darker line. Receptacles gregarious, minute.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
					212. SPHÆRELLA.—Ces. and De Not.,
1714	1653	I. 2048	<i>S. graminicola</i>	Fekl, Symb. Myc. 101 (1875)	Grass-growing sphærella
1715	1646	...	<i>S. nubilosa</i>	Cooke, Grev. XIX. 61 (1891)	Cloudy sphærella
1716	1648	IX. 2598	<i>S. rubiginosa</i>	Cooke, Grev. XIV. 90 (1886)	Rubiginous sphærella
1717	1652	I. 2028	<i>S. smilacicola</i>	Cooke, Grev. VI. 146 (1878)	Smilax sphærella
					213. SPHÆRULINA.—Sacc.,
1718	1654	IX. 3189	<i>S. Camellia</i>	Cooke, Handb. Austr. Fung. 312 (1892)	Camellia sphærulina
ORDER XXIX.—MICROTHYRIACEÆ,					
					214. MICROTHYRIUM.—Desm., Ann.
1719	1655	IX. 4196	<i>M. amygdalinum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 90 (1891)	Amygdalina microthyrium
					215. MICROPELTIS.—Mont., Ann.
1720	1656	II. 5390	<i>M. applanata</i>	Mont., Ann. Sci. Nat. XVII. 122 (1842)	Flattened micropeltis
1720a	...	IX. 4236	<i>M. applanata</i> , var. <i>depau- perata</i>	Sacc. and Berl., Rev. Myc. (1885)	Impoverishing micropeltis
ORDER XXX.—PERISPORIACEÆ,					
					216. PODOSPHÆRA.—Kunze,
1721	...	I. 3	<i>P. tridactyla</i>	<i>De Bary</i> , Syst. Erys. in Hedw. 68 (1871)	Three-fingered podosphæra (Powdery mildew of apple)
					217. SPHÆROTHECA.—Lev., Ann. Sci.
1722	1658	i. 6	<i>S. pannosa</i>	<i>Lev.</i> , Ann. Sci. Nat. XV. 138 (1851)	Cloth-like sphærotbeea (Rose blight)
					218. ERYSIPIHE.—Hedw., Lev.
1723	...	I. 70	<i>E. communis</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.V.S. 406 (1849)	Common erysiphe
1724	...	„ 74	<i>E. graminis</i>	D. C., Fl. Fr. VI. 106 (1815)	Grass erysiphe (Grass mildew)... ..
1725	1657	IX. 1571	<i>E. vitigera</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 98 (1887)	Vine-growing erysiphe
					219. EUROTIIUM.—Link, Berl.
1726	1659	I. 101	<i>E. herbariorum</i>	<i>Link</i> , Sp. Pl. I. 79 (1824)	Herbarium eurotium
1727	1660	„ 104	<i>E. lateritium</i>	Mont., Syll. 918 (1856)	Brick-red eurotium

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.	
	W A.	S. A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.				
Schema Sfer. Ital. 62 (1870).— <i>Sphæria</i> — <i>continued.</i>										
1714	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of grass ...	On upper surface. Receptacles growing from within, prominent, small, black, occupying entire surface.	
1715	V.	...	...	...	Living leaves of Eucalypts	On under surface, spots circular or irregular, greyish brown, soon falling away. Receptacles very minute.	
1716	Q.	Leaves of <i>Pittosporum rubiginosum</i>	On upper surface. Receptacles scattered, minute, point-like, prominent, black.	
1717	Q.	Leaves of <i>Dioscorea</i> and <i>Smilax</i>	Spots reddish brown with black margin. Receptacles point-like, conical, black.	
Mich. I. 399 (1878).										
1718	V.	...	...	...	Living leaves of Camellia	Spots on upper surface, turning brownish, indeterminate. Receptacles scattered.	
SACC. SYLL. II. 658 (1883).										
Sci. Nat. XV. 137 (1841).										
1719	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Living leaves of <i>Eucalyptus amygdalina</i>	Receptacles gregarious or scattered, on both surfaces, membranous, very dark brown.
Sci. Nat. XVII. 122 (1842).										
1720	Languid leaves of <i>Eucalyptus tereticornis</i>	Receptacles on both surfaces, convex to flattened, black, finally opening in centre.	
1720a	Q.			
FRIES, S.V.S. 375 (1849).										
Myc. Heft. II. 111 (1817).—Alphitomorpha.										
1721	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Young leaves and shoots of Apple	On both surfaces of leaf, forming a white felt, and the spores so numerous as to make it powdery; conidia barrel shaped.	
Nat. XV. 138 (1851).—Alphitomorpha.										
1722	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Rose leaves ...	Mycelium woolly, then cloth-like, white, persistent. <i>Oidium leucoconium</i> is the conidial stage.	
Ann. Sci. Nat. XV. 161 (1851).										
1723	V.	...	...	B.	Leaves of various plants	Mycelium spreading, arachnoid, evanescent or persistent. Receptacles scattered or gregarious, minute.	
1724	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	Leaves and stems of various grasses	Mycelium spreading, fluffy to woolly, ochrey white, jointed, persistent. Early or conidial stage is <i>Oidium monilioides</i> , Link.	
1725	V.	...	...	...	Vine leaves ...	On both sides of leaf. Mycelium fluffy, persistent. Receptacles gregarious, very minute, spherical.	
Mag. III. 31 (1809).—Mucor.										
1726	Q.	B.	Plants in herbaria, decaying organic matter, &c.	Mycelium creeping, fluffy, branched, uncoloured. Conidial stage is <i>Aspergillus glaucus</i> , Link, with glaucous conidia.
1727	W.A.	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Piperomia</i>	Mycelium dense, woolly, orange yellow. Receptacles membranous, yellow, then ochre, immersed.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
220. ASTERINA.—Lev., Ann.					
1728	1661	IX. 1609	<i>A. Baileyi</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 71 (1883)	Bailey's asterina
1729	1662	1622	<i>A. correicola</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 5 (1887)	Correa asterina
1730	...	...	<i>A. hoveaefolia</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXII. 36 (1893)	Hovea-leaved asterina
1731	1665	IX. 1607	<i>A. microthyrioides</i>	Winter, Hedw. 3 (1885)	Microthyrium-like asterina
1732	1663	I. 200	<i>A. pelliculosa</i>	Berk., Antarc. Crypt. II. 453 (1847)	Pellicle asterina
1733	1664	IX. 1621	<i>A. platystoma</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 6 (1889)	Broad-mouthed asterina
1734	1668	I. 198	<i>A. reptans</i>	Berk. and Curt., Linn. Trans. X. 373 (1869)	Creeping asterina
221. ASTERELLA.—Sacc.					
1735	1666	IX. 1690	<i>A. Alsophila</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 81 (1890)	Alsophila asterella
1736	1667	1679	<i>A. subcuticulosa</i>	Cooke, Grev. XVII. 81 (1889)	Subcuticular asterella
222. DIMEROSPORIUM.—Fekl.,					
1737	1670	IX. 1710	<i>D. Ludwiganum</i>	Sacc., Hedw. 127 (1889)	Ludwig's dimerosporium
1738	1671	...	<i>D. parvulum</i>	Cooke, Grev. XX. 5 (1891)	Small dimerosporium
1739	...	...	<i>D. secedens</i>	Sacc., Hedw. 57 (1893)	Seceding dimerosporium
1740	...	...	<i>D. strigosum</i>	Sacc., Grev. XXI. 68 (1893)	Hispid dimerosporium
223. PARODIELLA.—Speg.,					
1741	...	IX. 1723	<i>P. Banksia</i>	Sacc. and Bizz., Syll. IX. 410 (1891)	Banksia parodiella
1742	1604	I. 2711	<i>P. Perisporioides</i>	Speg., Fung. Arg. Pug. I. 178 (1880)	Perisporia-like parodiella
224. MELIOLA.—Fries,					
1743	1673	I. 287	<i>M. amphitricha</i>	Fries, Elench. II. 109 (1828)	Amphitrichous meliola
1744	...	284	<i>M. cladotricha</i>	Lev., Ann. Sci. Nat. V. 266 (1846)	Branch-haired meliola
1745	1672	279	<i>M. corallina</i>	Mont., Syll. 910 (1856)	Coralline meliola
1746	1676	IX. 1758	<i>M. densa</i>	Cooke, Grev. XII. 85 (1884)	Dense meliola
1747	1679	I. 237	<i>M. mollis</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. XIV. 136 (1875)	Soft meliola
1748	1674	291	<i>M. Musæ</i>	Mont., Syll. 905 (1866)	Musa meliola
1749	1678	IX. 1762	<i>M. octospora</i>	Cooke, Grev. XI. 38 (1882)	Eight-spored meliola
1750	1675	I. 294	<i>M. orbicularis</i>	Berk. and Curt., Linn. Trans. X. 392 (1869)	Orbicular meliola
1751	...	301	<i>M. polytricha</i>	Kalch. and Cooke, Grev. VIII. 72 (1879)	Many-haired meliola
1752	1680	310	<i>M. Tetracera</i>	Thuem., Symb. Myc. Aust. II. 92 (1878)	Tetracera meliola

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Sci. Nat. III. 59 (1845).									
1728	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Hahea lorea</i> and other shrubs	Mycelial threads brown, knotted, branching, forming reddish-brown patches. Receptacles minute, wrinkled, brown.
1729	V.	...	...	...	Living leaves of <i>Correa Lawrenciana</i>	Circular black spots on leaves. Receptacles convex to flat, black, crowded on spots.
1730	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Hovea longifolia</i>	Spots black, or with brown centre, nearly circular. Receptacles usually arranged in a ring, black.
1731	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Eucalyptus pilularis</i>	On under surface Receptacles scattered or loosely gregarious, very minute, black, wrinkled, margin brown.
1732	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Trema aspera</i>	Mycelium forming a pellicle, spot-like, black. Receptacles globose, depressed, black.
1733	Q.	...	Living leaves of <i>Castanospermum australe</i>	Mycelium thin, more or less circular, tree-like, black. Receptacles convex to flattened, black.
1734	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Eugenia</i>	Mycelium thin, rather netted. Receptacles minute, formed from the radiating cells.
Syll. I. 42 (1882).									
1735	Q.	...	Fronds of <i>Alsophila Rebecca</i>	Receptacles membranous, disc-like, nearly circular, mostly running together in oblong or irregular pitchy-black patches.
1736	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Fading and dead leaves of <i>Aster argophyllus</i>	Receptacles thin, flattened, without mycelium, black or brown.
Symb. Myc. 89 (1869).									
1737	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Fading leaves of <i>Lagenophora Billardieri</i>	Mycelium forming pale sooty spots on both surfaces. Receptacles crowded here and there, globular, superficial, dark sooty brown.
1738	Q.	...	Living leaves of <i>Trema aspera</i>	Mycelium brown, sparse, radiating, on irregular black spots. Receptacles minute, nearly globose.
1739	Q.	...	Leaves of living plants	Broadly expanded, pitch black, easily separating, capnodium-like. Receptacles thickly clustered, globose, shining black.
1740	(Belongs to genus <i>Dinemasporium</i> .)
Fung. Arg. Pug. I. 178 (1880).—Dothidea.									
1741	N.S.W.	...	...	Lower surface of languid leaves of <i>Banksia marginata</i>	Receptacles globose, black, superficial, like dots, densely clustered. Mycelium almost none.
1742	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Living leaves of <i>Leguminosæ</i>	Receptacles globose, black, superficial, thickly clustered, often covering entire surface, sooty olive.
Elench. II. 100 (1828).—Sphaeria, Dothidea.									
1743	V.	...	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Cupania Eucalyptus</i> , <i>Flindersia</i> , <i>Acacia</i> , &c.	Lower surface. Mycelium spot-like, radiating from centre, continuous, black. Receptacles globose, surrounded by black rigid erect appendages.
1744	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Eugenia</i>	Mycelium spread out, with radiating branched circumference. Receptacles globose, with erect bifid appendages.
1745	Q.	...	Leaves ...	Both surfaces. Mycelium spot-like, spots circular, black. Receptacles large, globose, surrounded by rigid shiny black appendages.
1746	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	Under rarely upper surface, forming circular very black velvety spots. Receptacles globose, black, surrounded by crowded erect appendages.
1747	Q.	...	Leaves ...	Mycelium of soft black threads. Receptacles globose, appendages erect, brown.
1748	Q.	...	<i>Musa</i> ...	Spot like, large, black tufts. Receptacles very minute and inconspicuous; appendages erect, simple.
1749	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Tristania conferta</i>	Spots circular, minute, velvety. Receptacles medium sized; appendages erect.
1750	Q.	...	Branches and leaves	Spots thick, orbicular. Receptacles globose; appendages flexuous, curved.
1751	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Callistemon</i>	On under or both surfaces, black, spot-like. Mycelium spread out, radiating, conidia bearing. Receptacles globose, with erect acute wavy appendages.
1752	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Tretacera Wuthiana</i>	Both surfaces, spots more or less circular, black, fading. Receptacles carbonaceous, globose.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
225. ZUKALIA.—Sacc.					
1753	1677	IX. 1792	<i>Z. loganiensis</i>	<i>Sacc. and Berl., Syll. IX. 431 (1891)</i>	Logan zukalia
226. ASTERIDIUM.—Sacc.					
1754	1669	IX. 1808	<i>A. Eucalypti</i>	<i>Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 74 (1888)</i>	Eucalyptus asteridium
227. CAPNODIUM.—Mont., Ann.					
1765	1683	I. 324	<i>C. australe</i>	<i>Mont., Syll. 916 (1856)</i>	Southern capnodium
1756	1681	346	<i>C. citri</i>	<i>Berk. and Desm., Journ. Hort. Lond. IV. 11 (1849)</i>	Citrus capnodium
1757	1682	„ 329	<i>C. elongatum</i>	<i>Berk. and Desm., Journ. Hort. Lond. IV. 251 (1849)</i>	Elongated capnodium
1758	1684	„ 323	<i>C. salicinum</i>	<i>Mont., Syll. 916 (1856)</i>	Willow capnodium
1759	...	...	<i>C. Walteri</i>	<i>Sacc., Hedw. 58 (1893)</i>	Walter's capnodium
228. ANTENNARIA.—Link,					
1760	1687	I. 362	<i>A. Robinsoni</i>	<i>Berk. and Mont., in Mont. Syll. 1066 (1856)</i>	Robinson's antennaria
1761	1686	364	<i>A. scoriadca</i>	<i>Berk., Hook., Journ. 70 (1845)...</i>	Drossy antennaria
1762	1688	366	<i>A. semiovata</i>	<i>Berk. and Br., Ann. Nat. Hist. XIII., 2 Ser. 468 (1854)</i>	Semi-ovate anteuuaria
ORDER XXXI.—HYSTERIACEÆ,					
229. AULOGRAPHUM.—Lib., Crypt.					
1763	1475	IX. 4344	<i>A. Eucalypti</i>	<i>Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 6 (1889)</i>	Eucalypt aulographum
1764	1474	4343	<i>A. melioides</i>	<i>Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 6 (1889)</i>	Meliola-like anlographum
230. GLONIUM.—Muhl., Cat.					
1766	1476	II. 6586	<i>G. stellatum</i>	<i>Muhl., Cat. Am. 101 (1813)</i>	Stellate glonium
1766	1477	6607	<i>G. tardum</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll. II. 737 (1883)</i>	Slow-opening glonium
231. LEMBOSIA.—Lev., Ann.					
1767	1478	IX. 4363	<i>L. graphioides</i>	<i>Sacc. and Berl., Misc. Myc. II. 6 (1885)</i>	Graphium-like lembosia
1768	...	4364	<i>L. orbicularis</i>	<i>Winter, Hedw. 29 (1885)</i>	Orbicular lembosia
232. HYSTERIUM.—Tode, Fung.					
1769	1479	II. 6634	<i>H. pulicare</i>	<i>Pers., Syn. 98 (1801)</i>	Flea-like hysterialium
233. TRYBLIDIELLA.—Sacc.					
1770	1480	II. 5694	<i>T. rufula</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll. II. 757 (1883)</i>	Reddish tryblidiella
234. RHYTHIDHYSTERIUM.—Speg.,					
1771	1481	IX. 4378	<i>R. Scortechinii</i>	<i>Sacc. and Berl., Misc. Myc. II. 7 (1886)</i>	Scortechini's rhytidhysterialium
235. PLATYCHEILUS.—Cooke,					
1772	1482	...	<i>P. caespitosus</i>	<i>Cooke and Mass., Handb. Anstr. Fung. 409 (1892)</i>	Tufted platycheilus
236. HYSTEROGRAPHIUM.—Corda,					
1773	1483	II. 6759	<i>H. elongatum</i>	<i>Corda, Icon. V. 77 (1842)</i>	Elongated hystero-graphium
1774	1484	5771	<i>H. hiascens</i>	<i>Rehm., Ascom. 314 (1881)</i>	Gaping hystero-graphium
1775	1485	5768	<i>H. Roussellii</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll. II. 779 (1883)</i>	Roussel's hystero-graphium

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Syll. IX. 431 (1891).— <i>Meliola</i> .									
1753	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Smilax</i> ...	Upper surface. Mycelium thin, widely spreading. Receptacles globose, black, sparingly beset with sooty-brown bristles.
Syll. I. 25 (1882).									
1754	V.	...	...	...	Dead leaves of <i>Eucalyptus amygdalinus</i>	Very thickly gregarious. Receptacles minute, disc-like, flattened, black.
Sci. Nat. 3 XI. 233 (1848).— <i>Fumago</i> .									
1755	W.A.	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Branches of Conifers, <i>Cycas</i> , &c.	Involved, velvety. Mycelium of branched necklace-like fibres. Receptacles somewhat forked, obtuse.
1756	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Citrus</i> ...	Scattered, bristle-like. Mycelium branched, necklace-like and netted. Receptacles elongated.
1757	...	S.A.	...	...	...	Q.	...	Leaves, &c. ...	Bristle-like. Receptacles elongated, pointed, and apex fringed.
1758	Q.	B.	<i>Xanthoxylon</i> ...	Mass of dark-brown branched threads, bearing receptacles, fleshy, club to horn shaped.
1759	V.	...	...	...	Branches and living leaves of <i>Bursaria spinosa</i>	Black, broadly expanded, separating as a pellicle; threads creeping, branched, sooty brown.
Schr. Journ. III. 16 (1810).									
1760	V.	...	Q.	...	Ferns, &c. ...	Mycelium expanded, cloth-like, fibres very thin, elongated. Receptacles oblong.
1761	W.A.	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Branches, &c. ...	Spougy, black, woolly tufts, filaments necklace-like or even. Receptacles elliptic.
1762	Q.	B.	Ferns, &c. ...	Mycelium dense, black, forming cloth-like coating on leaves. Receptacles curved.
CORDA ANL. 142 (1842).									
Ard. 272 (1837).— <i>Schizothyrium</i> .									
1763	V.	...	...	...	Dead leaves of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	On both surfaces, spots circular, reddish brown. Receptacles gregarious, minute, linear or run together, black.
1764	Q.	...	Leathery leaves, living and languid	Spots black, circular or run together. Receptacles gregarious, elongated, linear, flexuous, black.
Am. 101 (1813).— <i>Solenarium</i> , <i>Hysterium</i> .									
1765	T.	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood ...	Receptacle-bearing layer spread out irregularly, dark brown. Receptacles diverging from centre in a radiate manner for an inch or two.
1766	T.	...	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Cyathodes straminea</i>	Receptacles elliptical, obtuse, opening slowly.
Sci. Nat. III. 58 (1845).									
1767	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Olea paniculata</i>	Receptacles gregarious, linear oblong or forked, black, receptacle-bearing layer obsolete.
1768	Leaves of <i>Eucalyptus pilularis</i>	Spots somewhat circular, black, distinctly defined, and for the most part on upper surface. Receptacles elongated, shining black.
Meekl. II. 4 (1790).— <i>Hysterographium</i> .									
1769	N.S.W.	...	B.	Bark ...	Receptacles scattered or gregarious, superficial, variable in form, mostly oblong, striate lengthwise, black.
Syll. II. 757 (1883).— <i>Tryblidium</i> , <i>Hysterium</i> .									
1770	Q.	...	Bark of trees ...	Bursting through, wavy or triangular, black, swollen lips, disc turning red.
Fung. Arg. Pug. IV. 191 (1882).									
1771	Q.	...	Bark of trees ...	Receptacles scattered, superficial, oblong to elongated, somewhat leathery, disc reddish to brown.
Handb. Austr. Fung. 409 (1892).— <i>Tribliopsis</i> , <i>Tryblidium</i> .									
1772	V.	...	...	...	Bark ...	Tufts scattered, bursting through, black, hemispherical, leathery.
Icon. V. 34 (1842).— <i>Hysterium</i> .									
1773	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	B.	Decorticated wood...	Receptacles superficial, on black spot-like crust, oblong, straight, black.
1774	V.	...	Q.	...	Rotten wood ...	Receptacles elongated, linear, straight, parallel, black, with narrow fissure, lips stout.
1775	V.	...	...	B.	Wood ...	Receptacles bursting through, at length superficial, oblong to linear, in parallel lines, black.

GENERAL CLASSIFICATION OF DISCOMYCETES.

GROUP V.—DISCOMYCETES, FRIES.

ARRANGEMENT OF ORDERS. (10).

32. CYTTARIACEÆ—Receptacle sub-globose.
 33. HELVELLACEÆ—Receptacle vertical, stalked; eap club or mitre shaped.
 34. PEZIZACEÆ—Receptacle cup shaped or disc shaped, sessile or stalked, fleshy or waxy.
 35. ASCOBOLACEÆ—Receptacle plane or convex, sessile or sub-sessile, fleshy.
 36. DERMATACEÆ—Receptacle concave or plane, sessile or somewhat stalked, corky, leathery, or horny.
 37. BULGARIACEÆ—Receptacle top, cup, or disc shaped, gelatinous, becoming cartilaginous or horny.
 38. STICTACEÆ—Receptacle immersed, usually bright coloured, waxy.
 39. PHACIDIACEÆ—Receptacle immersed, usually blackish, waxy.
 40. PATELLARIACEÆ—Receptacle superficial, often blackish, leathery to horny.
 41. GYMNOASCÆÆ—No proper receptacle.

Genus (1)—

237. *Cyttaria*, Berk.

ORDER XXXII.—CYTTARIACEÆ, LEV.

Genera (5)—

238. *Morchella*, Linn.
 239. *Helvella*, Linn.

ORDER XXXIII.—HELVELLACEÆ, SCHW.

240. <i>Mitrella</i> , Fries.	242. <i>Geoglossum</i> , Pers.
241. <i>Lecotia</i> , Fries.	

Genera (23)—

243. *Rhizina*, Fries.
 244. *Geopyxis*, Pers.
 245. *Peziza*, Linn.
 246. *Otidea*, Pers.
 247. *Discina*, Fries.
 248. *Pyronema*, Carus.
 249. *Hunnaria*, Fries.
 250. *Phillipsia*, Berk.

ORDER XXXIV.—PEZIZACEÆ, FRIES.

251. <i>Sarcoseypha</i> , Fries.	259. <i>Mollisia</i> , Fries.
252. <i>Trichoseypha</i> , Cooke.	260. <i>Tapesia</i> , Pers.
253. <i>Lachnea</i> , Fries.	261. <i>Trichopeziza</i> , Fekl.
254. <i>Ciboria</i> , Fekl.	262. <i>Dasyscypha</i> , Fries.
255. <i>Helotium</i> , Fries.	263. <i>Phæopeziza</i> , Sacc.
256. <i>Phialoa</i> , Fries.	264. <i>Belonidium</i> , Mout. and Dur.
257. <i>Pseudohelotium</i> , Fekl.	265. <i>Erinella</i> , Sacc.
258. <i>Chlorosplenium</i> , Fries.	

Genus (1)—

266. *Ascoholus*, Pers.

ORDER XXXV.—ASCOBOLACEÆ, BOND.

Genera (3)—

267. *Urnula*, Fries.

ORDER XXXVI.—DERMATACEÆ, FRIES.

268. <i>Cenangium</i> , Fries.	269. <i>Tympanis</i> , Tode.
--------------------------------	------------------------------

Genera (3)—

270. *Ombrophila*, Fries.

ORDER XXXVII.—BULGARIACEÆ, FRIES.

271. <i>Orbilia</i> , Fries.	272. <i>Coryne</i> , Tul.
------------------------------	---------------------------

Genus (1)—

273. *Stictis*, Pers.

ORDER XXXVIII.—STICTACEÆ, FRIES.

Genera (3)—

274. *Pseudopeziza*, Fekl.

ORDER XXXIX.—PHACIDIACEÆ, FRIES.

275. <i>Fabræa</i> , Sacc.	276. <i>Coccomyces</i> , De Not.
----------------------------	----------------------------------

Genera (2)—

277. *Patinella*, Sacc.

ORDER XL.—PATELLARIACEÆ, FRIES.

278. <i>Karschia</i> , Kærnb.

Genus (1)—

279. *Exoascus*, Fekl.

ORDER XLI.—GYMNOASCÆÆ, BAR.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
GROUP V.—DISCOMYCETES.—FRIES,					
ORDER XXXII.—CYTTARIACEÆ,					
237. CYTTARIA. —Berk.,					
1776	1352	VIII. 1	C. Gunnii	Berk., Hook., Lond. Journ. 576 (1848)	Gunn's cyttaria
ORDER XXXIII.—HELVELLACEÆ,					
238. MORCHELLA. —Link,					
1777	1354	VIII. 10	M. conica... ..	Pers., Champ. Com. 257 (1818)	Conical morel
1778	1355	" 13	M. delicosa	Fries, S.M. II. 8 (1821)	Delicious morel
1779	1353	" 8	M. esculenta	Pers., Syn. 618 (1801)... ..	Esculent morel
1780	1356	23	M. semilibera	D. C., Fl. Fr. II. 212 (1815)	Half-free morel
239. HELVELLA. —Linn.,					
1781	1357	VIII. 62	H. monachella	Fries, S.M. II. 18 (1821)	Monkish helvel
240. MITRULA. —Fries,					
1782	1358	VIII. 118	M. vinosa	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 273 (1860)	Wine-coloured mitrula
241. LEOTIA. —Fries,					
1783	1359	VIII. 2510	L. lubrica	Pers., Syn. 613 (1801)	Slimy leotia
242. GEOGLOSSUM. —Pers.,					
1784	1364	VIII. 144	G. australe	Berk., in Cooke Myco. 6 (1879)	Southern geoglossum
1785	1363	141	G. glabrum	Pers., Syn. 608 (1801)	Smooth geoglossum
1786	1360	150	G. hirsutum	Pers., Syn. 608 (1801)	Hairy geoglossum
1787	1362	138	G. Muelleri	Cooke, Myco. 4 (1879)	Mueller's geoglossum
1788	1366	145	G. nigratum	Cooke, Myco. 205 (1879)	Black geoglossum
1789	1366	" 147	G. Peckianum	Cooke, Myco. 5 (1879)	Peck's geoglossum
1790	1361	" 149	G. Walteri	Berk., in Cooke Myco. 4 (1879)	Walter's geoglossum
ORDER XXXIV.—PEZIZACEÆ, FRIES,					
243. RHIZINA. —Fries,					
1791	1367	VIII. 182	R. ferruginea	Phil., Grev. XVI. 74 (1888)	Rusty rhizina
244. GEOPYXIS. —Pers.,					
1792	1368	VIII. 210	G. aluticolor	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 176 (1873)	Tan-coloured geopyxis

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
EPICR. I. (1836).									
LEV. CONSID. MYC. 117 (1846).									
Linn. Trans. XIX. 37 (1841).									
1776	T.	V.	...	...	...	Living branches of <i>Fagus Cunninghamii</i>	Gregarious, globose or pear shaped, at length hollow, tapering below, without distinct stem.
SCHWARTZ, SUMM. VEG. SCAND. (1814).									
Berl. Mag. III. 41 (1809).—Phallus, Helvella.									
1777	...	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	Shady places	Oblong conic, attached at base, brown, bay to black. Stem whitish, cylindrical. <i>Edible</i> .
1778	V.	...	...	B.	Grassy places	Rather cylindrical, acute, livid yellow. Stem short. <i>Edible</i> .
1779	B.	Moist places	Round or ovate, attached at base to stem, dingy yellow. Stem white, inflated, faint odour. <i>Edible</i> .
1780	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	Grassy places	Conical, free to middle, yellowish to dirty tawny when dry. Stem whitish. <i>Edible</i> .
Sp. Pl., 1649 (1763).—Phallus, Boletus.									
1781	T.	...	...	...	B.	Woods, on sandy ground	Bent downwards, lobed, attached at base, somewhat bay brown. Stem hollow, white.
S.M. I. 491 (1822).									
1782	T.	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood	Vinous purple, slender, linear to club shaped. Stem thread-like, straight.
S.M. II. 29 (1821).—Elvela.									
1783	T.	V.	...	...	B.	Moist ground	Gregarious, jelly-like, swollen, greenish yellow. Stem hollow, yellow.
Obs. I. 11 (1795).—Clavaria.									
1784	T.	V.	...	...	...	Among moss	Smooth, dry, brown to black, clubs compressed, almost distinct from scaly stem.
1785	V.	...	...	Q.	Grassy places	Somewhat gregarious, smooth, dry, blackish. Stem slender, crooked, scaly.
1786	V.	...	...	B.	Among grass	Hairy, black. Club often elongated, compressed. Stem erect, cylindrical.
1787	V.	...	...	...	Grassy places	Smooth, rather viscid, blackening. Club compressed, equal in length to stem.
1788	V.	...	...	...	Grassy places	Tufted, fragile, black, hollow. Clubs rather compressed, equal in length to slender stem.
1789	Moist ground	Smooth, somewhat viscid, blackening.
1790	V.	...	...	...	Stems of <i>Dicksonia</i>	Hairy, dark brown, blackening. Clubs spoon shaped, compressed. Stem slender.
S.M. II. 38 (1821).									
Obs. Myc. I. 161 (1815).									
1791	V.	...	...	...	Rotten wood	Circular, sessile, concave, rigid when dry, tough and gelatinous when moist.
M.E. I. 42 (1822).									
1792	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Wood	Tan coloured, stalked, funnel shaped, folded at base. Stem dilated at base.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
245. PEZIZA.—Linn., Sp. Pl. (1753).—Ciboria, Dasyscypha, Discina, Geopyxis, Humaria,					
1793	...	VIII. 343	<i>P. applanata</i> ...	<i>Fries, S.M. II. 64 (1821)</i> ...	Flattened peziza ...
1794	1369	253	<i>P. anrantia</i> ...	<i>Pers., Ohs. II. 76 (1796)</i> ...	Orange-coloured peziza ...
1795	1371	293	<i>P. badia</i> ...	<i>Pers., Ohs. II. 78 (1796)</i> ...	Chestnut-brown peziza ...
1796	1375	341	<i>P. brunneo-atra</i> ...	<i>Desm., Dcs. Esp. Nouv. 9 (1836)</i> ...	Dark-brown peziza ...
1797	1372	" 307	<i>P. cochleata</i> ...	<i>Linn., Sp. Pl. 1625 (1753)</i> ...	Cochleate peziza ...
1798	1370	" 279	<i>P. Drummondii</i> ...	<i>Berk., Hook., Journ. 71 (1846)</i> ...	Drummond's peziza ...
1799	...	" 306	<i>P. funerata</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Myco. (1879)</i> ...	Funereal peziza ...
1800	1374	" 335	<i>P. Saccardiana</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Myco. 174 (1879)</i> ...	Saccardo's peziza ...
1801	1373	" 297	<i>P. vesiculosa</i> ...	<i>Bull, Champ. 457 (1812)</i> ...	Swollen peziza ...
246. OTIDEA.—Pers.,					
1802	...	VIII. 354	<i>O. apophysata</i> ...	<i>Cooke and Phil., Grev. V. 60 (1876)</i> ...	Branching otidea ...
1803	1377	X. 4473	<i>O. darjeclensis</i> ...	<i>Berk., Hook., Journ. 202 (1851)</i> ...	Darjeeling otidea ...
1804	1378	VIII. 358	<i>O. hirneoloides</i> ...	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 96 (1889)</i> ...	Hirneola-like otidea ...
1805	1379	362	<i>O. phlebophora</i> ...	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 97 (1889)</i> ...	Veined otidea ...
247. DISCINA.—Fries,					
1806	1383	...	<i>D. australica</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Handb. Austr. Fung. 255 (1892)</i> ...	Australian discina ...
1807	1381	VIII. 377	<i>D. lumhricalis</i> ...	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 101 (1889)</i> ...	Worm-like discina ...
1808	1380	373	<i>D. repanda</i> ...	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 100 (1889)</i> ...	Repand discina ...
1809	1382	391	<i>D. venosa</i> ...	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 104 (1889)</i> ...	Veined discina ...
248. PYRONEMA.—Carus,					
1810	1384	VIII. 401	<i>P. melaloma</i> ...	<i>Fekl., Symh. Myc. 319 (1869)</i> ...	Black-bordered pyronema ...
1811	1386	400	<i>P. omphalodes</i> ...	<i>Fekl., Symh. Myc. 319 (1869)</i> ...	Navel-like pyronema ...
249. HUMARIA.—Fries,					
1812	1393	VIII. 606	<i>H. carbonigena</i> ...	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 130 (1889)</i> ...	Charcoal-growing humaria ...
1813	1396	620	<i>H. fusispora</i> ...	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 133 (1889)</i> ...	Spidule-spored humaria ...
1814	1388	" 431	<i>H. globifera</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Myco. (1879)</i> ...	Globose-spored humaria ...
his	...	" 503	<i>H. granulata</i> ...	<i>Bull, Champ. 258 (1791)</i> ...	Granulated humaria ...
1815	1392	481	<i>H. Hartmanni</i> ...	<i>Phil., Grev. XVI. 6 (1887)</i> ...	Hartmann's humaria ...
1816	1387	" 424	<i>H. militina</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Handb. Austr. Fung. 256 (1892)</i> ...	Crimson humaria ...
1817	1386	" 416	<i>H. miniata</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Handb. Austr. Fung. 256 (1892)</i> ...	Scarlet humaria ...
1818	1391	" 455	<i>H. Muclleri</i> ...	<i>Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 176 (1873)</i> ...	Mueller's humaria ...
1819	1390	" 443	<i>H. recurva</i> ...	<i>Cooke, Handb. Austr. Fung. 267 (1892)</i> ...	Recurved humaria ...
1820	1394	" 618	<i>H. rutilans</i> ...	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 133 (1889)</i> ...	Reddish humaria ...
1821	...	588	<i>H. scatigena</i> ...	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 147 (1889)</i> ...	Springing humaria ...
1822	1396	677	<i>H. tenacella</i> ...	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 145 (1889)</i> ...	Toughish humaria ...
1823	1397	569	<i>H. Thozetii</i> ...	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 144 (1889)</i> ...	Thozet's humaria ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Lachnea, Mollisia, Otidea, Patinella, Phialea, Pseudobelotium, Pyronema, Sarcoscypha, Urnula.									
1793	V.	...	...	B.	Moist places	Sessile, depressed, reddish; disc at length somewhat wrinkled, delicately frosted, fleshy.
1794	T.	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	Ground ...	Gregarious, almost sessile, irregular, oblique, orange; base prolonged into short stem.
1795	W.A.	S.A.	...	...	...	...	B.	Moist ground	Nearly sessile, entire, dark brown, fleshy base often passing into short stem.
1796	V.	...	...	B.	Ground ...	Sessile, solitary, largish, entire, fleshy, fragile, smooth, brownish black or dark brown.
1797	...	S.A.	T.	V.	...	Q.	B.	Ground ...	Often densely tufted and much twisted, sessile, large, fleshy, umber.
1798	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Cup shaped, sessile, medium sized, bay brown.
1799	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Immersed in sand	Bell shaped, brown, margin reflexed, somewhat lobed, thin, fragile.
1800	V.	...	...	...	Moist ground	Sessile, fleshy, fragile, concave, flesh red, margin often torn.
1801	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	B.	Ground, manure heaps, &c.	Large, entire, sessile, at first globose or top shaped, then bell shaped; base of cup very fleshy.
M.E. I. 229 (1822).—Peziza.									
1802	Q.	B.	Moist places	Tufted or gregarious, sessile, lobed, margin indented, umber brown; paraphyses peculiarly branched.
1803	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Expanded, somewhat cochleate, usually elongated on one side, umber.
1804	V.	...	...	Q.	Rotten wood	Sessile or very shortly stalked, red, white beneath.
1805	V.	...	...	B.	Ground ...	Cup shaped, oblique, ochrey yellow, finely powdery, with short stem-like base veined and ribbed.
S.V. 348 (1849).—Peziza.									
1806	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Large, cup shaped, then expanded, smooth, ochrey, tapering downwards into short thick rooting stem.
1807	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Large, cup shaped, at length expanded, internally pale brown, externally nearly smooth or mealy.
1808	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Rotten trunks and ground	Solitary or tufted, large, incised, repand or bent backwards, internally brown, externally whitish.
1809	V.	...	...	B.	Ground ...	Sessile or somewhat stalked, umber brown, externally whitish, rough with ribbed veins, strong nitrous odour.
Nov. Act. Cur. XVII. 370 (1835).									
1810	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	...	B.	Burnt ground	Sessile, crowded, dingy orange, margin with delicate black hairs or prominent cells.
1811	V.	...	...	B.	Burnt ground and cinder heaps	Sessile, crowded, often running together, minute, orange red or orange yellow.
S.M. II. 42 (1822).—Peziza.									
1812	T.	V.	...	...	B.	Charred ground	Gregarious, orange yellow, sessile, flexuous, slightly granular, margin wavy.
1813	T.	...	...	...	B.	Charred and heathy ground	Gregarious, rather crowded, sessile, hemispherical, yellow, downy; spores spindle shaped.
1814	V.	...	...	...	Sandy soil	Yellow, saucer shaped, margin turned in, sometimes lobed.
1814 bis	Q.	B.	Cow dung	Sessile, scattered or crowded, margin thick externally, tawny brown, and coarsely granular.
1815	Q.	...	Decayed branches	Gregarious, sessile or somewhat stalked, concave, margin splitting, disc pale crimson.
1816	V.	...	...	...	Sandy ground	Sessile, scattered, crimson, flattened, margin paler beneath, free.
1817	V.	...	...	B.	Among moss	Fleshy, firm, pitcher to plate like, scarlet.
1818	T.	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Scattered, sessile, cups irregular, marginate delicately downy, externally, disc crimson.
1819	T.	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	Nearly sessile, wavy, convex, recurved, bay brown, smooth.
1820	W.A.	S.A.	...	...	...	...	B.	Ground among moss	Gregarious, nearly sessile, bell or beaker shaped; disc orange yellow, externally paler, and slightly downy.
1821	Q.	...	Dung ...	Hemispherical, dark-wine colour, somewhat green when fresh, externally mealy white.
1822	V.	...	...	...	Ground ...	Sessile, slightly concave, smooth, umber brown, margin entire, flesh firm.
1823	N.S.W.	Q.	...	On <i>Nepenthes</i>	Dish shaped, fleshy, brown.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
250. PHILLIPSIA.—Berk.,					
1824	1399	VIII. 608	<i>P. polyporoides</i> ...	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 388 (1881) ...	Polyporons-like phillipsia ...
1825	1398	607	<i>P. subpurpurea</i> ...	Berk. and Br., Linn. Soc. N.S.W. 88 (1880) ...	Purplish phillipsia ...
251. SARCOSEYPHA.—Fries,					
1826	1403	VIII. 638	<i>S. bulbosa</i> ...	<i>Cooke</i> , Handb. Austr. Fung. 259 (1892) ...	Bulbous sarcosypha ...
1827	1400	618	<i>S. coccinea</i> ...	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. VIII. 154 (1889) ...	Scarlet sarcosypha ...
1828	1401	620	<i>S. lepida</i> ...	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. VIII. 154 (1889) ...	Handsome sarcosypha ...
1829	1404	657	<i>S. melastoma</i> ...	<i>Cooke</i> , Handb. Austr. Fung. 259 (1892) ...	Black-mouthed sarcosypha ...
1830	1402	630	<i>S. rhenana</i> ...	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. VIII. 157 (1889) ...	Woolly sarcosypha ...
252. TRICHOSCYPHA.—Cooke,					
1831	1405	VIII. 652	<i>T. Hindsii</i> ...	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. VIII. 161 (1889) ...	Hind's trichoscypha ...
1832	1406	647	<i>T. tricholoma</i> ...	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. VIII. 160 (1889) ...	Hairy-edged trichoscypha ...
253. LACHNEA.—Fries,					
1833	1415	VIII. 733	<i>L. alpina</i> ...	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. VIII. 180 (1889) ...	Alpine lachnea ...
1834	1410	" 699	<i>L. badio-berbis</i> ...	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. VIII. 173 (1889) ...	Bay-headed lachnea ...
1836	1408	" 772	<i>L. confusa</i> ...	<i>Cooke</i> , Handb. Austr. Fung. 260 (1892) ...	Confused lachnea ...
1836	1419	" 735	<i>L. coprogena</i> ...	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. VIII. 181 (1892) ...	Dung-horn lachnea ...
1837	1414	" 730	<i>L. dalmaniensis</i> ...	<i>Phil.</i> , Disc. 227 (1887) ...	Dalmatyn lachnea ...
1838	1420	741	<i>L. Erinaceus</i> ...	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. VIII. 182 (1889) ...	Hedgehog lachnea ...
1839	1413	705	<i>L. hirta</i> ...	<i>Gill</i> , Champ. 75 (1879) ...	Hairy lachnea ...
1840	1416	722	<i>L. lusatiæ</i> ...	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. VIII. 178 (1889) ...	Lusatian lachnea ...
1841	1411	700	<i>L. margaritacea</i> ...	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. VIII. 173 (1889) ...	Pearly lachnea ...
1842	1417	725	<i>L. scubalonta</i> ...	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. VIII. 179 (1889) ...	Refuse lachnea ...
1843	1409	698	<i>L. scutellata</i> ...	<i>Gill</i> , Champ. 75 (1879) ...	Saucer-shaped lachnea ...
1844	1421	744	<i>L. stercorea</i> ...	<i>Gill</i> , Champ. 76 (1879) ...	Dung lachnea ...
1845	1418	728	<i>L. theleholoides</i> ...	<i>Gill</i> , Champ. 74 (1879) ...	Theleholus-like lachnea ...
1846	1412	" 701	<i>L. umhrata</i> ...	<i>Phil.</i> , Disc. 222 (1887) ...	Shaded lachnea ...
1846A	"	"	<i>L. umbrata</i> , var. <i>pallida</i> ...	<i>Rehm.</i> , Asco. No. 466 (1873) ...	Pale lachnea ...
1847	1407	" 687	<i>L. vinoso-brunnea</i> ...	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. VIII. 171 (1889) ...	Vinous-brown lachnea ...
254. CIBORIA.—Fckl.,					
1848	1423	VIII. 829	<i>C. firma</i> ...	<i>Fckl.</i> , Sym. Myc. 312 (1869) ...	Firm ciboria ...
255. HELOTIUM.—Fries,					
1849	1425	VIII. 910	<i>H. citrinum</i> ...	<i>Fries</i> , S.V. 356 (1849) ...	Lemon-yellow helotium ...
1860	1426	914	<i>H. claro-flavum</i> ...	<i>Berk.</i> , Outl. 372 (1860) ...	Light-yellow helotium ...
1851	1429	" 926	<i>H. epiphyllum</i> ...	<i>Fries</i> , S.V. 356 (1849) ...	Leaf-growing helotium ...
1862	1427	" 918	<i>H. gratum</i> ...	<i>Cooke</i> , Austr. Fung. 51 (1883) ...	Agreeable helotium ...
1853	1424	876	<i>H. nigripes</i> ...	<i>Fries</i> , S.V. 356 (1849) ...	Black-stalked helotium ...
1854	1428	1028	<i>H. pateriforme</i> ...	<i>Cooke</i> , Austr. Fung. 51 (1883) ...	Saucer-shaped helotium ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Linn. Journ. XVIII. 388 (1881).— <i>Peziza</i> .									
1824	Q.	...	Dead stems of <i>Vitis</i>	Expanded, attached, thick, flesh colour.
1825	Q.	...	Wood ...	Plane, margin lobed, fixed at centre; disc purplish, brown when dry.
S. M. II. 78 (1822).— <i>Peziza</i> , <i>Lachnea</i> , <i>Macropodia</i> .									
1826	V.	...	...	B.	Ground in sandy soil	Hemispherical, turning ashy, minutely scaly, disc brown. Stem firm, tuberous at base.
1827	T.	...	...	...	B.	Rotten branches ...	Funnel shaped, externally whitish, downy, as well as stem, disc carmine, most handsome.
1828	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	Funnel shaped, medium sized, with gradually tapering stem, disc crimson.
1829	Q.	B.	Old branches, &c. ...	Fleshy, almost globose, externally brick red, woolly, disc black. Stem short, with rooting black hairs.
1830	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bare ground ...	Tufted, united in thick stem, whitish downy, nearly globose, margin turned in, disc orange.
<i>Myc.</i> 252 (1879).									
1831	Q.	...	Rotten wood ...	Bright red, cup shaped, externally with delicate bloom, tawny yellow. Stem tapering downwards.
1832	Q.	...	Rotten wood ...	Stalked, fleshy, hemispherical, top shaped, yellow, hairy edged. Stem smooth.
S. M. II. 77 (1822).— <i>Peziza</i> , <i>Humaria</i> , <i>Sphærospora</i> .									
1833	V.	...	...	...	Cow dung ...	Gregarious, closed at first, then flattened, circular, margin orange yellow with jointed hairs.
1834	...	S.A.	...	...	N.S.W.	...	...	Rotten wood ...	Concave, disc vermilion, margin clad with very long hairs.
1835	Q.	...	Charcoal ...	Gregarious or crowded, sessile, almost spherical, brown, clad with short hairs.
1836	Q.	...	Dung ...	Nearly orange, invested with pale-bay obtuse hairs.
1837	V.	...	...	B.	Ground in shady woods	Sessile, fleshy, hemispherical, becoming expanded, bright yellow, fringed with long erect yellow hairs.
1838	Q.	...	Rotten wood ...	Gregarious, circular, depressed, ochrey white, externally beset with long bay-brown hairs.
1839	V.	...	...	B.	Ground among moss	Sessile, scattered, somewhat hemispherical, externally clad with brown hairs, disc scarlet.
1840	V.	...	...	...	Rotten wood ...	Gregarious, sessile, cup shaped, flattened at length, orange red, with erect brown hairs externally.
1841	V.	...	...	...	Rotten wood ...	Sessile, hemispherical, at length expanded, vermilion, rough externally, with short brown hairs.
1842	V.	...	...	...	Dung ...	Scattered, sessile, fleshy, hemispherical, thickly clad externally, with septate brown hairs.
1843	W.A.	...	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Rotten wood ...	Gregarious, sessile, flattened, vermilion red, rough towards margin, with long straight black hairs.
1844	T.	V.	...	...	B.	Dung ...	Gregarious, sessile, concave, dingy red or tawny, beset with brown septate hairs.
1845	V.	...	...	B.	Earth, &c. ...	Gregarious, spherical, then open, externally whitish, clad with pale hairs, disc pale yellow.
1846	B.	...	...
1846a	V.	...	...	B.	Charred wood, &c. ...	Brownish flesh colour, with scattered obtuse hairs.
1847	Q.	...	Burnt ground ...	Sessile, hemispherical, flattened, vinous brown, rough, with short obtuse brown scattered hairs.
<i>Sym. Myc.</i> 311 (1869).— <i>Peziza</i> , <i>Hymenoscypha</i> .									
1848	T.	...	...	...	B.	Rotting branches ...	Funnel shaped, then expanded, firm, pale brown. Stem long, tapering downwards, becoming blackish.
S. V. 354 (1849).— <i>Peziza</i> , <i>Phialea</i> .									
1849	T.	...	...	Q.	B.	Dead stumps and branches	Gregarious or crowded, shortly stalked or sessile, flattened, concave, lemon yellow, waxy.
1850	V.	...	...	B.	Decayed wood and fallen branches	Very minute, shortly stalked or sessile, clear yellow, smooth, margin somewhat lobed.
1851	Q.	B.	Dead leaves ...	Almost sessile, convex to plane, smooth, marginate, firm, pale ochrey.
1852	T.	...	...	...	...	Dead wood ...	Plane, transparent, marginata, shortly stalked, nearly orange. Stem paler, cylindrical.
1853	T.	...	...	...	...	Trunks and rotting leaves	Flattened, concave, pale, smooth, marginate. Stem longish, blackening.
1854	T.	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood ...	Ochrey, sessile, somewhat lobed, concave, somewhat wrinkled and delicately downy beneath.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
256. PHIALEA.—Fries,					
1855	1432	VIII. 1048	<i>P. Berggrenii</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 254 (1889)</i>	Berggren's phialea
1856	1434	1104	<i>P. hyssogena</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 267 (1889)</i>	Thread-borne phialea
1857	1433	1102	<i>P. ceratina</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 267 (1889)</i>	Horny phialea
257. PSEUDOHLOTIUM.—Fckl., Symb. Myc. 298 (1869).—					
1858	1435	VIII. 1215	<i>P. hyalinum</i>	<i>Fckl., Symb. Myc. 298 (1869)</i>	Hyaline pseudohlotium
1859	1436	1267	<i>P. ilicinolum</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 304 (1889)</i>	Holly-growing pseudohlotium
258. CHLOROSPENIUM.—Fries,					
1860	1430	VIII. 1311	<i>C. æruginosum</i>	<i>De Not., Disc. 22 (1864)</i>	Verdigris chlorosplenium
1861	1431	1313	<i>C. omnivirens</i>	<i>Cooke, Austr. Fuug. 51 (1883)</i>	All-green chlorosplenium
259. MOLLISIA.—Fries,					
1862	1437	VIII. 1393	<i>M. cinerea</i>	<i>Karst., M.F. I. 189 (1871)</i>	Ash-coloured mollisia
260. TAPESIA.—Pers.,					
1863	1438	VIII. 1573	<i>T. epitaphra</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 381 (1889)</i>	Woolly-bac tapesia
261. TRICHOPEZIZA.—Fckl.,					
1864	1439	X. 4540	<i>T. Sphærule</i>	<i>Sacc., Hedw. 155 (1890)</i>	Sphærule trichopeziza... ..
262. DASYSYPHA.—Fries, S.M. II. 89 (1822).—					
1865	1443	VIII. 1924	<i>D. Eucalypti</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 462 (1889)</i>	Eucalypt dasysypha
1866	1442	1876	<i>D. glabrescens</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 451 (1889)</i>	Smooth dasysypha
1867	1441	1804	<i>D. lachnoderma</i>	<i>Rehm., Asco. No. 303 (1873)</i>	Downy dasysypha
1868	1444	1938	<i>D. lanariceps</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 465 (1889)</i>	Woolly-capped dasysypha
1869	1446	„ 1947	<i>D. terrestris</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. (1889)</i>	Terrestrial dasysypha
1870	1440	„ 1801	<i>D. virginea</i>	<i>Fckl., Symb. Myc. 305 (1869)</i>	Virgin dasysypha
263. PHÆOPEZIZA.—Sacc.,					
1871	1376	VIII. 1966	<i>P. apiculata</i>	<i>Sacc., Mich. I. 71 (1877)</i>	Apiculate phæopeziza
264. BELONIDIUM.—Mont.					
1872	1446	VIII. 2064	<i>B. arancosum</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll. VIII. 500 (1889)</i>	Web-like belonidium
265. ERINELLA.—Sacc.					
1873	1447	...	<i>E. lutca</i>	<i>Phil., Grev. XIX. 61 (1891)</i>	Yellow erinella

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						D.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Obs. II. 305 (1818).									
1855	V.	...	...	...	Rotting leaves ...	Pale, stalked, scattered, wine-glass shaped. Stem slender.
1856	T.	...	...	...	...	Wood ...	Ochrey, concave. Stem elongated, cylindrical, arising from interwoven radiating threads.
1857	T.	...	...	...	...	Leaves of Eucalypts	Top shaped, stalked, smooth, pale, horny brown, minute.
Peziza, Lachnea, Helotium, Lachnella, Mollisia.									
1858	T.	...	...	...	B.	Rotten trunks and inside bark	Minute, gregarious, sessile, globose, then expanded, transparent when moist, downy externally.
1859	V.	...	...	B.	Holly branches and lichen, <i>Myriangium</i> growing on Holly	Tufted, hemispherical, then expanded, externally dirty white, disc brown, purple, or rosy grey.
S.V. 356 (1849).—Peziza, Helotium.									
1860	V.	...	Q.	B.	Fallen wood ...	Shortly stalked or sessile, verdigris green, disc becoming whitish. Stem short, stout. Wood stained employed as green oak in manufacture of Tunbridge ware.
1861	T.	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood ...	Verdigris green, shortly stalked, rather top shaped.
S.M. II. 137 (1822).—Peziza.									
1862	T.	V.	...	...	B.	Decaying wood ...	Gregarious or scattered, sessile, soft, minute, saucer-like, ashy, with entire whitish margin.
M.E. I. 220 (1828).—Peziza, Lachnella.									
1863	T.	...	...	...	...	Leaves ...	Minute, white, hemispherical or almost globose, concave, arising from crisp interwoven threads.
Symb. Myc. 295 (1869).									
1864	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Dead bark of <i>Casuarina</i>	Scattered, minute, sessile, globose, bright sulphur yellow, sprinkled with rough hairs.
Peziza, Hymenoscypha, Lachnella, Helotium.									
1865	T.	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Eucalyptus</i> and <i>Casuarina</i>	Pale olive, plane, margin fringed with rigid dark-purple hairs. Stem cylindrical.
1866	V.	...	...	...	On <i>Rhipogonum</i> ...	Scattered, stalked, white, wine-glass shaped, at first shaggy, then naked, smooth.
1867	T.	...	...	Q.	...	Dead bark ...	Almost hemispherical, shortly stalked, externally snowy white and downy, vermilion within.
1868	V.	...	...	...	On <i>Rhipogonum</i> ...	Scattered, stalked, ochrey brown, top shaped, at length open, shaggy, sprinkled with purple granules.
1869	Q.	...	Bare ground ...	Small, stalked, horn colour, lurid, externally shaggy.
1870	T.	...	...	...	B.	Wood, bark, branches, &c.	Gregarious, stalked, white, hemispherical, with crowded spreading hair. Stem short.
Mich. I. 71 (1877).									
1871	V.	...	...	...	Bark ...	Sessile, saucer shaped, fleshy, rather tough, black, smooth, disc with margin entire.
and Dur., Fl. Alg. (1846).									
1872	T.	...	...	...	...	Wood ...	At first nearly globose, then hemispherical, externally web-like, arising from creeping threads.
Syll. VIII. (1889).									
1873	V.	...	...	...	Crevices of bark ...	Gregarious or scattered, shortly stalked, cup shaped, with short whitish hairs, becoming yellow, then yellowish brown.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
ORDER XXXV.—ASCOBOLACEÆ,					
266. ASCOBOLUS.—Pers..					
1874	1452	VIII. 2161	<i>A. Areberi</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 276 (1860)	Archer's ascobolus
1875	1449	„ 2149	<i>A. australis</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XVIII. 393 (1881)	Southern ascobolus
1876	1451	„ 2160	<i>A. Baileyi</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 69 (1883)	Bailey's ascobolus
1877	1448	2143	<i>A. furfuraceus</i>	Pers., Tent. Disp. Meth. 25 (1797)	Scurfy ascobolus
1878	1450	...	<i>A. Phillipsii</i>	Berk., in Cooke's Handb. Austr. Fung. 268 (1892)	Phillips' ascobolus

ORDER XXXVI.—DERMATACEÆ,

267. URNULA.—Fries,					
1879	1453	VIII. 640 and 218	<i>U. campylospora</i>	Cooke, Handb. Austr. Fung. 268 (1892)	Curve-spored urnula
1880	1464	VIII. 331	<i>U. rhytidea</i>	Cooke, Austr. Fung. 52 (1883)	Wrinkled urnula
268. CENANGIUM.—Fries,					
1881	1455	VIII. 2323	<i>C. licenoideum</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. I. 404 (1879)	Lichenoid cenangium
269. TYMPANIS.—Tode,					
1882	...	X. 4603	<i>T. Toomansii</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Traus. II. 222 (1887)	Tooma tympanis

ORDER XXXVII.—BULGARIACEÆ,

270. OMBROPHILA.—Fries,					
1883	1459	X. 4612	<i>O. bulgarioides</i>	Sacc., Myc. Austr. 14 (1890)	Bulgaria-like ombrophila
1884	1467	VIII. 2532	<i>O. radicata</i>	Pbil., Grev. XVI. 33 (1887)	Rooting ombrophila
1885	1468	2553	<i>O. terrestris</i>	Phil., Grev. XVI. 75 (1888)	Terrestrial ombrophila
1886	1460	...	<i>O. trachycarpa</i>	Phil., Grev. XIX. 61 (1891)	Rough-spored ombrophila
1887	1456	VIII. 2526	<i>O. violacea</i>	Fries, S.V.S. 357 (1849)	Violet ombrophila
1887A	1456A	...	<i>O. violacea, var. australis</i>	Cooke, Grev. VIII. 64 (1879)	Southern ombrophila
271. ORBILIA.—Fries,					
1888	1461	VIII. 2672	<i>O. chrysocoma</i>	Sacc. Syll. VIII. 621 (1889)	Golden-yellow orbilia..
1889	1462	2568	<i>O. decipiens</i>	Sacc. Syll. VIII. 623 (1889)	Deceptive orbilia
272. CORYNE.—Tul., Carp. III. 190 (1865).—					
1890	1463	VIII. 2647	<i>C. sarcoides</i>	Tul., Carp. III. 190 (1865)	Flesh-like coryne

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.	
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.				
BOND., MEM. ASCOB. 20 (1869).										
in Gmel. Syst. 1461 (1791).— <i>Peziza.</i>										
1874	T.	...	...	...	...	Charcoal	...	Wavy, sessile, vinous brown.
1875	Dung	...	Brown, cup shaped.
1876	Dung	...	Concave, at first ochrey, then vinous brown and flattened, slightly granulate externally.
1877	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	B.	Old cow dung, &c....	...	Sessile, globose, then expanded; externally greenish yellow, mealy; disc slightly concave at first, yellowish green, turning blackish brown when old.
1878	Q.	Cow dung	...	Concave with elevated margin, externally wax colour, then tawny, disc ash coloured.

FRIES, S.V. 345 (1849).S.V.S. II. 364 (1849).—*Peziza, Macropodia.*

1879	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Rotten wood	...	Funnel shaped, sooty or ashy, stalked, deeply wrinkled, margin incurved. Stem similarly coloured.
1880	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	...	...	Ground	...	Sooty brown, nearly sessile, hemispherical, cut, undulately wrinkled, flesh olive.

S.M. II. 177 (1822).

1881	Q.	Trunks	...	Tufted, ashy, top shaped, stalked, invested with irregular ashy warts, disc red brown.
------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	--------	-----	--

Meckl. I. 23 (1790).

1882	Q.	Fruit of <i>Banksia</i>	...	Gregarious, at first mealy, sphaeria shaped.
------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	-------------------------	-----	--

FRIES, S.V. 345 (1849).S.V.S. 357 (1849).—*Peziza.*

1883	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Rotten wood	...	Clustered, gelatinous, then hard, at first sessile, then shortly stalked, externally bright ochrey yellow, disc reddish brown.
1884	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Swampy places	...	Solitary or tufted, stalked, rather gelatinous. Stem elongated, rooting; disc depressed, wrinkled, liver colour.
1885	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Ground	...	Circular, sessile, gelatinous, concave or flattened, umber brown, a little paler externally.
1886	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Sandy ground among mosses	...	Somewhat gregarious, sessile, concave, externally wrinkled horizontally, firm, dark red brown.
1887	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Trunks	...	Gregarious or scattered, finally distinctly stalked, violet. Stem obconic, short.
1887A	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Branches, &c., in swampy places	...	Stem longer, flexuous, more ash coloured than type.

S.V. 357 (1849).—*Peziza, Calloria.*

1888	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Wood	...	Gregarious, almost globose at first, soon flattened, and rather jelly-like, golden yellow, horny when dry.
1889	...	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Old rope	...	Gregarious or scattered, sessile; disc pale-flesh colour, orange red, or pale brown; externally granulose.

Peziza, Ombrophila, Lichen, Bulgaria, Helvella, Tremella.

1890	T.	V.	B.	Trunks and branches of trees	...	Tufted, sessile or somewhat stalked, firm, fleshy red, veined below, disc hollowed out.
------	-----	-----	----	----	-----	-----	----	------------------------------	-----	---

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
ORDER XXXVIII.—STICTACEÆ,					
273. STICTIS.—Pers., Obs. II. 73 (1796).—					
1891	1465	X. 4635	<i>S. emarginata</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 7 (1889)...	Emarginate stictis
1892	1464	VIII. 2795	<i>S. radiata</i>	Pers., Obs. II. 73 (1796)	Radiating stictis
1892A	...		<i>S. radiata</i> , var. <i>brachyspora</i>	Sacc. and Berl., Rev. Myc. (1885)	Short-spored stictis
ORDER XXXIX.—PHACIDIACEÆ,					
274. PSEUDOPEZIZA.—Fckl., Symb.					
1893	...	VIII. 2976	<i>P. Cerastiorum</i>	<i>Fckl.</i> , Symb. Myc. 291 (1869)	Chickweed pseudopeziza
1894	1467	2971	<i>P. Medicaginis</i>	<i>Sacc.</i> , Fung. Ard. No. 90 (1888)	Medicago pseudopeziza
1895	1466	2970	<i>P. Trifolii</i>	<i>Fckl.</i> , Symb. Myc. 290 (1869)	Trifolium pseudopeziza
275. FABRÆA.—Sacc.,					
1896	1468	X. 4651	<i>F. rhytismoides</i>	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. X. 50 (1892)	Rhytisma-like fabræa
276. COCCOMYCES.—De Not.,					
1897	1469	...	<i>C. delta</i>	<i>Cooke</i> , Handb. Austr. Fung. 272 (1892)	Deltoid coccomyces
ORDER XL.—PATELLARIACEÆ,					
277. PATINELLA.—Sacc.,					
1898	1470	VIII. 3162	<i>P. tasmanica</i>	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. VIII. 770 (1889)	Tasmanian patinella
1899	1471	3178	<i>P. Adamsoni</i>	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. VIII. 772 (1889)	Adamson's patinella
278. KARSCHIA.—Kærnb.,					
1900	1472	VIII. 3200	<i>K. lignyata</i>	<i>Sacc.</i> Syll. VIII. 779 (1889)	Wood-growing karschia
ORDER XLI.—GYMNOASCÆÆ,					
279. EXOASCUS.—Fckl., Enum. Fung.					
1901	1473	VIII. 3341	<i>E. deformans</i>	<i>Fckl.</i> , Symb. Myc. 252 (1869)	Deforming exoascus (Peach-leaf curl).

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						D.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
FRIES, PL. HOM. 86 (1825).									
Peziza, Lycoperdon, Sphærobohus, Schmitzonia.									
1891	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of Eucalypts	Very minute, gregarious, immersed, bursting through, pierced at apex. Gregarious or scattered, flesh coloured or yellowish, deeply immersed; margin four to six rayed, white, scurfy. Margin narrower than type, and disc ash grey to violet.
1892	T.	...	...	Q.	B.	Wood and branebes	
1892a	Q.	...	Rotten stem	
FRIES, S.M. II. 317 (1822).									
Myc. 290 (1869).—Phacidium, Ascobolus, Peziza, Mollisia.									
1893	N.S.W.	...	B.	Leaves and more rarely calyx of <i>Cerastium vulgatum</i>	Gregarious, sessile, minute, round, smooth, at first white with reddish-grey rim, at last buff with dark-brown rim. Scattered, minute, soon flattened, oehrey brown, originating on yellowish spots, then girt by three to four toothed skin. Gregarious, sessile, minute, circular, plane, smooth, smoky yellow; margin thin, torn.
1894	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Medicago</i>	
1895	V.	...	...	B.	Living but languishing clover leaves	
Mich. II. 331 (1881).—Phacidium, Pseudopeziza.									
1896	V.	...	...	...	Living leaves of <i>Cotula</i>	Cups clustered together, usually six to eight, minute, externally dark brown; disc closing in drying, blackening, and then resembling <i>Rhytisma</i> .
Mem. II. 38 (1847).—Phacidium.									
1897	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of Eucalypts	Innate, three-angled, with three elevated joints, opening in three valves, disc brown.
FRIES, S.V. 345 (1849).									
Grev. IV. 22 (1875).—Patellaria, Peziza.									
1898	T.	...	...	...	...	Dead wood	Small, sessile, cups concave, then plane; disc reddish brown, then black. Circular, plane, cups with distinct margin, quite black.
1899	V.	...	...	...	Branches of Eucalypts	
Parerg. 459 (1865).—Patellaria.									
1900	V.	...	...	B.	Rotten wood	Scattered or slightly gregarious, sessile, saucer shaped, horny when dry, externally dark red; disc concave, quite black.
BAR. BOT. ZEIT. 158 (1872).									
Nass. 29 (1860).—Taphrina, Ascomycos.									
1901	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Peach, &c., leaves	On under surface of leaves causing blisters, and covered with a whitish bloom.

GENERAL CLASSIFICATION OF TUBEROIDES.

GROUP VI.—TUBEROIDES, VITT.

ARRANGEMENT OF ORDERS (3).

42. ELAPHOMYCETACEÆ—Gleba or spore-bearing tissue traversed by silky filaments.
 43. TUBERACEÆ—Gleba traversed by branched filaments, or with cavities.
 44. ENDOGONACEÆ—Gleba destitute of internal cavities, continuous.
-

ORDER XLII.—ELAPHOMYCETACEÆ, TUL.

Genus (1)—

280. *Elaphomyces*, Nees.

ORDER XLIII.—TUBERACEÆ, FRIES.

Genus (1)—

281. *Stephensia*, Tul.

ORDER XLIV.—ENDOGONACEÆ, FRIES.

Genus (1)—

282. *Endogone*, Link.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
---------	-----------------	--------------------	------------------	---------------------	---------------

GROUP VI.—TUBEROIDES.—

ORDER XLII.—ELAPHOMYCETACEÆ,

280. ELAPHOMYCES.—Nees,

1902	1349	VIII. 3481	<i>E. Leveillei</i>	Tul., Ann. Sci. Nat. 2 Ser. XVI. 21 (1841) ...	Leveille's elaphomyces ...
------	------	------------	----------------------------	--	----------------------------

ORDER XLIII.—TUBERACEÆ,

281. STEPHENSIA.—Tul., Compt.

1903	<i>S. arenivaga</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXI. 38 (1892) ...	Desert stephensia ...
------	-----	-----	----------------------------	---	-----------------------

ORDER XLIV.—ENDOGONACEÆ,

282. ENDOGONE.—Link,

1904	1350	VIII. 3597	<i>E. australis</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 282 (1860) ...	Southern endogone
------	------	------------	----------------------------	-------------------------------------	--------------------------

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
VITT. MON. TUBER. 12 (1831).									
TUL. FUNG. HYP. 100 (1851).									
Syn. Pl Myc. (1820).									
1902	Q.	...	Under trees ...	Rounded or depressed, hollowed out on both sides, arising from green crustaceous mycelium.
FRIES, S.V.S. 437 (1849).									
Rend. XXI. 1433 (1845).—Genea.									
1903		S.A.	..	...	...	..	...	Sandy soil ...	Nearly globose, irregular, pale, soft, becoming hard, gathering particles of sand which cohere.
FRIES, S.V.S. 438 (1849).									
Obs. Pl. III. 33 (1809).									
1904	T.	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	Hemispherical, white.

GENERAL CLASSIFICATION OF HYPHOMYCETES.

GROUP VII.—HYPHOMYCETES, MARTIUS.

ARRANGEMENT OF ORDERS (4).

45. MUCEDINACEÆ—Finely filamentous, pale or bright coloured (rarely brownish).
46. DEMATIACEÆ—Finely filamentous, brown or black, rather rigid.
47. STILBEACEÆ—Finely filamentous, pale or brown; fertile threads collected in fascicles (stroma).
48. TUBERCULARIACEÆ—Compact, wart-like, globose, disc-like, superficial or erumpent, waxy or somewhat gelatinous

ORDER XLV.—MUCEDINACEÆ, LINK.

ARRANGEMENT OF GENERA (13).

Section 1. Amerosporæ, Sacc.—Conidia spherical or shortly cylindrical, continuous, transparent or brightly coloured.

Sub-section 1. Micronemeæ, Sacc.—Threads very short, or scarcely distinct from conidia.

Genera (3)—

283. Oospora, Wallr. | 284. Monilia, Pers. | 285. Oidium, Link.

Sub-section 2. Macronemeæ, Sacc.—Threads elongated, distinct from conidia.

Genera (9)—

286. Trichoderma, Pers. | 289. Rbinotrichum, Corda. | 292. Sepedonium, Link.
287. Aspergillus, Adans. | 290. Sporotrichum, Link. | 293. Verticillium, Nees.
288. Penicillium, Link. | 291. Botrytis, Adans. | 294. Nematogonium, Desm.

Section 2. Didymosporæ, Sacc.—Conidia ovoid, oblong or shortly fusoid, one septate, hyaline or brightly coloured.

Genus (1)—

295. Tricothecium, Link.

ORDER XLVI.—DEMATIACEÆ, FRIES.

ARRANGEMENT OF GENERA (19).

Section 1. Amerosporæ, Sacc.—Conidia continuous, globose, ovoid or oblong.

Sub-section 1. Microumeæ, Sacc.—Threads very short, or scarcely distinct from conidia.

Genera (4)—

296. Coniosporium, Link. | 298. Hormiscium, Kunze. | 299. Heterobotrys, Sacc.
297. Torula, Pers. |

Sub-section 2. Macronemeæ, Sacc.—Threads evident and distinct from conidia.

Genera (3)—

300. Periconia, Tode. | 301. Monotospora, Corda. | 302. Botryotrichum, Sacc. and March.

Section 2. Didymosporæ, Sacc.—Conidia ovoid or oblong, typically one septate.

Sub-section 1. Micronemeæ, Sacc.—Threads very short or scarcely distinct.

Genus (1)—

303. Bispora, Corda.

Sub-section 2. Macronemeæ, Sacc.—Threads evident and distinct from conidia.

Genera (3)—

304. Fusicladium, Bon. | 305. Scolecotrichum, Kunze. | 306. Cladosporium, Link.

Section 3. Pbragmosporæ, Sacc.—Conidia ovoid, oblong, cylindrical or worm shaped, two or more septate.

Sub-section 2. Macronemeæ, Sacc.—Threads evident, and distinct from conidia.

Genera (4)—

307. Helminthosporium, Link. | 309. Cercospora, Fres. | 310. Heterosporium, Klotzsch.
308. Brachysporium, Sacc. |

Section 4. Dictyosporæ, Sacc.—Conidia globose, transversely and longitudinally septate, brown.

Sub-section 1. Miconemeæ, Sacc.—Threads very short, or scarcely distinct.

Genus (1)—

311. Sporodesmium, Link.

Sub-section 2. Macronemeæ, Sacc.—Threads evident and distinct from conidia.

Genera (3)—

312. Stemphylium, Wallr. | 313. Macrosporium, Fries. | 314. Fumago, Pers.

ORDER XLVII.—STILBEACEÆ, FRIES.

ARRANGEMENT OF GENERA (6).

Series 1. Hyalestilheæ, Sacc.—Threads and conidia pallid.

Section 1. Amerosporæ, Sacc.—Conidia globular, ellipsoid or oblong, continuous, transparent or pallid.

Genera (3)—

315. Stilbum, Tode. | 316. Isaria, Pers. | 317. Ceratium, Alb. and Schw

Series 2. Phæostilheæ, Sacc.—Threads and conidia brown, rigid.

Section 1. Amerosporæ, Sacc.—Conidia globose, oblong or elongated, continuous.

Genus (1)—

318. Hnropgraphium, Sacc.

Section 4. Phragmosporæ, Sacc.—Conidia oblong or cylindrical, two to more septate.

Genera (2)—

319. Podosporium, Schw. | 320. Isariopsis, Fries.

ORDER XLVIII.—TUBERCULARIACEÆ, EHRB.

ARRANGEMENT OF GENERA (13).

Series 1. Tuberculariæ mucedineæ, Sacc.—Threads and conidia white or bright coloured.

Section 1. Amerosporæ, Sacc.—Conidia continuous, ovoid, sigmoid, shortly cylindrical or fusoid.

Genera (6)—

321. Tubercularia, Tode. | 323. Ægerita, Pers. | 325. Hymenula, Fries.
322. Illosporium, Mart. | 324. Fusicolla, Bon. | 326. Thozetia, Berk. and F. v. M.

Section 3. Phragmosporæ, Sacc.—Conidia elongated, fusoid or sickle shaped, typically two or more septate.

Genera (3)—

327. Bactridium, Kunze. | 328. Fusarium, Link. | 329. Microcera, Desm.

Series 2. Tuberculariæ dematieæ, Sacc.—Threads olive or sooty black, conidia same colour or hyaline.

Section 1. Amorosporæ, Sacc.—Conidia continuous, globose, ovoid or elongated.

Genera (4)—

330. Epicoccum, Link. | 332. Myrothecium, Tode. | 333. Actinomma, Sacc.
331. Strumella, Sacc.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
GROUP VII.—HYPHOMYCETES.—MARTIUS,					
ORDER XLV.—MUCEDINACEÆ,					
283. OOSPORA.—Wallr., Fl.					
1905	1916	X. 7062	<i>O. Aphidis</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 76 (1888)	Aphis oospora
1906	...	...	<i>O. rutilans</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXI. 39 (1892)	Red oospora
1907	...	IV. 69	<i>O. vinosella</i>	Sacc., Fung. Ital. 874 (1886)	Vinons oospora
284. MONILIA.—Pers., Syn. 691					
1908	...	IV. 157	<i>M. fructigena</i>	Pers., Syn. 693 (1801)	Fruit-growing monilia (Brown rot)
285. OIDIUM.—Link, Berl.					
1909	...	IV. 199	<i>O. Chrysanthemi</i>	Rabh., Hedw. I. 19 (1852)	Chrysanthemum oidium
1910	1917	189	<i>O. erysiphoides</i>	Fries, S.M. III. 432 (1829)	Erysiphe-like oidium
1911	1918	190	<i>O. leucoconium</i>	Desm., Ann. Sci. Nat. XIII. 102 (1829)	White-dust oidium
1912	1920	X. 7093	<i>O. Lycopersicum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 114 (1888)	Tomato oidium
1913	...	IV. 219	<i>O. monilioides</i>	Link, Sp. Pl. 122 (1824)	Necklace oidium
1914	1919	191	<i>O. Tuckeri</i>	Berk., Gard. Chron. 779 (1847)	Tucker's oidium (Powdery mildew)
286. TRICHODERMA.—Pers.,					
1915	1921	IV. 284	<i>T. viride</i>	Pers., Syn. 230 (1801)	Green trichoderma
287. ASPERGILLUS.—Adans.,					
1916	1926	IV. 342	<i>A. Cookei</i>	Sacc. Syll. IV. 71 (1886)	Cook's aspergillus
1917	1922	304	<i>A. glaucus</i>	Link, Sp. Pl. Fung. I. 67 (1824)	Glaucous aspergillus
1918	1924	„ 319	<i>A. Muelleri</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 175 (1873)	Mueller's aspergillus
1919	1925	„ 326	<i>A. roseus</i>	Link, Sp. Pl. Fung. I. 68 (1824)	Rose-coloured aspergillus
288. PENICILLIUM.—Link, Berl. Mag. III. 16					
1920	...	IV. 381	<i>P. candidum</i>	Link, Obs. Myc. I. 15 (1809)	White penicillium
1921	1927	373	<i>P. glaucum</i>	Link, Obs. Myc. I. 15 (1809)	Glaucous penicillium (Common blue mould)
289. RHINOTRICHUM.—Corda,					
1922	1929	IV. 448	<i>R. Carteri</i>	Cooke, Fung. Aust. 60 (1883)	Carter's rhinotrichum
1923	1928	447	<i>R. microsporium</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 272 (1860)	Small-spored rhinotrichum
1924	1930	„ 460	<i>R. pulchrum</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 175 (1873)	Beautiful rhinotrichum
1925	1931	„ 469	<i>R. ramosissimum</i>	Berk. and Curt., Grev. III. (1875)	Much-branched rhinotrichum
290. SPOROTRICHUM.—Link,					
1926	1932	IV. 507	<i>S. densum</i>	Link, Obs. Myc. I. 11 (1809)	Dense sporotrichum

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
FL. CRYPT. ERLANG. 334 (1817).									
LINK, BERL. MAG. III. 10 (1809).									
Crypt. II. 182 (1833).— <i>Torula</i> .									
1905	Q.	...	Aphides upon Pump-kin leaves	Threads short, continuous, somewhat tufted, transparent. Conidia in little chains.
1906	V.	...	...	...	Dung ...	Expanded, crustaceous, red or orange red. Conidia in chains.
1907	V.	...	...	...	With moist <i>Daldinia concentrica</i>	Tufted, cushion shaped, dirty yellow to wine colour, minute. Conidia in more or less elongated chains.
(1801).— <i>Oidium</i> , <i>Torula</i> .									
1908	V.	...	...	B.	Apples, Pears, &c.	Compact tufts, cushion shaped, usually running together, downy, whitish then fleshy ochre. Common.
Mag. III. 18 (1809).									
1909	V.	...	...	B.	Leaves of <i>Chrysanthemum</i>	Expanded, white. Threads creeping, continuous, transparent. Conidia in long chains.
1910	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Living leaves of various plants	Broadly expanded, indeterminate, white. Tufts conspicuous, rosy white, threads erect, very slender.
1911	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Rose leaves, &c. ...	Tufts expanded, white. Threads creeping, with fertile branches short and erect. Conidial stage of <i>Sphaerotheca pannosa</i> .
1912	V.	...	...	...	Stems and leaves of Tomato (<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i>)	Tufts expanded, indeterminate, white, spiderweb-like. Threads short, branching, erect.
1913	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	Living leaves, &c. ...	Tufts widely spread, ochrey white. Conidia forming chains like a necklace, dirty white. Conidial stage of <i>Erysiphe graminis</i> .
1914	...	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Vine leaves and grapes	Tufts densely clustered, often running together and forming whitish web-like layer. Conidia barrel shaped.
Obs. Myc. I. 99 (1796).									
1915	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Bark, wood, leaves, and branches	Tufts nearly circular, cushion shaped, compact, then expanded, first white, then bluish green, afterwards yellowish. Conidial stage of <i>Hypocrea rufa</i> .
Fam. II. 2 (1763).—<i>Mucor</i>, <i>Monilia</i>.									
1916	W.A.	S.A.	...	V.	...	Q.	...	Dead plants and leaves	Gregarious, white, intricately interwoven. Fertile threads erect, transparent, crowned with large globose vesicle.
1917	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Vegetable substances	Creeping threads fluffy, branched, uncoloured. Fertile threads erect, simple, transparent or glaucous, swelling into spherical vesicle. Conidial stage of <i>Eurotium herbariorum</i> .
1918	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	...	...	<i>Lepiota bubalina</i> , &c.	Snowy white, creeping. Fertile threads erect, rather flexuous.
1919	V.	...	...	B.	Soil, damp paper, linen, &c.	Thin, creeping. Fertile threads simple. Conidia globose, rose colour.
(1809).—<i>Aspergillus</i>, <i>Botrytis</i>, <i>Mucor</i>.									
1920	V.	...	...	B.	Leaves and decaying substances	Tufts running together, white. Sterile threads creeping, interwoven white, fertile threads ascending or erect.
1921	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Decaying vegetables	Expanded, creeping, white. Sterile threads creeping, intricate. Fertile threads erect, branched at top in a pencil-like manner. Branches erect, once or twice forked. Conidia verdigris green.
Ic. Fung. I. 17 (1837).									
1922	N.S.W.	...	...	Wood ...	White, peziza shaped, rather compact. Threads branched, club shaped, somewhat knotted.
1923	T.	...	...	...	...	Ground ...	Threads stuck together, forming nearly cylindrical cluhs, with spicules.
1924	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Rotten wood ...	Forming thin saffron-coloured layer. Threads globose clavate at top.
1925	...	S.A.	...	...	N.S.W.	...	B.	Rotten wood ...	Pale fawn or tan colour. Threads very much branched, ultimate joints elongated and toothed.
Berl. Mag. III. 12 (1809).									
1926	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Dead insects, &c. ...	Threads sparingly branched, transparent, white, densely crowded in a rather thick layer. Allied to <i>Botrytis Bassiana</i> , which causes the disease known as "Muscardine" in silkworms.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
291. BOTRYTIS.— <i>Adans.</i> , Fam. II. 3 (1763).—					
1927	1933	IV. 664	<i>B. vulgaris</i>	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. III. 398 (1829)	Common botrytis
292. SEPEDONIUM.— <i>Link</i> ,					
1928	1935	X. 7206	<i>S. aureo-fulvum</i>	<i>Cooke and Mass.</i> , <i>Grev.</i> XVI. 76 (1888)	Golden-yellow sepedonium
1929	1934	IV. 764	<i>S. chrysospermum</i> ...	<i>Fries</i> , S.M. III. 438 (1829)	Golden-spored sepedonium
293. VERTICILLIUM.— <i>Nees</i> ,					
1930	1936	IV. 792	<i>V. eximium</i>	<i>Berk.</i> , <i>Linn. Journ.</i> XIII. 176 (1873)	Excellent verticillium
1931	1938	808	<i>V. lateritium</i>	<i>Berk.</i> , in <i>Cooke's Handb. Brit. Fung.</i> 635 (1871)	Brick-red verticillium
1932	1937	797	<i>V. niveum</i>	<i>Berk.</i> , <i>Fl. Tasm.</i> II. 271 (1860)	Snow-white verticillium
294. NEMATOGONIUM.— <i>Desm.</i> , <i>Ann.</i>					
1933	1939	IV. 867	<i>N. aurantiacum</i>	<i>Desm.</i> , <i>Ann. Sci. Nat.</i> II. 70 (1834)	Orange nematogonium
1934	1940	868	<i>N. aureum</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll.</i> IV. 8 (1886)	Golden nematogonium
295. TRICHOHECIUM.— <i>Link</i> ,					
1935	1941	IV. 881	<i>T. roseum</i>	<i>Link</i> , <i>Obs. Myc.</i> I. 16 (1809)	Rosy trichothecium
ORDER XLVI.—DEMATIACEÆ, FRIES,					
296. CONIOSPORIUM.— <i>Link</i> ,					
1936	1942	IV. 1152	<i>C. inquinans</i>	<i>Dur. and Mont.</i> , <i>Fl. Alg.</i> I. 327 (1846)	Black coniosporium
1937	1943	X. 7334	<i>C. pterospermum</i>	<i>Cooke and Mass.</i> , <i>Grev.</i> XIX. 90 (1891)	Wing-spored coniosporium
297. TORULA.— <i>Pers.</i> ,					
1938	1944	IV. 1230	<i>T. herbarum</i>	<i>Link</i> , <i>Sp. Pl. Fung.</i> I. 128 (1824)	Herb-growing torula
193	1945	X. 7363	<i>T. mycetophila</i>	<i>Cooke and Mass.</i> , <i>Grev.</i> XVI. 3 (1887)	Fungus-loving torula
298. HORMISCIUM.— <i>Kunze</i> , <i>Myk.</i>					
1940	1947	IV. 1286	<i>H. pitbyophilum</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll.</i> IV. 265 (1886)	Pine-loving hormiscium
1941	1946	1283	<i>H. stilbosporum</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll.</i> IV. 264 (1886)	Stilbum-spored hormiscium
299. HETEROBOTRYIS.— <i>Sacc.</i> ,					
1942	1948	IV. 1296	<i>H. paradoxa</i>	<i>Sacc.</i> , <i>Mich.</i> II. 124 (1880)	Paradoxical heterobotryis
300. PERICONIA.— <i>Tode</i> ,					
1943	1949	IV. 1328	<i>P. nigrella</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll.</i> IV. 274 (1888)	Black periconia

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.	
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.				
Polyactus, Monilia, Peziza.										
1927	...	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Herbs, fruit, flowers, leaves, and branches in decay	Tufts olive grey. Threads fluffy, erect, olive, branched above. Branches aborted, spreading, and branchlets bearing the conglomerate conidia. Mould-like <i>Botrytis</i> is only the conidial form of <i>Peziza</i> .	
Berl. Mag. III. 18 (1809).— <i>Mucor</i> , <i>Uredo</i> .										
1928	V.	...	...	...	<i>Polyporus</i>	Threads creeping, branched. Conidia profuse, globose, forming a golden-tawny powder within decaying <i>Polypori</i> .	
1929	W.A.	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	<i>Boletus</i> , &c.	Threads spread out, then interwoven, rather thick, almost transparent, variously forked, conidia yellow or golden yellow.	
Syst. Pilz. 56 (1816).										
1930	N.S.W.	...	...	<i>Clavaria</i> ...	Threads branched, branches short, thickened at ends, with radiating acute conidia-bearing processes. A beautiful species.	
1931	V.	...	...	B.	Maize ...	Threads elegantly and many times branched in whorls, collected in brick-red velvety or woolly tufts.	
1932	T.	...	...	...	...	Dead Agarics	White, branched. Branches rather short, thickened at base.	
Sci. Nat. II. 69 (1834).— <i>Aspergillus</i> .										
1933	B.	Bark and wood	Tufts velvety, orange tawny, expanded. Sterile threads creeping, thin. Fertile threads erect, swollen at each end.	
1934	Q.	B.	Bark ...	Fertile threads erect, short, club shaped, with about four joints. Conidia golden yellow.	
Berl. Mag. III. 18 (1809).— <i>Trichoderma</i> , <i>Puccinia</i> .										
1935	V.	...	...	B.	Rotting fruit, branches, leaves, paper, cheese, &c.	Tufts cushion shaped, velvety, rather large; at first white, then rosy.	
SYST. MYC. III. 335 (1832).										
Berl. Mag III. 8 (1809).										
1936	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Stems of <i>Arundo</i> ...	Spread out, very black. Tufts rounded or oblong, run together and irregular.
1937	V.	...	...	...	<i>Lepidosperma</i> ...	Pustules gregarious, small, bursting through, blackish. Spore body globose, with membranous expansion.	
Ust. Ann. IX. 25 (1795).— <i>Monilia</i> .										
1938	Q.	B.	Rotting herb stems	Tufts expanded, olive to ochrace, then becoming black, somewhat velvety. Sterile threads creeping, sooty. Fertile threads erect, olive, then black.
1939	V.	...	...	...	Pileus or cap of <i>Polyporus cinnabarinus</i>	Tufts minute, very thin, scattered, black. Threads sparingly branched, nearly straight.	
Heft. I. 12 (1817).— <i>Antennaria</i> , <i>Torula</i> .										
1940	...	S.A.	...	...	N.S.W.	...	B.	Branches and leaves of <i>Coniferae</i> and <i>Eucalyptus</i>	Expanded, thick, superficial, quite black. Chains of conidia indistinctly branched, branches tapering towards apex and slightly curved.
1941	Q.	B.	Branches	Tufts bursting through, powdery, run together, quite black. Chains unequal, branched, or simple.
Mieb. II. 21 (1880).										
1942	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Upper surface of leaves of <i>Bertya rotundifolia</i>	Tufted, gregarious, black. Threads straggling, creeping, pale, sooty. Conidia brown.
Fung. Meck. I. 2 (1790).— <i>Sporocybe</i> .										
1943	Q.	B.	Leaves of <i>Andropogon</i>	Very minute, black. Fertile threads simple, thin. Head globose or ellipsoid.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
301. MONOTOSPORA.—Corda,					
1944	...	...	<i>M. fasciculata</i>	Cooke and Mass., <i>Grev.</i> XXI. 39 (1892)	Fasciculate monotospora
302. BOTRYOTRICHUM.—Sacc. and					
1945	...	...	<i>B. Lachnella</i>	Sacc., <i>Hedw.</i> 58 (1893)	<i>Lachnella botryotrichum</i>
303. BISPORA.—Corda,					
1946	1950	IV. 1632	<i>B. monilioides</i>	Corda, <i> Ic. Fung.</i> I. 9 (1837)	Necklace hispora
304. FUSICLADIUM.—Bon. Handb. 80					
1947	1951	IV. 1642	<i>F. dendriticum</i>	<i>Fekl.</i> , S.M. 357 (1875)	Tree-like fusicladium (Black spot of Apple)
1948	1952	1643	<i>F. pyrinum</i>	<i>Fekl.</i> , S.M. 357 (1875)	Pear fusicladium
305. SCOLECOTRICHUM.—Kunze and					
1949	1953	X. 7478	<i>S. atriellum</i>	Cooke and Mass., <i>Grev.</i> XVI. 3 (1887)	Black scolecotrichum
1950	...	IV. 1666	<i>S. graminis</i> , var. <i>Avena</i>	Erikss., <i>Zeit. Pflkrk.</i> I. 28 (1891)	Oat scolecotrichum
306. CLADOSPORIUM.—Link,					
1951	1957	IV. 1698	<i>C. Asteroma</i>	<i>Fekl.</i> , S.M. 355 (1875)	<i>Asteroma cladosporium</i>
1951A	...	...	<i>C. Asteroma</i> , var. <i>minor</i>	Cooke, <i>Haudb. Austr. Fung.</i> 376 (1892)	Lesser cladosporium
1952	1959	IV. 1718	<i>C. epiphyllum</i>	Mart., <i>Erl.</i> 351 (1817)	Epiphyllous cladosporium
1953	1964	IV. 1665	<i>C. herbarum</i>	<i>Link.</i> , <i>Ohs. Myc.</i> II. 37 (1809)	Herb-growing cladosporium
1953A	...	...	<i>C. herbarum</i> , var. <i>epixylum</i>	Corda	Wood-growing cladosporium
1964	1958	IV. 1714	<i>C. hypophyllum</i>	<i>Fekl.</i> , S.M. 356 (1875)	Hypophyllous cladosporium
1955	1955	1669	<i>C. oligocarpum</i>	Corda, <i> Ic. Fung.</i> I. 14 (1837)	Few-spored cladosporium
1956	1961	1774	<i>C. papyricolum</i>	Berk. and Br., <i>Linn. Trans.</i> II. 68 (1883)	Paper-growing cladosporium
1957	1956	1670	<i>C. stenosporum</i>	Berk. and Curt., <i>Grev.</i> III. (1875)	Slender-spored cladosporium
1958	1960	1750	<i>C. Typbarum</i>	Desm., <i>Exs.</i> 304	Typha cladosporium
307. HELMINTHOSPORIUM.—Link,					
1959	1966	IV. 1969	<i>H. inconspicuum</i>	Cooke and Ell., <i>Grev.</i> VI. 88 (1878)	Inconspicuous helminthosporium
1960	1963	1973	<i>H. macrocarpum</i>	<i>Grev.</i> , <i>Scot.</i> III. 148 (1825)	Large-spored helminthosporium
1961	1966	1966	<i>H. puccinioides</i>	Sacc. and Berl., <i>Rev. Myc.</i> (1885)	Puccinia-like helminthosporium
1962	1962	1971	<i>H. Ravenelii</i>	Curt., in <i>Sill. Journ.</i> 352 (1848)	Ravenel's helminthosporium
1963	1964	2010	<i>H. rhabdiferum</i>	<i>Berk. and Br.</i> , <i>Ann. Nat. Hist.</i> XV. 402 (1865)	Rod-bearing helminthosporium
308. BRACHYSPORIUM.—Sacc.,					
1964	1967	IV. 2039	<i>B. oligocarpum</i>	<i>Sacc.</i> , <i>Syll.</i> IV. 424 (1886)	Few-spored brachysporium

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.							B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.				
Ic. Fung. I. 11 (1837).										
1944	V.	...	...	...	Bark	...	Tufts bursting through, gregarious, black. Fertile threads erect, densely fasciculate in awl-shaped tufts.
March., Champ. Copr. Belg. 34 (1885).										
1945	V.	...	...	...	Branches and spines of <i>Bursaria spinosa</i> , not yet dead	...	Gregarious, umber to dusky. Tufts of threads in circular bundles, like <i>Lachnella</i> . Sterile threads erect. Conidia spherical, rather transparent, granular.
Ic. Fung. I. 9 (1837).										
1946	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Wood	...	Expanded, dark brown, powdery. Threads short, rather conical. Conidia sooty brown. Conidial stage of <i>Bisporella monilifera</i> .
(1851).—Cladosporium, Helmiuthosporium.										
1947	...	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Leaves and fruit of Apple and Pear	...	Expanded, velvety, olive, often tree-like on leaves. Threads filiform, erect, in bundles. Conidia olive.
1948	...	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Leaves and fruit of Pear	...	Expanded, velvety, olive. Threads short, tapering, toothed at apex. Conidia olive.
Schm., Myk. Heft. I. 10 (1817).										
1949	Q.	...	Twigs of <i>Passiflora</i>	...	Tufts spread out, run together, black. Threads erect, simple, brown. Conidia dark brown.
1950	V.	...	...	...	Oats	...	Spots on leaves elongated, ochrey, drying up. Threads in bundles, point-like, densely clustered. Conidia olive to brown.
Berl. Mag. VII. 37 (1816).—Dematium.										
1951	Tufts in centre of brown spot, disposed in a tree-like manner, minute, yellow, becoming greenish.
1951A	Q.	...	Foliage of Grape Vine	...	Tufts arranged in a circle, olive, then blackish, large, thick. Threads at first erect, then declining.
1952	V.	...	...	B.	Leaves of Oak, &c.	...	Tufts densely clustered, run together, forming a velvety yellow-olive then dark-olive layer.
1953	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Stems, leaves, &c. ...	...	Tufts spread out, then greyish green. Threads branched, flexuous, yellow.
1953A	Q.	...	Wood.	...	Tufts minute, solitary, black. Threads tufted, erect, long, slender, slightly branched, olive.
1954	Q.	...	Lower surface of leaves of <i>Serjania</i>	...	Threads irregularly branched, transparent above, brown below. Conidia pale brown.
1955	Q.	...	Wood	...	Threads simple, thin, divided, arising from a creeping mycelium, greyish brown below.
1956	Q.	...	On paper forming dark-grey layer	...	Tufts elongated or oblong, scattered, turning black, sented at first on distinct greyish spot.
1957	Q.	...	Leaves of Pear, &c.	...	
1958	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Typha</i> (Bulrush)	...	
Berl. Mag. III. 10 (1809).—Macrosporium.										
1959	Q.	B.	Fading leaves of Maize	...	Thin cloud-like stain. Threads elongated, septate knotted, pale brown.
1960	Q.	B.	Trunks and branches	...	Expanded, velvety, dark olive or sooty brown. Threads clustered, lax, simple or sparingly branched.
1961	Q.	...	Fading or dead leaves of <i>Tristania laurina</i>	...	Tufts on both surfaces, very black, loosely gregarious, disc shaped, compact, resembling <i>Puccinia</i> . Conidia pale sooty brown.
1962	Q.	...	Inflorescence of grasses (<i>Sporobolus indicus</i>)	...	Spongy. Threads flaccid, flexuous, knotted, branched. Conidia brown.
1963	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	B.	Ripe peaches	...	Expanded, internally black. Threads erect, sparingly branched. Conidia straight, at first oblong, then elongated and somewhat linear, dark brown.
Mich II. 28 (1880).—Helminthosporium.										
1964	Q.	...	Wood	...	Tufts minute, linear, nearly parallel. Threads flexuous, simple, in bundles, dark brown. Conidia yellow brown.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name
309. CERCOSPORA.—Fres., Beitr. 90					
1965	1971	X. 7685	<i>C. Daviesiæ</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 7 (1889)	Daviesia cercospora
1966	1968	7696	<i>C. epicoccoides</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 91 (1891)	Epicoccum-like cercospora
1967	1973	7697	<i>C. Eucalypti</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 7 (1889)	Eucalyptus cercospora
1968	...	...	<i>C. Glycines</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXI. 39 (1892)	Glycine cercospora
1969	1969	X. 7678	<i>C. Kennedyæ</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 90 (1891)	Kennedyæ cercospora
1970	1972	IV. 2161	<i>C. Solanacea</i>	Sacc. and Berl., Rev. Myc. (1885)	Solanum cercospora
1971	1970	2200	<i>C. viticola</i>	Sacc. Syll. IV. 458 (1886)	Vine cercospora (Tufted leaf blight)
310. HETEROSPORIUM.—Klotzsch,					
1972	1974	X. 7769	<i>H. epimyces</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 80 (1888)	Fungus heterosporium
311. SPORODESMIUM.—Link, Berl					
1973	1975	IV. 2391	<i>S. atrofusum</i>	Cooke, Grev. XII. 12 (1883)	Blackish-brown sporodesmium
1974	1976	2356	<i>S. melanopodium</i>	Berk. and Br., Ann. Nat. Hist. V. 459 (1850)	Black-stalked sporodesmium
312. STEMPHYLIUM.—Wallr., Fl.					
1975	1977	IV. 2487	<i>S. pulchrum</i>	Sacc. Syll. IV. 521 (1886)	Beautiful stemphylium
313. MACROSPORIUM.—Fries,					
1976	1980	X. 7837	<i>M. Camelliæ</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVII. 42 (1888)	Camellia macrosporium
1977	1978	IV. 2501	<i>M. cladosporioides</i>	Desm., Pl. Crypt. 3 (1857)	Cladosporium-like macrosporium
1978	1979	2499	<i>M. commune</i>	Rabh., Fung. Eur. Exs. 1360	Common macrosporium
1979	...	X. 7863	<i>M. graminum</i>	Cooke, Grev. XVII. 66 (1889)	Grass macrosporium
1980	1982	IV. 2649	<i>M. peponicolum</i>	Rabh., in Sitz. 101 (1867)	Gourd-growing macrosporium
1981	1981	X. 7841	<i>M. Readeri</i>	Winter, Rev. Myc. 212 (1886)	Reader's macrosporium
1982	1980 bis.	IV. 2552	<i>M. Tomato</i>	Cooke, Grev. XII. 32 (1883)	Tomato macrosporium
314. FUMAGO.—Pers., Myc.					
1983	1983	IV. 2618	<i>F. vagans</i>	Pers., Myc. Eur. I. 9 (1822)	Creeping fumago
ORDER XLVII.—STILBEACEÆ,					
315. STILBUM.—Tode,					
1984	...	IV. 2714	<i>S. aurantiacum</i>	Bab., Linn. Trans. (1839)	Orange stilbum
1985	1986	X. 7894	<i>S. caninum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XX. 36 (1891)	Dog's dung stilbum
1986	1988	IV. 2705	<i>S. cinnabarinum</i>	Mont., Fl. Cub. 308 (1842)	Vermilion stilbum
1987	1987	X. 7879	<i>S. corallinum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 91 (1891)	Coralline stilbum
1988	1984	IV. 2680	<i>S. erythrocephalum</i>	Ditm., Sturm. Fl. III. (1817)	Red-beaded stilbum
1989	1985	X. 7893	<i>S. Formicarum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 8 (1889)	Ant stilbum

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
(1850).—Cladosporium, Helminthosporium.									
1965	V.	...	...	...	Fading leaves of <i>Daviesia latifolia</i>	Spots brown, irregular, angular. Threads in bundles, shortened. Conidia bent like a bow, pale brown.
1966	V.	...	...	...	<i>Eucalyptus</i> leaves ...	Spots small or run together, purple. Tufts gregarious, rather compact, black. Conidia pale olive.
1967	V.	...	...	...	Fading <i>Eucalyptus</i> leaves	Spots rather circular, or run together, pale, with rosy margin. Threads shortened. Conidia curved, pale.
1968	V.	...	...	...	Living leaves of <i>Glycine clandestina</i>	On both surfaces, but chiefly upper, spots definite, irregular, angular, umber. Tufts gregarious on the spots, point-like, black. Conidia almost transparent.
1969	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Kennedya prostrata</i>	Spots cinnamon brown, irregular and run together. Tufts scattered, black, point-like. Conidia clear olive.
1970	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Solanum verbascifolium</i>	Spots nearly circular, brown. Tufts point-like, sooty olive. Conidia rod-like, curved, almost hyaline.
1971	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Vine leaves ...	Spots on both surfaces, somewhat circular or irregular, when dry ochrey. Threads often on under surface, here and there densely tufted. Conidia ochrey olive.
Herb. Myc. I. 67 (1832).									
1972	V.	...	...	B.	Decayed Agarics ...	Tufts olive, spread out in more or less dense velvety patches. Threads sparingly forked, pale brown. Conidia minutely warted, pale olive.
Mag. III. 41 (1809).—Spiloma.									
1973	V.	...	...	...	Wood ...	Expanded, velvety black. Conidia elongated, club shaped, divided in all directions into quadrate cells, dark brown.
1974	V.	...	...	B.	Bark ...	Tufts broad, black. Conidia nearly globose, opaque, seated on base of variable size.
Crypt. II. 300 (1833).—Mystrosporium.									
1975	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood ...	Expanded, olive. Threads white, wrinkled, forked or trifid. Conidia a little rough, blackish.
S.M. III. 373 (1832).									
1976	V.	...	...	B.	Living leaves of <i>Camellia</i>	Spots circular or run together, pale, with broad brown margin. Threads tufted, pale olive.
1977	V.	...	...	B.	Leaves and stems of herbs	Spots large, tawny, irregular. Tufts numerous, minute, rounded, velvety, dark olive.
1978	Q.	B.	Stems, leaves, &c. ...	Tufts densely clustered, numerous, brown. Threads in bundles, ascending, brown. Conidia olive. Considered to be conidial condition of <i>Pleospora herbarum</i> .
1979	N.S.W.	...	...	Wheat, Sugar cane, &c.	Expanded, very thin. Threads creeping, at length with erect branches, greyish brown. Conidia same colour.
1980	Q.	...	Papaw fruit ...	Spots large, circular, black. Sterile threads, slender, creeping. Fertile threads, short, erect. Conidia amber brown.
1981	V.	...	...	...	Dry stems of Artichoke	Tufts forming expanded black layer. Threads in minute bundles, erect, brown. Conidia brown.
1982	V.	...	Q.	B.	Ripe Tomatoes ...	Circular, black. Threads short, robust, flexuose. Conidia brown.
Eur. I. 9 (1822).—Cladosporium, Torula.									
1983	Q.	B.	Living leaves of Vine, &c.	Threads creeping, branched in a straggling manner, olive or sooty brown, forming a thin membranous black layer. Conidia in short chains.
FRIES, MICH. II. 31 (1880).									
Meckl. I. 10 (1790).—Sphaerostilbe.									
1984	Q.	B.	Dead branches ...	Somewhat fasciculate, orange coloured. Stem even, darker downwards. Head somewhat club shaped.
1985	V.	...	...	...	Dog's dung ...	Gregarious, flesh coloured. Head darker, continuous with smooth stem, which is sometimes forked. Conidia transparent.
1986	Q.	...	Bark ...	Gregarious, flesh coloured. Head convex to hemispherical. Stem short, mealy.
1987	V.	...	...	...	Bark ...	Tufted, flesh coloured. Stems tapering upwards, shortly branched, mealy. Head orange red.
1988	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	...	B.	Dung ...	Gregarious or somewhat scattered. Stem rather thick, terminated by rosy or red, globose, mealy head.
1989	V.	...	...	...	Dead ants (<i>Formica</i>)	Stems elongated, slender, black, flexuose, slightly thickened below, Head inversely egg shaped, rosy.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
316. ISARIA.—Pers., Tent.					
1990	1997	IV. 2851	<i>I. arbuscula</i>	<i>Bres. and Roum., Rev. Myc.</i> 38 (1890)	Dendritic isaria
1991	1994	2841	<i>I. Cicadae</i>	<i>Miq., Ann. Sci. Nat.</i> X. 378 (1838)	Cicada isaria (Brazilian Cicada clubs)
1992	1993	„ 2842 and 2839	<i>I. graminiperda</i> (including <i>I. fuciformis</i> , Berk.)	<i>Berk. and F. v. M., Gard. Chron.</i> 596 (1873)	Grass-destroying isaria
1993	1992	IV. 2828	<i>I. radians</i>	<i>Berk., Fl. Tasm. II.</i> 271 (1860)	Radiating isaria
1994	1995	X. 7921	<i>I. suffruticosa</i>	<i>Cooke and Mass., Grev.</i> XVIII. 45 (1890)	Shrubby isaria
1995	1991	IV. 2807	<i>I. umbrina</i>	<i>Pers., Syn.</i> 689 (1801)	Umber isaria
317. CERATIUM.—Alb. and Schw., Consp.					
1996	1996	IV. 2845	<i>C. hydroides</i>	<i>Alb. and Schw., Consp. Fung. Lus.</i> 358 (1805)	Hydnum-like ceratium
318. HARPOGRAPHIUM.—					
1997	1998	X. 7949	<i>H. corynelioides</i>	<i>Cooke and Mass., Grev.</i> XVI. 76 (1888)	Corynelia-like harpographium
1998	1999	7948	<i>H. quaternarium</i>	<i>Cooke and Mass., Grev.</i> XVI. 3 (1887)	Quaternate harpographium
319. PODOSPORIUM.—Schw.,					
1999	2000	IV. 2982	<i>P. grande</i>	<i>Cooke, Grev.</i> XII. 11 (1883)	Large podosporium
320. ISARIOPSIS.—Fries, in Sacc.					
2000	2001	IV. 2998	<i>I. clavispora</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll.</i> IV. 631 (1886)	Clavate-spored isariopsis
ORDER XLVIII.—TUBERCULARIACEÆ,					
321. TUBERCULARIA.—Tode, Fung.					
2001	2002	X. 7990	<i>T. leguminum</i>	<i>Cooke and Mass., Grev.</i> XVI. 33 (1887)	Legume-growing tubercularia
2002	...	IV. 3002	<i>T. vulgaris</i>	<i>Tode, Fung. Meck.</i> I. 18 (1790)	Common tubercularia
322. ILLOSPORIUM.—Mart.,					
2003	2004	...	<i>I. flavellum</i>	<i>Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans.</i> II. 68 (1883)	Yellow illosporium
2004	2006	IV. 3106	<i>I. flaveolum</i>	<i>Sacc., Michb.</i> II. 297 (1880)	Yellowish illosporium
2005	2005	X. 8019	<i>I. obscurum</i>	<i>Cooke and Mass., Grev.</i> XVI. 113 (1888)	Obscure illosporium
323. ÆGERITA.—Pers., Tent.					
2006	2007	IV. 3124	<i>A. candida</i>	<i>Pers., Syn.</i> 684 (1801)	White ægerita
324. FUSICOLLA.—Bon.,					
2007	2008	X. 8024	<i>F. incarnata</i>	<i>Cooke and Mass., Grev.</i> XVII. 8 (1888)	Flesh-coloured fusicolla
325. HYMENULA.—Fries,					
2008	...	...	<i>H. Eucalypti</i>	<i>Cooke and Mass., Grev.</i> XXI. 39 (1892)	Eucalypt hymenula
326. THOZETIA.—Berk. and F. v. M.,					
2009	2009	IV. 3213	<i>T. nivea</i>	<i>Berk., Linn. Journ.</i> XVIII. 888 (1881)	Snow-white thozetia

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Disp. 41 (1797).— <i>Ceratium</i> .									
1990	Q	...	Rotten wood	Snowy white. Conidia-bearing layer tree-like, branched in tufts from simple base.
1991	V.	...	...	...	Head of Cicada	Within and growing through joints of dead <i>Cicada</i> . Conidia-bearing layer hard and compact, with shortened stem.
1992	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q	B.	Grasses (<i>Lolium</i>) and germinating cereals	Bright orange, gelatinous, slender, sparingly branched. Conidia minute, globose.
1993	T.	...	...	...	...	Bark	Greyish fawn, circular, branched, covered with whorled or forked woolly tufts.
1994	N.S.W.	...	...	Hairy caterpillar	Tufted, white. Stem smooth or slightly mealy, with slender branches interwoven with lateral branchlets. Conidia minute, ellipsoid.
1995	V.	...	...	B.	Wood, and <i>Hypoxylon coccineum</i> , of which it is conidial form	Clubs without stem, fawn colour, in radiating tufts. Conidia inversely egg shaped, umber.
Fung. Lus. 358 (1805).— <i>Isaria</i> , <i>Tremella</i> .									
1996	N.S.W.	Q	B.	Rotten wood	Conidia-bearing layer tapering, simple or sparingly branched, white or yellowish. Conidia ovoid or globose, transparent.
Sacc., Mich. II. 33 (1880).									
1997	V.	...	...	...	Branches of <i>Leptospermum scoparium</i>	Tufted, bursting through, black. Stems composite, radiating, club shaped above, simple or forked. Conidia, curved, transparent.
1998	Q	...	Dead twigs of <i>Passiflora</i>	Tufts black, minute. Stems composite, club shaped above. Conidia spindle shaped, transparent, for the most part quarternate.
Trans. Amer. Phil. Soc. IV. (1832).									
1999	V.	...	...	...	Stems of <i>Aster argophyllus</i>	Large, black, woolly, forming dense tufts. Threads erect, crowded together, dark brown.
Mich. II. 33 (1880).— <i>Graphium</i> .									
2000	Q	...	Vine leaves	Minute, olive, arising from circular brown spots. Threads relaxed above and flexuous.
EHRB. SYLV. MYC. 12 (1818).									
Meek. I. 18 (1719).— <i>Tremella</i> , <i>Sphaeria</i> .									
2001	Q	...	Legumes of <i>Cassia</i>	Minute, bursting through, flesh colour. Conidia bearers short, straight.
2002	B.	Branches...	Gregarious, bursting through, vermilion coloured, globular to depressed, more or less shortly stalked.
Fl. Crypt. Erl. 325 (1817).									
2003	Q	...	Liebens ...	Stalked, yellow. Stem short. Conidia globose.
2001	Q	...	Rotten wood	Very minute, gregarious, yellow. Threads branched in a forked manner, twisted.
2005	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Eucalyptus globulus</i>	Somewhat gregarious, circular, bursting through, minute, sooty brown. Threads branched in a forked manner.
Disp. 40 (1797).— <i>Tubercularia</i> , <i>Sclerotium</i> .									
2006	V.	...	...	B.	Wood and bark	Crowded, granule-like, globose to hemispherical, size of poppy or turnip seed, white but yellowish when dry.
Handb. 150 (1851).									
2007	Q	...	Dead eoriaceous leaves	Pustules small, gregarious, seated on paler spots, rosy flesh colour, somewhat gelatinous or scattered over leaf, stalks, and midribs.
Pl. Homon 94 (1825).									
2008	V.	...	...	...	<i>Eucalyptus</i> leaves	On both surfaces; pustules bursting through, disc-like, brownish. Conidia bearers simple, rather thick.
Linn. Journ. XVIII. 388 (1881).									
2009	Q	...	Rotten wood	White. Conidia oblong, transparent, acute at each extremity, and terminated by long bristle.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
2010	2010	IV. 3268	<i>B. flavum</i>	Kunze and Schw., Myk. Heft. I. 5 (1817) ...	327. BACTRIDIDIUM. —Kunze, Orange bactridium
2011	2011	3273	<i>B. magnum</i>	Cooke, Grev. VIII. 60 (1879)	Great bactridium
2012	2016	X. 8105	<i>F. hypocreoides</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 76 (1888) ...	328. FUSARIUM. —Link, Hypocrea-like fusarium
2013	2012	IV. 3283	<i>F. lateritium</i>	Nees, Syst. 31 (1816)	Brick-red fusarium
2014	2015	X. 8074	<i>F. longisporum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 4 (1887) ...	Long-spored fusarium
2015	2013	...	<i>F. rubicolor</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 68 (1883) ...	Ruby-coloured fusarium
2016	2017	IV. 3473	<i>M. coccophila</i>	Desm., Ann. Sci. Nat. X. 359 (1848) ...	329. MICROCERA. —Desm., Coccus-loving microcera
2017	2018	X. 8119	<i>M. rectispora</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 4 (1887) ...	Straight-spored microcera
2018	2019	IV. 3491	<i>E. scabrum</i>	Corda, Ic. Fung. I. 5 (1837)	330. EPICOCCUM. —Link, Rough epicoccum (False potato disease)
2019	2020	X. 8127	<i>S. hysteroidea</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVII. 69 (1889) ...	331. STRUMELLA. —Sacc., Hysterium-like strumella
2020	2022	8128	<i>S. patelloidea</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XX. 7 (1891) ...	Patelloid strumella
2021	2021	8130	<i>S. Sacchari</i>	Cooke, Grev. XIX. 45 (1890)	Sugar-cane strumella (Cane spume)
2022	2025	IV. 3552	<i>M. inundatum</i>	Tode, Meck. I. 25 (1790)	332. MYROTHECIUM. —Tode, Inundated myrothecium
2023	2024	3550	<i>M. roridum</i>	Tode, Meck. I. 25 (1790)	Bedewed myrothecium
2024	2023	IV. 3564	<i>A. Gastonis</i>	Sacc., Misc. Myc. I. 28 (1884)	333. ACTINOMMA. —Sacc., Gaston's actinomma

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Myk. Heft. I. 5 (1917).—Tremella.									
2010	Q.	B.	Rotten wood ...	Tubercles globose to hemispherical, beautiful orange, rather large. Conidia honey coloured.
2011	V.	...	...	...	Bare wood ...	Cushion shaped, somewhat hemispherical or irregular, pale. Conidia club shaped, transparent, large, long.
Berl. Mag. III. 10 (1809).—Fusisporium, Selenosporium.									
2012	Q.	...	Fading leaves of <i>Ficus aspera</i> ...	Convex, cushion shaped, resembling <i>Hypocrea</i> , somewhat disc shaped, orange.
2013	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	B.	Branches ...	Pustules various, bursting through, brick red. Conidia bow shaped, tapering to each end.
2014	Q.	...	Twigs of <i>Passiflora</i> ...	Tufts bursting through, convex, rosy, then whitish. Threads repeatedly forked, transparent.
2015	Q.	...	<i>Eucalyptus</i> leaves, spreading over galls ...	Expanded, greyish flesh colour. Conidia elongated. They spread over the leaves and colour the veins with a tint like that of raspberry cream.
Ann. Sci. Nat. X. 359 (1848).									
2016	Q.	B.	Cocci attached to branches ...	Small, rather tufted, horn-like to conical, rosy, girt at base by thin whitish membran. Conidial stage of <i>Sphaerostilbe</i> .
2017	Q.	...	Coccus of Orange—scale insect (<i>Chionaspis citri</i>) ...	Tufts rather spherical, almost sessile, reddish at first, then pale. Conidia elongated, spindle shape.
Berl. Mag. VII. 32 (1816).									
2018	Q.	...	Leaves and stems of Potato ...	Gregarious, no spots. Conidia-bearing layer somewhat globose, fleshy, brownish. Conidia brown, rough.
Mich. II. 36 (1880).									
2019	Q.	...	Decorticated branches ...	Pustules gregarious, bursting through, rather prominent, resembling <i>Hysterium</i> , black. Conidia olive.
2020	T.	...	...	...	...	Naked wood ...	Conidia-bearing layer circular, plate-like, scattered, superficial, black. Conidia dark olive.
2021	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Sugar cane, stalk and leaf ...	Pustules gregarious, bursting through, black, with short stem-like base. Conidia continuous, dusky.
Meck. I. 25 (1790).									
2022	Q.	B.	Putrid Agarics, &c. ...	Pustules disc shaped or variable, dark olive with a white margin. Conidia olive.
2023	Q.	B.	Old twine ...	Pustules disc shaped, then run together and distorted, black with a white margin. Conidia pale olive.
Misc. Myc. I. 28 (1884).									
2024	Q.	...	Phyllodes of fading <i>Acacia</i> ...	Gregarious, superficial, black, flattened, contracted when dry, star shaped. Conidia pale brown.

GENERAL CLASSIFICATION OF SPHÆROPSIDES.

GROUP VIII.—SPHÆROPSIDES, LEV.

ARRANGEMENT OF ORDERS (5).

49. SPHÆRIOIDACEÆ—Receptacles black, never fleshy nor brightly coloured, entire.
50. NECTRIOIDACEÆ—Receptacles brightly coloured, fleshy or waxy.
51. LEPTOSTROMACEÆ—Receptacles more or less distinctly semicircular.
52. EXCIPULACEÆ—Receptacles cup shaped, saucer shaped, or Hysterium-like.
53. MELANCONIACEÆ—Receptacles absent.

ORDER XLIX.—SPHÆRIOIDACEÆ, SACC.

ARRANGEMENT OF GENERA (24).

Section 1. Hyalosporæ, Sacc.—Spores hyaline.

Genera (7)—

- | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 334. Phyllosticta, Pers. | 337. Asteromella, Pass. and Thuem. | 339. Dothiorella, Sacc. |
| 335. Phoma, Fries. | 338. Chætophoma, Cooke. | 340. Cytospora, Ehr. |
| 336. Aposphaeria, Berk. | | |

Section 2. Phæosporæ, Sacc.—Spores olive or sooty brown.

Genera (4)—

- | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| 341. Sphæropsis, Lev. | 343. Capnodiastrum, Speg. | 344. Chætomella, Fckl. |
| 342. Coniothyrium, Corda. | | |

Section 3. Phæodidymæ, Sacc.—Spores uniseptate, brown.

Genus (1)—

345. Diplodia, Fries.

Section 4. Hyalodidymæ, Sacc.—Spores uniseptate, hyaline or green.

Genera (5)—

- | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| 346. Ascochyta, Lib. | 348. Actinonema, Fries. | 350. Diplodina, West. |
| 347. Robillarda, Sacc. | 349. Darluca, Cast. | |

Section 5. Phragmosporæ, Sacc.—Spores two or many septate, brown.

Genera (2)—

- | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| 351. Hendersouia, Berk. | 352. Stagonospora, Sacc. |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|

Section 6. Dictyosporæ, Sacc.—Spores two or many septate, wall-like, coloured.

Genus (1)—

353. Camarosporium, Schulz.

Section 7. Scolecosporæ, Sacc.—Spores rod shaped, thread-like or elongated, spindle shape, continuous or septate, hyaline or green.

Genera (4)—

- | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 354. Septoria, Fries. | 356. Phlyctæna, Mont. and Desm. | 357. Gamospora, Sacc. |
| 355. Phleospora, Wallr. | | |

ORDER L.—NECTRIOIDACEÆ, SACC.

ARRANGEMENT OF GENERA (3).

Sub-division 1. Zythiæ, Sacc.—Receptacles nearly globose, Sphæria-like.

Section 1. Hyalosporæ, Sacc.—Spores globose, ovoid or oblong, continuous, hyaline.

Genera (2)—

358. Sphæronæmella, Karst. | 359. Aschersonia, Mont.

Section 2. Scolecosporæ, Sacc.—Spores thread-like or rod shaped, continuous or many septate, hyaline.

Genus (1)—

360. Martinella, Cooke and Mass.

ORDER LI.—LEPTOSTROMACEÆ, RCHB.

ARRANGEMENT OF GENERA (7).

Section 1. Hyalosporæ, Sacc.—Spores globose, ellipsoid or oblong, continuous, hyaline.

Genera (5)—

361. Leptothyrium, Kunze. | 363. Melasmia, Lev. | 365. Sacidium, Nees.
362. Piggotia, Berk. and Br. | 364. Actinothecium, Ces. |

Section 2. Scolecosporæ, Sacc.—Spores thread-like or rod shaped, continuous or septate, hyaline.

Genera (2)—

366. Melophia, Sacc. | 367. Leptostromella, Sacc.

ORDER LII.—EXCIPULACEÆ, CORDA.

ARRANGEMENT OF GENERA (2).

Section 1. Hyalosporæ, Sacc.—Spores globose, ellipsoid or oblong.

Genus (1)—

368. Dinemasporium, Lev.

Section 2. Scolecosporæ, Sacc.—Spores filiform, elongated.

Genus (1)—

369. Protostegia, Cooke.

ORDER LIII.—MELANCONIACEÆ, CORDA.

ARRANGEMENT OF GENERA (7).

Section 1. Hyalosporæ, Sacc.—Conidia globose, ovoid or oblong, continuous.

Genera (2)—

370. Glæosporium, Desm. and Mont. | 371. Pestalozziella, Sacc. and Ell.

Section 2. Didymosporæ, Sacc.—Conidia ovoid or oblong, uniseptate.

Genus (1)—

372. Marsonia, Fisch.

Section 3. Phragmosporæ, Sacc.—Conidia oblong or cylindrical, two to many septate.

Genera (4)—

373. Stilbospora, Pers. | 375. Hyaloceras, Dnr. and Mont. | 376. Pestalozzia, De Not.
374. Coryueum, Nees. |

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
GROUP VIII.—SPHÆROPSIDES.—					
ORDER XLIX.—SPHÆRIOIDACEÆ,					
334. PHYLLOSTICTA.—Pers.,					
2025	1802	III. 15	<i>P. circumscissa</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. XI. 150 (1882) ...	Circular phyllosticta ... (Shot-hole fungus)
2026	1813	X. 5072	<i>P. Cordylinæ</i> ...	Sacc. and Berl., Misc. Myc. II. 36 (1885) ...	Cordyline phyllosticta ...
2027	1806	III. 33	<i>P. Eucalypti</i> ...	Thuem., Lusit. 374 (1878) ...	Eucalyptus phyllosticta ...
2028	1812	„ 219	<i>P. fragaricola</i> ...	Desm., Pl. Crypt. III. 686 ...	Strawberry phyllosticta ...
2029	1807	X. 4881	<i>P. Hardenbergiæ</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 3 (1887) ...	Hardenbergia phyllosticta ...
2030	1810	„ 4903	<i>P. neurospileæ</i> ...	Sacc. and Berl., Misc. Myc. II. 37 (1885) ...	Vein-spot phyllosticta ...
2031	...	6066	<i>P. palmicola</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. XIV. 89 (1886) ...	Palm-growing phyllosticta ...
2032	1806	„ 4886	<i>P. phyllocliorum</i> ...	Sacc., Hedw. 156 (1890) ...	Phylloclia phyllosticta ...
2033	1809	...	<i>P. Platylobii</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 61 (1891) ...	Platylodium phyllosticta ...
2034	...	...	<i>P. Prostantheræ</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. XXI. 39 (1892) ...	Prostanthera phyllosticta ...
2035	1803	III. 31	<i>P. Rosæ</i> ...	Desm., Exs. 687 ...	Rose phyllosticta ...
2036	1804	30	<i>P. Ruborum</i> ...	Sacc., Mich. II. 342 (1882) ...	Bramble phyllosticta ...
2037	1808	X. 4979	<i>P. soriformis</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev., XIX. 47 (1890) ...	Sorus-shaped phyllosticta ...
335. PHOMA.—Fries,					
2038	1828	III. 940	<i>P. alliicola</i> ...	Sacc. and Roum., Reliq. Lib. Ser. IV. 79 (1884) ...	Allium phoma ...
2039	1814	„ 467	<i>P. ampelina</i> ... = <i>Sphaceloma ampelinum</i>	B. and C., Grev. II. (1873) ...	Vine phoma ... (Black spot)
2040	1820	...	<i>P. australis</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. XV. 17 (1886) ...	Southern phoma ...
2041	1829	III. 965	<i>P. Cordylinae</i> ...	Sacc. Syll. III. 162 (1884) ...	Lily palm phoma ...
2042	1822	X. 6084	<i>P. Davicisæ</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 7 (1889) ...	Daviesia phoma ...
2043	1823	„ 6201	<i>P. Diploglottidis</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVII. 56 (1889) ...	Diploglottis phoma ...
2044	1818	III. 649	<i>P. eucalyptidea</i> ...	Thuem., Lus. 563 (1878) ...	Eucalyptus phoma ...
2046	...	923	<i>P. folliculorum</i> ...	Sacc. Syll. III. 155 (1884) ...	Follicle phoma ...
2046	1826	X. 5310	<i>P. Goodeniarum</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 2 (1887) ...	Goodenia phoma ...
2047	1830	III. 998	<i>P. graminis</i> ...	West, in Kickx. Fl. Fland. I. 441 (1867) ...	Grass phoma ...
2048	1826	793	<i>P. herbarum</i> ...	West, Exs. 965 ...	Herb phoma ...
2049	1824	X. 6337	<i>P. Lythri</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 75 (1888) ...	Lythrum phoma ...
2060	1817	III. 660	<i>P. Molleriana</i> ...	Sacc. Syll. III. 110 (1884) ...	Moller's phoma ...
2051	1831	997	<i>P. nitida</i> ...	Rob., in Desm. Exs. ...	Shining phoma ...
2052	1816	556	<i>P. notha</i> ...	Berk., Ann. Nat. Hist. 2 Ser. V. 369 (1860) ...	Spurious phoma ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
LEV., ANN. SCI. NAT. 3 SER. III. 61 (1845).									
SACC. SYLL. III. 1 (1884).									
Champ. Com. 55 (1818).									
2025	...	S. A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Leaves and fruit of <i>Prunus Armeniaca</i> and <i>P. Cerasus</i> , &c.	Both surfaces, spots circular, reddish brown, finally falling out and leaving leaf as if riddled with shot.
2026	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Cordyline terminalis</i>	Spots indistinct, becoming pale. Receptacles on upper surface, point-like, pierced.
2027	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Eucalyptus globulus</i>	Spots large, irregular, at first dingy brown then whitish, with narrow purple border.
2028	...	S. A.	...	...	...	Q.	...	Strawberry leaves	Spots straggling, becoming bleached, with red margin.
2029	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Hardenbergia</i>	Spots on both surfaces, various, tawny.
2030	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Vitis antarctica</i>	Spots on upper surface, limited by the veins, hence angular, reddish ochrey.
2031	Q.	...	Palm leaves ...	Spots on both surfaces, irregular, whitish to ashy. Margin somewhat elevated, brown.
2032	V.	...	...	...	Phylloides of <i>Acacia</i>	Spots on both surfaces, somewhat circular, whitish, with brown margin.
2033	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Platylobium</i>	Spots on both surfaces, irregular, pale with narrow brown margin. Receptacles minute, gregarious, black.
2034	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Prostanthera lasianthos</i>	Spots somewhat circular, pale umber, with raised dark marginal line.
2035	V.	...	...	B.	Rose leaves ...	Spots rather circular, greenish, then brownish or greyish, with purple border.
2036	V.	...	...	...	Fading leaves of <i>Rubus fruticosus</i>	Spots minute, whitish, often near the veins.
2037	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of some <i>Protocææ</i>	Spots on both surfaces, brown, circular, with darker margin.
Novit. Fl. Suec. V. (1819).—Sphæropsis.									
2038	V.	...	...	...	Scapes of <i>Allium</i> ...	Receptacles gregarious, spherical, black, very small, obtuse.
2039	...	S. A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Vine twigs ...	Sub-cuticular, Hysterium-like, swollen.
2040	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	Spots brownish, elliptical, surrounded by brown line. Receptacles black, point-like, half immersed.
2041	Q.	...	Old leaves of <i>Crinum pedunculatum</i>	Receptacles numerous, thickly clustered, on under surface, pustular, quite black.
2042	V.	...	...	...	Dead leaves of <i>Daviesia latifolia</i>	Chiefly on under surface. Receptacles very minute, covered, black, forming nebulous spots.
2043	Q.	...	Fading leaves of <i>Diploglottis Cunninghamii</i>	On under surface, gregarious. Receptacles half immersed, minute, black, pap-like.
2044	V.	...	...	...	Living or fading leaves of <i>Eucalyptus globulus</i>	Receptacles on under surface, scattered, conically elevated, black, minute.
2045	Q.	...	Follicles of a <i>Marsdenia</i>	Bursting through. Receptacles gregarious, immersed, black, conical, girt by whitish spots.
2046	V.	...	...	...	Fading leaves of <i>Goodenia ovata</i>	Receptacles scattered, dot-like, minute, black, membranous.
2047	Q.	...	Grass stems (<i>Poa</i>)	Receptacles globose or angular, black, arranged in series, and forming elongated pustules, wrinkled, dark grey.
2048	V.	...	...	B.	Herbaceous stems...	Receptacles gregarious, depressed globose, pap-like, black, everywhere.
2049	V.	...	...	...	Fading leaves of <i>Lythrum hyssopifolia</i>	On upper surface. Receptacles scattered or gregarious, globose, covered, at length bursting through.
2050	V.	...	...	...	Fallen leaves of <i>Eucalyptus globulus</i>	Receptacles on both surfaces, large, thickly clustered, turgid, shining, dark chestnut.
2051	V.	...	...	...	Grass ...	Scattered, minute, shining. Receptacles hemispherical, white within, covered by epidermis, which splits lengthwise.
2052	Q.	B.	Dead branches of <i>Platanus</i>	Receptacles spurlous, circular, elevated here and there.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
335. PHOMA.—Fries,					
2053	1827	X. 5349	<i>P. plagia</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVII. 55 (1889) ...	Defined phoma
2054	1832	„ 5390	<i>P. portentosa</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 2 (1887) ...	Monstrous phoma
2055	1821	„ 5250	<i>P. purpurea</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 97 (1887) ...	Purple phoma
2056	1815	III. 451	<i>P. Rosarum</i>	Dur. and Mont., Alg. 604 (1849) ...	Rose phoma
2057	...	994	<i>P. Sacchari</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll.</i> III. 166 (1884)	Sugar-cane phoma
2058	...	887	<i>P. uvicola</i> = <i>Laestadia Bidwellii</i>	B. and C., Grev. II. (1873) (not Arcang.) ...	Grape-growing phoma (Black rot)
2059	1819	X. 6115	<i>P. viminalis</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 75 (1888) ...	Viminalis phoma
336. APOSPHERIA.—Berk.,					
2060	1833	X. 6466	<i>A. Leptospermi</i>	Cooke, Grev. XIX. 91 (1891)	<i>Leptospermum aposphæria</i> ...
337. ASTEROMELLA.—Pass.					
2061	1834	X. 6489	<i>A. acaciæ</i>	Cooke, Grev. XIX. 5 (1890)	Acacia asteromella
2062	1835	...	<i>A. epitrema</i>	Cooke, Grev. XX. 6 (1891)	<i>Trema asteromella</i>
2063	1836	...	<i>A. Homalanthi</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XX. 65 (1892) ...	<i>Homalanthus asteromella</i> ...
338. CHÆTOPHOMA.—Cooke,					
2064	1837	X. 5510	<i>C. eutriha</i>	Sacc. and Berl., Misc. Myc. II. 8 (1885) ...	Well-haired chætophoma ...
339. DOTHIORELLA.—Sacc.,					
2066	1838	X. 6578	<i>D. Amygdali</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 91 (1891) ...	Almond dothiorella
2066	...	„ 6579	<i>D. Encalypti</i>	<i>Sacc. Syll.</i> A. 229 (1892)	<i>Eucalyptus dothiorella</i> ...
2067	1839	„ 5599	<i>D. pericarpia</i>	Sacc., Pug. Austr. 15 (1890)	Pericarp dothiorella
340. CYTOSPORA.—Ehr.,					
2068	1841	X. 5677	<i>C. verrucula</i>	Sacc. and Berl., Misc. Myc. II. 8 (1885) ...	Warty cytospora
2069	1840	III. 1531	<i>C. xanthosperma</i>	Fries, S.M. II. 543 (1823)	Yellow-spored cytospora
341. SPHÆROPSIS.—Lev.,					
2070	1844	...	<i>S. numerosa</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XX. 65 (1892) ...	Numerous sphæropsis
2071	1846	X. 5711	<i>S. phomatoidea</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 49 (1890)	Phoma-like sphæropsis ...
2072	1843	III. 1649	<i>S. Rosarum</i>	Cooke and Ellis, Grev. VI. 2 (1877) ...	Rose sphæropsis
2073	1842	1720	<i>S. Tricorynes</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 68 (1833)	<i>Tricoryne sphæropsis</i>
2074	1846	X. 5734	<i>S. Tritici</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 75 (1888) ...	Wheat sphæropsis
342. CONIOTHYRIUM.—Corda,					
2075	1847	X. 1723	<i>C. olivaceum</i>	Bon. in Fckl., Sym. 377 (1875)	Olive coniothyrium
2076	1848	„ 6752	<i>C. septorioides</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XX. 36 (1891) ...	Septoria-like coniothyrium ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Novit. Fl. Suec. V. (1819).— <i>Sphæropsis</i> — <i>continued.</i>									
2053	Q.	...	Palm leaves	Spots distinctly defined, glaucous, elliptic or confluent. Receptacles very minute, black.
2054	V.	...	...	...	Cap of <i>Polyporus portentosus</i>	Scattered. Receptacles innate, covered by blackened cuticle, pap-like, black, sbining.
2055	Q.	...	Foliage of Eucalypts and <i>Tristanias</i>	On both surfaces. Spots circular, purple. Receptacles gregarious, half immersed, black, sbining.
2056	Q.	...	Rose twigs	Receptacles rather minute, covered by the unbroken or stellately-split epidermis, dark brown, white within.
2057	N.S.W.	...	...	Leaves and stems of Sugar cane	Receptacles nearly spherical, black, bursting through, scattered or gregarious.
2058	V.	...	...	...	Grapes	Irregular, bursting through, and then surrounded by the narrow cuticle.
2059	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Eucalyptus viminalis</i>	On upper surface. Receptacles immersed, bursting through, black, somewhat globose.
Outl. 315 (1860).									
2060	V.	...	...	...	Bark of <i>Leptospermum</i>	Receptacles scattered, bursting through, then superficial, minute, black, pap-like, white within.
and Thuem., in M.U. 1689 (1877).									
2061	V.	...	...	...	Phyllodes of <i>Acacia</i>	Receptacles very numerous, densely crowded, and forming blackish spots, minute.
2062	Q.	...	Living leaves of <i>Trema aspera</i>	Spots on upper surface, black, somewhat circular. Receptacles minute, rather globose, seated on brown mycelium.
2063	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Homalanthus populifolius</i>	Spots somewhat circular, on both surfaces, sooty brown, dotted with minute black receptacles.
Grev. III. 25 (1874).									
2064	Q.	...	Languid leaves of <i>Castanospermum australe</i>	Spots black, often running together. Tthreads of mycelium, sooty brown. Receptacles dot-like, black.
Mich. II. 5 (1882).									
2065	V.	...	...	...	Bark of Peach and Almond	Receptacles innate, clustered, transversely bursting through, black, opaque, somewhat gelatinous when moist.
2066	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of Eucalypts	Receptacles globose, seated on a sclerotoid body, black, sbining. Sclerotia loosely spongy, pale brown within.
2067	Q.	...	Pericarp of <i>Macrozamia Denisonii</i>	Receptacles in clusters bursting through, black, cushion shaped, tuberculose, globose or angular.
Syl. Berol. 28 (1820).									
2068	Q.	...	Branches	Receptacles few, immersed, seated on layer soon bursting through, globose or depressed, black.
2069	V.	...	...	...	Branches of <i>Salix Babylonica</i>	Receptacles none. Spores issuing in golden tendrils.
Ann. Sci. Nat. III. 62 (1846).									
2070	V.	...	...	...	Dead bark	Receptacles gregarious, half immersed, globose, black, becoming flattened.
2071	V.	...	...	...	<i>Eucalyptus</i> leaves	On under surface. Receptacles scattered over irregular brown spots, at first covered, black.
2072	Q.	...	Rose branches	Gregarious or scattered. Receptacles covered splitting the epidermis.
2073	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Tricoryne anceps</i>	Receptacles minute, black, immersed in substance of leaf.
2074	V.	...	...	...	Dead leaves and sheaths of Wheat	Receptacles very minute, thickly clustered, at first covered, point-like, black.
Icon. IV. 38 (1854).									
2076	V.	...	...	...	Involucres of <i>Leptospermum lavigatum</i>	Receptacles scattered, at first covered, then bursting through, rather large, pap-like.
2076	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Prostanthera lasiantha</i>	Spots circular, tawny, with broad purple margin. Receptacles mostly in circles upon spots, black.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
2077	1849	X. 5809	<i>C. orbiculatum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 49 (1890)	343. CAPNODIASTRUM.—Speg., Orbicular capnodiastrum ...
2078	1850	III. 1807	<i>C. brachyspora</i>	Sacc. and Speg., Mich. I. 260 (1879) ...	344. CHÆTOMELLA.—Fekl., Short-spored chætomella ...
2079	1853	X. 5873	<i>D. canthifolia</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XX. 36 (1891) ...	345. DIPLODIA.—Fries, Canthinm-leaved diplodia ...
2080	1851	,, 5829	<i>D. licbenopsis</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 2 (1887) ...	Lichen-like diplodia
2081	...	...	<i>D. Marsdeniæ</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXI. 75 (1893) ...	Marsdenia diplodia
2082	1852	III. 1990	<i>D. phylloclorum</i>	Penz. and Sacc., Fung. Mort.	Phyllode diplodia
2083	1855	X. 5957	<i>A. apiospora</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 98 (1887) ...	346. ASCOCHYTA.— Pear-shaped spored ascochyta ...
2084	1854	,, 5964	<i>A. brunnea</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 98 (1887) ...	Brown ascochyta
2085	1856	III. 2253	<i>R. sessilis</i>	Sacc., Mich. II. 8 (1880)	347. ROBILLARDA.—Sacc., Sessile robillarda
2086	1857	III. 2257	<i>A. Rosæ</i>	Fries, S.V.S. 424 (1849)	348. ACTINONEMA.—Fries, Rose actinonema
2087	...	III. 2263	<i>D. flum</i>	Cast., Cat. Mars. Supp. 53 (1851) ...	349. DARLUCA.—Cast., Cnt. Mars. Thread darluca
2088	1858	X. 6054	<i>D. Dendrobii</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 3 (1887) ...	350. DIPLODINA.—West, Deudrobium diplodina... ..
2089	1859	III. 2320	<i>H. Eucalypti</i>	Cooke and Hark., Grev. IX. 128 (1881) ...	351. HENDERSONIA.—Berk., Eucalyptus hendersonia
2090	1860	X. 6140	<i>S. orbicularis</i>	Cooke, Grev. XX. 6 (1891)	352. STAGONOSPORA.—Sacc., Orbicular stagonospora
2091	1861	X. 6191	<i>C. Encalypti</i>	Wint., Rev. Myc. 212 (1886)	353. CAMAROSPORIUM.—Schulz, Eucalyptus camarosporium
2092	1870	III. 3051	<i>S. Bromi</i>	Sacc., Mich. I. 194 (1879)	354. SEPTORIA.—Fries, Brome septoria
2093	1868	X. 6244	<i>S. epiphyllodea</i> substituted for <i>S. phyllo-</i> <i>clorum</i>	Cooke, Handb. Aust. Fung. 356 (1892) ... Sacc., Hedw. 156 (1890).	Epiphyllode septoria
2094	1866	6242	<i>S. Hardenbergiæ</i>	Sacc., Hedw. 156 (1890)	Hardenbergia septoria

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						D.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Guar. I. 145 (1883).									
2077	Q.	...	Leathery leaves ...	Spots circular, of black interwoven mycelium. Receptacles minute, globose, rather membranous.
Sym. 402 (1875).									
2078	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Bark, branches of Grape vine	Receptacles scattered, rather superficial, globose, then depressed, black, clad with stiff brown bristles.
S.V.S. 416 (1849).									
2079	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Canthium latifolium</i>	Receptacles scattered, immersed, membranous, dark brown piercing cuticle.
2080	Q.	...	Phyllodes of <i>Acacia complanata</i>	Spots brick red, determinate, pale at length, or girt with red zone. Receptacles half-internal, point-like, black.
2081	Q.	...	Follicles of a <i>Marsdenia</i>	Receptacles gregarious, black, bursting through. In company with <i>Phoma folliculorum</i> , Sacc.
2082	V.	...	...	...	Living or fading phyllodes of <i>Acacia</i>	Receptacles gregarious, minute, under cuticle then bursting through, black, seated on whitish spots.
Lib. Exs. (1837).									
2083	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Myrtus</i> and <i>Bachousia</i>	Spots on upper surface, circular or irregular, tawny, girt by purple zone. Receptacles minute, innate.
2084	Q.	...	Leaves of Brisbane Box (<i>Tristania conferta</i>)	Spots on both surfaces, circular or irregular, pale brown or ochrey, girt by darker elevated line. Receptacles minute, point-like, black.
Mich. II. 8 (1880).—Pestalozzia.									
2085	Q.	...	Fading leaves of Vine	Spots small, angular, turning whitish, encircled with red. Receptacles on upper surface.
S.V.S. 424 (1849).—Asteroma.									
2086	V.	...	Q.	B.	Rose leaves ...	On upper surface. Spots purplish. Receptacle-like tubercles scattered and collapsible, blackish.
Supp. 53 (1851).—Sphaeria, Diplodia.									
2087	Q.	B.	Leaves of <i>Sorghum</i> and <i>Muehlenbeckia</i> infested with Uredines	Gregarious, very minute. Receptacles globose, black, shining, pierced.
5 Not. 19 (1866).									
2088	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Dendrobium speciosum</i>	Receptacles gregarious, innate, black, convex, at length splitting cuticle, shining.
Ann. Nat. Hist. VI. 430 (1841).									
2089	V.	...	...	...	Dead branches and leaves of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	Receptacles in circular spots, immersed.
Mich. II. 8 (1880).									
2090	V.	..	...	...	Dead leaves of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	Spots on both surfaces, small, circular, pale, surrounded by brown line. Receptacles few, in centre of spots, black.
Myk. Beitr. 649 (1870).									
2091	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	Receptacles on irregular spots, which are pale brown or grey, limited by darker line.
S.M. III. 480 (1832).									
2092	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Bromus</i> , &c.	Spots obsolete, becoming pale, elongated. Receptacles plentiful, globose to flattened, pierced.
2093	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Phyllodes of <i>Acacia</i>	Spots on both surfaces, circular, whitish, encircled by brown. Receptacles crowded, point-like, becoming black.
2094	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Hardenbergia monophylla</i>	Spots on both surfaces, broad, pale, brown at margin. Receptacles point-like, ochrey.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name	Authority for Name.	English Name.
354. SEPTORIA.—Fries,					
2095	1869	X. 6429	<i>S. Lepidospermi</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 91 (1891) ...	<i>Lepidosperma septoria</i> ...
2096	1863	6353	<i>S. Martinii</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. XIX. 5 (1890) ...	Martin's septoria ...
2097	1865	6264	<i>S. Myoporii</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 113 (1888)...	<i>Myoporum septoria</i> ...
2098	1864	III. 2683	<i>S. oleandrina</i> ...	Sacc., Fung. Ven. V. 205 (1873-82) ...	Oleander septoria ...
2099	1867	X. 6245	<i>S. phyllodiorum</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 47 (1890) ..	<i>Phyllode septoria</i> ...
2100	...	III. 3042	= <i>S. Martiniana</i> ... <i>S. Tritici</i> ...	Sacc., Syll. X. 351 (1892). Desm. IX., Not. 17 (1842) ...	Wheat septoria ...
2101	1862	2811	<i>S. Violæ</i> ...	West, Exs. Fasc. 2, 91 ...	Violet septoria ...
355. PHLEOSPORA.—Wallr., Fl. Crypt. 7 (1833).—					
2102	...	III. 3136	<i>P. Mori</i> ...	Sacc. Syll. III. 577 (1884) ...	Mulberry phleospora ... (Leaf-spot of Mulberry)
356. PHLYCTÆNA.—Mont. and Desm.					
2103	1871	X. 6518	<i>P. Passifloræ</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 3 (1887) ...	Passion-flower phlyctæna ...
357. GAMOSPORA.—Sacc.,					
2104	1872	X. 6529	<i>G. eriosporoides</i> ...	Sacc. and Berl., Rev. Myc. (1885) ...	Eriospora-like gamospora ...
ORDER L.—					
358. SPHERONÆMELLA.—Karst.,					
2105	1873	III. 3308	<i>S. rufa</i> ...	Sacc. Syll. III. 618 (1884) ...	Red sphaeronæmella ...
359. ASCHERSONIA.—Mont.,					
2106	1874	III. 3313	<i>A. tahitensis</i> ...	Mont., Ann. Sci. Nat. 122 (1848) ...	Tahitian aschersonia ...
360. MARTINELLA.—Cooke and Mass.,					
2107	1875	X. 6555	<i>M. Eucalypti</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 7 (1889) ...	<i>Eucalyptus martinella</i> ...
ORDER LL.—					
361. LEPTOTHYRIUM.—Kunze and					
2108	1877	X. 6567	<i>L. aristatum</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. XX. 6 (1891) ...	Bristly leptothyrium ...
2109	1876	6568	<i>L. Eucalyptorum</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 7 (1889) ...	<i>Eucalypt leptothyrium</i> ...
362. PIGGOTIA.—Berk. and Br.,					
2110	1878	X. 6596	<i>P. substellata</i> ...	Cooke, Grev. XX. 6 (1891) ...	Stellate piggotia ...

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.		
S.M. III. 480 (1832)—continued.								
2095	V.	...	...	Leaves of <i>Lepidosperma</i>	Spots on both surfaces, greyish, then white, oblong, with broad brown margin. Receptacles small, black.
2096	V.	...	...	Leaves of <i>Senecio Bedfordii</i>	Spots on upper surface, grey, run together, surrounded by black line. Receptacles point-like, globose.
2097	V.	...	...	Leaves of <i>Myoporum insulare</i>	Spots on upper surface, circular, whitish, girt by brown line. Receptacles half immersed, point-like, black.
2098	Q.	Leaves of <i>Nerium Oleander</i>	Spots on upper surface, rounded or angular, and run together, turning whitish. Receptacles somewhat large, globose.
2099	V.	...	...	Ptylodes of <i>Acacia longifolia</i>	Receptacles closely crowded on both surfaces, without definite spots, often occupying entire surface, immersed, black.
2100	V.	N.S.W.	...	Fading leaves of Wheat, &c., also stem and ear	On both surfaces. Spots linear lengthwise, whitish with dark-purple margin. Receptacles innate, very minute, black.
2101	V.	...	...	Fading Violet leaves	Receptacles minute, numerous, brownish yellow, seated on pale zoned circular spots, girt by reddish-brown ring.
Septoria, Sphaerella, Fusarium, Fusicladium.								
2102	V.	...	...	Leaves of Mulberry	Spots whitish or ochrey, surrounded by brown. Receptacles innate, globose, gregarious.
Ann. Sci. Nat. 16 (1847).								
2103	Q.	Twigs of Passiflora growing on stem	Receptacles very thickly clustered, minute, innate, at length bursting through.
Rev. Myc. (1885).								
2104	Q.	Languid leathery leaves	Receptacles on upper surface, interspersed on thin spot-like brown mycelium, point-like, globose to depressed.
NECTRIOIDACEÆ, SACC. SYLL. III. 613 (1884).								
Hedw. 17 (1884).—Sphaeronæma.								
2105	T.	...	...	...	Pine chips	Receptacles awl shaped, acute, reddish brown, paler downwards.
Ann. Sci. Nat. 3 Ser. X. 121 (1848).								
2106	Q.	Leaves of climber...	Receptacles minute, seated on hemispherical obtuse yellow layer.
Grev. XVIII. 7 (1889).								
2107	V.	...	...	Leaves of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	On upper surface. Receptacles very minute, immersed, cracked at mouth, seated on rather circular fleshy reddish-brown layer.
LEPTOSTROMACEÆ, RCHB. NOM. GEN. 6 (1841).								
Schm., Myk. Heft. II. 79 (1823).								
2108	V.	...	...	Dead leaves of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	Receptacles scattered, superficial, circular, dark brown. Spores with oblique bristle at one end.
2109	V.	...	...	Fallen leaves of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	Receptacles scattered over bleached spots, shield shaped, flattened, black, dehiscing in middle with star-like fissure.
Ann. Nat. Hist. VII. 2 Ser. 95 (1851).								
2110	V.	...	...	Leaves of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	On under surface, forming small somewhat circular stellate black patches, composed of flattened receptacles run together.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
363. MELASMIA.—Lev.,					
2111	1879	X. 6602	<i>M. Eucalypti</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 75 (1888)...	<i>Encalyptus melasmia</i>
2112	...	...	<i>M. Tecomatis</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXII. 37 (1893)	<i>Tecoma melasmia</i>
364. ACTINOTHECIUM.—Ces.,					
2113	1879 bis	III. 3398	<i>A. Scortechinii</i>	Sacc. and Berl., in Sacc. Syll. III. 639 (1884)	Scortechini's actinothecium
365. SACIDIUM.—Nees, in Kunze and Schm.,					
2114	1881	X. 6615	<i>S. Camelliae</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 3 (1887)	<i>Camellia sacidium</i>
2115	1880	6616	<i>S. Eucalypti</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 75 (1888)	<i>Eucalyptus sacidium</i>
366. MELOPHIA.—Sacc.					
2116	1883	X. 6643	<i>M. Leptospermi</i>	Cooke, Grev. XX. 65 (1892)	<i>Leptospermum melophia</i>
			= <i>M. Victoriae</i>	Sacc. Syll. X. 428 (1892).	
2117	1882	III. 3512	<i>M. Woodsiana</i>	Sacc. and Berl., in Sacc. Syll. III. 659 (1884)	Woodsio's melophia
367. LEPTOSTROMELLA.—Sacc.,					
2118	1884	X. 6652	<i>L. Eucalypti</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 91 (1891)...	<i>Eucalypt leptostromella</i>
ORDER LII.—					
368. DINEMASPORIUM.—Lev.,					
2119	1885	III. 3619	<i>D. hispidulum</i>	Sacc., Mich. II. 281 (1882)	<i>Hispid dinemasporium</i>
369. PROTOSTEGIA.—					
2120	1886	X. 6715	<i>P. Eucalypti</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 75 (1888)	<i>Eucalypt protostegia</i>
ORDER LIII.—					
370. GLÆOSPORIUM.—Desm. and Mont.,					
2121	...	...	<i>G. Alphitoniae</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXII. 37 (1893)	<i>Alphitonia glæosporium</i>
2122	1900	III. 3755	<i>G. ampelophagum</i>	Sacc., Mich. I. 217 (1879)	<i>Grape-destroying glæosporium</i>
2123	1887	X. 6737	<i>G. Citri</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 92 (1891)	<i>Citrus glæosporium</i>
2124	1889	6739	<i>G. citricolum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 3 (1887)	<i>Citrus-growing glæosporium</i>
2125	1895	6786	<i>G. Denisonii</i>	Sacc. and Berl., Misc. Myc. II. 10 (1885)...	Denison's glæosporium
2126	1894	„ 6819	<i>G. epicladii</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 92 (1891)	<i>Cladium glæosporium</i>
2127	1898	III. 3751	<i>G. fructigenum</i>	Berk., Gard. Chron. 246 (1856)...	<i>Fruit glæosporium</i> (Ripe rot)
2128	1891	X. 6787	<i>G. glaucum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 76 (1888)...	<i>Glaucous glæosporium</i>
2129	1892	6726	<i>G. Hedycaryæ</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 7 (1889)	<i>Hedycarya glæosporium</i>

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.		
Ann. Sci. Nat. 276 (1846).								
2111	V.	...	Q.	Leaves of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	Spots circular or confluent, black. Receptacles few, somewhat gregarious, elliptical, opening by a fissure.
2112	Q.	Leaves of <i>Tecoma jasminoides</i>	Receptacles on both surfaces, superficial, circular, wrinkled, black, disc brownish.
Hedw. I. (1852).								
2113	Q.	Leaves of <i>Smilax</i> ...	Receptacles linear, straight or curved, somewhat superficial, forked or variously branched, furrowed lengthwise.
Myc. Heft. II. 64 (1823).								
2114	V.	...	...	Fading leaves of <i>Camellia</i>	Receptacles scattered, superficial, hemispherical, black, opaque, mostly minute.
2115	V.	...	...	Dead leaves of <i>Eucalyptus globulus</i>	On both surfaces. Receptacles gregarious, bursting through, small, flattened, black.
Syll. III. 658 (1884).								
2116	V.	...	...	Leaves of <i>Leptospermum laevigatum</i>	Receptacles scattered on both surfaces, convex, flattened at base, black, white within.
2117	Q.	Phyllodes of <i>Acacia harpophylla</i>	Receptacles distantly scattered, inserted in a thin white filamentous spot-like mass.
Mich. III. 632 (1882).								
2118	V.	...	...	Fading leaves of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	Spots somewhat circular, on both surfaces, reddish brown, then sooty brown. Receptacles scattered over spots, black.

EXCIPULACEÆ, CORDA, IC. FUNG. V. 35 (1842).

Ann. Sci. Nat. 274 (1846).—Peziza, Polynema, Excipula.

2119	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Wood ...	Receptacles gregarious or scattered, rather large, cup shaped, black long rigid straight hairs. (No. 1740 wrongly entered as this species.)
Cooke, Grev. IX. 19 (1880).								
2120	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Dead leaves of <i>Eucalyptus incrassatus</i>	Receptacles immersed, cup shaped, gelatinous, orange coloured, covered by epidermis, at length split.

MELANCONIACEÆ, CORDA, IC. FUNG. V. 33 (1842).

Ann. Sci. Nat. XII. 295 (1849).—Ramularia, Fusarium.

2121	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Leaves of <i>Alphitonia excelsa</i>	Spots irregular or confluent, pale. Pustules bursting through, small, gregarious on spots.
2122	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Grapes, rarely vine leaves or branches	Spots rather circular, often run together.
2123	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Branches of Lemon	Gregarious, bursting through, pale sooty brown. Pustules rather small, often run together.
2124	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Orange leaves ...	Spots dark brown, small, rather disc-like, often run together. Pustules immersed.
2125	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Leaves of <i>Encyphalartos Denisonii</i>	Pustules gregarious, minutely pustulate, covered by epidermis hardly broken, yellowish within.
2126	...	...	...	V.	...	...	<i>Gahnia tetraquetra</i> ...	Pustules gregarious in centre of irregular spots, caused by blackened cuticle.
2127	...	...	...	...	...	Q. B.	Pears ...	Pustules concentric, dull rose colour bursting through, with single pore or fringed mouth.
2128	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	Living leaves ...	Spots rather circular on one or both surfaces, becoming glaucous, rather mealy.
2129	...	...	...	V.	...	...	Fading leaves of <i>Hedyocarya Cunninghamii</i>	On upper surface. Spots circular, turning black. Pustules solitary or gregarious.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
370. GLOEOSPORIUM.—Desm. and Mont.,					
2130	1888	III. 3675	<i>G. intermedium</i>	Sacc., Mich. II. 118 (1882)	Intermediate gloeosporium
2131	1902	3757	<i>G. lagenarium</i>	Sacc. and Roum., Rev. Myc. 201 (1880)	Lagenaria gloeosporium
2131A	1903	3758	<i>G. lagenarium</i> , var. <i>Cucurbitarum</i>	Cooke, Handb. Austr. Fung. 363 (1892)	Gourd gloeosporium
2132	1897	3748	<i>G. legumiuus</i>	Cooke and Hark., Grev. IX. 7 (1880)	Legume gloeosporium
2133	1896	3747	<i>G. Lindemuthianum</i> = <i>Colletotrichum</i>	Sacc. and Magn., Mich. I. 129 (1878)	Lindemuth's gloeosporium (Bean spot)
2134	1899	X. 6811	<i>G. Musarum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVI. 3 (1887)	Musa gloeosporium
2135	1898	6748	<i>G. nigricans</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev., XIX. 91 (1891)	Blackening gloeosporium
2136	1901	6733	<i>G. pestiferum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 61 (1891)	Pestiferous gloeosporium
2137	1890	6801	<i>G. subglobosum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XV. 3 (1887)	Sub-globose gloeosporium
2138	...	III. 3752	<i>G. versicolor</i>	Berk. and Curt., Grev. III. (1874)	Colour-changing gloeosporium (Bitter rot)
371. PESTALOZZIELLA.—Sacc. and Ellis,					
2139	1904	X. 6858	<i>P. circularis</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 80 (1890)	Circular pestalozziella
372. MARSONIA.—Fisch.,					
2140	1905	X. 6884	<i>M. Acaciæ</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 47 (1890)	Acacia marsonia
2141	1906	...	<i>M. deformans</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 62 (1891)	Deforming marsonia
373. STILBOSPORA.—Pers.,					
2142	1907	X. 6904	<i>S. foliorum</i>	Cooke, Grev. XX. 6 (1891)	Leaf stilbospora
374. CORYNEUM, Nees, Syst.					
2143	1908	X. 6911	<i>C. viminale</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XX. 36 (1891)	Viminalis coryneum
375. HYALOCERAS.—Dur. and					
2144	1909	X. 6925	<i>H. dilophosporum</i>	Cooke, Grev. XIX. 5 (1890)	Triseptate-spored hyaloceras
376. PESTALOZZIA.—De Not.,					
2145	1911	III. 4110	<i>P. Acaciæ</i>	Thuem., Lusit. 576 (1878)	Acacia pestalozzia
2146	1914	X. 6951	<i>P. Casuarinæ</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 114 (1888)	Sheoak pestalozzia
2147	1913	III. 4135	<i>P. funerea</i>	Desm., Ann. Sci. Nat. XIX. 235 (1843)	Gloomy pestalozzia
2148	...	4146	<i>P. Guepini</i>	Desm., Ann. Sci. Nat. XIII. 182 (1840)	Camellia-leaf fungus
2149	1915	4161	<i>P. monochaeta</i>	Desm., Ann. Sci. Nat. 3 Ser. X. 355 (1848)	One-haired pestalozzia
2150	1910	4128	<i>P. uvicola</i>	Speg., in Thuem. Pilz. Min. 13 (1878)	Grape pestalozzia
2151	1912	4134	<i>P. versicolor</i>	Speg., in Sacc. Mich. I. 479 (1879)	Parti-coloured pestalozzia

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.				
Ann. Sci. Nat. XII. 295 (1849).— <i>Ramularia</i> , <i>Fusarium</i> —continued.									
2130	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Hoya australis</i>	Pustules gregarious, point-like, black, then bursting through.
2131	Q.	...	Epicalp of Melons, Mango fruit, &c.	Pustules beneath cuticle, bursting through, minute, cushion shaped, somewhat rosy.
2131A	Q.	...	On Gourds, Bananas, and Melons	Spots bright orange, depressed. Conidia club-shaped, shortly stalked.
2132	V.	...	...	...	Legumes of <i>Acacia melanoxydon</i>	Scattered, covered by cuticle. Conidia oval, transparent.
2133	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Legumes of Bean, Pea, &c.	Spots on fruit, rarely on stem or leaves, roundish, bleached, at first with reddish-brown margin.
2134	Q.	...	Ripe Bananas, rendering them dry and insipid	Pustules innate, bursting through, gregarious, rather rosy.
2135	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Eucalyptus pauciflora</i>	Without distinct spots, on both surfaces. Pustules densely clustered, becoming black, convex.
2136	V.	...	Q.	...	Twigs, flower stalks, and fruit of <i>Vinc</i>	Pustules gregarious, small, discoid, convex, rosy.
2137	v.	...	...	...	Fading leaves of <i>Goodenia ovata</i>	Pustules scattered, pale, inconspicuous. Conidia sub-globosc.
2138	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Rotting Apples	Spots brown, small, circular, running together. Pustules bursting through, arranged in rings.
Mich. II. 575 (1882).									
2139	V.	...	...	...	Dead leaves of <i>Eucalyptus pauciflora</i>	On both surfaces. False receptacles usually arranged in circles, at first brown, then nearly black and shining.
in Rab. Fl. Eur. No. 1857.									
2140	V.	...	...	...	Phyllodes of <i>Acacia</i>	Spots irregular or run together, pale or whitish, with brown margin. Pustules gregarious on the spots.
2141	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Cultivated Peas, chiefly on leaves, stipules, leaf stalks, &c.	Pustules gregarious, often run together, brown, distorting the foliage, sometimes on large discoloured spots.
Syn. Fung. 96 (1801).									
2142	V.	...	...	...	Dead leaves of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	Pustules in circular paler spots, splitting the cuticle with three or four openings.
Pilz. 34 (1816).									
2143	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Eucalyptus viminalis</i>	Pustules point-like, flattened, scattered, black, not seated on definite spots.
Mout. Fl. Alg. 587 (1849).									
2144	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Leptospermum scoparium</i>	Pustules gregarious, minute, brown, bursting through, splitting irregularly in centre.
Micr. Ital. II. (1842).— <i>Coryneum</i> .									
2145	V.	...	...	...	Living <i>Acacia</i> leaves	On under surface. Pustules gregarious or solitary, hemispherical, seated on irregular dirty ochre spots, with broad rusty margin.
2146	V.	...	...	...	Branches of <i>Casuarina</i>	Pustules gregarious, minute, elliptic, encircled by ruptured epidermis.
2147	Q.	B.	Leaves of <i>Eleodendron</i> and <i>Myrtus</i>	Pustules scattered, point-like, black, covered by epidermis, then bursting through.
2148	Q.	v.	Foliage of <i>Alphitonia excelsa</i> (Red Ash)	Pustules minute, point-like, convex, black, covered, then bursting through.
2149	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Eucalyptus</i>	Pustules scattered or gregarious, often on under surface. Spots variable, becoming stained with black.
2150	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Vine leaves, Grapes, and Mangos	Pustules globose, then lens shaped, black, beneath cuticle, bursting through.
2151	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Cupania anacardioides</i>	Pustules somewhat lens shaped, covered, then bursting through, causing surrounding parts to blacken.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
---------	-----------------	--------------------	------------------	---------------------	---------------

GENERAL CLASSIFICATION

GROUP IX.—

ORDER LIV.—SACCHAROMYCETACEÆ—Unicellular, multiplying by budding and by asospores.

GROUP IX.—SACCHAROMYCETES,
ORDER LIV.—SACCHAROMYCETACEÆ,

377. SACCHAROMYCES.—Meyen, in Wieg.

2152	2028	VIII. 3632	<i>S. apiculatus</i>	Reess, Bot. Unt. 84 (1870)	Apiculate yeast
2153	2026	„ 3620	<i>S. Cerevisiæ</i>	Meyen, in Wieg. Archiv. IV. 109 (1883)... ..	Beer yeast
2154	2027	„ 3621	<i>S. ellipsoideus</i>	Reess, Bot. Unt. 82 (1870)	Elliptic yeast
2155	2029	3625	<i>S. Mycoderma</i>	Reess, Bot. Unt. 83 (1870)	Scum yeast

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			

OF SACCHAROMYCETES.

SACCHAROMYCETES, REESS.

Genus (1)—
377. *Saccharomyces*, Meyen.

REESS, BOT. UNT. (1870).

REESS, BOT. UNT. (1870).

Arch. IV. 2 (1838).—*Mycoderma*, Torula.

2152	...	...	...	...	...	...	B.	In fermentation of wine	Cells lemon shaped, shortly apiculate at each end, rarely united in small scarcely-branched colonies.
2153	...	...	...	..	...	..	B.	In beer	Cells mostly round or oval, solitary or united in small colonies.
2154	...	...	...	...	...	..	B.	Producing spontaneous fermentation in must	Cells elliptical, solitary or united in little branched colonies.
2155	...	...	...	...	...	...	B.	On fermented fluids, &c.	Cells oval, elliptical or cylindrical, united in very much branched colonies.

GENERAL CLASSIFICATION OF USTILAGINES.

GROUP X.—USTILAGINES, TUL.

ORDER LV.—USTILAGINACEÆ—Parasitic. Mycelium soon disappearing. Spores virtually all unicellular.

ARRANGEMENT OF GENERA (11).

Section 1. Amerosporæ, Sacc. and De Toni—Spores continuous, sub-solitary.

Genera (4)—

378. Ustilago, Pers.	|	380. Entyloma, De Bary.	|	381. Sphacelotheca, De Bary.
379. Tilletia, Tul.	|		|	

Section 2. Dictyosporæ, Sacc. and De Toni—Spores agglomerated.

Genera (4)—

382. Doassansia, Cornu.	|	384. Sorosporium, Rud.	|	385. Urocystis, Rabh.
383 Thecaphora, Fing.	|		|	

Exceptional—Genera (3)—

386. Graphiola, Poit.	|	387. Cerehella, Ces.	|	388. Schinzia, Næg.
-----------------------	--	----------------------	--	---------------------

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
GROUP X.—USTILAGINES,					
ORDER LV.—USTILAGINACEÆ,					
378. USTILAGO.—Pers.,					
2156	1701	VII. 1667	<i>U. australis</i>	Cooke, Grev. VIII. 34 (1879)	Southern ustilago
2157	1705	IX. 1172	<i>U. axicola</i>	Berk., Ann. Nat. Hist. 2 Ser. IX. 200 (1852)	Axis-growing ustilago
2168	1710	VII. 1677	<i>U. hromivora</i>	Waldh., Ustil. 215 (1877)	Brome-destroying ustilago
2159	1713	1704	<i>U. hullata</i>	Berk., Fl. N. Zeal. II. 196 (1855)	Blistered ustilago
2160	...	1726	<i>U. hursa</i>	Berk., Hook., Journ. 206 (1854)	Purse ustilago
2161	...	...	<i>U. catenata</i>	Ludw., Zeitsch. f. Pflkrk. III. 139 (1893)	Chain ustilago
2162	1716	VII. 1728	<i>U. Cesatii</i>	Waldh., Ustil. 25 (1877)	Cesati's nstilago
2163	...	...	<i>U. comburens</i>	Ludw., Zeitsch. f. Pflkrk. III. 139 (1893)	Burning ustilago
2164	1702	...	<i>U. confusa</i>	Mass., Grev. XX. 65 (1892)	Confused ustilago
2165	1703	VII. 1645	<i>U. destruens</i>	Schlecht., Bcrol. 130 (1823)	Destructive ustilago
2166	...	„ 1644	<i>U. Digitariae</i>	Rabh., Fung. Eur. 1199	Digitaria ustilago
2167	1714	„ 1712	<i>U. emodensis</i>	Berk., Hook., Journ. III. 202 (1861)	Dark-lilac ustilago
2168	1707	1671	<i>U. leucoderma</i>	Berk., Ann. Nat. Hist., 2 Ser. IX. 200 (1852)	White-skinned ustilago
2169	1708	1675	<i>U. marmorata</i>	Berk., Linn. Journ. XIII. 174 (1873)	Marbling ustilago
2170	...	1723	<i>U. maydis</i>	Corda, Icon. V. 3 (1854)	Maize ustilago
2171	1704	1664	<i>U. Muelleriana</i>	Thucm., Myc. Univ. 623 (1879)	Mueller's ustilago
2172	1706	„ 1666	<i>U. pilulæformis</i>	Tul., Ann. Sci. Nat. 93 (1847)	Pill-shaped ustilago
2173	1709	„ 1676	<i>U. segetum</i>	Ditm., in Sturm's Deutsch. Fl. (1817-51)	Corn ustilago
2173a	...	...	<i>U. segetum, var. tritici</i>	Jensen, Journ. Roy. Ag. Soc. Eng. 407 (1888)	Wheat ustilago
2173b	...	...	<i>U. segetum, var. avenæ</i>	Jensen, Journ. Roy. Ag. Soc. Eng. 407 (1888)	Oat ustilago
2173c	...	...	<i>U. segetum, var. nuda hordei</i>	Jensen, Journ. Roy. Ag. Soc. Eng. 407 (1888)	Naked Barley ustilago
2174	...	...	<i>U. Spinificis</i>	Ludw., Zeitsch. f. Pflkrk. III. 138 (1893)	Spinifex nstilago
2175	1712	...	<i>U. Tepperi</i>	Ludw., Bot. Centr. 341 (1889)	Tepper's nstilago
2176	1717	VII. 1737	<i>U. utriculosa</i>	Tul., Mem. Ust. 102 (1847)	Swelling ustilago
379. TILLETIA.—Tul., Ann.					
2177	1719	VII. 1783	<i>T. epiphylla</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Trans. II. 67 (1883)	Epiphyllous tilletia
2178	1718	1760	<i>T. tritici</i>	Winter, Die Pilze 110 (1884)	Wheat tilletia
380. ENTYLOMA.—De Bary,					
2179	1720	...	<i>E. Eugeniærum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XIX. 92 (1891)	Engenia entyloma

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						Occurrence.	General Characters.	
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
TUL., ANN. SCI. NAT. BOT. 14 (1847).									
TUL., ANN. SCI. NAT. BOT. 14 (1847).									
Syn. 224 (1808).—Uredo, Tilletia, Caeoma, Cintractia.									
2156	V.	...	...	...	Spikelets of <i>Eriachne</i>	Produced within the ovaries. Spores black, somewhat globose or deformed.
2157	V.	...	Q.	...	Fruits and panicles of <i>Cyperus</i> and <i>Fimbristylis</i>	Little dusty irregular balls in axis of lower spikelets. Spores rather pellucid.
2158	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	<i>Bromus mollis</i> and <i>arenarius</i> , <i>Anthistiria ciliata</i>	Produced in inflorescence. Pustules dark brown, soon powdery.
2159	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	Inflorescence of <i>Triticum</i>	Pustules black. Spores very pale olive brown.
2160	Q.	...	Grain of <i>Anthistiria frondosa</i>	Pustules greenish. Spores brownish black.
2161	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Spikes of <i>Cyperus lucidus</i>	Pustules crumb-like, ashy-black spores joined in a chain.
2162	V.	...	Q.	...	<i>Paspalum scrobiculatum</i>	Pustules black. Spores dark brown.
2163	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Species of <i>Stipa</i> ...	Pustules black, powdery, in stems and panicles which are almost totally destroyed.
2164	V.	...	...	...	<i>Panicum paradoxum</i>	Pustules produced in ovary, soon naked. Mass of spores powdery, violet black.
2165	V.	...	...	...	<i>Danthonia</i> ...	Pustules black, powdery, blackening flowers and panicles, and destroying ovaries.
2166	V.	...	...	...	<i>Panicum</i> ...	Pustules black. Spores brown to orange.
2167	Q.	...	Stems, &c., of <i>Polygonum</i>	Pustules lobate. Spores dark lilac.
2168	V.	...	Q.	...	Sheaths of <i>Carex</i> , <i>Danthonia</i> , &c.	Pustules black, seated on large spots, covered by whitish crust.
2169	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Scirpus prolifer</i>	Compact. Marbling the yet unbroken epidermis.
2170	N.S.W.	...	B.	Indian Corn (<i>Zea Mays</i>)	Brown in mass with tinge of olive. Spores pale brown, warty.
2171	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Seeds of <i>Juncus planifolius</i>	Spores at length clustered together, brown.
2172	V.	...	...	...	Ovaries of <i>Juncus</i>	Compact, black. Spores black.
2173	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	<i>Aristida</i> , <i>Danthonia</i>	Pustules black to olive brown, powdery, covered by soon ruptured epidermis.
2173A	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Wheat ...	} Spores of one variety do not germinate on the host-plant of another variety.
2173B	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Oats ...	
2173C	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Barley ...	
2174	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Flowers and spikes of <i>Spinifex hirsutus</i>	
2175	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	<i>Amphipogon strictus</i> , <i>Neurachnes alopecuroides</i> , and <i>Danthonia penicillata</i>	Spores powdery, black, destroying flowers and upper portion of stems.
2176	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	B.	Ovaries and stems of <i>Polygonum minus</i> and <i>P. gracile</i>	Pustules dark violet, turning violet brown, powdery, causing blossoms to swell.

Sci. Nat. 112 (1847).—Uredo, Ustilago, Lycoperdon, Caeoma.

2177	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Leaves of Maize ...	Pustules short. Spores brown.
2178	...	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Grains of Wheat ...	Pustules olive black, odour of stinking fish, always covered by epidermis, soon powdery.

Bot. Zeit. 101 (1874).

2179	Q.	...	Leaves of <i>Eugenia</i>	Pustules irregular, dark brown, flattened, rounded, or confluent, in large patches.
------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	-----	--------------------------	---

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
					381. SPHACELOTHECA.—De Bary,
2180	1721	VII. 1834	<i>S. hydropiperis</i>	<i>De Bary</i> , <i>Vergl. Morpb.</i> 187 (1884)	Hydropiper sphacelotheca ...
2180A		...	<i>S. hydropiperis</i> , var. <i>columellifera</i>	<i>Berk.</i> , in <i>Cooke Handb. Austr. Fung.</i> 327 (1892)...	Colmella bearing sphacelotheca
					382. DOASSANSIA.—Cornu.,
2181	1722	VII. 1847	<i>D. punctiformis</i>	<i>Winter</i> , <i>Rev. Myc.</i> 207 (1886)	Point-like doassansia
					383. THECAPHORA.—Fing.,
2182	1723	VII. 1861	<i>T. inquinans</i>	<i>Berk. and Br.</i> , <i>Linn. Journ.</i> XIV. 94 (1875)	Defiling thecaphora
2183	1724	1868	<i>T. Leptocarpi</i>	<i>Berk.</i> , <i>Linn. Journ.</i> XVIII. 388 (1881)	Leptocarps thecaphora ...
					384. SOROSPORIUM.—Rud.,
2184	1725	VII. 1885	<i>S. Eriachnes</i>	<i>Thuem.</i> , <i>Symb. Austr.</i> II. 4 (1878)	Eriachne sorosporium ...
2185	1726	1884	<i>S. Muellerianum</i>	<i>Thuem.</i> , <i>Symb. Austr.</i> II. 5 (1878)	Mueller's sorosporium ...
					385. UROCYSTIS.—Rabh., Klotzsch,
2186	...	VII. 1891	<i>U. occulta</i>	<i>Rabh.</i> , <i>Klotzsch, Herb. Myc.</i> II. 393 (1860)	Hidden urocystis
2187	1727	1910	<i>U. solida</i>	<i>Waldh.</i> , <i>Ustil.</i> 38 (1877)	Compact urocystis
					386. GRAPHIOLA.—Poit., Ann.
2188	1728	VII. 1915	<i>G. Phœnicis</i>	<i>Poit.</i> , <i>Ann. Sci. Nat.</i> 473 (1824)	Date graphiola
					387. CEREBELLA.—Ces.,
2189	1730	VII. 1919	<i>C. Andropogonis</i>	<i>Ces.</i> , <i>Klotzsch, Herb.</i> 1587 (1851)	Andropogon cerebella
2190	1729	1920	<i>C. Paspali</i>	<i>Cooke and Mass.</i> , <i>Grav.</i> XVI. 20 (1837)	Paspalum cerebella
					388. SCHINZIA.—Nægeli,
2191	...	...	<i>S. Leguminosarum</i>	<i>Frank.</i> , <i>Krank. Pf.</i> 652 (1881)	Leguminous schinzia

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Vergl. Morph. Pilze 187 (1884).— <i>Ustilago</i> , <i>Uredo</i> .									
2180	Q.	B.	Ovaries of <i>Polygonum</i>	Spore masses black, elongated, projecting from flower, opening to allow escape of spores.
2180A	Ovaries of <i>Polygonum</i>	Differs only in more distinct columella.
Ann. Sci. Nat. 285 (1883).									
2181	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Lythrum hyssopifolium</i>	Pustules on both sides, globose, point-like, scattered or gregarious, brownish.
Linn. X. 230 (1835).									
2182	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Inflorescence of Rice grass (<i>Leersia hexandra</i>)	Pustules almost globose, nestling in pales. Spores pale brown.
2183	V.	...	...	...	Ovaries of <i>Leptocarpus tenax</i>	Spore balls composed of about ten globose spores, ultimately falling away into black powder.
Linn. IV. 116 (1829).									
2184	N.S.W.	Q.	...	Spikes of <i>Eriachne</i>	Mature fruit changed into black powdery mass. Spores brown.
2185	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Panicles of <i>Gahnia filum</i>	Infesting inflorescence, but hardly visible to naked eye. Spores up to 100, in dark-brown balls.
Herb. Myc. II. 393 (1860).— <i>Polycystis</i> , <i>Ustilago</i> .									
2186	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	Wheat stems, leaves, glumes	Pustules forming long black streaks. Spores dark brown, one to three celled, surrounded by bladder-like sterile cells.
2187	T.	V.	N.S.W.	...	...	<i>Schaenus imberbis</i> ...	Pustules black, globose, compact. Spore balls of three to eight.
Sci. Nat. III. 473 (1824).— <i>Phacidium</i> .									
2188	Q.	B.	Date palms	Conceptacles bursting through, opening above, outer layer black and borny. Spores yellow in mass.
Klotzsch, Herb. 1587 (1851).									
2189	Q.	...	<i>Heteropogon contortus</i>	Olive brown, at first covered with spores of same colour. Spores stuck together.
2190	Q.	...	Glumes of <i>Paspalum serobiculatum</i>	Convex, bemispherical, twisted and folded, dark olive. Spores olive.
Linn. XVI. 278 (1842).									
2191	V.	...	...	B.	Roots of leguminous plants	Tubercles varying in size and form, coloured like root, containing byphae and innumerable minute corpuscles.

GENERAL CLASSIFICATION OF PHYCOMYCETES.

GROUP XI.—PHYCOMYCETES, DE BARY.

ARRANGEMENT OF ORDERS (5).

Hyphæ well developed—

56. MUCORACEÆ—Threads producing spore sacs.
57. PERONOSPORACEÆ—Threads often branched, bearing active or passive conidia.
58. ENTOMOPHTHORACEÆ—Threads bearing conidia mostly on insects.

Hyphæ obsolete—

59. CHYTRIDIACEÆ—Spore sacs alone, without threads.
60. PROTOMYCETACEÆ—Spore sacs thick walled, slender threads soon disappearing.

ORDER LVI.—MUCORACEÆ, DE BARY.

Genera (5)—

- | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| 389. Pilobolus, Tode. | \| | 391. Phycomyces, Kunze. | \| | 393. Circinella, V. Tiegh. |
| 390. Mucor, Mich. | \| | 392. Spinellus, V. Tiegh. | \| |  |

ORDER LVII.—PERONOSPORACEÆ, DE BARY.

Genera (4)—

- | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| 394. Cystopus, Lev. | \| | 396. Plasmopara, Schr. | \| | 397. Peronospora, Corda. |
| 395. Sclerospora, Schr. | \| |  | \| |  |

ORDER LVIII.—ENTOMOPHTHORACEÆ, NOWAK.

Genus (1)—

398. Empusa, Cohn.

ORDER LIX.—CHYTRIDIACEÆ, DE BARY.

Genus (1)—

399. Synchytrium, De Bary.

ORDER LX.—PROTOMYCETACEÆ, DE BARY.

Genus (1)—

400. Protomyces, Unger.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
GROUP XI.—PHYCOMYCETES, DE BARY,					
ORDER LVI.—MUCORACEÆ,					
389. PILOBOLUS. —Tode,					
2192	1689	VII. 592	<i>P. crystallinus</i>	<i>Tode, Meck. 41 (1790) ...</i> ..	Crystalline pilobolus
390. MUCOR. — <i>Linn.</i> ,					
2193	1691	IX. 1412	<i>M. cervinoleucus</i>	<i>Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 282 (1860) ...</i> ..	Fawn-white mucor
2194	1690	VII. 615	<i>M. mucedo</i>	<i>Linn., Sp. Pl. II. 1655 (1753) .</i> ..	Mould mucor
391. PHYCOMYCES. — <i>Kunze,</i>					
2195	1692	VII. 696	<i>P. nitens</i>	<i>Kunze, Myk. II. 113 (1823) ...</i> ..	Shining phycomyces
392. SPINELLUS. — <i>Van Tiegh,</i>					
2196	1693	IX. 1414	<i>S. gigasporus</i>	<i>Cooke and Mass., Grev. XVIII. 26 (1889)</i> ...	Large-spored spinellus... ..
393. CIRCINELLA. — <i>Van Tiegh and Mon.,</i>					
2197	1694	VII. 732	<i>C. umbellata</i>	<i>Van Tiegh and Mon., Ann. Sci. Nat. 300 (1873) ...</i>	Umbellate circinella
ORDER LVII.—PERONOSPORACEÆ,					
394. CRISTOPUS. — <i>Lev., Ann. Sci.</i>					
2198	1695	VII. 792	<i>C. candidus</i>	<i>Lev., Ann. Sci. Nat. 371 (1847) ...</i> ..	White cystopus
395. SCLEROSPORA. — <i>Schr., in Cohn's</i>					
2199	1696	IX. 1434	<i>S. macrospora</i>	<i>Sacc., Hedw. 155 (1890) ...</i> ..	Large-spored sclerospora
396. PLASMOPARA. — <i>Schr., in Cohn's</i>					
2200	...	VII. 806	<i>P. viticola</i>	<i>Berl. and De Ton., Sacc. Syll. VII. 239 (1888) ...</i>	Vine-growing plasmopara (Brown rot or downy mildew) ...
397. PERONOSPORA. — <i>Corda,</i>					
2201	1697	VII. 877	<i>P. Hyoscyami</i>	<i>De Bary, Ann. Sci. Nat. 123 (1663) ...</i> ..	Henbane peronospora
2202	...	857	<i>P. Schleideni</i>	<i>Unger, Bot. Ztg. 315 (1847) ...</i> ..	Schleiden's peronospora (Onion mildew)
ORDER LVIII.—ENTOMOPHTHORACEÆ,					
398. EMPUSA. — <i>Cohn,</i>					
2203	...	VII. 968	<i>E. Musca</i>	<i>Cohn, Nov. Act. Acad. XXV. 317 (1855)...</i> ..	House-fly empusa
ORDER LIX.—CHYTRIDIACEÆ,					
399. SYNCHYTRIUM. — <i>De Bary and Wor.,</i>					
2204	1699	VII. 1002	<i>S. Succisæ</i>	<i>De Bary and Wor., Chytr. (1863) ...</i> ..	Succisa synchytrium
2205	1698	999	<i>S. Taraxaci</i>	<i>De Bary and Wor., Chytr. (1863) ...</i> ..	Dandelion synchytrium
ORDER LX.—PROTOMYCETEEÆ,					
400. PROTOMYCES. — <i>Unger,</i>					
2206	1700	VII. 1120	<i>P. macrosporus</i>	<i>Unger, Exanth. 344 (1833) ...</i> ..	Large-spored protomyces

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
IN FCKL. SYMB. MYC. 66 (1875).									
DE BARY.									
Meck. 41 (1790).— <i>Mucor.</i>									
2192	Q.	B.	Dung ...	Gregarious, threads slender, pellucid, weeping, yellowish, club shaped at apex.
Sp. II. 1185 (1753).									
2193	T.	...	...	...	...	Dung ...	Threads simple, erect, white below, ochrey above.
2194	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Putrid organic substances	Spore-bearing threads simple, erect, brownish. Spore sacs spherical, dark brown when dry.
Myk. II. 113 (1823).— <i>Ulva, Mucor.</i>									
2195	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	Fatty substances ...	Spore-bearing threads bending, sining, brass colour, continuous. Spore sacs globose, turning black.
Ann. Sci. Nat. 66 (1875).— <i>Mucor.</i>									
2196	V.	...	...	...	Decaying Agarics...	Spore-bearing threads simple, bending, sining, olive. Spore sacs somewhat globose.
Ann. Sci. Nat. 300 (1873).— <i>Mucor, Helicostylum.</i>									
2197	Q.	...	Putrid substances ...	Spore-bearing threads erect, simple or branched, brown. Spore sacs spherical, becoming bluish.
DE BARY.									
Nat. 371 (1847).— <i>Uredo, Æcidium.</i>									
2198	...	S.A.	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	Leaves, stems, &c., of <i>Crucifera</i>	Pustules bursting through, white, variable. Conidia uniform, globose, colourless. Very common.
Krypt. Fl. Schl. 236 (1888).									
2199	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Alopecurus</i> along with <i>Puccinia rubigo-vera</i>	Conidial stage unknown. Reproductive organs covered by epidermis, becoming brownish.
Krypt. Fl. Schl. 236 (1888).— <i>Peronospora, Botrytis.</i>									
2200	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of Grape vine	Threads thick, frequently constricted and swollen, with minute suckers.
Icon. I. 20 (1854).— <i>Botrytis.</i>									
2201	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Tobacco leaves ...	Conidia-bearing threads thick, tall, forking. Branches spreading, tapering.
2202	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	Leaves of Onion, Garlic, &c.	Forming whitish-grey or greyish-lilac tufts, sometimes covering leaves. Conidia-bearing threads large, erect, forked.
NOWAK.									
Hedw. 57 (1885).— <i>Sporendonema, Entomophthora.</i>									
2203	V.	...	...	B.	Bodies of house flies and dipterous insects	White mould-like growth. Conidia bearers simple, crowded, club shaped.
DE BARY AND WORON.									
Ber. Nat. Ges. III. 22 (1863).									
2204	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	...	...	Leaves and leaf stalks of Goodeniaceous plants	Cells containing spore sacs orange red. Galls wart-like, solitary or forming brown crust.
2205	V.	..	...	B.	Leaves of <i>Compositæ</i>	Spots crust-like, running together, orange red. Galls small, flattened, scarcely projecting.
DE BARY.									
Exanth. 341 (1833).— <i>Physoderma.</i>									
2206	Q.	B.	<i>Hydroctyle asiatica</i> ...	Spores usually collected in scattered bulging spots, which are at first translucent, then brown.

GENERAL CLASSIFICATION OF MYXOMYCETES.

GROUP XII.—MYXOMYCETES, WALLR.

ARRANGEMENT OF ORDERS (9).

A.—Wall of spore sac not encrusted with lime—

Section 1. Peritrichæ—Capillitium absent or formed from wall of spore sac.

- 61. TUBULINACEÆ—Wall of spore sac not perforated.
- 62. CRIBRARIACEÆ—Wall of spore sac perforated.

Section 2. Columelliferæ—Capillitium originating from central columella.

- 63. STEMONITACEÆ—Arising from every part of elongated columella.
- 64. LAMPRODERMACEÆ—Arising from apical portion of columella.

Section 3. Calotricheæ—Capillitium not springing from columella.

- 65. ARCYRIACEÆ—Threads attached.
- 66. TRICHIACEÆ—Threads free.

B.—Wall of spore sac with external deposit of lime—

Section 4. Lithodermeæ—Capillitium present.

- 67. DIDYMIACEÆ—Threads without lime.
- 68. PHYSARACEÆ—Threads with lime.

C.—Without special spore sac.

- 69. PLASMIDIOPHORACEÆ—Plasmodia, or naked motile masses of protoplasm, formed.



ORDER LXI.—TUBULINACEÆ, MASS.

- Genus (1)—
401. Tubulina, Pers.

ORDER LXII.—CRIBRARIACEÆ, MASS.

- Genera (2)—
402. Enteridium, Ehrh.
403. Clathroptychium, Rost.

ORDER LXIII.—STEMONITACEÆ, ROST.

- Genus (1)—
404. Stemonitis, Gled.

ORDER LXIV.—LAMPRODERMACEÆ, MASS.

- Genus (1)—
405. Lamproderma, Rost.

ORDER LXV.—ARCYRIACEÆ, ROST.

- Genera (4)—
406. Perichæna, Fries.
407. Lycogala, Pers.
408. Prototrichia, Rost.
409. Arcyria, Hill.

3868.

ORDER LXVI.—TRICHIACEÆ, ROST.

- Genus (1)—
410. Trichia, Hall.

ORDER LXVII.—DIDYMIACEÆ, ROST.

- Genera (4)—
411. Chondrioderma, Rost.
412. Didymium, Schrad.
413. Spumaria, Pers.
414. Diachæa, Fries.

ORDER LXVIII.—PHYSARACEÆ, ROST.

- Genera (6)—
415. Craterium, Trent.
416. Physarum, Pers.
417. Badhamia, Berk.
418. Tilmadoche, Fries.
419. Leocarpus, Link.
420. Fuligo, Hall.

ORDER LXIX.—PLASMIDIOPHORACEÆ, ZOPF.

- Genus (1)—
421. Plasmodiophora, Zopf.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
GROUP XII.—MYXOMYCETES,					
ORDER LXI.—TUBULINACEÆ,					
401. TUBULINA.—Pers., Syn. 197 (1808).—					
2207	2032	VII. 1391	<i>T. cylindrica</i>	<i>D. C.</i> , Fl. Fr. II. 249 (1815)	Cylindrical tubulina
2207A	"	" 1394	<i>T. cylindrica</i> , var. <i>nitidissima</i>	Cooke, Handb. Austr. Fung. 392 (1892)	Shining tubulina
2208	2033	X. 4818	<i>T. spumarioidea</i>	Cooke and Mass., Mon. Myx. 42 (1892)	Spumaria-like tubulina
ORDER LXII.—CRIBRARIACEÆ,					
402. ENTERIDIUM.—Ehrh. in Link Jahrb.,					
2209	2034	VII. 1399	<i>E. olivaceum</i>	<i>Ehrh.</i> , Sylv. Ber. II. 54 (1818)	Olive enteridium
403. CLATHROPTYCHIUM.—Rost.,					
2210	2035	VII. 1396	<i>C. rugulosum</i>	<i>Rost.</i> , Mon. 225 (1875)	Wrinkled clathroptychinm
ORDER LXIII.—STEMONITACEÆ,					
404. STEMONITIS.—Gled., Meth. 140 (1753).—					
2211	2038	VII. 1365	<i>S. ferruginea</i>	<i>Ehr.</i> , Sylv. Berl. 20 (1818)	Ferruginous stemonitis
2212	2037	" 1356	<i>S. Friesiana</i>	<i>De Bary</i> , Rabb., Fung. Eur. 568 (1861-81)	Fries' stemonitis
2213	2036	" 1362	<i>S. fusca</i>	<i>Roth.</i> , Fl. Germ. I. 548 (1802)	Brown stemonitis
ORDER LXIV.—LAMPRODERMACEÆ,					
405. LAMPRODERMA.—Rost., Vers.					
2214	2039	VII. 1344	<i>L. echinulatum</i>	<i>Rost.</i> , Mon. App. 25 (1875)	Echinulate lamproderma
2215	2040	"	<i>L. Listeri</i>	<i>Mass.</i> , Mon. Myx. 97 (1892)	Lister's lamproderma
ORDER LXV.—ARCYRIACEÆ,					
406. PERICHÆNA.—Fries, Symb.					
2216	2042	VII. 1515	<i>P. applanata</i>	Cooke and Mass., Mon. Myx. 116 (1892)	Flattened perichæna
2217	2041	1435	<i>P. corticalis</i>	<i>Rost.</i> , Mon. 293 (1875)	Cortical perichæna
407. LYCOGALA.—Pers., Tent. Disp. 7 (1797).—					
2218	2043	VII. 1484	<i>L. epidendrum</i>	<i>Rost.</i> , Mon. 285 (1875)	Tree-growing lycogala
408. PROTOTRICHIA.—Rost.,					
2219	2044	VII. 1492	<i>P. metallica</i>	<i>Mass.</i> , Mon. Myx. 127 (1892)	Metallio prototrichia

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
WALLR., FL. CRYPT. II. 333 (1833).									
MASS. MON. MYX. (1892).									
Tubulifera, Mucor, Licea, &c.									
2207	...	...	T.	...	...	Q.	B.	Rotten wood ...	Spore sacs cylindrical, rounded at apex, gregarious, mostly crowded. Mass of spores chestnut.
2207 ^A	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	<i>Eucalyptus microtheca</i>	Spore sacs shining, golden yellow.
2208	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Running over twigs and on ground	Æthelium irregular, ashy. Cortex membranous, netted with haunched veins.
<hr/>									
MASS. MON. MYX. (1892).									
Grev. II. 51 (1873).—Lycoperdon, Licea.									
2209	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	B.	Wood ...	Æthelium very variable in form, flattened or cushion shaped, olive.
Mon. 225 (1875).—Fuligo, Licea.									
2210	W.A.	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Dead twigs, &c. ...	Colour of æthelium variable, red brown or ochrey. Spore sacs bell shaped at apex.
<hr/>									
ROST. MON. (1875).									
Clathrus, Comatricha, Trichia.									
2211	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Rotten wood ...	Spore sacs cylindrical, gregarious, on violet-black expansion. Spores rusty cinnamon.
2212	...	...	T.	...	...	Q.	B.	Rotten wood ...	Spore sacs globose, ovate, erect. Stem black, shining.
2213	W.A.	...	T.	V.	...	Q.	B.	Rotten wood, &c. ...	Spore sacs cylindrical, obtuse, on strongly-developed expansion, which is violet black.
<hr/>									
MASS. MON. MYX. (1892).									
Syst. Myc. 7 (1873).—Stemonitis.									
2214	...	...	T.	...	...	...	...	Among moss ...	Spore sacs stalked, dark steel blue or blackish, iridescent. Stem short. Spores spiny.
2215	...	...	T.	...	...	...	B.	Moss, wood, &c. ...	Spore sacs stalked, globose, blackish purple, iridescent. Stem elongated, blackish brown.
<hr/>									
ROST. MON. (1875).									
Gast. 9 (1818).—Hemiarcyria, Lycoperdon.									
2216	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Rotting <i>Cycas</i> ...	Sessile, much depressed, circular or irregular in outline. Spores in mass clear orange yellow.
2217	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	B.	Bark and wood ...	Spore sacs spherical to depressed, crowded. Spores in mass pale yellow.
Fungus, Lycoperdon, Bovista.									
2218	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	Q.	B.	Stumps ...	Æthelium gregarious, rounded, size of pea, shining, distinctly warted, rose colour.
Mon. Appl. 38 (1875).									
2219	...	...	T.	...	...	...	...	Wood ...	Spore sacs scattered, stalked or sessile, copper colour with metallic tints. Stem very short.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
409. ARCYRIA.—Hall, Hist. 47 (1768).—Clathrus,					
2220	2049	VII. 1459	<i>A. cinerea</i>	Sebun., Saell. 1480 (1801)	Grey arcyria
2221	2046	1470	<i>A. ferruginea</i>	Rost., Mon. 280 (1875)	Ferruginous arcyria
2222	2052	X. 4857	<i>A. fulginea</i>	Mass., Mon. Myx. 169 (1892)	Sooty-brown arcyria
2223	2047	VII. 1461	<i>A. incarnata</i>	Pers., Obs. (1796)	Flesby arcyria
2224	2048	1464	<i>A. nutans</i>	Grev., Fl. Ed. 455 (1824)	Drooping arcyria
2225	2045	1467	<i>A. punicea</i>	Pers., Disp. 10 (1797)	Reddish arcyria
2226	2050	1512	<i>A. rubiformis</i>	Mass., Mon. Myx. 158 (1892)	Lustrous arcyria
2227	2051	1514	<i>A. serpula</i>	Mass., Mon. Myx. 164 (1892)	Creeping arcyria

ORDER LXVI.—TRICHIACEÆ,

410. TRICHIA.—Hall, Helv. III. 114 (1768).—

2228	2067	VII. 1499	<i>T. affinis</i>	Dc Bary, in Rost. Mon. 257 (1875)	Allied trichia
2229	2055	1503	<i>T. contorta</i>	Rost., Mon. 259 (1875)	Contorted trichia
2230	2053	1494	<i>T. fragilis</i>	Rost., Mon. 246 (1875)	Fragile trichia
2231	...	X. 4848	<i>T. Kalbreyeri</i>	Mass., Mon. Myx. 191 (1892)	Kalbreyer's trichia
2232	2064	VII. 1497	<i>T. varia</i>	Pers., Tent. Disp. 10 (1797)	Variable trichia
2233	2056	X. 4847	<i>T. verrucosa</i>	Berk., Fl. Tasm. II. 269 (1860)	Warted trichia

ORDER LXVII.—DIDYMIACEÆ,

411. CHONDRIODERMA.—Rost.,

2234	2069	VII. 1282	<i>C. difforme</i>	Rost., Mon. 177 (1875)	Deformed chondrioderma
2235	...	1257	<i>C. Muelleri</i>	Rost., Mon. 15 (1876)	Mueller's chondrioderma

412. DIDYMIUM.—Schrad., Nov. Pl. Gen. I. 22 (1797).—

2236	2064	X. 4803	<i>D. australe</i>	Mass., Grev. XVII. 7 (1888)	Southern didymium
2237	2059	VII. 1309	<i>D. farinaceum</i>	Schrad., Nov. Pl. Gen. I. (1797)	Mealy didymium
2238	2065	1193	<i>D. flavicomum</i>	Mass., Mon. Myx. 242 (1892)	Yellow-haired didymium
2239	2063	„ 1256	<i>D. pezizoidem</i>	Mass., Mon. Myx. 239 (1892)	Peziza-like didymium
2240	2062	1297	<i>D. serpula</i>	Fries, S.M. III. 126 (1832)	Creeping didymium
2241	2061	1269	<i>D. spumarioides</i>	Fries, Symb. Gast. 20 (1818)	Spumaria-like didymium
2242	2060	1301	<i>D. squamulosum</i>	Fries, S.M. III. 118 (1832)	Scaly didymium

413. SPUMARIA.—Pers.,

2243	2066	VII. 1338	<i>S. alba</i>	D. C., Fl. Fr. II. 261 (1815)	White spumaria
------	------	-----------	-----------------------	--------------------------------------	-----------------------

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						D.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Trichia, Stemonitis, Hemiareyria, Clathroides, Mucor.									
2220	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Stumps ...	Gregarious, stalked, ovoid or elongated ovoid. Stem erect, straight long. Spores usually bright grey.
2221	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Rotten wood, &c. ...	Spore sacs ovate. Stem usually short. Spores in mass usually brick red, now and then rusty.
2222	...	...	...	...	N.S.W.	...	...	Leaves of <i>Atherospermum</i> ...	Threads forming a net-work, spioy. Spores globose, smooth, in mass sooty brown.
2223	W.A.	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Rottee wood ...	Spore sacs egg shaped, with evanescent short erect stem. Spores in mass usually flesh colour.
2224	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	Q.	B.	Rottee wood ...	Spore sacs cylindrical, with short evanescent stem. Capillitium drooping.
2225	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Rottee stumps ...	Spore sacs more or less egg shaped, of beautiful lustre, usually with erect stem.
2226	...	...	T.	...	...	...	B.	Dead wood ...	Spore sacs usually tufted, collected in short stem, often of beautiful metallic lustre.
2227	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	B.	Rotten wood ...	Vcio-like, creeping, forming a net, or somewhat globose, and sessile on broad base, yellow.

ROST. MON. (1875).

Lycogala, Licea, Lycoperdon.

2228	...	...	T.	...	...	Q.	B.	Rotten wood, &c. ...	Spore sacs clustered, circular or elliptical, sessile on broad base, clear yellow.
2229	...	...	T.	...	...	Q.	B.	Rotten wood ...	Variable in form, sometimes elongated and twisted, sometimes veined, creeping, bay brown.
2230	W.A.	...	T.	...	...	...	B.	Rotten wood, &c. ...	Spore sacs stalked, or tufted on common stem; wall smooth, blackish or yellowish.
2231	...	...	T.	...	...	...	...	Fragments of rotting plants ...	Spore sacs crowded, sessile, globose, yellow, nearly the same colour within.
2232	...	...	T.	...	...	Q.	B.	Stumps ...	Spore sacs variously developed, either stalked or sessile.
2233	...	...	T.	...	...	...	...	Wood ...	Spore sacs brown or chestnut, shining, passing down into long slender stem.

ROST. MON. (1875)

Mon. 167 (1875).—Physarum.

2234	...	S.A.	...	V.	...	Q.	B.	Bark, leaves, twigs, grass, &c. ...	Spore sacs sessile, roundish, deformed; outer wall crustaceous, chalky white.
2235	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	...	Spore sacs discoid, curved upwards, snow white, stalked. Stem straight, rigid, with rusty-brown furrows.

Mucor, Trichin, Physarum, Chondrioderma, Spumorum.

2236	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Old Auriculnria ...	Spore sacs globose or slightly compressed, covered with dense white layer of lime.
2237	...	...	...	V.	...	Q.	B.	Dead leaves, twigs, decaying fruit, &c. ...	Spore sacs hemispherical or a little flattened, greyish white with lime, or black and shining.
2238	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rotten wood ...	Fructification hemispherical, violet or lilac. Stem elongated, slender, yellowish tan or copper colour.
2239	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Dead wood of <i>Erythrina vespertilio</i> ...	Fructification somewhat nodding, ashy white, arising from mealy crusty cracking membrane.
2240	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Fallen leaves and rotten wood ...	Fructification either cushion-like, flattened, or vein-like, creeping.
2241	...	...	T.	...	...	Q.	B.	Leaves, moss, clover, &c. ...	Spore sacs irregular in shape, snow white or greyish, always in clusters.
2242	...	...	T.	...	...	...	B.	Wood, dead leaves, &c. ...	Spore sacs either hemispherical and flattened or globose. Stem snow white.

Syn. 162 (1808).—Reticularia.

2243	V.	N.S.W.	Q.	B.	Grass ...	Æthelium complex, branching, whitish to grey, spongy.
------	-----	-----	-----	----	--------	----	----	-----------	---

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
					414. <i>DIACHÆA</i> .—Fries, Syst. Orb.
2244	2057	VII. 1335	<i>D. leucopoda</i>	Rost., Mon. 191 (1875)... ..	White-stalked diachæa
ORDER LXVIII.—PHYSARACEÆ,					
					415. <i>CRATERIUM</i> .—Trent.,
2245	2068	VII. 1233	<i>C. confusum</i>	Mass., Mon. Myx. 253 (1892)	Confused craterium
					416. <i>PHYSARUM</i> .—Pers., Obs. Myc. 5 (1799).—
2246	2073	VII. 1189	<i>P. cinereum</i>	Pers., Syn. 170 (1808)... ..	Ashy physarum
2247	...	1171	<i>P. didermoides</i>	Rost., Mon. 97 (1875)	Two-membraned physarum
2248	2072	1192	<i>P. leucopbæum</i>	Fries, Symb. Gast. 24 (1818)	Grey physarum
2249	2071	1188	<i>P. leucopus</i>	Rost., Mon. 101 (1875)... ..	White-stalked physarum
2250	2070	...	<i>P. Readeri</i>	Mass., Mon. Myx. 282 (1892)	Reader's physarum
2251	2059	VII. 1251	<i>P. rufibasis</i>	Berk. and Br., Linn. Journ. XIV. 85 (1875)	Red-based physarum
2252	2074	1189	<i>P. scrobiculatum</i>	Mass., Mon. Myx. 300 (1892)	Pitted physarum
					417. <i>BADHAMIA</i> .—Berk.,
2253	2075	VII. 1150	<i>B. varia</i>	Mass., Mon. Myx. 319 (1892)	Variable badhamia
					418. <i>TILMADOCHE</i> .—Fries,
2254	2077	VII. 1247	<i>T. mutabilis</i>	Rost., Mon. 130 (1875)... ..	Changeable tilmadoche
2255	2075	1244	<i>T. nutans</i>	Rost., Mon. 127 (1875)	Nodding tilmadoche
					419. <i>LEOCARPUS</i> .—Link,
2255	2078	VII. 1242	<i>L. fragilis</i>	Rost., Mon. 132 (1875)... ..	Fragile leocarpus
					420. <i>FULIGO</i> .—Hall, Hist.
2257	2079	VII. 1228	<i>F. varians</i>	Sommf., Fl. Lapp. 231 (1825)	Variable fuligo
ORDER LXIX.—PLASMIDIOPHORACEÆ,					
					421. <i>PLASMIDIOPHORA</i> .—Woron.
2258	...	VII. 1558	<i>P. Brassicæ</i>	Woron. Priogsh. Jahrb. XI. 548 (1878)	Turnip Plasmodiophora (Club-Root) (Fingers and Toes)

OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—continued.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
Veg. I. 143 (1825).— <i>Trichia</i> , <i>Stemonitis</i> .									
2244	...	...	...	V.	...	...	B.	Leaves, &c. ...	Spore sacs cylindrical, stalked. Stem short, thickened at base, snow white.
ROST. MON. (1875).									
in Roth. Cat. II. 224 (1806).									
2245	W.A.	...	T.	...	...	...	B.	Leaves, &c. ...	Spore sacs variable in form, stalked or rarely somewhat sessile, bright, brown, ochrey, or white.
Lycoperdon, <i>Trichia</i> , <i>Didymium</i> , <i>Tilmadoche</i> .									
2246	W.A.	...	...	V.	...	...	B.	Bark, wood, leaves, &c.	Spore sacs globose or hemispherical, sessile or gregarious.
2247	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Scales of Onions, and bracts of Maize, Grass, &c.	Spore sacs ovoid, ash coloured, with white mealy covering, and separate membranous outer coat.
2248	...	...	...	...	...	...	B.	Leaves, &c. ...	Spore sacs somewhat globose, stalked or sessile, wall thin with white lime patches.
2249	...	...	...	...	...	...	B.	Wood, &c. ...	Spore sacs globose, stalked or sessile, wall covered with snow-white coat of lime. Stem white.
2250	...	...	...	V.	...	...	...	Wood ...	Spore sacs stalked, greyish, covered with flakes of lime. Stem very thick, brown.
2251	...	...	...	...	...	Q.	...	Moss ...	Scattered or gregarious, stalked. Stem elongated, slender, expanding into circular bright-brown base. Spore sacs globose, dull yellow or tawny.
2252	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	B.	Charred wood ...	Spore sacs sessile, on broad or narrowed base, seated on thick spreading expansion.
Ontl. 308 (1860).— <i>Physarum</i> .									
2253	...	...	T.	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	Rotten wood, &c. ...	Spore sacs more or less clustered, sessile or stalked, globose, grey or opaque.
S.V.S. 454 (1849).— <i>Stemonitis</i> .									
2254	W.A.	...	...	...	...	Q.	B.	Decayed wood ...	Spore sacs globose or flattened, usually cracked, yellow or rusty orange, stalked, nodding.
2255	W.A.	...	T.	...	...	Q.	...	Rotten-wood, &c. ...	Spore sacs lens shaped, usually cracked, greyish white, stalked, nodding.
Sp. Pl. I. 25 (1824).— <i>Lycoperdon</i> .									
2256	...	...	T.	...	...	...	B.	Grass, twigs, moss, &c.	Spore sacs somewhat roundish, sessile, or with thin thread-like coloured stem.
Helv. III. 110 (1768).— <i>Mucor</i> .									
2257	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	...	Q.	B.	Wood, tan, soil, &c.	Spore sacs more or less closely interwoven, bark not always developed; walls of spore sac usually coloured.
ZOPF. PILZTH. 129 (1885).									
Pringsh. Jahrb. XI., 548 (1878).									
2258	...	...	...	V.	N.S.W.	...	B.	Roots of Crucifers— <i>Brassica</i> , &c.	Producing the malformation of the roots of cabbages, cauliflowers, &c., which gives them a clubbed appearance, or several misshapen roots like "fingers and toes."

ADDITIONS.—A.—NEW

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
GROUP I.—					
ORDER II.—					
Genus 422.— <i>Laccocephalum</i> , McAlp.,					
2259	<i>L. basilapiloides</i> ...	McAlp. and Tepp., Proc. Roy. Soc. Vic. VII. N.S. 166 Pl. X. (1894)	Stone-like-hase laccocephalum ...
GROUP III.—					
ORDER XIII.—					
2260	...	VII. 1926	<i>Uromyces Phaseoli</i> ...	Winter, Die Pilze 157 (1884) ...	Bean uromyces (Bean rust) ...
2261	<i>Puccinia Correæ</i> ...	McAlp., Proc. Roy. Soc. Vic. VII. N.S. 215 (1894)	Correæ puccinia ...
2262	<i>P. Erechitidis</i> ...	McAlp., Proc. Roy. Soc. Vic. VII. N.S. 216 (1894)	Erechitides puccinia ...
2263	<i>P. Hypochaeris</i> ...	McAlp., Proc. Roy. Soc. Vic. VII. N.S. 217 (1894)	Hypochaeris puccinia ...
2264	<i>P. Plagianthi</i> ...	McAlp., Proc. Roy. Soc. Vic. VII. N.S. 218 (1894)	Plagianthus puccinia ...
2265	<i>Æcidium eburneum</i> ...	McAlp., Proc. Roy. Soc. Vic. VII. N.S. 218 (1894)	Ivory æcidium ...
2266	...	IX. 1318	<i>A. monocystis</i> ...	Berk., Flor. N.Z. II. 196 (1855)...	Walled æcidium ...
2267	<i>Puccinia Coprosomatis</i> ...	Morrison, Vict. Nat. XI. No. 6, 90 (1894)	Coprosma puccinia ...
2267A	<i>P. Coprosomatis</i> , var. <i>Opercularia</i>	Morrison, Vict. Nat. XI. No. 8, 119 (1894)	Opercularia puccinia ...
2268	...	VII. 2457	<i>P. investita</i> ...	Schwein, Syn. N. Am. Fungi (1831) ...	Invested puccinia ...
GROUP IV.—					
ORDER XV.—					
2269	...	I. 1166	<i>Xylaria fulvella</i> ...	Berk. and Curt., Linn. Journ. X. 380 (1869)	Tawny xylaria ...
2270	...	I. 1282	<i>X. ianthino-velutina</i> ...	Mont., Syll. Crypt. (1856) ...	Violet-haired xylaria ...
2271	...	IX. 2282	<i>Kretzschmaria confusa</i> ...	Sacc., Syll. IX. 566 (1891)	Confused kretzschmaria ...
2272	<i>Hypoxylon atrosphaericum</i> ...	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXII. 68 (1894)	Black-sphered hypoxylon ...
ORDER XVI.—					
2273	...	II. 5107	<i>Phyllachora Grevilleæ</i> ...	Sacc., Syll. II. 597 (1883) ...	Grevillea phyllachora ...
GROUP V.—					
ORDER XXXIV.—					
2274	<i>Peziza Lyonsiæ</i> ...	Cohh., Ag. Gaz. N.S.W. V. 6, 390 (1894)	Lyonsia peziza ...
2275	<i>Belonidium parasiticum</i>	Cooke and Mass., Grev. XXII. 68 (1894)	Parasitic belonidium ...

AUSTRALIAN FUNGI.

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
HYMENOMYCETES, FRIES.									
POLYPORACEÆ, FRIES.									
Proc. Roy. Soc. Vic. VII. N.S. 166 (1894).									
2259	...	S.A.	...	...	...	...	...	Sandy soil in Mallee scrub	Solitary. Cap woody, brownish fawn, surface pitted. Stem compressed oval, dirty fawn, hardened like cap. Pores moderately large, crowded, nearly oval.
UREDINES, BRONGN.									
UREDINACEÆ, BRONGN.									
2260	N.S.W.	...	B.	All parts of Bean plant (<i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i>), more especially on leaves	Pustules brown, scattered, bursting through, surrounded by ruptured cuticle.
2261	T.	...	...	...	...	Under surface of leaves of <i>Correa Lawrenciana</i>	Pustules cushion shaped, circular or interruptedly so, dirty brown, scattered, soon naked.
2262	V.	...	...	...	Stem and leaves of <i>Erechtites quadridentata</i>	Cluster cups pale yellow to orange yellow, causing distortion and swelling. Pustules black, crowded together, and forming swelling.
2263	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Hypocharis radicata</i>	Cluster cups on greenish-yellow or brownish circular patches. Pustules intermixed with cluster cups, black, and on both surfaces of leaf.
2264	T.	...	...	...	...	Leaves and flowers of <i>Plagianthus sidoides</i>	Pustules reddish brown, naked, blistered, scattered. Very common.
2265	T.	V.	...	...	...	Stem, leaves, flowers, and legumes of <i>Bossia cinerea</i>	Cluster cups ivory colour to brownish, clustered together without definite order.
2266	T.	...	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Abrotanella forsterioides</i>	Cluster cups near tips of leaves, large, solitary, surrounded by strong wall arising from matrix.
2267	V.	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Coprosma Billardieri</i>	Pustules on under surface, seldom on upper, prominent, deep brown, coalescing. Teleutospores compact, brown.
2267A	V.	...	...	...	Leaves and petioles of young plants of <i>Opercularia varia</i>	Pustules on under surface, deforming leaf and forming concavity on opposite side, reddish-brown. Teleutospores pale yellowish brown.
2268	V.	...	...	...	Leaves and stems of <i>Gnaphalium purpureum</i>	Pustules on both surfaces of leaf, bursting through epidermis, and bordered by ruptured cuticle. Uredospores and teleutospores generally mixed.
PYRENOMYCETES, FRIES.									
XYLARIACEÆ, COOKE.									
2269	Q.	...	At base of dead stump	Club shaped, rust coloured, papillate. Stem cylindrical, pale tawny. Receptacles with black openings.
2270	Q.	...	Old fruit of a <i>Flindersia</i>	Simple or branched, cylindrical and tapering, apex compressed, long violet-brown hair all over.
2271	Q.	...	Bark of dead log ...	Gregarious, stalked, simple. Heads depressed, globose, glaucous, at length black.
2272	Q.	...	Bark ...	Gregarious, sub-globose, black. Receptacles around the circumference ovate, teat-like.
DOTHIDEACEÆ, NITS.									
2273	W.A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Leaves of <i>Grevillea</i>	On both surfaces, scattered, circular, shining black. Receptacles globose, immersed.
DISCOMYCETES, FRIES.									
PEZIZACEÆ, FRIES.									
2274	N.S.W.	...	...	Leaves of <i>Lyonsia reticulata</i>	Cups somewhat gregarious on both sides, on ashy-grey rounded spots, flat, sessile, round. Leaves appear at a little distance as if attacked by scale insect.
2275	Q.	...	Parasitic on <i>Asterina</i> , growing on leaflets of <i>Tarrietia trifoliolata</i>	White. Cups very minute, hairless, concave, attached by central papilla, hardly visible to naked eye.

ADDITIONS.—(A.)—NEW

Number.	Cooke's Number.	Saccardo's Number.	Scientific Name.	Authority for Name.	English Name.
GROUP VII.—					
ORDER XLV.—					
2276	Oidium Oxalidis ...	McAlp., Proc. Roy. Soc. Vic. VII. N.S. 219 (1894)	Wood-sorrel oidium ...
ORDER XLVI.—					
Genus 423.—Stachybotrys,					
2277	...	IV. 1304	Stachybotrys lobulata ...	Berk., Outl. 343 (1860) ...	Lobed stachybotrys ...
2278	...	1675	Cladosporium carpophilum ...	Thuem., Fung. Pom. 13 (1878)...	Fruit-loving cladosporium (Peach freckle) ...
ORDER XLVII.—					
2279	Isaria Oncopteræ ...	McAlp., Proc. Roy. Soc. Vic. VII. N.S. 159 (1894)	Oncoptera isaria ...
GROUP VIII.—					
ORDER XLIX.—					
2280	...	III. 2796	Septoria Diantbi ...	Desm., 17 Not. 6, p. 20,...	Carnation septoria ...
GROUP IX.—					
2281	...	VIII. 3622	Saccharomyces conglomeratus	Reess, Bot. Unt. 82 (1870)	Conglomerate yeast ...
2282	...	3623	S. exiguus ...	Reess, Bot. Unt. 82 (1870) ...	Small yeast ...
2283	...	„ 3629	S. Marxianus ...	Hansen in Ann. de Microg. (1888)	Marx yeast ...
2284	...	„ 3630	S. membranifaciens ...	Hansen Bot. Zeil. 772 (1888) ...	Membrane-forming yeast ...
2285	...	„ 3635	S. minor ...	Engel, Ferm. (1872) ...	Lesser yeast ...
2286	...	3624	S. Pasteurianus ...	Reess, Bot. Unt. 83 (1870) ...	Pasteur's yeast ...
GROUP X.—					
ORDER LV.—					
2287	Ustilago Allii ...	McAlp., Proc. Roy. Soc. Vic. VII. N.S. 220 (1894)	Onion ustilago ...
2288	U. Posrum ...	McAlp., Proc. Roy. Soc. Vic. VII. N.S. 220 (1894)	Poa ustilago ...
Genus 424.—Tolyposporium, Woron.					
2289	Tolyposporium Antbistiræ	Cobb, Ag. Gaz. N.S.W. III., pt. 12 (1892)	Kangaroo-grass tolyposporium ...
GROUP XI.—					
ORDER LVII.—					
2290A	Peronospora psoralis, var. Lepidii	McAlp., Proc. Roy. Soc. Vic. VII. N.S. 221 (1894)	Lepidium peronospora ...

AUSTRALIAN FUNGI—*continued.*

Number.	Habitat.						B.	Occurrence.	General Characters.
	W.A.	S.A.	T.	V.	N.S.W.	Q.			
HYPHOMYCETES, MARTIUS.									
MUCEDINACEÆ, LINK.									
2276	V.	...	...	...	Leaves, leaf stalks, stem, and fruit of <i>Oxalis corniculata</i>	Mostly on upper surface of leaves, sometimes on lower, spread out, greyish, powdery.
DEMATIACEÆ, FRIES.									
Corda, Anleit. 57 (1842).									
2277	Q.	B.	Damp wall-paper ...	Black, sterile hyphae creeping, fertile branches ascending, simple or branched, pale upwards.
2278	N.S.W.	...	...	Peaches ...	Spots circular, small at first, often confluent, dark green, finally causing cracking of peach.
STILBEACEÆ, FRIES.									
2279	V.	...	...	...	Dead larvæ of <i>Oncop-tera intricata</i> , Walk.	Dirty-brown root colour. Stem branched, velvety, slender, tips of branches fertile.
SPHÆROPSIDES, LEV.									
SPHÆRIOIDACEÆ, SACC.									
2280	V.	...	...	B.	Leaves of Carnations	Spots yellowish, oblong, round, or irregular. Receptacles globose to depressed, black to brown.
SACCHAROMYCETES, REESS.									
2281	B.	In fermentation and putrefaction of wine	Cells spheroidal, and forming a conglomeration instead of chains or flakes.
2282	B.	In juices of fermented fruits and fermentation of beer and wine	Cells spherical or top-shaped, united into a few branched colonies, and very small.
2283	Grape berry ...	Cells somewhat resembling <i>C. ellipsoideus</i> .
2284	Saccharine liquids...	The asci are many-spored.
2285	B.	In fermentation of bread	Cells spherical, isolated, double or sometimes in threes; like ordinary yeast but smaller.
2286	B.	In fermentation of wine and self-fermenting beer	Cells oval, oblong to club-shaped, varying in size; in branched colonies or flakes.
USTILAGINES, TUL.									
USTILAGINACEÆ, TUL.									
2287	V.	...	...	...	Scale leaves of stored Onion bulbs	Pustules minute, dark coloured, in parallel lines along veins of leaves, at first covered by epidermis; then powdery black.
2288	V.	...	...	...	<i>Poa annua</i> , especially foliage	Distorting, discolouring, and stunting plants, and forming black powdery masses.
in Schrœt. Pilzfl. Schles. 276 (1882).									
2289	N.S.W.	...	...	Inflorescence of Kangaroo-grass (<i>Anthistiria ciliata</i>)	Fructification black. Spores compound, consisting of from a few dozen to several hundred thick-walled brown spores.
PHYCOMYCETES, DE BARY.									
PERONOSPORACEÆ, DE BARY.									
2290A	V.	...	...	...	Leaves, stem, and fruit of <i>Lepidium ruderale</i>	Lower surface of leaf attacked first, causing it to curl. Dense white mould forming a felt.

B.—NEW LOCALITIES, HOSTS, ETC.

GROUP I.—HYMENOMYCETES, FRIES.

ORDER IV.—THELEPHORACEÆ, PERS.

Genus 425.—*Soppittiella*, Mass. Brit. Fung. Fl. 106 (1892).

1045. *THELEPHORA CRISTATA* = *Soppittiella cristata*, Mass. B.

1080. *STEREOM OCHROLEUCUM*—V.

GROUP II.—GASTROMYCETES, WILLD.

ORDER X.—LYCOPERDACEÆ, EHRH.

1343. *BATTARREA PHALLOIDES*—Q.

GROUP III.—UREDINES, BRONGN.

ORDER XIII.—UREDINACEÆ, BRONGN.

1446. *UROMYCES BETÆ*—N.S.W.

1455. *UROMYCES ORCHIDEARUM*—V. Uredospores intermixed with telentospores.

1461. *MELAMPSORA LINI*—T.

1477. *PUCCINIA HETEROSPORA*—On leaves of a native *Hibiscus* in Queensland.

1478. *PUCCINIA HIERACII*—V. On leaves of flowering stems of *Hypochæris radicata*.

1511. *ÆCIDIUM RANUNCULACEAROM*—On *Ranunculus parviflorus* in Victoria.

GROUP IV.—PYRENOMYCETES, FRIES.

ORDER XIV.—HYPOCREACEÆ, DE NOT.

1527. *CLAVICEPS PURPUREA*—T., N.S.W.

ORDER XV.—XYLARIACEÆ, COOKE.

1619. *HYPOXYLON ELLIPTICUM*—V. Rotten wood.

ORDER XXVIII.—FOLIICOLACEÆ, FRIES.

1712. *SPHÆRELLA FRAGRARIÆ*—W.A., T.

ORDER XXX.—PERISPORIACEÆ, FRIES.

1756. *CAPNODIUM CITRI*—W.A., Q. Leaves of oranges and lemons.

GROUP V.—DISCOMYCETES, FRIES.

ORDER XXXIII.—HELVELLACEÆ, LINK.

1778. *MORCHELLA DELICIOSA*—Q. Amongst rotten bark, near stem of gum-tree.

ORDER XXXIV.—PEZIZACEÆ, FRIES.

1869. *DASYSCYPHA TERRESTRIS*—This form should be restored to its original genus, *Helotium terrestre*, Berk. and Broome, Linn. Trans. II., 69 (1883). Cooke remarks in Grev. XX, 36 (1891), that this species was originally described in error as being externally villous, whereas it is externally smooth and naked; hence it was wrongly transferred by Saccardo to *Dasyscypha*.

ORDER XXXIX.—PHACIDIACEÆ, FRIES.

1894. *PSEUDOPEZIZA MEDICAGINIS*—On both surfaces of leaflets of *Medicago sativa* in Victoria.

ORDER XLI.—GYMNOASCEÆ, BAR.

1901. *EXOASOUS DEFORMANS*—T., W.A. On loaves of peaches and nectarines in West Australia.

GROUP VII.—HYPHOMYCETES, MARTIUS.

ORDER XLV.—MUCEDINACEÆ, LINK.

1911. *OIDIUM LEUCOCONIUM*—T.
 1914. *OIDIUM TUCKERI*—W.A.
 1921. *PENICILLIUM GLAUCUM*—T.

ORDER XLVI.—DEMATIACEÆ, FRIES.

1947. *FUSICLADIUM DENDRITICUM*—W.A.
 1948. *FUSICLADIUM PYRINUM*—W.A.
 1962. *HELMINTHOSPORIUM RAVENELII*—N.S.W.
 1982. *MACROSPORIUM TOMATO*—N.S.W.

GROUP VIII.—SPHÆROPSIDES, LEV.

ORDER XLIX.—SPHÆROIDACEÆ, SACC.

2025. *PHYLLOSTICTA CIRCUMSCISSA*—W.A. On apricots.
 2039. *PHOMA AMPELINA*—W.A. On vines.
 2058. *PHOMA UVICOLA*—N.S.W.
 2102. *PHLEOSPORA MORI*—T.
-

C.—LIST OF AUSTRALIAN EDIBLE FUNGI.

In the body of the work a number of species are marked Edible, but it is thought desirable to show them together, and give as complete a list as possible. Edible Fungi refers to those which may be eaten with impunity, not necessarily to those which may be eaten with relish. Our native species have still to be tested in most cases, but I have mainly given those Australian species which have been found wholesome in Britain or America. The number is 84.

No.	Name.	No.	Name.
6.	<i>Amanita ovoidea</i> .	602.	<i>Boletus aestivalis</i> .
15.	<i>Amanitopsis vaginata</i> .	603.	<i>Boletus alliciens</i> .
20.	<i>Lepiota cepæstipes</i> .	606.	<i>Boletus hadius</i> .
25.	<i>Lepiota excoriata</i> .	611.	<i>Boletus edulis</i> .
32.	<i>Lepiota mastoidea</i> .	612.	<i>Boletus elegans</i> .
35.	<i>Lepiota naucina</i> .	616.	<i>Boletus granulatus</i> .
38.	<i>Lepiota procera</i> .	621.	<i>Boletus luteus</i> .
39.	<i>Lepiota rhacodes</i> .	629.	<i>Boletus scaber</i> .
47.	<i>Armillaria mellea</i> .	641.	<i>Fistulina hepatica</i> .
56.	<i>Tricholoma nudum</i> .	685.	<i>Polyporus intyhaceus</i> .
63.	<i>Clitocybe cerussata</i> .	690.	<i>Polyporus myelodes</i> .
65.	<i>Clitocybe expallens</i> .	691.	<i>Polyporus Mylittæ</i> (<i>Sclerotium</i> , known as "Native Bread").
67.	<i>Clitocybe fumosa</i> .	699.	<i>Polyporus picipes</i> .
69.	<i>Clitocybe infundihuliformis</i> .	723.	<i>Polyporus sulphureus</i> .
71.	<i>Clitocybe laccata</i> .	728.	<i>Polyporus tumulosus</i> (eaten by Ahorigines).
73.	<i>Clitocybe pruinosa</i> .	993.	<i>Hydnum coralloides</i> .
81.	<i>Collybia esculenta</i> .	1004.	<i>Hydnum lævigatum</i> .
82.	<i>Collybia fusipes</i> .	1011.	<i>Hydnum repandum</i> .
93.	<i>Collybia radicata</i> .	1037.	<i>Craterellus cornucopioides</i> .
176.	<i>Pleurotus ostreatus</i> .	1183.	<i>Sparassis crispa</i> .
178.	<i>Pleurotus petaloides</i> .	1188.	<i>Clavaria aurea</i> .
181.	<i>Pleurotus pulmonarius</i> .	1189.	<i>Clavaria hotrytes</i> .
182.	<i>Pleurotus salignus</i> .	1194.	<i>Clavaria cristata</i> .
195.	<i>Hygrophorus coccineus</i> .	1196.	<i>Clavaria fastigiata</i> .
202.	<i>Hygrophorus miniatus</i> .	1197.	<i>Clavaria flava</i> .
208.	<i>Hygrophorus virgineus</i> .	1198.	<i>Clavaria formosa</i> .
209.	<i>Lactarius pallidus</i> .	1223.	<i>Clavaria rugosa</i> .
210.	<i>Lactarius piperatus</i> .	1233.	<i>Hirneola auricula-judæ</i> .
214.	<i>Russula alutacea</i> .	1237.	<i>Hirneola polytricha</i> .
227.	<i>Cantharellus cibarius</i> .	1245.	<i>Tremella lutescens</i> .
269.	<i>Marasmius scorodonioides</i> .	1289.	<i>Clathrus cibarius</i> .
313.	<i>Lentinus tigrinus</i> .	1392.	<i>Lycoperdon Bovista</i> .
320.	<i>Panus conchatus</i> .	1397.	<i>Lycoperdon gemmatum</i> .
331.	<i>Panus torulosus</i> .	1400.	<i>Lycoperdon lilacinum</i> .
367.	<i>Volvaria bombycina</i> .	1776.	<i>Cyttaria Gunnii</i> .
400.	<i>Pholiota mutabilis</i> .	1777.	<i>Morchella conica</i> .
403.	<i>Pholiota præcox</i> .	1778.	<i>Morchella deliciosa</i> .
404.	<i>Pholiota pudica</i> .	1779.	<i>Morchella esculenta</i> .
496.	<i>Agaricus arvensis</i> .	1780.	<i>Morchella semilibera</i> .
497.	<i>Agaricus campestris</i> .	1783.	<i>Leotia luhrica</i> .
500.	<i>Agaricus silvaticus</i> .	1797.	<i>Peziza cochleata</i> .
528.	<i>Coprinus comatus</i> .		
601.	<i>Boletus æreus</i> .		

TABLE I.

Number of Orders, Genera, Species, and Varieties in the different Groups and different Colonies, together with those common to Britain.

Groups.	No. of Orders.	No. of Genera.	No. of Species.	No. of Varieties.	Australian.				W.A.				S.A.				I.				V.				N.S.W.				Q.				E.			
					Orders.	Genera.	Species.	Varieties.	Orders.	Genera.	Species.	Varieties.	Orders.	Genera.	Species.	Varieties.	Orders.	Genera.	Species.	Varieties.	Orders.	Genera.	Species.	Varieties.	Orders.	Genera.	Species.	Varieties.	Orders.	Genera.	Species.	Varieties.				
1. Hymenomycetes ...	6	106	1,266	28	4	14	19	...	8	57	137	2	6	61	151	5	6	64	188	2	6	89	600	5	6	62	247	8	8	88	618	11	6	81	455	5
2. Gastromycetes ...	6	39	177	2	3	4	5	...	5	18	44	...	4	12	25	...	6	16	28	...	5	28	72	...	6	18	42	1	5	24	88	1	6	16	30	...
3. Uredines ...	1	9	90	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	1	8	21	...	1	4	12	...	1	7	58	...	1	5	23	...	1	8	25	...	...	...
4. Pyrenomycetes ...	18	83	253	4	8	9	9	...	9	16	19	...	9	13	13	...	8	22	36	...	14	48	89	...	7	19	27	...	15	49	126	3	11	38	53	...
5. Discomycetes ...	10	43	128	3	2	3	3	...	3	7	8	...	3	7	10	...	8	24	35	...	8	30	68	...	2	9	12	...	7	22	37	1	8	23	40	1
6. Tuberoïdes ...	3	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Hyphomycetes ...	4	52	123	2	2	2	2	...	4	10	13	...	3	12	14	...	4	11	13	...	4	30	59	...	4	19	28	...	4	38	60	2	4	32	50	...
8. Spheropsides ...	5	43	128	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	3	...	2	5	8	...	2	4	4	...	5	31	77	...	2	5	8	...	4	23	53	1	2	8	13	...
9. Saccharomycetes ...	1	1	10	...	1	1	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	8	...
10. Ustilagines ...	1	12	39	4	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	5	14	3	1	2	2	...	1	7	23	3	1	5	10	3	1	8	18	3	1	6	9	3
11. Phycomycetes ...	5	12	15	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	3	3	3	...	1	1	2	...	4	9	11	1	2	4	5	...	3	5	5	...	5	8	0	...
12. Myxomycetes ...	9	21	52	1	1	1	2	...	6	12	18	...	2	2	2	...	7	12	20	...	8	12	13	...	4	4	4	...	7	13	28	1	0	20	38	...
Totals ...	69	424	2,284	47	22	35	50	1	37	125	242	2	35	127	262	8	45	161	339	2	54	291	1,070	13	38	150	406	12	54	277	1,060	23	54	234	730	9

TABLE II.

Number of Australian Species compared with British and total known Species.

Groups.	No. of Australian Species (1894).	No. of British Species (1892).	Total known Species (1892), (Approximate).
1. Hymenomycetes	1,266	1,902	10,163
2. Gastromycetes	177	78	718
3. Uredines	90	53	1,428
4. Pyrenomycetes	253	} 1,275 }	9,247
5. Discomycetes	128		3,944
6. Tuheroides	3		145
7. Hyphomycetes	123	580	5,004
8. Sphærospides	128	685	6,745
9. Saccharomycetes	10	8	30
10. Ustilaginee	39	177	329
11. Phycomycetes	15	145	686
12. Myxomycetes	52	137	510
Other Groups ... ..	...	...	714
Totals	2,284	5,040	39,663

TABLE III.

Number of Species of Fungi found in Victoria on the following Plants of economic importance.

Name of Plant.	No. of Species of Fungi.	Name of Plant.	No. of Species of Fungi.
Acacia species	16	Lucerne	2
Almond	3	Maize	1
Apple	5	Mulberry	1
Apricot	2	Oats	4
Bean	1	Onion... ..	2
Beet	1	Orange	1
Cabbage	1	Pea	2
Cauliflower	1	Peach	4
Celery	1	Pear	3
Cherry	1	Plum	3
Clover	3	Rye-grass	3
Eucalyptus species	54	Strawberry	1
Flax	1	Tomato	2
Garlic	1	Vine	8
Lemon	1	Wheat	10
Lettuce	1		

Total number of Orders	...	...	...	...	...	69
Genera	...	...	...	...	...	424
Species	...	...	...	...	...	2,284
Species common to Australia and Britain	...	...	...	...	...	739
Species in West Australia	...	...	...	...	...	242
South Australia	...	...	...	...	...	262
Tasmania	...	...	...	...	...	339
Victoria	...	...	...	...	...	1,070
New South Wales	...	...	...	...	...	406
Queensland	...	...	...	...	...	1,060
Species not referred to their respective Colonies	...	...	...	...	...	50

Proportion of Species of Fungi found in the different Colonies:—

West Australia	...	...	...	...	...	10·6 per cent.
South Australia	...	...	...	...	...	11·5
Tasmania	...	...	...	...	...	14·8
Victoria	...	...	...	...	...	46·8
New South Wales	...	...	...	...	...	17·8
Queensland	...	...	...	...	...	46·4

NOTE.—It is not to be inferred from the relatively high percentage of Fungi in Victoria and Queensland, for instance, as compared with New South Wales, that they are absent from the latter colony, but rather that they still await investigation and determination there.



HOST-INDEX OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI.

II.—HOST-INDEX OF AUSTRALIAN FUNGI.

Abrotanella forsterioides, J. Hook.

2255. *Æcidium monocystis*.—Leaves.

Abutilon Avicennæ, Ger.

1477. *Puccinia heterospora*.—Leaves.

Abutilon crispum, Don.

1477. *Puccinia heterospora*.—Leaves.

Acacia sp.

984. *Merulius pelliculosus*. V.—Branches.
 1071A. *Stereum hirsutum*, var. *tinellum*.—Rotten wood.
 1103. *Stereum vittæforme*.—Bark.
 1456. *Uromyces phyllodii*.—Phyllodes.
 1463. *Melampsora phyllodiorum*.—Phyllodes.
 1521. *Uredo leguminum*.—Pods.
 1655. *Trabutia parvicapsa*. V.—Phyllodes.
 1743. *Meliola amphitricha*. V.—Leaves.
 2024. *Actinomma Gastonis*.—Phyllodes.
 2032. *Phyllosticta phyllodiorum*. V.—Phyllodes.
 2061. *Asteromella Acaciæ*. V.—Phyllodes.
 2082. *Diplodia phyllodiorum*. V.—Phyllodes.
 2093. *Septoria epiphyllodea*. V.—Phyllodes.
 2140. *Marsonia Acaciæ*. V.—Phyllodes.
 2145. *Pestalozzia Acaciæ*. V.—Leaves.

Acacia complanata, Cunn.

2080. *Diplodia lichenopsis*.—Phyllodes.

Acacia hakeoides, Cunn.

1458. *Uromyces Tepperianus*. V.—Branches.

Acacia harpophylla, F. v. M.

1580. *Xylaria gracilis*.—Wood.
 2117. *Melophia Woodsiana*.—Phyllodes.

Acacia longifolia, Willd.

1656. *Trabutia phyllodiæ*. V.—Phyllodes.
 2099. *Septoria phyllodiorum*. V.—Phyllodes.

Acacia melanoxylon, R. Br. (Blackwood Tree).

2132. *Glœosporium leguminis*. V.—Legumes.

Acacia myrtifolia, Willd.

1458. *Uromyces Tepperianus*. V.—Branches.

Acacia notabilis, F. v. M.

1448. *Uromyces digitatus*.—Phyllodes.
 1522. *Uredo notabilis*. V.—Phyllodes.

Acacia penninervis, Sieh.

1541. *Phyllachora rhytismoides*.—Phyllodes.

Acacia salicina, Lind.

1450. *Uromyces fnsisporus*. V.—Phyllodes.
 1458. *Uromyces Tepperianus*. V.—Branches.

Acacia suaveolens, Willd. (Sweet-scented Acacia.)

1706. *Læstadia phyllodiæ*. V.—Phyllodes.

Acacia verticillata, Willd.

1595. *Physalospora* 4

Acæna sanguisorbæ, Vahl. (Sheep's-hurr.)

1501. *Phragmidium Potentillæ*. V.—Leaves.

Adiantum sp. (Maiden-hair Fern.)

1155. *Cyphella filicola*. V.—Fronds.

Ægiceras sp.

1542. *Sphærostilhe dubia*.—Bark.

Agathis robusta, *Mastère* = *Dammara*. (Queensland Kauri.)

1702. *Læstadia Dammara*.—Leaves.

Agarics (Fungi).

1555. *Hypomyces tomentosus*.
 1559. *Ophionectria agaricicola*. V.—Putrid Agarics.
 1932. *Verticillium niveum*.—Dead Agarics.
 1972. *Heterosporium epimyces*. V.—Decayed Agarics.
 2022. *Myrothecium inundatum*.—Putrid Agarics.
 2195. *Spiuellus gigasporus*. V.—Decaying Agarics.

Allium sp.

2038. *Phoma alliicola*. V.—Scapes.

Allium cepa, L. (Onion.)

2202. *Peronospora Schleideni*. V.—Leaves.
 2247. *Physarum didermoides*.—Scales.
 2281. *Ustilago Allii*. V.—Scale leaves of stored Onion hulbs.

Allium sativum, Bauh. (Garlic.)

2202. *Peronospora Schleideni*. V.—Leaves.

Alopecurus sp. (Fox-tail Grass.)

2199. *Sclerospora macrospora*. V.
 1493. *Puccinia Ruhigo-vera*. V.—Leaves

Alphitonia excelsa, Reiss. (Red Ash.)

2121. *Glœosporium Alphitonis*.—Leaves.
 2148. *Pestalozzia Gucpini*.—Leaves.

Alpinia cœrulea, Benth.

1534. *Phyllachora Alpinis*.—Leaves.

Alsophila sp.

1552. *Rhytisma filicinum*.—Fronds.

Alsophila Rebecca, F. v. M.

1735. *Asterella Alsophilæ*.—Fronds.

Althæa rosea, Cav. (Hollyhock.)

1485. *Puccinia Malvacearum*. V.—Leaves and stems.

Alyxia buxifolia, R. Br.

1467. *Puccinia Alyxiæ*. V.—Leaves.
 1707. *Sphærella Alyxiæ*. V.—Leaves.

Amphipogon strictus, R. Br. (Bearded-heads.)

2175. *Ustilago Tepperi*.

Andropogon sp.

1943. *Periconia nigrella*.—Leaves.

Andropogon contortus, L. = *Heteropogon contortus*.
(Bunch Spear-grass.)
2189. *Cerebella Andropogonis*.

Ant—Formica sp.

Anthistiria ciliata, L. fl. (Kangaroo-grass.)
2158. *Ustilago bromivora*. V.—Inflorescence.
2283. *Tolyposporium Anthistiria*.—Inflorescence.

Antbistiria frondosa, R. Br.
2160. *Ustilago hursa*.—Grain.

Aphides. (On Pumpkin Leaves.)
1905. *Oospora Aphides*.

Apium graveolens, L. (Celery.)
1468. *Puccinia Apii*. V.

Apple—Pyrus Malus, L.

Apricot—Prunus Armeniaca, L.

Aristida sp.
2173. *Ustilago segetum*. V.

Artichoke—Cynara Scolymus, L.

Arundo sp. (Reeds.)
1936. *Coniosporium inquinans*.—Stems.

Arundo Phragmites, L. (Thatch-reed.)
1484. *Puccinia Magnusiana*.
1488. *Puccinia Phragmitis*. V.
1497. *Puccinia Tepperi*.

Aster argophyllus, Labill. = *Olearia*. (Musk Tree.)
1736. *Asterella subcuticulosa*. V.—Fading and dead leaves.
1999. *Podosporium grande*. V.—Stems.

Asterina sp. Growing on leaflets of *Tarrietia trifoliolata*,
F. v. M.
2275. *Belonidium parasiticum*.

Atherosperma moschatum, Labill. (Native Sassafras.)
2221. *Arcyria fuliginea*.—Leaves.

Aucuba japonica, L.
1700. *Pleospora Aucubæ*. V.—Leaves.

Auricularia sp. (Fungus.)
2286. *Didymium australe*.

Australian Beech—Fagus Cunninghamii, Hook.

Avena fatua, L. (Wild Oats.)
1475. *Puccinia graminis*. V.

Avena sativa, L. (Oats.)
1475. *Puccinia graminis*. V.
1493. *Puccinia rubigo-vera*. V.
1960. *Scolecotricbum graminis*, var. *Avenæ*. V.
2173n. *Ustilago segetum*, var. *Avenæ*. V.—Ear.

Backhousia sp.
2083. *Ascocyba apiospora*.—Leaves.

Bambusa sp. (Bamboo.)
501. *Agaricus versipes*.—Roots.
1143. *Peniophora bambusicola*.—Rotting bamboo.

Banana—Musa Cavendishii, Lamb.

Banksia sp. (Native Honeysuckle.)
123. *Mycena subcorticalis*.—Log.
1099. *Stereum umbrinum*.—Bark.
1692. *Didymosphæria Banksiæ*. V.—Leaves.
1882. *Tympanis Toomansis*.—Fruit.

Banksia integrifolia, L. (Beefwood.)
1709. *Sphærella Banksiæ*. V.—Fading leaves.

Banksia marginata, Cav.
1741. *Parodiella Banksiæ*.—Languid leaves.

Barley—Hordeum distichon, Baub.

Bean—Phaseolus vulgaris, L.

Bean Caper—Zygophyllum ammophilum, F. v. M.

Bearded-heads—Amphipogon strictus, R. Br.

Beefwood—Banksia integrifolia, L.

Beet—Beta vulgaris, L.

Beilschmiedia obtusifolia, Benth. = *Nesodaphne*.
1462. *Melampsora Nesodaphnes*.—Fruit.

Bellis perennis, L. (Daisy.)
1487. *Puccinia obscura*, Schrot. V.

Bertya rotundifolia, F. v. M.
1942. *Heterobotrys paradoxa*.—Leaves.

Beta vulgaris, L. (Beet.)
1446. *Uromyces Betæ*. V.—Leaves.

Betula alba, L. (Birch.)
650. *Polyporus betulinus*.

Bidens pilosus, L.
1519. *Uredo Cichoracearum*. V.

Birch—Betula alba, L.

Bitter Almond—Prunus Amygdalus, var. *Amara*.

Bitter Bark—Tabernamontana orientalis, R. Br.

Black Ash—Litsea dealbata, Nees.

Blackbutt Tree—Eucalyptus pilularis, Sm.

Blackwood Tree—Acacia Melanoxylon, R. Br.

Bloodwood Tree—Eucalyptus corymbosa, Sm.

Bluegum Tree—Eucalyptus globulus, Labill.

Boletus sp. (Fungus.)
1552. *Hypomyces chrysospermus*. V.
1929. *Sepedonium chrysospermum*. V.

Bossiaea cinerea, R. Br.
2265. *Æcidium eburneum*. V.—Stems, leaves, flowers,
and fruit.

Bottle Gourd—Lagenaria vulgaris, Ser.

Bottle Thistle—Lagenophora Billardieri, Cass.

Bougainvillea sp.
240. *Marasmius calobates*. V.—Patrid leaves.

Box Eucalypt—Eucalyptus hemiphloia, F. v. M.
" *Eucalyptus largiflorens*, F. v. M.

Box Thorn—Bursaria spinosa, Cav.

Bramble—Rubus fruticosus, L.

Brassica oleracea, L. (Cabbage and Cauliflower.)
2258. *Plasmodiophora Brassicæ*. V.—Roots.

- Brisbane Box**—*Tristania conferta*, R. Br.
- Bromus** sp.
2092. *Septoria Bromi*. V.—Leaves.
- Bromus arenarius**, Labill.
2092. *Septoria Bromi*. V.—Leaves.
2158. *Ustilago bromivora*. V.—Inflorescence.
- Bromus mollis**, L.
2158. *Ustilago bromivora*. V.—Inflorescence.
- Bromus sterilis**, L.
1475. *Puccinia graninis*. V.
- Bulbine bulbosa**, Haw.
1447. *Uromyces Bulbinis*. V.—Leaves.
- Bulrush**—*Typha* sp.
- Bunch Spear-grass**—*Andropogon contortus*, L.
- Burchardia umbellata**, R. Br.
1471. *Puccinia Burchardiae*. V.—Leaves.
- Bursaria spinosa**, Cav. (Boxthorn.)
1609. *Nummularia pusilla*.—Branches.
1759. *Capnodium Walteri*. V.—Branches and living leaves.
1945. *Botryotrichum Lachnella*. V.—Branches and spines.
- Cabbage**—*Brassica oleracea*, L.
- Callistemon** sp.
1751. *Meliola polytricha*.—Leaves.
- Camellia japonica**, L. (Camellia.)
1718. *Sphaerulina Camelliae*. V.—Leaves.
1976. *Macrosporium Camelliae*. V.—Leaves.
2114. *Sacidium Camelliae*. V.—Leaves.
- Canthium latifolium**, F. v. M.
2079. *Diplodia canthifolia*. V.—Leaves.
- Capparis** sp. (Caper.)
1693. *Didymosphæria conoidella*.—Dead branches.
- Capparis Mitchellii**, Lind.
1550. *Calonectria otagensis*.—Twigs.
- Carex** sp. (Sedge.)
1943. *Periconia nigrella*.—Leaves.
2168. *Ustilago leucoderma*. V.—Sheaths.
- Carica Papaya**, L. (Papaw.)
1980. *Macrosporium peponicolum*.—Fruit.
- Carissa ovata**, R. Br.
1472. *Puccinia Carissæ*.—Leaves.
- Carnation**—*Dianthus Caryophyllus*, L.
- Cassia** sp.
1523. *Uredo pallidula*.—Leaves, twigs, and legumes.
2001. *Tubercularia leguminum*.—Legumes.
- Cassinia aculeata**, R. Br.
1674. *Gibberidea plagia*. V.—Twigs.
- Castanospermum australe**, Cunn. and Fraser. (Moreton Bay Chestnut.)
1733. *Asterina platystoma*.—Leaves.
2064. *Chaetophoma eutricha*.—Leaves.
- Castor-oil Plant**—*Ricinus communis*, L.
- Casuarina** sp. (Sheoak.)
761. *Fomes ignarius*. V.—Trunks.
936. *Hexagonia decipiens*. V.—Trunks.
1864. *Trichopeziza Sphaerula*.—Dead bark.
1865. *Dasyscypha Eucalypti*. V.—Leaves.
2146. *Pestalozzia Casuarinæ*. V.—Branches.
- Cat's-ear**—*Hypochaeris glabra*, L.
- Cauliflower**—*Brassica oleracea*, L.
- Celery**—*Apium graveolens*, L.
- Cerastium glomeratum**, Thuill.
1893. *Pseudopeziza Cerastiorum*.—Leaves and calyx.
- Cherry**—*Prunus Cerasus*, L.
- Chiloglottis diphylla**, R. Br.
1455. *Uromyces orchidearum*. V.—Leaves.
- Chionaspis Citri**. (Coccus of Orange.)
2017. *Microcera rectispora*.
- Chrysanthemum** sp.
1909. *Oidium Chrysanthemi*. V.—Leaves.
- Cicada** sp.
1991. *Isaria Cicadæ*. V.
- Citrus** sp.
1136. *Corticium nudum*.—Bark.
1756. *Capnodium citri*. V.—Leaves.
- Citrus Aurantium**, L. (Orange.)
2124. *Glœosporium citricolum*.—Leaves.
1756. *Capnodium citri*. V.—Leaves.
- Citrus Limonium**, Risso. (Lemon.)
2123. *Glœosporium Citri*. V.—Branches.
- Cladium** = *Gahnia*.
- Clavaria** sp. (Fungus.)
1930. *Verticillium eximium*.
- Clematis aristata**, R. Br. (Native Supple-jack.)
1520. *Uredo Clematidis*. V.—Leaves.
- Clematis microphylla**, D. C.
1520. *Uredo Clematidis*. V.—Leaves.
- Clover**—*Trifolium* sp.
- Club Rush**—*Scirpus nodosus*, Rott.
- Coccus** sp.
2016. *Microcera ecccophila*.
- Compositæ**.
1506. *Æcidium Compositarum*. V.
2205. *Synchytrium Taraxaci*. V.—Leaves.
- Coniferæ**.
47. *Armillaria mellea*. V.—Stumps.
724. *Polyporus tabulæformis*.—Trunks.
735. *Fomes annosus*.—Trunks.
1755. *Capnodium australe*.—Branches.
1940. *Horniscium pithyophilum*.—Branches and leaves.
- Coprosma Billardieri**, J. Hook.
2267. *Puccinia Coprosmatidis*. V.—Leaves.
- Cordyline australis**, Hook.
2041. *Phoma Cordylinis*.
- Cordyline terminalis**, Kunth.
2026. *Phyllosticta Cordylinis*.—Leaves.

Cordyline terminalis, var. *Cannæfolia*.
1640. *Phyllachora nervisequia*.—Living and dry leaves.

Correa Lawrenciana, Hook.
1729. *Asterina correicola*. V.—Leaves.
2261. *Puccinia Correae*.—Leaves.

Cotula sp.
1896. *Fahræa rhytismoides*. V.—Leaves.

Crinum pedunculatum, R. Br.
2041. *Phoma Cordylines*.—Old leaves.

Cruciferae.
1505. *Accidium Barhareæ*.
2193. *Cystopus candidus*. V.—Leaves, stems, &c.
2258. *Plasmodiophora Brassicæ*. V.—Roots.

Cryptandra parvifolia, Turcz. = *Spyridium*.
1525. *Uredo Spyridii*. V.—Leaves.

Cucumis Melo, L. (Melon.)
2131. *Glœosporium lagenarium*—Epicarp.
2131A. *Glœosporium lagenarium*, var. *Cucurbitarum*.

Cucurbita sp.
2131A. *Glœosporium lagenarium*, var. *Cucurbitarum*.—Fruit.

Cucurbita lagenaria = *Lagenaria vulgaris*.

Cucurbitaceæ.
1697. *Didymella Bryoniæ*.—Twigs.

Cndrania javanensis, Tréc.
1653. *Rhytisma hypoxanthum*.—Leaves.

Cupania sp.
1743. *Meliola amphitricha*. V.—Leaves.

Cnpania anacardioides, Rich.
2151. *Pestalozzia versicolor*.—Leaves.

Cycas sp.
1755. *Capnodium australe*.—Branches.
2216. *Perichæna applanata*.—Rotting Cycads.

Cynara Scolymns, L. (Artichoks.)
1981. *Macrosporium Readeri*. V.—Dry stems.

Cyperus sp.
2157. *Ustilago axicola*. V.—Fruits and panicles.

Cyperus lucidus, R. Br.
2161. *Ustilago catenata*.—Spikes.

Daisy—*Bellis perennis*, L.

Danthonia sp. (Oat grass.)
2165. *Ustilago destruens*. V.—Inflorescence.
2168. *Ustilago leucoderma*. V.—Sheaths.
2173. *Ustilago segetum*. V.

Danthonia penicillata, F. v. M.
2165. *Ustilago destruens*. V.
2176. *Ustilago Tepperi*.—Flowers and upper portions of stem.

Darnel—*Lolium temulentum*, L.

Date Palm—*Phoenix dactylifera*, L.

Daviesia latifolia, R. Br.
1965. *Cercospora Daviesiæ*. V.—Fading leaves.
2042. *Phoma Daviesiæ*. V.—Dead leaves.

Dendrobium speciosum, Smith.
2088. *Diplodina Dendrobil*.—Leaves.

Dianthus caryophyllus, L. (Carnation.)
2280. *Septoria Dianthi*. V.—Leaves.

Dichondra repens, R. and G. Forst.
1470. *Puccinia Berkeleyana*. V.—Leaves.

Dicksonia sp.
1790. *Geoglossum Walteri*. V.—Stems.

Dioscorea sp. (Native Yam.)
1717. *Sphærella smilacicola*.—Leaves.

Diploglottis Cunninghamii, J. Hook.
1449. *Uromyces Diploglottidis*.—Fading leaves.
2043. *Phoma Diploglottidis*.—Fading leaves.

Ditch Millet—*Paspalum scrobiculatum*, L.

Dock—*Rumex* sp.

Drake—*Lolium temulentum*, L.

Drimys aromatica, F. v. M. = *Tasmania aromatica*.
(Native Pepper Tree.)
1651. *Darwiniella glohulosa*.—Leaves.

Dwarf Mallow—*Malva rotundifolia*, L.

Elæodendron sp.
2147. *Pestalozzia funerea*.—Leaves.

Encephalartos Denisonii, F. v. M. = *E. Hopei*. = *Macrozamia*.
436. *Flammula picrea*. V.—Dead trunks.
1669. *Cryptosphærella Macrozamia*.—Fruit.
2067. *Dothiorella pericarpica*.—Pericarp.
2125. *Glœosporium Denisonii*.—Leaves.

Epilobium glabellum, Forst.
1473. *Puccinia Epilohii*. V.—Leaves.

Eragrostis Brownei, Nees.
1538. *Hypocrella axillaris*.

Erechtites quadridentata, D. C.
2262. *Puccinia Erechtitis*. V.

Eriachne sp.
2156. *Ustilago australis*. V.—Spikelets.
2184. *Sorosporium Eriachnes*.—Spikelets.

Erythrina vespertilio, Beuth.
2239. *Didymium pezizoideum*.—Dead wood.

Eucalyptus sp.
264. *Marasmius putredinis*. V.
987. *Xylostroma giganteum*. V.—Heart-wood

A. ON LEAVES.

258. *Marasmius lignyodes*. V.
259. *Marasmius meloniiformis*.—Leaves and branches.
1639. *Phyllachora maculata*. V.
1644. *Dothidella inæqualis*. V.
1646. *Montagnella Eucalypti*. V.
1647. *Montagnella rugulosa*. V.
1650. *Bagnisiella rugulosa*. V.
1664. *Trabutia Eucalypti*. V.
1710. *Sphærella cryptica*. V.
1715. *Sphærella nubilosa*. V.
1743. *Meliola amphitricha*. V.
1746. *Meliola densa*.
1763. *Aulographum Eucalypti*. V.
1857. *Phialea ccratina*.
1865. *Daayscypha Eucalypti*. V.
1891. *Stictis smarginata*. V.
1897. *Coccomyces delta*. V.

1940. *Hormiscium pithyophilum*.—Leaves and branches.
 1966. *Cercospora epicoccoides*. V.
 1967. *Cercospora Eucalypti*. V.
 2008. *Hymenula Eucalypti*. V.
 2015. *Fusarium rubicolor*.—Spreading over galls on leaves.
 2040. *Phoma australis*. V.
 2055. *Phoma purpurea*.
 2066. *Dothiorella Eucalypti*. V.
 2071. *Sphaeropsis phomatoidea*. V.
 2090. *Stagonospora obicularis*. V.
 2091. *Camarosporium Eucalypti*. V.
 2107. *Martinella Eucalypti*. V.
 2108. *Leptothyrium aristatum*. V.
 2109. *Leptothyrium Eucalyptorum*. V.—Fallen leaves.
 2110. *Piggotia substellata*. V.
 2111. *Melasmia Eucalypti*. V.
 2118. *Leptostromella Eucalypti*. V.
 2142. *Stilbospora foliorum*. V.
 2149. *Pestalozzia monochaeta*.
- B. ON BRANCHES.**
249. *Marasmius Eucalypti*.—And fruit.
 259. *Marasmius meloniformis*.—And leaves.
 1899. *Patinella Adamsoni*. V.
 1940. *Hormiscium pithyophilum*.—And leaves.
 2089. *Hendersonia Eucalypti*. V.—And leaves.
- C. ON BARK.**
161. *Pleurotus Eucalyptorum*.
 292. *Lentinus hepatotrichus*.
- D. ON TRUNKS.**
668. *Polyporus Eucalyptorum*. V.
 715. *Polyporus spumeus*. V.
 772. *Fomes obliquus*. V.
 816. *Polystictus Eucalypti*. V.
 940. *Hexagonia Muelleri*.
 1069. *Stereum fasciatum*. V.
 1109. *Hymenochaete Kalchrenneri*. V.
 1314. *Cyathus pusio*.
- E. ON ROTTEN WOOD.**
324. *Panus lateritius*.
- Eucalyptus amygdalina**, Lahill. (Peppermint Gumtree.)
 149. *Pleurotus affixus*.—Bark of young trees.
 987. *Xylostroma giganteum*. V.—Wood.
 1719. *Microthyrium amygdalinum*.—Living leaves.
 1754. *Asteridium Eucalypti*.—Dead leaves.
- Eucalyptus corymbosa**, Sm. (Bloodwood Tree.)
 987. *Xylostroma giganteum*. V.—Wood.
- Eucalyptus Globulus**, Lahill. (Bluegum Tree.)
 2005. *Illosporium obscurum*. V.—Leaves.
 2027. *Phyllosticta Eucalypti*. V.—Leaves.
 2044. *Phoma eucalyptidea*. V.—Living or fading leaves.
 2050. *Phoma Molleriana*. V.—Fallen leaves.
 2115. *Sacidium Eucalypti*. V.—Dead leaves.
- Eucalyptus hsmiphloia**, F. v. M. (Box Eucalypt.)
 698. *Polyporus phlephorus*.—Stems.
 1410. *Xylopodium australe*. V.—Trunk.
- Eucalyptus incrassata**, Lahill. (Mallee.)
 2120. *Protostegia Eucalypti*. V.—Dead leaves.
- Eucalyptus largiflorens**, F. v. M. = *E. bicolor*. (Box Eucalypt.)
 2139. *Pestalozziella circulare*. V.—Dead leaves.
- Eucalyptus maculata**, Honk, (Spotted Gum.)
 987. *Xylostroma giganteum*.—Wood.

- Eucalyptus microtheca**, F. v. M.
 2207A. *Tuhulina cylindrica*, var. *Nitidissima*.
- Eucalyptus obliqua**, L'Her. (Messmate = Stringyback Tree.)
 899. *Poria mollusca*. V.—Dead bark.
- Eucalyptus pauciflora**, Sieher. (Whitegum Tree.)
 2135. *Glœosporium nigricans*. V.—Leaves.
 2139. *Pestalozziella circulare*. V.—Dead leaves.
- Eucalyptus pilularis**, Smith. (Blackhutt Tree.)
 1731. *Asterina microthyrioides*. V.—Leaves.
 1768. *Lembosia orbicularis*.—Leaves.
- Eucalyptus siderophloia**, Benth. (Ironbark Tree.)
 987. *Xylostroma giganteum*.—Wood.
- Eucalyptus tsrsticoruis**, Smith. (Flooded Gumtree.)
 474. *Crepidotus haustellaris*.—Rotten trunks.
 1720A. *Micropeltis applanata*, var. *depauperata*.—Languid leaves.
- Eucalyptus viminalis**, Lahill. (Manna Gumtree.)
 150. *Pleurotus applicatus*.—V.
 1690. *Rhamphoria tenella*.—Rotten wood.
 2059. *Phoma viminalis*. V.—Leaves.
 2143. *Coryneum viminale*. V.—Leaves.
- Eucalyptus virgata**, Sieh. (Mountain Ash.)
 987. *Xylostroma giganteum*.—Wood.
- Eugenia** sp.
 1734. *Asterina reptans*.—Leaves.
 1744. *Meliola cladotricha*. V.—Leaves.
 2179. *Entyloma Eugeniæ*.—Leaves.
- Euouymus** sp. (Spindle Tree.)
 1711. *Sphaerella Euonymi*. V.—Dead leaves.
- Evsrlastings**—*Helichrysum* sp.
- Exocarpos latifolia**, R. Br.
 250. *Marasmius Exocarpi*. V.—Trunks.
- Fagus Cunninghamii**, Hook. (Native Beech.)
 1776. *Cyttaria Gunnii*. V.—Branches.
- Fennel**—*Fœniculum vulgare*, Mill.
- Fsrns.**
 110. *Mycena flavovirens*. V.—Tree ferns.
 122. *Mycena stylobates*. V.
 158. *Pleurotus clitocyphoides*. V.—Stems.
 459. *Naucoria siparia*. V.—Stems.
 568. *Mycena pterigena*. V.—Stems.
 998. *Hydnum filicola*. Stems.
 1226. *Clavaria tasmanica*.—Tree ferns.
 1760. *Antennaria Robinsoni*.—V.
 1762. *Antennaria semiovata*.
- Ficus** sp. (Fig.)
 1648. *Bagnisiella catervaria*.—Leaves.
- Ficus aspra**, Forst.
 2012. *Fusarium hypocreoides*.—Fading leaves.
- Ficus Carica**, L. (Fig.)
 1641. *Phyllachora rhytismoides*.—Leaves.
- Fimbristylis** sp.
 1636. *Phyllachora Fimbristylis*.
 2157. *Ustilagn axicola*. V.—Fruits and panicles.

Fir.

1161. *Aleurodiscus amorphus*.—Trunks and branches.
1268. *Calocera stricta*. V.—Dead leaves.

Flat-leaved Rush—*Juncus planifolius*, R. Br.

Flat-weed—*Hypochoeris radicata*, L.

Flax—*Linum usitatissimum*, L.

Flindersia sp.

1743. *Meliola amphitricha*. V.—Leaves.
2270. *Xylaria ianthino-velutina*.—Old fruit.

Flindersia australis, R. Br.

1594. *Xylaria scopiformis*.—Decaying fruit.

Flooded Gum-tree—*Eucalyptus tereticornis*, Sm.

Foeniculum vulgare, Mill. (Fennel.)

1953. *Cladosporium herbarum*. V.—Stems.

Fomes gryphæformis, Cooke = *Polyporus* (Fungus).

1003. *Hydnum isidioides*.—Hymenium.

Formica sp. (Ant.)

1989. *Stilbum Formicarum*. V.—Dead ants.

Fox-tail Grass—*Alopecurus sp.*

Fragaria vesca, L. (Strawberry.)

1712. *Sphærella Fragariæ*. V.—Leaves.
2028. *Phyllosticta fragaricola*.—Leaves.

Gahnia filum, F. v. M. = *Cladium filum*.

2185. *Sorosporium Muellcrianum*. V.—Panicles.

Gahnia tetraquetra, F. v. M.

2126. *Glæosporium epicladii*.—V.

Garlic—*Allium sativum*, Bauh.

Geranium sp.

1680. *Venturia circinans*. V.—Leaves.

Glycine clandestina, Wend.

1968. *Cercospora Glycines*. V.—Living leaves.

Gnaphalium purpureum, L.

2268. *Puccinia investita*, Schwein. V.—Leaves and stems.

Goodeniaceæ.

2204. *Synchytrium Succisæ*. V.—Leaves and leaf-stalks.

Goodenia sp.

1457. *Uromyces puccinioides*. V.—Leaves and flower-stalks.
1508. *Æcidium Goodeniacearum*. V.—Leaves.

Goodenia geniculata, R. Br.

1495. *Puccinia Saccardoi*. V.—Leaves.

Goodenia pinnatifida, Schlecht.

1503. *Æcidium Goodeniacearum*. V.—Leaves.

Goodenia ovata, Smith.

2046. *Phoma Goodeniarum*. V.—Fading leaves.
2137. *Glæosporium subglobosum*. V.—Fading leaves.

Goodia lotifolia, Sal.

1513. *Æcidium soleniiforme*.
1713. *Sphærella Goodiæfolia*. V.—Leaves.

Goose-grass—*Poa annua*, L.

Grape-vine—*Vitis vinifera*, Bauh.

Grass.

241. *Marasmius calopus*. V.—Roots.
451. *Naucoria frusticola*. Roots
467A. *Tubaria inquilina*. var. *Ebola*.—Roots.
1045. *Thelephora cristata*.—Running over grass.
1533. *Epichlæ cinerea*.
1637. *Phyllachora graminis*. V.—Leaves.
1682. *Chætomium comatum*. V.—Rotting grass.
1714. *Sphærella graminicola*. V.—Leaves.
1724. *Erysiphe graminis*. V.—Leaves and stems.
1992. *Isaria graminiperda*.—V.
2051. *Phoma nitida*.—V.
2243. *Spumaria alba*.—V.
2256. *Leocarpus fragilis*.

Grass-tree—*Xanthorrhæa sp.*

Grevillea sp. (Silky Oak.)

169. *Pleurotus lampas*. V.—Languid stems.
1708. *Sphærella atra*.—Leaves.
2273. *Phyllachora Grevilleæ*.—Leaves.

Groundsel—*Senecio sp.*

Hakea sp.

1517. *Uredo angiosperma*.—Leaves.

Hakea lorea, R. Br.

1728. *Asterina Baileyi*.—Leaves.

Hardenbergia = *Kennedyia*.

Hedycarya Cunninghami, Tul.

2129. *Glæosporium Hedycaryæ*. V.—Fading leaves.

Helianthus annuus, L. (Sun Flower)

1476. *Puccinia Helianthi*. V.—Leaves.

Helichrysum sp. (Everlastings.)

1480. *Puccinia Kalchbreuneri*. V.—Leaves.

Hemarthria compressa, R. Br. (Sugar Grass.)

1493. *Puccinia Rubigo-vera*.

Heteropogon = *Andropogon*.

Hibiscus sp.

1477. *Puccinia heterospora*.—Leaves.

Holly—*Ilex Aquifolium*, L.

Hollyhock—*Althæa rosea*, Cav.

Hordeum distichon, Bauh. (Barley.)

1475. *Puccinia graminis*. V.
1493. *Puccinia Rubigo-vera*. V.
2178c. *Ustilago segetum*, var. *Nuda Hordei*. V.—Ear.

Hormogyne cotinifolia, D. C.

943. *Hexagonia sericea*.—Trunks.

House Fly—*Musca domestica*.

Hovea longifolia, R. Br.

1730. *Asterioa hoveaefolia*.—Leaves.

Hoya australis, R. Br.

2130. *Glæosporium intermedium*.

Hydrocotyle asiatica, L.

2206. *Protomyces macrosporus*.

Hydrocotyle hirta, R. Br.

1486. *Puccinia munita*.—Leaves.

Hymenochæte sp. (Fungus.)

986. *Merulius tenuissimus*.

- Hypochaeris glabra**, L. (Cat's Ear.)
1478. *Puccinia Hieracii*.
- Hypochaeris radicata**, L. (Flatweed.)
1478. *Puccinia Hieracii*. V.—Leaves of flowering stems.
2263. *Puccinia Hypochaeris*. V.—Leaves.
- Hypoxyton** sp. (Fungus.)
1558. *Dialonectria tephrothele*.
- Ilex Aquifolium**, L. (Holly.)
1859. *Pseudohelotium ilicinolum*. V.—Branches.
- Insects.**
1528. *Cordyceps entomorrhiza*. V.—Larvæ.
1528A. *Cordyceps entomorrhiza*, var. *Menesteridis*. V.
Larvæ.
1529. *Cordyceps Gunnii*. V.—Larvæ.
1530. *Cordyceps Hawkesii*.—Larvæ.
1531. *Cordyceps ophioglossoides*.
1532. *Cordyceps Taylori*. V.—Larvæ.
1926. *Sporotrichum densusum*.—Dead insects.
1994. *Isaria suffruticosa*.—Hairy caterpillar.
- Ironbark-tree**—*Eucalyptus siderophloia*, Hook.
- Isolepis** = *Scirpus*.
- Jacksonia scoparia**, R. Br.
1464. *Cronartium Asclepiadeum*.—Leaves.
1516. *Ræstelia polita*. V.—Branches.
- Jasminum racemosum**, F. v. M.
778. *Fomes pullus*.—Branches.
- Juncus** sp. (Rush.)
115. *Mycena juncicola*. V.—Dead rushes.
1479. *Puccinia Junci*. V.
1638. *Phyllachora Junci*. V.
2172. *Ustilago pilulæformis*. V.—Ovaries.
- Juncus maritimus**, Lam.
1451. *Uromyces Junci*. V.
- Juncus pallidus**, R. Br. (Sheathed Rush.)
1518. *Uredo armillata*. V.
- Juncus planifolius**, R. Br. (Flat-leaved Rush.)
2171. *Ustilago Muelleriana*. V.—Sceds.
- Kangaroo Grape-vine**—*Vitis antarctica*, Benth.
- Kangaroo Grass**—*Anthistiria ciliata*, L.
- Kennedy** sp. = *Hardeubergia*.
2029. *Phyllosticta Hardenbergiæ*. V.—Leaves.
- Kennedy monophylla**, Vent.
2094. *Septoria Hardenbergiæ*.—Leaves.
- Kennedy prostrata**, R. Br. (Native Scarlet-runner.)
1969. *Cercospora Kennedyæ*. V.—Leaves.
- Kochia sedifolia**, F. v. M.
1481. *Puccinia Kochiæ*. V.—Leaves.
- Lactuca** sp. (Lettuce.)
1490. *Puccinia Prenanthis*. V.
- Lagenaria vulgaris**, Sér. = *Cucurhita lagenaria*. (Bottle Gourd.)
1672. *Eutypa polyscia*—*Epicarp*.
- Lagenophora Billardieri**, Cass. (Bottle Thistle.)
1482. *Puccinia Lagenophoræ*. V.—Leaves.
1737. *Dimerosporium Ludwigianum*. V.—Fading leaves.
- Leersia hexandra**, Swartz. (Native Rice-grass.)
2182. *Thecaphora inquinans*.—Inflorescence.
- Leguminosæ.**
1540. *Polystigma australiense*. V.—Leaves, rarely stems.
1742. *Parodiella Perisporioides*. V.—Leaves.
2191. *Schinzia Leguminosarum*. V.—Roots.
- Lemon**—*Citrus Limonium*, Risso.
- Lepidium ruderales**, L.
2284A. *Peronospora parasitica*, var. *Lepidii*. V.—Leaves, stem, and fruit.
- Lepidosperma** sp. (Sword-rush.)
1699. *Anthostomella Lepidospermæ*.—V.
1937. *Coniosporium pterospermum*. V.
2095. *Septoria Lepidospermi*. V.—Leaves.
- Lepiota bubalina**, Berk. (Fungus.)
1918. *Aspergillus Muellieri*. V.
- Leptocarpus tenax**, R. Br.
2183. *Thecaphora Leptocarpi*. V.—Ovaries.
- Leptospermum** sp. (Tea-tree.)
152. *Pleurotus australis*.—Roots.
2060. *Aposphæria Leptospermi*. V.—Bark.
- Leptospermum lævigatum**, F. v. M. (Saudstay.)
2075. *Coniothyrium olivaccum*. V.—Involucres.
2116. *Melophia Leptospermi*. V.—Leaves.
- Leptospermum scoparium**, Forst.
1997. *Harpographium Corynelioides*. V.—Branches.
2144. *Hyaloceras dilophosporum*. V.—Leaves.
- Lettuce**—*Lactuca* sp.
- Lichens.**
2003. *Illosporium flavellum*.
- Limnanthemum indicum**, Thwaites.
1509. *Æcidium nymphoidis*.—Leaves.
- Limosella** sp.
1453. *Uromyces Limosellæ*.—Leaves.
- Linum marginale**, Cunn. (Native Flax.)
1461. *Melampsora Lini*. V.—Leaves.
- Linum usitatissimum**, L. (Flax.)
1461. *Melampsora Lini*. V.—Leaves.
- Litsea** sp.
1704. *Læstidia Litseæ*.—Leaves.
- Litsea dealbata**, Nees. (Black Ash.)
1643. *Dothidella apiculata*.—Fading leaves.
- Lobelia anceps**, Thun.
1469. *Puccinia aucta*. V.—Leaves.
- Lobelia pedunculata**, R. Br.
1469. *Puccinia aucta*. V.—Leaves.
- Lobelia platycalyx**, F. v. M.
1469. *Puccinia aucta*. V.—Leaves.
- Locellinia cyenopotamia**, Sacc. (Fungus.)
1434. *Arachnion Drummondii*.—Attached to above fungus.

- Lolium** sp. (Rye-grass.)
1992. *Isaria graminiperda*. V.
- Lolium perenne**, L. (Rye-grass.)
1493. *Puccinia rubigo-vera*. V.
1527. *Claviceps purpurea*. V.—Inflorescence.
1992. *Isaria graminiperda*. V.
- Lolium temulentum**, L. (Darnel, Drake.)
1527. *Claviceps purpurea*. V.—Inflorescence.
- Loosestrife**—*Lytbrum hyssopifolia*, L.
- Lucerne**—*Medicago sativa*, L.
- Lyonsia reticulata**, F. v. M.
2274. *Peziza Lyonsiæ*.—Leaves.
- Lythrum hyssopifolia**, L. (Loosestrife.)
2049. *Phoma Lythri*. V.—Fading leaves.
2181. *Doassansia punctiformis*. V.—Leaves.
- Macrozamia** = *Encephalartos*.
- Maidenhair Fern**—*Adiantum* sp.
- Maize**—*Zea Mays*, L.
- Mallee**—*Eucalyptus incrassata*, Labill.
- Malva rotundifolia**, L. (Dwarf Mallow.)
1485. *Puccinia Malvaccarum*. V.—Leaves and stems.
- Mangifera indica**, L. (Mango.)
2131. *Glæosporium lagenarium*.—Fruit.
2150. *Pestalozzia uvicola*.—Fruit.
- Manna Gum-tree**—*Eucalyptus viminalis*, Labill.
- Marsdenia** sp.
2045. *Phoma folliculorum*.—Follicles.
2081. *Diplodia Marsdeuiæ*.—Follicles.
- Meadow Grass**—*Poa* sp.
- Medicago sativa**, L. (Lucerne.)
1703. *Læstadia destructiva*. V.—Leaves.
1894. *Pseudopeziza Medicaginis*. V.—Leaves.
- Melaleuca** sp. (Tea-tree.)
1260. *Guepinia merulina*.—Rotten wood.
1705. *Læstadia Melaleucæ*.—Leaves.
- Melon**—*Cucumis Melo*, L.
- Messmate**—**Stringybark Tree**—*Eucalyptus obliqua*, L'Hér.
- Microtis porrifolia**, R. Br.
1454. *Uromyces Microtidis*.—Leaves.
- Mint Tree**—*Prostantbera lasiantha*, Labill.
- Moluccas Bramble**—*Rubus Moluccanus*, L.
- Moreton Bay Chestnut**—*Castanospermum australe*, Cunn.
- Morus** sp. (Mulberry.)
2102. *Phleospora Mori*. V.—Leaves.
- Moss**.
232. *Cantharellus lobatus*. V.
671. *Pleurotus cyphellæformis*.
1045. *Thelephora cristata* = *Soppitticella cristata*.
1140. *Corticium simulans*. V.
1168. *Cyphella muscigena*. V.
2215. *Lamproderma Listeri*.
2241. *Didymium spumarioides*.
2251. *Physarum rubibasis*.
2258. *Leocarpus fragilis*.
- Mountain Ash**—*Eucalyptus virgata*, Sieb.
- Muehlenbeckia** sp.
2087. *Darlucia filum*.
- Muehlenbeckia adpressa**, Meiss.
1494A. *Puccinia rumicis-scutati*, var. *Muehlenbeckia*. V.—Leaves.
- Muehlenbeckia Cunninghamii**, F. v. M.
1516. *Ræstelia polita*. V.—Branches.
- Mulberry**—*Morus* sp.
- Musa** sp.
1748. *Meliola Musæ*.
- Musa Cavendishii**, Lamb. (Banana.)
2131A. *Glæosporium lagenarium*, var. *Cucurbitarum*.
2134. *Glæosporium Musarum*.—Fruit.
- Musca domestica**, L. (House-fly.)
2203. *Empusa Muscæ*. V.
- Musk-Tree**—*Aster argopyllus*, Labill.
- Myoporum insulare**, R. Br.
2097. *Septoria Myoporii*. V.—Leaves.
- Myoporum platycarpum**, R. Br.
1649. *Bagnisiella endopyria*. V.—Leaves
- Myriangium** sp. (Lichen.)
1859. *Pseudohelotium ilicinolum*.—V.
- Myrtus** sp. (Myrtle.)
2083. *Ascochyta apiospora*.—Leaves.
2147. *Pestalozzia funerea*.—Leaves.
- Native Beech**—*Fagus Cuninghamii*, Hook.
- Native Flax**—*Linum marginale*, Cunn.
- Native Honeysuckle**—*Banksia* sp.
- Native Pepper-tree**—*Drimys aromatica*, F. v. M.
- Native Raspberry**—*Rubus parvifolius*, L.
- Native Rice-grass**—*Leersia hexandra*, Swartz.
- Native Sassafras**—*Atberosperma moschatum*, Labill.
- Native Scarlet-runner**—*Kennedyia prostrata*, R. Br.
- Native Supple-jack**—*Clematis aristata*, R. Br.
- Native Yam**—*Dioscorea* sp.
- Nepenthes** sp. (Pitcher plant.)
1823. *Humaria Tbozetii*.
- Nerium Oleander**, L. (Oleander.)
2098. *Septoria oleandrina*.—Leaves.
- Nesodaphne** = *Bcilschmiedia*.
- Nettle**—*Urtica* sp.
- Neurachne alopecuroides**, R. Br.
2175. *Ustilago Tepperi*.
- Nicotiana Tabacum**, L. (Tobacco.)
2201. *Peronospora Hyoscyami*. V.—Leaves.
- Norway-Spruce**—*Pinus picea*, Du Roi.
- Oak**—*Quercus Robur*, L.
- Oat-grass**—*Danthonia* sp.

- Oats**—*Avena sativa*, L.
- Olea paniculata**, R. Br.
1767. *Lemhosia graphioides*.—Leaves.
- Oleander**—*Nerium Oleander*, L.
- Omalanthus populifolius**, Grah.
2063. *Asteromella Homalanthi*.—Leaves.
- Oncoptera intricata**, Walk. (Insect.)
2279. *Isaria Oncopterae*. V.—Dead Larvæ.
- Onion**—*Allium cepa*, L.
- Opercularia varia**, J. Hook.
1507. *Æcidium cystoseiroides*.
2267A. *Puccinia Coprosomatis* var. *Opercularia*. V.—
Leaves and leaf-stalks.
- Orange**—*Citrus Aurantium*, L.
- Oxalis corniculata**, L.
2276. *Oidium Oxalidis*. V.—Leaves, stem, and fruit.
- Palm**.
164. *Pleurotus Gardneri*.—Petioles and half-rotten fronds.
2031. *Phyllosticta palmicola*.—Leaves.
2053. *Phoma plagia*.—Leaves.
- Panicum** sp.
2166. *Ustilago Digitaliæ*. V.
- Panicum paradoxum**, R. Br.
2164. *Ustilago confusa*. V.
- Papaw**—*Carica Papaya*, L.
- Paspalum scrobiculatum** L. (Ditch Millet.)
2162. *Ustilago Cesatii*. V.
2190. *Cerehella Paspali*.—Glumes.
- Passiflora** sp. (Passion-flower.)
266. *Marasmius rhyticeps*.—Twigs.
1561. *Lisiella Passifloræ*.—Stems.
1949. *Scolecotrichum atriellum*.—Twigs.
1998. *Harpoglyphum quaternarium*.—Dead twigs.
2014. *Fusarium longisporum*.—Twigs.
2103. *Phlyctæna Passifloræ*.—Twigs.
- Pea**—*Pisum sativum*, L.
- Peach**—*Prunus Persica*, J. Hook.
- Pear**—*Pyrus communis*, L.
- Pelargonium australe**, Willd.
1474. *Puccinia Geranii*. V.—Leaves.
- Peppermint Gumtree**—*Eucalyptus amygdalina*, Lahill.
- Phalaris minor**, Retz.
1475. *Puccinia graminis*. V.
- Phaseolus vulgaris**, L. (Bean.)
2188. *Glœosporium Lindemuthianum*. V.—Legume.
2260. *Uromyces Phaseoli*.—All parts, more especially leaves.
- Phoenix dactylifera**, L. (Date Palm.)
2188. *Graphiola Phoenixis*.
- Phyllica** sp.
402. *Pholiota phyllicigena*.—Trunks.
- Pinus** sp.
1157. *Coniophora olivacea*.—V.—Decayed wood.
1940. *Hormiseium pithyophilum*.—Branches.
2105. *Sphæroneumella rufa*.—Pine chips.
- Pinus contorta**, Doug.
1144. *Peniophora carnea*.
- Pinus picea**, Du Roi. (Norway Spruce.)
1110. *Hymenochaete Mougeotii*. V.—Trunks.
- Piperomia** sp.
1727. *Eurotium lateritium*.—Leaves.
- Pisum sativum**, L. (Pea.)
2133. *Glœosporium Lindemuthianum*. V.—Legume.
2141. *Marsonia deformans*. V.—Leaves, stipules, &c.
- Pitcher-plant**.—*Nepenthes* sp.
- Pittosporum rubiginosum**, Cunn.
1716. *Sphærella ruhiginosa*.—Leaves.
- Plagiauthus sidoides**, Hook.
2264. *Puccinia Plagianthi*.—Leaves and flowers.
- Plane-tree**.—*Platanus* sp.
- Plantago** sp.
1510. *Æcidium Plantaginis*. V.—Leaves.
- Plantain**.—*Plantago* sp.
- Platanus** sp. (Plane-tree.)
2052. *Phoma notha*.—Dead branches.
- Platylobium** sp.
2033. *Phyllosticta Platylobii*. V.—Leaves.
- Plum**.—*Prunus domestica*, L.
- Poa** sp. (Meadow-grass.)
1489. *Puccinia Poarum*. V.
2047. *Phoma graminis*.—Stems.
- Poa annua**, L.—(Goose-grass.)
1489. *Puccinia Poarum*. V.
1493. *Puccinia ruhigo-vera*. V.
2232. *Ustilago Poarum*. V.—Foliage especially.
- Polygoum** sp.
2167. *Ustilago emodensis*.—Stems, &c.
2180. *Sphacelotheca hydropiperis*.—Ovaries.
2180. *Sphacelotheca hydropiperis*, var. *Columollifera*.—Ovaries.
- Polygoum Hydropiper**, L. (Water-pepper.)
2176. *Ustilago utriculosa*. V.—Stems and ovaries.
- Polygoum minus**, Huds.
2176. *Ustilago utriculosa*. V.—Stems and ovaries.
- Polyporus**, sp. (Fungus.)
1551. *Hypomyces aurantius*.
1552. *Hypomyces chrysospermus*. V.
1553. *Hypomyces membranaceus*.
1554. *Hypomyces rosellus*.
1928. *Sepedonium aureo-fulvum*. V.
- Polyporus gryphæformis** = *Fomes gryphæformis*.
- Polyporus portentosus**, Berk. (Fungus.)
2054. *Phoma portentosa*. V.—Cap.
- Polystictus cinnabarinus**, Cooke = *Polyporus*. (Fungus.)
1939. *Torula mycetophila*. V.—Cap.
- Potato**.—*Solanum tuberosum*, L.
- Prostanthera lasiantha**, Lahill (Mint-tree.)
2084. *Phyllosticta Prostantheræ*. V.—Leaves.
2076. *Coniothyrium septorioides*. V.—Leaves.

Proteaceæ.2037. *Phyllosticta soriformis*. V.—Leaves.**Prunus Amygdalus**, J. Hook. (Almond.)1491. *Puccinia Pruni*. V.—Leaves.
1901. *Exoascus deformans*. V.—Leaves.
2065. *Dothiorella Amygdali*. V.—Bark.**Prunus Amygdalus**, var. *amara*. (Bitter Almond.)1935. *Trichothecium rosenm.* V.—Fruit.**Prunus Armeniaca**, L. (Apricot.)1908. *Monilia fructigena*. V.—Fruit.
2025. *Phyllosticta circumscissa*. V.—Leaves and fruit.**Prunus Cerasus**, L. (Cherry.)2025. *Phyllosticta circumscissa*. V.—Leaves and fruit.**Prunus domestica**, L. (Plum.)1491. *Puccinia Pruni*. V.—Leaf.
1721. *Podospaera tridactyla*. V.—Leaf.
1908. *Monilia fructigena*. V.—Fruit.**Prunus Persica**, J. Hook. (Peach.)1491. *Puccinia Pruni*. V.—Leaves and fruit.
1901. *Exoascus deformans*. V.—Leaves.
1908. *Monilia fructigena*. V.—Fruit.
1963. *Helminthosporium rhabdiferum*.—Ripe fruit.
2065. *Dothiorella Amygdali*. V.—Bark.
2278. *Cladosporium carpophilum*.—Fruit.**Pyrus communis**, L. (Pear.)1908. *Monilia fructigena*. V.—Fruit.
1947. *Fusicladium dendriticum*. V.—Leaves and fruit.
1948. *Fusicladium pyrinum*. V.—Leaves and fruit.
1957. *Cladosporium stenoporum*.—Leaves.
2127. *Glœosporium fructigenum*.—Fruit.**Pyrus Malus**, L. (Apple.)1721. *Podospaera tridactyla*. V.—Young leaves and shoots.
1908. *Monilia fructigena*. V.—Fruit.
1935. *Trichothecium roseum*. V.—Fruit.
1947. *Fusicladium dendriticum*. V.—Leaves.
2138. *Glœosporium versicolor*. V.—Rotting fruit.**Queensland-Kauri**.—*Agathis robusta*, *Masters*.**Quercus Robur**, L. (Oak.)1952. *Cladosporium epiphyllum*. V.—Leaves.**Ranunculus parviflorus**, L.1511. *Æcidium Ranunculacearum*. V.—Leaves.**Ranunculus rivularis**, Banks and Sol. (Water Crowfoot.)1511. *Æcidium Ranunculacearum*. V.—Leaves.**Red Ash**.—*Alphitonia excelsa*, Reiss.**Reeds**.—*Arundo* sp.**Rhagodia Billardieri**, R. Br.1524. *Uredo Rhagodiæ*. V.—Leaves.**Rhipogonum** sp.1866. *Dasyscypha glahrescens*. V.
1868. *Dasyscypha lanariceps*. V.**Rhipogonum parviflorum**, R. Br.1662. *Diatrype glomeraria*. V.—Branches.**Ricinus communis** L. (Castor Oil plant.)1172. *Cyphella villosa*. V.—Rotting stems
1694. *Physalospora gregaria*.—Stems.**Rosa** sp. (Rose.)1502. *Phragmidium subcorticium*. V.—Leaves.
1722. *Sphaerotheca pannosa*. V.—Leaves.
1911. *Oidium leucoconium*. V.—Leaves.
2035. *Phyllosticta Rosæ*. V.—Leaves.
2056. *Phoma Rosarum*.—Twigs.
2072. *Sphaeropsis Rosarum*.—Branches.
2086. *Actinonema Rosæ*. V.—Leaves.**Rubus fruticosus**, L. (Bramble.)2036. *Phyllosticta Rubornm*. V.—Fading leaves.**Rubus Moluccanus**, L. (Moluccas Bramble.)1503. *Hamaſpora longissima*.—Leaves.**Rubus parvifolius**, L. (Native Raspberry.)1500. *Phragmidium Barnardi*. V.—Leaves.**Rumex** sp. (Dock.)1465. *Puccinia Acetosæ*.—Leaves and stems.
1494. *Puccinia Rumicis-scutati*.—Leaves, leaf-stalks, and stems.**Rumex Brownii**, Campd.1483. *Puccinia Ludwigii*. V.—Leaves.**Rush** (*Juncus* sp.).**Russula** sp. (Fungus.)96. *Collyhia tuherosa*.—Putrid specimens.**Rye-grass**—*Lolium perenne*, L.**Saccharum officinarum**, L. (Sugar-cane.)1256. *Dacryomyces Sacchari*.—Stems.
1452. *Uromyces Kuehnii*.—Leaves.
1696. *Physalospora Sacchari*.—Leaves.
1979. *Macrosporium graminum*.—Leaves.
2021. *Strumella Sacchari*.—Stalk and leaf.
2057. *Phoma Sacchari*.—Leaves and stems.**Salix** sp. (Willow.)182. *Pleurotus salignus*. V.
783. *Fomes salicinus*.—Trunks.**Salix Babylonica**, Tourn. (Weeping willow.)2069. *Cytospora xanthosperma*. V.—Branches.**Sandstay**—*Leptospermum lavigatum*, F. v. M.**Sarsaparilla**—*Smilax* sp.**Scævola** sp.1508. *Æcidium Goodeniacearum*. V.—Leaves.**Schœnus imberbis**, R. Br.2187. *Urooystis solida*. V.**Scirpus nodosus**, Rott. = *Isolepis*. (Club Rush.)1492. *Puccinia rimosa*. V.
1635. *Phyllachora anceps*.—Stems.**Scirpus prolifer**, Rott.2169. *Ustilago marmorata*. V.—Leaves.**Sedge**.—*Carex* sp.**Selliera** sp.1457. *Uromyces puccinioides*. V.—Leaves and flower-stalks.
1508. *Æcidium Goodeniacearum*. V.—Leaves.**Senecio** sp. (Groundsel.)1512. *Æcidium Senecionis*. V.**Senecio Bedfordii**, F. v. M.2096. *Septoria Martinii*. V.—Leaves.

- Senecio odoratus**, Horn.
1170. *Cyphella polycephala*.
- Senecio velleioides**, Cunn.
1506. *Æcidium Compositarum*. V.—Leaves.
- Serjania**.
1954. *Cladosporium hypophyllum*.—Leaves.
- Sheathed Rush**—*Juncus pallidus*, R. Br.
- Sheep's Burr**—*Acæna sanguisorbæ*, Vahl.
- She Oak**—*Casuarina* sp.
- Silky Oak**—*Grevillea* sp.
- Smilax** sp. (Sarsaparilla.)
1717. *Sphærella smilacicola*.—Leaves.
1753. *Zukalia loganiensis*.—Leaves.
2113. *Actinothecium Scortechinii*.—Leaves.
- Solanum Dallachyi**, Benth.
1681. *Chatomium cymatotrichum*.—Leaves.
- Solanum Lycopersicum**, L. (Tomato.)
1912. *Oidium Lycopersicum*. V.—Stem and leaves.
1982. *Macrosporium Tomato*. V.—Ripe tomatoes.
- Solanum tuberosum**, L. (Potato.)
2018. *Epicoccum scabrum*.—Leaves and stems.
- Solanum verbascifolium**, L.
1970. *Cercospora Solanacea*.—Leaves.
- Sorghum** sp.
2087. *Darlucæ filum*.
- Speedwell**—*Veronica* sp.
- Sphæria** sp. (Fungus.)
1169. *Cyphella parasitica*.
- Spindle-tree**—*Euonymus* sp.
- Spinifex hirsutus**, Lahill.
2174. *Ustilago Spinificis*.—Flowers and spikes.
- Sporobolus** sp.
1533. *Epichle cinerea*.
- Sporobolus indicus**, R. Br. (Tussock Grass.)
1962. *Helminthosporium Raveuelii*.—Inflorescence.
- Spotted Gum**—*Eucalyptus maculata*, Hook.
- Spyridinm** = *Cryptandra*.
- Stipa** sp. (Spear Grass.)
2163. *Ustilago comburens*.
- Strawberry**—*Fragaria vesca*, L.
- Styphelia** sp.
1646. *Nectria ferruginea*. V.—Leaves, bracts, &c.
- Styphelia straminea**, Spreng = *Cyathodes*.
1766. *Glonium tardum*.—Leaves.
- Sugar Cane**—*Saccharum officinarum*, L.
- Sugar Grass**—*Hemarthria compressa*, R. Br.
- Sunflower**—*Helianthus annuus*, L.
- Sweet-scented Acacia**—*Acacia suaveolens*, Willd.
- Sword Rush**—*Lepidosperma* sp.
- Tabernamontana orientalis**, R. Br. (Bitter Bark.)
1504. *Æcidium Apocyni*.—Leaves.
- Tasmannia** = *Drimys*.
- Tea-tree**—*Leptospermum* sp., and *Melaleuca* sp.
- Tecoma jasminoides**, Lind.
2112. *Melasmia Tecomatis*.—Leaves.
- Tetracera Wuthiana**, F. v. M.
1752. *Meliola Tetracera*.—Leaves.
- Thatch-reed**—*Arundo Phragmites*, L.
- Tinea**. (Insect.)
1528. *Cordyceps entomorrhiza*. V.—Larva.
- Tobacco**—*Nicotiana Tabacum*, L.
- Tomato**—*Solanum Lycopersicum*, L.
- Trema aspera**, Blume.
1732. *Asterina pelliculosa*.—Leaves.
1738. *Dimerosporium parvulum*.—Living leaves.
2062. *Asteromella epitrema*.—Living leaves.
- Tremella fuciformis**, Berk. (Fungus.)
1684. *Roselliua tremellicola*.
- Tricoryne anceps**, R. Br.
2073. *Sphæropsis Tricorynes*.—Leaves.
- Trifolium** sp. (Clover.)
1459. *Uromyces Trifolii*.—V.
1642. *Phyllachora Trifolii*. V.—Leaves.
1895. *Pseudopeziza Trifolii*. V.—Languishing leaves.
2241. *Didymium spumarioides*.
- Tristania** sp.
2055. *Phoma purpurea*.—Leaves.
- Tristania conferta**, R. Br. (Brisbaue Box.)
1749. *Meliola octospora*.—Leaves.
2084. *Ascochyta brunnea*.—Leaves.
- Tristania laurina**, R. Br.
1961. *Helminthosporium puccinioides*.—Fading or dead leaves.
- Triticum vulgare**, Vill. (Wheat).
1475. *Puccinia graminis*. V.—Leaves, stem, and ear.
1493. *Puccinia rubigo-vera*. V.—Leaves, stem, and ear.
1527. *Claviceps purpurca*. V.—Inflorescence.
1953. *Cladosporium herbarum*. V.—Leaves, stem, and ear.
1979. *Macrosporium graminum*.—Leaves.
2074. *Sphæropsis Triticæ*. V.—Dead leaves and sheaths.
2100. *Septoria Triticæ*. V.—Stem, leaves, and ear.
2159. *Ustilago bullata*. V.—Ears.
2173a. *Ustilago segetum*, var. *Triticæ*. V.—Ear.
2178. *Tilletia Triticæ*. V.—Grains.
2186. *Urocystis occulta*. V.—Stem, leaves, glumes.
- Tussock Grass**—*Sporobolus indicus*, R. Br.
- Typha** sp. (Bulrush).
1958. *Cladosporium Typharum*. V.—Leaves.
- Urtica** sp. (Nettle).
1614. *Æcidium Urticæ*. V.
- Veronica** sp. (Speedwell).
1515. *Æcidium Veronicæ*.—V.
- Vine**—*Vitis vinifera*, Bauh.
- Viola** sp.
1498. *Puccinia Violæ*.—V.
2101. *Septoria Violæ*. V.—Fading leaves.

Viola hederacea, Labill.1466. *Puccinia aëgra*. V.—Leaves.**Vitis** sp.1824. *Phillipsia polyporoides*.—Dead stems.**Vitis antarctica**, Benth. (Kangaroo Grape-vine).2030. *Pbylosticta neurospileæ*—Leaves.**Vitis vinifera**, Bauh. (Grape Vine.)1163. *Cyphella albo-violascens*. V.—Branches.1698. *Didymella cladophila*.—Branches.1725. *Erysiphe vitigera*. V.—Leaves.1914. *Oidium Tuckeri*. V.—Leaves and grapes.1951A. *Cladosporium Asteroma*, var. *minor*.—Foliage.1971. *Cercospora viticola*.—Leaves.1983. *Fumago vagans*.—Living leaves.2000. *Isariopsis clavisporea*.—Leaves.2039. *Phoma ampelina*. V.—Twigs.2058. *Phoma uvicola*. V.—Grapes.2078. *Chaetomella brachyspora*. V.—Bark and branches.2085. *Robillarda sessilis*.—Fading leaves.2122. *Glœosporium ampelophagum*. V.—Grapes, rarely leaves or branches.2136. *Glœosporium pestiferum*. V.—Twigs, flower-stalks, and grapes.2150. *Pestalozzia uvicola*.—Leaves and grapes.2200. *Plasmopara viticola*.—Leaves.**Water Crowfoot**—*Ranunculus rivularis*, Banks and Sol.**Water-pepper**—*Polygonum Hydropiper*, L.**Weeping Willow**—*Salix Babylonica*, Tourn.**Wheat**—*Triticum vulgare*, Vill.**White Gumtree**—*Eucalyptus pauciflora*, Sieh.**Wild Oats**—*Avena fatua*, L.**Willow**—*Salix* sp.**Wurmbseæ dioica**, F. v. M.1499. *Puccinia Wurmbseæ*.—Leaves.1526. *Uredo Wurmbseæ*.—Leaves.(This is probably the *Uredo*-stage of the same fungus.)**Xanthorrhœa** sp. (Grass tree.)1002. *Hydium investiens*.—In cavities of trunk.**Xanthoxylum** sp.1758. *Capnodium salicinum*.**Zea Mays**, L. (Maize.)1496. *Puccinia Sorghi*.1931. *Verticillium lateritium*. V.1959. *Helmiutbosporium inconspicuum*.—Fading leaves.2170. *Ustilago Maydis*.2177. *Tilletia epiphylla*.—Leaves.2247. *Physarum didermoides*—Bracts.**Zygophyllum ammophilum**, F. v. M. (Bean Caper.)1460. *Uromyces vesiculosa*.—Leaves and stems.

LIST OF WORKS ON AUSTRALIAN FUNGI.

III.—LIST OF WORKS ON AUSTRALIAN FUNGI.

1. ABBOTT (F.)—"Smut in Wheat." Proc. Roy. Soc., Tasm., 1889.
The nature of smut stated, and means for prevention given.
2. AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT.—New South Wales, Queensland, South Australia, Tasmania, and Victoria.
Reports and Bulletins issued up to date contain various papers on parasitic fungi, the more important of which are noted under authors' names.
3. Agricultural Gazette of New South Wales. Department of Agriculture, Vols. I.-V.—(continued.) Sydney, 1890-94.
Contains numerous articles on fungus diseases, the more important of which are given under authors' names.
4. ANDERSON (H. C. L.)—"Rust in Wheat: Experiments, and their Objects." Ag. Gaz., N.S.W., I., Pt. I., 1890.
A variety of measures suggested for trial in order to minimize the effects of rust.
5. BACKHOUSE (J.)—"A Narrative of a Visit to the Australian Colonies." 8vo. London, 1843.
Reference at p. 119 to Punk and an edible fungus near Emu Bay in Tasmania; also in Appendix D, p. xl, to the common Mushroom and *Mytilis australis*.
6. BAILEY (F. M.)—"A General Account of the Flora of Tropical Queensland." Proc. Linn. Soc., N.S.W., II., 1878.
Some of the more important fungi referred to.
7. ————"Medicinal Plants of Queensland." Ibid. V., 1880.
Hirneola auricula-judæ, or Jew's Ear, referred to.
8. ————"A Synopsis of the Queensland Flora." 8vo. Brisbane, 1883.
9. ————"A Classified Index of the Indigenous and Naturalized Plants of Queensland." 8vo. Brisbane, 1883.
10. ————"Contributions to the Queensland Flora." Proc. Roy. Soc., Q., I., Pt. I., 1884.
Eighty-two species of fungi recorded.
11. ————"Contributions to the Queensland Flora." Pt. II., *ibid.*, 1884.
Eleven species of fungi recorded.
12. ————"Contributions to the Queensland Flora." Part III., *ibid.*, 1884.
Seven species of fungi recorded.
13. ————"A Synopsis of the Queensland Flora." First Supplement. 8vo. Brisbane, 1886.
14. ————"Classified Index of the First Supplement to the Indigenous and Naturalized Plants of Queensland." 8vo. Brisbane, 1886.
15. ————"A Synopsis of the Queensland Flora." Second Supplement. 8vo. Brisbane, 1888.
16. BAILEY (F. M.)—"Classified Index of the Second Supplement to the Indigenous and Naturalized Plants of Queensland." 8vo. Brisbane, 1888.
17. ————"Supplement to the Report of the Botany of the Bellenden-Ker Expedition—Fungi collected or observed about the Bellenden-Ker Range." Ann. Rep. Dept. Ag., Q., 1890.
Fifty-seven species of fungi are recorded, fourteen of which are new to Australia.
18. ————"A Synopsis of the Queensland Flora." Third Supplement. 8vo. Brisbane, 1890.
Includes first addendum to third supplement.
19. ————"Catalogue of the Plants of Queensland." 8vo. Brisbane, 1890.
Includes second addendum to third supplement.
20. ————"Contributions to the Queensland Flora." Bull. 4, or Bot. Bulletin I. Dept. Ag., Q., 1890.
Strumella sacchari (Cooke) and *Peronospora hyoscyami* (De Bary) recorded.
21. ————"Final Supplement to the Report of the Botany of the Bellenden-Ker Expedition." Ann. Rep. Dept. Ag., Q., 1891.
Aschersonia tahitensis (Mont.), *Entyloma Eugenia-rum* (Cooke and Mass.), *Asterina reptans*, (Berk. and Cooke) added.
22. ————"Additional Fungus Blights observed to have injured Plants during the Year." *Ibid.*, 1891.
Five species are mentioned altogether, occurring on Vines, Hollyhocks, Tobacco plant, and native plants.
23. ————"Contributions to the Queensland Flora." Bull. 7, or Bot. Bull. II. Dept. Ag., Q., 1891.
24. ————"Contributions to the Queensland Flora." Bull. 9, or Bot. Bull. III. Dept. Ag., Q., 1891.
Glaosporium pestiferum (Cooke and Mass.) briefly defined.
25. ————"Contributions to the Queensland Flora." Bull. 13, or Bot. Bull. IV. Dept. Ag., Q., 1891.
Fourteen species of fungi described.
26. ————"Additional Fungus Blights." Report of Colonial Botanist in Ann. Rep. Dept. Ag., Q., 1892.
Twelve species of fungi are recorded.
27. ————"Contributions to the Queensland Flora." Bull. 18, or Bot. Bull. V. Dept. Ag., Q., 1892.
Ten species of fungi are recorded, and most of them described.
28. ————"A Review of the Fungus Blights which have been observed to injure Living Vegetation in the Colony of Queensland." Report Aust. Assoc. Adv. Sci., Hobart, IV., 388, 1892.
Blights are classed under epiphytes and parasites, twenty-five species under the former and one hundred and fifteen under the latter, with hosts.

29. BAILEY (F. M.)—"Contributions to the Queensland Flora." Botany Bull. VIII. Dept. Ag., Q., 1893.
Forty-five species of fungi are recorded.
30. ——— "Additional Fungus Blights." Report of Colonial Botanist in Ann. Rep. Dept. Ag., Q., 1893.
Six fungi are noted and two new.
31. ——— "Companion for the Queensland Student of Plant Life."
32. ——— "Botany abridged." Dept. Ag., Q., 1894.
Edible fungi in Queensland recorded.
33. ——— "Contributions to the Queensland Flora." Botany Bull. IX. Dept. Ag., Q., 1894.
Thirty-six species described and two recorded without description.
34. BAILEY (F. M.) and GORDON (P. R.)—"Plants reputed Poisonous and Injurious to Stock." 8vo. Brisbane, 1887.
A few fungi are added, injurious to fodder plants. Nine altogether, with an illustration.
- BAILEY (F. M.)—[See "Tension-Woods (J. E.)"]
35. BANCROFT (J.)—"Experiments with Indian Wheats in Queensland." Proc. Roy. Soc., Queensland, I., Pt. 4, 1884.
Indian Wheats of the tall dark-bearded kinds found to be rust-resisting.
36. BANCROFT (T. L.)—"Notes on Bacterial Diseases of the Roots of Leguminosæ." Proc. Linn. Soc., N.S.W., Vol. VIII., Pt. I., 1893.
Five leguminous plants affected—Mimosa, Sesbania, Desmodium, Medicago, and Crotalaria.
37. BARWICK (J.)—"Smut in Wheat." Proc. Roy. Soc., Tasm., 1889.
Considers that it is grain damaged in threshing which is smutty, and self-sown grain is never smutty.
38. BELL (R.)—"Some Account of Red Rust and its Remedy." Pp. 10. Ballarat, 1893.
The remedy given is to apply a solution of common salt to the growing wheat plant—1 lb. of salt to 1 gallon of water.
39. BENNETT (G.)—"Gatherings of a Naturalist in Australasia." 8vo. Lond., 1850.
Reference to a luminous agaric.
40. BENSON (A. H.)—"Principal Insect and Fungus Pests in New South Wales, and their remedies." Ag. Gaz., N.S.W., III., Pt. 8, 1892.
Notices injurious fungi, with their remedies, on Citrus, Apple, Pear, Apricot, Plum, and Peach trees, and Vines.
41. ——— "Apple Culture." Ibid. V., Pt. 6., 1894.
Fungus diseases of Apple described and illustrated.
42. BERKELEY (M. J.)—"Contributions towards the Flora of Van Diemen's Land." Fungi. Ann. Nat. Hist. III., 1839.
Twenty-seven species given, twelve of which are common European fungi.
43. ——— "Description of Two New Fungi in the Collection of Sir W. J. Hooker." Hook., Jour. Bot. II., Pl. 1, 1840.
Lentinus fasciatus is described from Tasmania.
44. BERKELEY (M. J.)—"On some Entomogenous Sphæriæ." Hook., Lond. Journ. Bot. II., Pl. 1, 1843.
Seven described altogether, and one (*Sphæria Taylori*) described and figured from N.S.W.
45. ——— "Decades of Fungi." Decade I. Ibid. III, Pl. 2, 1844.
Three new species are described from Australia—*Agaricus nidiformis*, *Polyporus portentosus*, and *Aseræ rubra*.
46. ——— "Decades of Fungi." Decades III.-VII. Ibid. IV., Pl. 2, 1845.
Forty-nine new species described, and some figured.
47. ——— "Decades of Fungi." Decades VIII.-X. Ibid. IV., Pl. 2, 1845.
Three new species described—*Sphæria elevata*, *S. pulvinulus*, and *S. inspersa*.
48. ——— "Decades of Fungi." Decade XI. Ibid. V., 1846.
Four new species described for Australia—*Marasmius hepaticus*, *Hexagonia similis*, *Polyporus brunneo-leucis*, and *Peziza fusispora*.
49. ——— "On Cordyceps Gunnii." Hook., Lond. Journ. Bot. VII., 577, Pl. 22, 1848.
First described and figured.
50. ——— "On some Entomogenous Sphæriæ." Linn. Journ. I., Pl. 1, 1856.
Entomogenous species of *Cordyceps* mentioned for Australia—*C. Gunnii* and *C. Taylori*.
51. ——— "Introduction to Cryptogamic Botany." 8vo. London, 1857.
Refers to various Australian fungi, and gives drawings of some such as *Cyttaria Gunnii*.
52. ——— "Flora of Tasmania." Fungi. Hooker's Botany of the Antarctic Voyage. 4to. Pt. III., Vol. II., Pl. 4. Loudon, 1860.
Two hundred and seventy-five species are described, only about eight of which are peculiarly Australian.
53. ——— "Outlines of British Fungology." 8vo. Lond., 1860.
Tasmanian fungi referred to at pp. 34 and 35.
54. ——— "On a Collection of Fungi from Cuba." Journ. Linn. Soc. X., 1868.
Habitats given for species occurring also in Australia.
55. ——— "Australian Fungi, received principally from Baron F. von Mueller and Dr. R. Schomburgk." Ibid. XIII., 1873.
Fungi characterized, and where new described; received during a period of nearly twenty years.
56. ——— "Enumeration of the Fungi collected during the Expedition of H.M.S. *Challenger*." 1874-5. (Third notice.) Ibid. XVI., 1877.
Forty-nine species are recorded altogether from the neighbourhood of Sydney, N.S.W., and new species are described.
57. ——— "Gardener's Chronicle." 791, Fig. 130. 1878.
Description of *Cordyceps Menesteridis*—the same as, or a variety of, *C. entomorrhiza*.
58. ——— "Australian Fungi." Part II. Received principally from Baron F. von Mueller. Ibid. XVII., 1880.
A number of new species described.

59. BERKELEY (M. J.) and BROOME (C. E.)—"On some species of the genus *Agaricus* from Ceylon." *Trans. Linn. Soc.* XXVII., 149-152, Pl. 33-34, 1868.
60. ——— "The Fungi of Ceylon." *Linn. Journ. Bot.*, Vols. XI., XIV., and XV., 1870-75.
Contain descriptions of fungi common to Ceylon and Australia, between which countries remarkable coincidences occur in the distribution of some species.
61. ——— "List of Fungi from Brisbane, Queensland, with Descriptions of New Species." *Ibid.* I., 2nd Ser., Bot. I., Pl. 2, 1878.
About one hundred and twenty species recorded.
62. ——— *Ibid.* II., 2nd Ser., Pl. 6, 1882.
Fifty-three species recorded, for the most part common European ones.
63. ——— "List of Fungi from Queensland and other Parts of Australia, with Descriptions of New Species." *Ibid.* II., 2nd Ser., Pt. 3, Pl. 1, 1886.
Supplementary to previous lists.
64. BERKELEY (M. J.) and CURTIS (M. A.)—"Fungi Cuhenses (Hymenomycetes)." *Journ. Linn. Soc.* X., 1867.
Habitats given for species occurring also in Australia.
65. BICHENO (J. E.)—"On the Potato as an Article of National Diet, and the Potato Disease in connexion with Distress in Ireland." *Proc. Roy. Soc., Van Diemen's Land*, I., Pt. III., 1851.
Sceptical as to the disease originating with the Aphis; that more likely the insect is the effect than the cause.
66. BLIGHT IN WHEAT.—Dept. Ag., Vict., Bull. No. 1. June, 1888.
Disease similar to "Take-all."
67. BRESADOLA (J.) and SACCARDO (P. A.)—"Pugillus mycetum Australiensium," *Malpighia*, Genoa, 1890.
Eighty-three species are recorded, with plate, five of which are new.
68. BROWN (R.)—"Miscellaneous Botanical Works (Ray Society): General Remarks—Geographical and Systematical—on the Botany of Terra Australis." I., 1866. (Reprinted from the voyage to Terra Australis, by M. Flinders, London, 1814.)
Ten species of fungi are noted.
69. CAMPBELL (F. M.) [now Mrs. Martin].—"Victorian Fungi hitherto unrecorded." *Vict. Nat.* II., No. 11, 127, 1886.
Twenty-one species are given.
70. ——— "Thirty Species of Fungi hitherto unrecorded for Victoria." *Vict. Nat.* IV., No. 6, 95, 1887.
71. ——— "Vegetable Pathology." *Vict. Nat.* IV., No. 8, 124, 1887.
Reference is made to the importance of the subject, and the great damage done by fungus pests to our forest trees and cultivated plants.
72. ——— "Fungus Pests." *Vict. Roy. Com. Veg. Prod.*, 5th Progress Report, 1888.
Various fungus diseases pointed out, and a large and interesting collection exhibited.
73. CLARSON (W.)—"Blights and their Teachings." *Bull.* No. 5, Dept. Ag., Vict., Sept., 1889.
General reference to various fungus pests of the orchard.
74. CLARSON (W.)—"The Fruit Garden." Pts. I. and II. Melb., 1889.
Reference is made to fungus diseases under the different fruits.
75. CONN (N. A.)—"Peach Rust in our Orchards (*Uromyces amygdali*)." *Ag. Gaz.*, N.S.W., I., Pt. 1, 1890.
Description, with figure, and treatment recommended.
76. ——— "Report on Pumpkin Mould." *Ibid.* 1890.
Description and drawing of mould belonging to the *Erysipheæ*.
77. ——— "Contributions to an Economic Knowledge of the Australian Rusts (Uredineæ)." *Ag. Gaz.*, N.S.W., I., Pt. 3, 1890.
Methods of investigation given, and rust occurring around wheat paddocks recorded.
78. ——— "Notes on Diseases of Plants." *Ibid.* II., Pt. 1, 1891.
Anthracnose on Vines, *Fusicladium pyrinum*, *Sphaerella fragariæ*, and *Puccinia malvacearum* noted.
79. ——— "Pathological Notes." *Ibid.* II., Pt. 2, 1891.
Sphaerella destructiva (B. and Br.) on Lucerne, and red incrustation on fence-rails noted.
80. ——— "Notes on Diseases of Plants." *Ibid.* II., Pt. 3, 1891.
Bitter Rot of Apple (*Glaosporium versicolor*), Flax Rust (*Melampsora lini*), and Peach Rust (*Puccinia pruni*) noted.
81. ——— "Pathological Notes." *Ibid.* II., Pt. 4, 1891.
Maize Rust (*Puccinia maydis*) and Apple Scab (*Fusicladium dendriticum*) noted.
82. ——— "Notes on Diseases of Plants." *Ibid.* II., Pt. 5, 1881.
Cystopus candidus or White Rust, *Ustilago maydis* or Maize Smut, *Puccinia maydis* or Maize Rust, *Sphaerella destructiva* on Lucerne, and Water Core in Apples noted.
83. ——— "Notes on Diseases of Plants." *Ibid.* II., Pt. 6, 1891.
Mouldy Core in Apples and *Glaosporium pestiferum* of the Vine noted.
84. ——— "Notes on Diseases of Plants." *Ibid.* II., Pt. 8, 1891.
Apple Scab (*Fusicladium dendriticum*) and Strawberry Leaf Blight (*Sphaerella fragariæ*) again noted.
85. ——— "Notes on Diseases of Plants." *Ibid.* II., Pt. 10, 1891.
Onion Mildew (*Peronospora Schleideniana*), Tobacco Mildew (*Peronospora hyoscyami*), Banana Disease, and Bread Mould on Oranges noted. Potato Blight described, but not found in Australia.
86. ——— "Smut." *Ibid.* II., Pt. 11, 1891.
Oat Smut (*Ustilago avenæ*), Wheat Smut (*Ustilago tritici* and *Urocystis occulta*), Maize Smut (*Ustilago maydis*), and Stinking Smut of Wheat (*Tilletia foetens*) described.
87. ——— "Dialogue concerning the manner in which a Poisonous Spray does its work in Preventing or Checking Blight." *Ibid.* II., Pt. 12, 1891.
With various drawings showing how a fine spray acts upon the spores of a fungus.

88. Conn (N. A.)—"Contributions to an Economic Knowledge of the Australian Rusts (Uredineæ)." *Ibid.* III., Pt. 1, 1892.
What has been found out in this and other countries concerning Wheat Rust together with the examination of a number of varieties of wheat, and the kind of rust determined.
89. ——— "Contributions to an Economic Knowledge of the Australian Rusts (Uredineæ)." *Ibid.* III., Pt. 3, 1892.
Stiff flag, tough cuticle, and glaucousness found to be characteristic of rust-resistant Wheats. Various illustrative drawings and tables, among which the rust-devouring *Diplois* is given.
90. ——— "Economic Notes on Plant Diseases." *Ibid.* III., Pt. 4, 1892.
Apple Scab (*Fusicladium dendriticum*), Powdery Mildew of Apple (*Podosphera Kunzei*), Bitter Rot (*Glauosporium versicolor*), Mouldy Core and Water Core in Apples, Pear Scab (*Fusicladium pyrinum*), Shot Hole (*Phyllosticta circumscissa*), Anthracnose (*Glauosporium ampelinum*), Tufted-leaf Blight (*Cercospora viticola*), Strawberry-leaf Blight (*Sphaerella fragariae*), White Rust (*Cystopus candidus*), Pumpkin-leaf Oidium (*Oidium crysiphoides*), and Powdery Mildew of Rose (*Sphaerotheca pannosa*) illustrated and described.
91. ——— "Plant Diseases and how to Prevent them." *Ibid.* III., Pt. 6, 1892.
Pourridie or Mouldy Root of the Vine, Tufted-leaf Blight of Bean, and Apple Canker described, and remedies prescribed.
92. ——— "Plant Diseases and how to Prevent them." *Ibid.* III., Pt. 12, 1892.
"Take-all" and Dry Blight of Wheat and Oats and Leaf Curl of Peach described and illustrated. Also two new species of fungi—*Cyathus dimorphus* and *Tolyposporium anthistiria*.
93. ——— "Contributions to an Economic Knowledge of Australian Rusts (Uredineæ)." *Ibid.* IV., Pt. 6, 1893.
Seventy-one varieties of Wheat described and illustrated.
94. ——— "Contributions to an Economic Knowledge of Australian Rusts (Uredineæ)." *Ibid.* IV., Pt. 7, 1893.
Artificial crossing of Wheat and improving Wheats by selection fully described and illustrated.
95. ——— "Plant Diseases and their Remedies—Diseases of the Sugar Cane." *Ibid.* IV., Pt. 10, 1893.
The gumming of Sugar Cane is due to *Bacillus vascularum*, and the following five species of fungi are described and illustrated:—*Uromyces Kühni*, *Strumella sacchari*, *Macrosporium graminum*, *Phoma sacchari*, and an undetermined species causing "Red Rot."
96. ——— "Host and Habitat Index of the Australian Fungi." Ag. Dept., N.S.W. (Miscellaneous Publication, No. 16), p. 44, 1893.
Contains all the fungi recorded in Dr. Cooke's "Handbook of Australian Fungi."
97. ——— "Contributions to an Economic Knowledge of Australian Rusts (Uredineæ)." *Ibid.* V., Pt. 4, 1894.
Improving Wheat by selection.
98. ——— "Notes on Diseases of Plants." *Ibid.* V., Pt. 6, 1894.
Bean Anthracnose (*Colletotrichum Lindemuthianum*), Bean Rust (*Uromyces Phaseoli*), Peach Freckle (*Cladosporium carpophilum*), Black Rot of Tomato (*Macrosporium Tomato*), a Mango Blight (*Pestalozzia uvicola*, Speg.), Disease of Grass (*Helminthosporium Ravenelii*) illustrated and described.
99. COBB (N. A.)—"A New Australian Fungus." *Ibid.* V., Pt. 6, 1894.
Peziza Lyonsiae described and illustrated.
100. Conn (N. A.) and OLLIFF (A. S.)—"Insect Larva (Cecidomyia, sp.) Eating Rust on Wheat and Flax." *Ag. Gaz., N.S.W.*, II., Pt. 2, 1891. Also *Ann. Nat. Hist.* VII., 6th Ser. 1891.
Larva observed under the microscope unmistakably feeding on rust spores. The larva not only devours the spores but spreads the rust.
101. COOKE (M. C.)—"The Beech Morels of the Southern Hemisphere." *Pharm. Journ.* (3), I., 264, 1870.
Cyttaria Gunnii (B.), found on living branches of *Fagus Cunninghamii* and *F. Gunnii* in Tasmania, is figured and described.
102. ——— "Jew's Ear (*Hirneola auricula-jndæ*)." *Ibid.* 681, 1871.
Figured and popularly described.
103. ——— "Fungi: Their Nature, Influence, and Uses." 8vo. London, 1875.
Various Australian species referred to.
104. ——— "Australian Fungi." *Grev.* VI. 70, 1877.
Twelve species collected in neighbourhood of Melbourne by Mr. Le Fevre, one of which was undescribed, viz., *Trametes scrobiculata* (Berk.).
105. ——— "New Zealand Fungi." *Grev.* VIII. 54, 1879.
Thirty-six Australian species recorded.
106. ——— "Australian Fungi." *Grev.* IX. 142, 1881.
107. ——— "Australian Fungi." *Grev.* X. 60, 93, and 131, 1882.
108. ——— "Australian Fungi." *Grev.* XI. 28 and 57, 1882.
109. ——— "On Xylaria and its Allies." *Grev.* XI. 81, 1883.
Three new Australian species described.
110. ——— "Australian Fungi." *Grev.* XI. 97 and 145, 1883.
111. ——— "Hypoxylon and its Allies." *Grev.* XI. 121, 1883.
Three Australian species described.
112. ——— "Fungi." *Trans. Roy. Soc., S.A.*, Vol. XVI., Pt. 2, 1883.
Eleven species recorded and two described.
113. ——— "Fungi Australiani." 8vo., Pl. 4, pp. 72, London and Melbourne, 1883.
Hymenomyces, 783 species; *Gastromyces*, 111; *Myzomyces*, 33; *Æcidomyces*, 47; *Discomyces*, 84; *Pyrenomyces*, 94; *Hyphomyces*, 47; *Phycomyces* 4; total 1,203 species.
114. ——— "Some Exotic Fungi." *Grev.* XII. 85, 1884.
Meliola densa (Cooke) described.
115. ——— "Some Exotic Fungi—Australasia." *Grev.* XIV. 11, 1885.
Five species described.
116. ——— "Some Exotic Fungi." *Grev.* XIV. 89, 1886.
Phyllosticta palnicola (Cooke) described.
117. ——— "Exotic Fungi." *Grev.* XV. 16, 1886.
Six species described.
118. ——— "Some Australian Fungi." *Grev.* XV. 93, 1887.
Fourteen species described.

119. COOKE (M. C.)—"Some Australian Fungi." *Grev.* XVI. 97, 1887.
Nineteen species described.
120. ——— "New Australian Fungi." *Grev.* XVI. 1, 1887.
Thirty-five species described.
121. ——— "Two Remarkable Fungi." *Grsv.* XVI. 20, 1887.
Cerebella paspali and *Hemiarcyria applanata*.
122. ——— "Australasian Fungi." *Grev.* XVI. 30, 1887.
Nineteen species described.
123. ——— "Australian Fungi." *Grev.* XVI. 72, 1888.
Twenty-nine species described or referred to.
124. ——— "Australasian Fungi." *Grev.* XVI. 113, 1888.
Eight species described.
125. ——— "Australasian Fungi." *Grev.* XVII. 7, 1888.
Seven species described.
126. ——— "Australian Fungi." *Grev.* XVII. 55, 1889.
Seven species described.
127. ——— "Some Brisbane Fungi." *Grev.* XVII. 69, 1889.
Four species described.
128. ——— "New Australian Fungi." *Grev.* XVIII. 1, 1889.
Forty-two species described.
129. ——— "New Australian Fungi." *Grev.* XVIII. 25, 1889.
Six species described, and one new genus—*Seismosarca*.
130. ——— "Australian Fungi." *Grev.* XVIII. 1, 1890.
Thirty-six species mostly described.
131. ——— "Australian Fungi." *Grev.* XVIII. 49, 1890.
Two species described—*Sphaeropsis phomatoidea* and *Capnodiastrum orbiculatum*.
132. ——— "Australian Fungi." *Grev.* XVIII. 80, 1890.
Three species described.
133. ——— "On Campbellia—New Genus." *Grev.* XVIII. 87, 1890.
134. ——— "Australian Fungi." *Grev.* XIX. 5, 1890.
Five species described.
135. ——— "Australian Fungi." *Grev.* XIX. 44, 1890.
Fifteen species and new genus (*Chainoderma*) described.
136. ——— "Australian Fungi." *Grev.* XIX. 89, 1891.
Twenty-one species described.
137. ——— "Additions to Dædalea." *Grev.* XIX. 93, 1891.
Dædalea Muellerei described.
138. ——— "Trametes and its Allies." *Grev.* XIX. 98, 1891.
Sclerodepsis, *Trametes*, and *Hexagonia* noticed.
139. ——— "New Sub-genus of Agaricus." *Grev.* XIX. 104, 1891.
Metrararia insignis described.
140. ——— "Additions to Merulius." *Grev.* XIX. 108, 1891.
Merulius pelliculosus described.
141. COOKE (M. C.)—"Australian Fungi." *Grev.* XX. 4, 1891.
Seventeen species described.
142. ——— "Species of Cyphella." *Grev.* XX. 9, 1891.
Cyphella australiensis described.
143. ——— "Notes on Clavariæ." *Grev.* XX. 10, 1891.
Clavaria Muellerei (Berk.) and *C. tasmanica* (Berk.) are described.
144. ——— "Notes on Tbelephoræ." *Grev.* XX. 11, 1891.
Species of *Hymenochaete* and *Corticium* referred to.
145. ——— "Apple Scab (*Fusicladium dendriticum*)." *Grev.* XX. 27, 1891.
Noticing profusion of examples from Australia and methods of checking quoted.
146. ——— "Ceylon in Australia." *Grev.* XX. 29, 1891.
Ceylon species of fungi found also in Australia.
147. ——— "Australian Fungi." *Grev.* XX. 65, 1892.
Four species described.
148. ——— "A Mystery Solved." *Gardener's Chronicle*, 20th Oct., 1892.
Sclerotium of *Mylitta* with *Polyporus ovinus*.
149. ——— "Vegetable Wasps and Plant Worms—A Popular History of Entomogenous Fungi or Fungi Parasitic upon Insects." S.P.C.K., Loud., 1892.
Seven Australian forms are noted and described.
150. ——— "Handbook of Australian Fungi." 8vo., pp. 458. Pl. 36. London, 1892.
Gives a technical description of over two thousand species, and is intended to include all Australian fungi known to date.
151. ——— "Australian Fungi—A Supplement to Handbook." *Grev.* XXI. 35, 1892.
Twenty-four species recorded as additions and corrections to the Handbook.
152. ——— "Fungi." *Trans. Roy. Soc., S.A.*, XVI, Pt. II., 1893.
Eleven species recorded, and two described—*Stephensia arenivaga* (Cooke and Mass.) and *Diploderma Sabulosum* (Cooke and Mass.).
153. ——— "Exotic Fungi." *Grev.* XXI. 75, 1893.
A new species (*Diplodia Marsdenia*, C. and M.) described.
154. ——— "Australian Fungi." *Grev.* XXII. 36, 1893.
Nine new species described, and seven old ones recorded.
155. ——— "Australian Fungi." *Grev.* XXII. 68, 1893.
Two new species described—*Hypoxyylon atrophæricum* (Cooke and Mass.) and *Belonidium parasiticum* (Cooke and Mass.).
- COOKE (M. C.)—[See "Kalcbrenner (K)."]
156. COOKE (M. C.) and MASSEE (G.)—"Glæosporium pestiferum." *Gardener's Chronicle*, London, 1891.
157. CORNA (A. C. J.)—"Icones Fungorum bucusque cognitorum." 6 vols. Folio. 1837-54.
158. COUESLAND (F.)—"Disease of the Vine (or Oidium Tuckeri), and its Remedy." Pamphlet. Melb., 1876.
159. CRAWFORD (F. S.)—"The Apricot Disease." *Proc. Roy. Soc., S.A.*, 1884.
Phyllosticta circumscissa and *Helminthosporium rhabdiferum*.

160. CRAWFORD (F. S.)—"Report on the Fusieladins, the Codlin Moth, and certain other Fungus and Insect Pests attacking Apple and Pear Trees in South Australia." Pp. 70. Pl. 7. Adelaide, 1886.
Fusieladium dendriticum and *F. pyrinum* fully described and illustrated, and their history given, together with several remedies suggested.
161. ————"Insect and Fungus Pests." Vict. Roy. Com. Veg. Prod., 4th Progress Report and App. No. 5, 1887.
Refers to Fusieladiums and other fungus pests, and suggests a central department in Victoria for Vegetable Pathology.
162. ————"Insect and Fungus Pests." Proc. of First Congress of Ag. Bureau of S.A. Pl. 6. Adelaide, 1890.
Describes and illustrates rust in Wheat.
163. CRICHTON (D. A.)—"The Australasian Fruit Culturist." 8vo. Melbourne, 1893-4.
Under the heading of the various fruits gives the principal fungus diseases.
164. DRSEPEISSIS (J. A.)—"Anthracosis, or Black Spot of the Grape." Ag. Gaz., N.S.W., II., Pt. 7, 1891.
Drawings of *Sphaceloma ampelinum* and methods of treatment and remedies.
165. ————"Oidium in Grapes." Ibid. V., Pt. 10, 1894.
Experiments with different preparations in its treatment.
166. DRUMMOND (J.)—"Fungi of Swan River, West Australia." Hook., Lond. Journ. Bot. I., 1842.
A general account of some luminous fungi, in letter dated 1841.
167. ELLIS (Smith).—"Preventive for Rust in Wheat." Pp. 15, Melbourne, 1890.
Recommends that the seed-wheat be reaped when perfectly ripe, then to be kept perfectly dry, and finally sown in a wet seed bed, as the "Rust Smoke" perishes in water.
168. ENDLICHER (S.)—"Iconographia Generum Plantarum." Folio Vindob. 1838.
Aseræ pentactina figured = *A. rubra*, var. *pentactina*.
169. FISCHER (Ed.)—"Versuch einer Syst. Uebersicht über die bisher bekannten Phalloideen." 8vo. Berlin, 1886.
170. ————"Unters. z. vergl. Entwicklungsgeschichte und Systematik der Phalloideen, in Neue Denkschr. d. Allgem.-Schweiz. gesellsch. f. d. ges. Naturwiss." Bd. XXXII., p. 1, Zürich, 1889.
171. ————"Beiträge zur Kenntniss exotischer Pilze." Hedwigia, 2, 1891.
Refers to *Myliitta australis* (Berk.) and *Lentinus Cyathus* (Berk. and Br.).
172. FRIES (E. M.)—"Plantæ Preissianæ in Australasia Coll. Fungi." 8vo. Hamburg, 1846-7.
Forty-one species enumerated.
173. FULTON (T. W.)—"The Dispersion of the Spores of Fungi by the Agency of Insects, with Special Reference to the Phalloidei." Ann. Bot. III., No. X., 1889.
Ten Australian species referred to.
174. GALLOWAY (T. B.)—"Rust of Flax." Journ. Myc. V., No. 4, 1889.
Melampsora lini (D. C.) Tul., received from S.A.
GORNON (P. R.)—[See "Bailey (F. M.)"]
175. GRAY (G. R.)—"Notices of Insects that are known to form the bases of Fungoid Parasites." London, 1858 (privately printed).
Cordyceps Hawkesii (Gray) described and figured.
176. "Grevillea: A Monthly, now Quarterly, Record of Cryptogamic Botany and its Literature." Edited by Dr. M. C. Cooke, and now by G. Masee. 8vo. Illustrated. Vols. I.-XXII. London, 1872-94—(continued).
177. HAMLET (W. M.)—"Anthrax in Australia, with some Account of Pasteur's Method of Vaccination." Trans. Int. Med. Cong. Austr., 522, 1889.
178. HAVILAND (E.)—"On a Microscopic Fungus (*Oidium monilioides*) Parasitic on Cucurbitaceæ." Proc. Linn. Soc., N.S.W., I., 2nd Ser., 1886.
179. HEDWIGIA—"Ein Notizblatt für Cryptogamische Studien." 8vo. Illustrated. Vols. I.-XXXII.—(continued). Dresden, 1852-94.
HILL (W. H. F.)—[See "McAlpine (D.)"]
180. JENSEN (F. L.)—"The Strawberry (*Fragaria*): Its History and Cultivation." Ag. Gaz., N.S.W., III., Pt. 7, 1892.
Strawberry-leaf Blight referred to.
181. "Journal of the Bureau of Agriculture, South Australia." Monthly. Edited by A. Molineux, F.L.S. Vols. I.-VII, Adelaide, 1889-94—(continued).
Contains numerous useful notes on disease-causing fungi.
182. KALCHRENNER (K.)—"Phalloidei novi vel minus cogniti." 8vo. Buda-Pest, 1880.
183. ————"Fungi in reg. div. Australiae et Asiae a Jul. Remy collecti." 1863-6. 8vo. Toulouse, 1880.
Pholiota prominens described and illustrated (will be given in Supplement).
184. ————"Fungi of Australia—Basidiomycetes." Grev. VIII. 151, 1880.
Twenty species described.
186. ————"Definition of some new Australian Fungi." Proc. Linn. Soc., N.S.W., VII., 1882.
Eight species described.
186. ————"Fungi aliquot Australiae orientalis." Proc. Linn. Soc., N.S.W., VII., 1892.
Five species described.
187. ————"New Species of Agaricus discovered in Western Australia." Proc. Linn. Soc., N.S.W., VII., 1882.
Five new species described, and seven species recorded.
188. ————"Description of Two New Fungi." Proc. Linn. Soc., N.S.W., VIII., 1883.
Polyporus Pentzkei (Kalch.) and *Paxillus hirtulus* (F. v. M.) described.
189. ————"Gastromycetes novi vel minus cogniti." 8vo. Buda-Pest, 1883.
Australian species described, with coloured illustrations.
190. KALCHRENNER (K.) and COOKE (M. C.)—"Australian Fungi." Grev. IX. 1, 1880.
Sixteen species recorded, fifteen of which are described, and a new genus (*Anthurus*) constituted.
191. KYNGDON (F. B.)—"Rust in Wheat." Address at Conference. Ag. Gaz., N.S.W., I., Pt. I., 1890.
Suggests experiments for dealing with it.

192. LABILLANNIÈRE (J. J.)—"Relation du Voyage à la Recherche de la Pérouse." 2 vols., 4to., with atlas in folio, Paris, An. VIII., 1799-1800; or English translation, in 1 vol., 4to., or 2 vols., 8vo., London, 1800.
193. ————"Novæ Hollandiæ Plantarum Specimen." 2 vols., 4to. Paris 1801-1806.
Genus *Aseroë* founded, and *A. rubra* described and figured, from a specimen found in Tasmania.
194. LAMN (S.)—"Tobacco: Its Cultivation in Northern Queensland." Bull. 6, Dept. Ag., Q., 1890.
Tobacco Blight referred to, and remedy recommended.
195. ————"Tobacco: Its Cultivation in Southern Queensland." Bull. 15, Dept. Ag., Q., 1892.
Blue Mould (*Peronospora hyoscyami*) stated to be very destructive in North Queensland, but not as common in South Queensland.
196. LÉVEILLÉ (J. H.)—"Champignons Exotiques," in Ann. Sci. Nat., 3rd Ser., Vols. II.-III., 8vo. Paris, 1844.
Sphæria (Conferia) atra, N. sp. [*Sphærella*], and *S. (Conf.) labecula*, N. sp. [*Physalospora*] from New Holland, described.
197. ————"Descr. des Champ. de l'Herbier du Mus. de Paris," in Ann. Sci. Nat. (3) V. III., 249, 1846.
Thelephora (Stereum) Leichardtiana, Lev., from Moreton Bay, and *Sphæria (Conferia) sphaerosia*, Lev., with *Dothidea Grevillæ*, Lev., from Swan River, described.
198. LIVRASINOE (A.)—"Disease in the Sugar Cane, Queensland." Pamphlet, pp. 34 (no date).
Disease known as "Rust" and fungus considered to be the consequence of and not cause of disease.
199. LUDWIG (F.)—"Ueber einige neue Pilze aus Australien" (On some New Fungi from Australia). Bot. Cent., Pt. XLIII., 1890, and Cassel 1889.
200. ————"Contributions to the Fungal Flora of Australia." Translated and communicated by J. G. O. Tepper. Roy. Soc., S. A., XIV. 55, 1891.
Contains lists of the Australian *Uredineæ*, *Ustilagineæ*, and the parasitic enemies of Eucalypts and Acacias.
201. ————"Ueber neue Australische Rostkrankheiten" (On New Australian Rust Diseases). Zeitschrift f. Pflanzenkrankheiten. Vol. II., Pt. 3, 130-4, 1892.
Two new species are described—*Puccinia Tepperi* (Ldw.) on *Arundo Phragmites*, and *Puccinia munita* on the underside of the leaves of *Hydrocotyle hirta*. Also *Puccinia Magnusiana* (Körn) on *Arundo Phragmites*.
202. ————"Ueber einige Rost- und Brand-pilze, Australiens" (On some Rust and Smut Australian Fungi). Zeitschrift f. Pflanzenkrankheiten. Vol. III., Pt. 3, 137-9, 1893.
Five species described, four of which are new—viz., *Puccinia Burchardiae*, *Ustilago Spinificis*, *U. comburens*, and *U. catenata*.
203. MAINEN (J. H.)—"Australian Indigenous Plants providing Human Food and Food Adjuncts." Proc. Linn. Soc., N.S.W., 1888.
Agaricus (Psalliota) campestris and *Mylitta australis* mentioned.
204. ————"The Useful Native Plants of Australia (including Tasmania)." 8vo. Sydney and London, 1889.
Agaricus campestris and *Mylitta australis* noted with reference to their edible qualities.
205. MAINEN (J. H.)—"A Bibliography of Australian Economic Botany." Tech. Ed. Series, No. 10. Sydney, 1892.
References given to economic fungi.
206. ————"Native Bread or Native Truffle (Polyporous *Mylitta*, C. and M., syn. *Mylitta australis*, Berk.)" Ag. Gaz., N.S.W., IV., Pt. 12, 1893.
Description and drawing given and preliminary chemical examination made.
207. MASSEE (G.)—"Monograph of the Genus *Lycoperdon*." Journ. Roy. Micr. Soc., Pl. II., 1887.
One hundred and twenty-nine species recorded, eleven of which are found in Australia.
208. ————"Monograph of the Genus *Calostoma*. Desv. (*Mitremyces*, Nees)." Ann. Bot. II., No. V., 1888.
Calostoma fusca and *C. lurida* described.
209. ————"A Revision of the Trichiaceæ." Journ. Roy. Micr. Soc., Pl. 4, 1889.
Fifty-one species recorded, seven of which are found in Australia.
210. ————"Monograph of the British Gastromycetes." Ann. Bot. IV., No. XIII., 1889.
The habitats are given for Australia.
211. ————"Monograph of the Genus *Podaxis*." Journ. Bot., Feb., 1890.
212. ————"Monograph of the Thelephoreæ." Part I.—Journ. Linn. Soc., Pl. 3, 1890. Part II.—Journ. Linn. Soc., Pl. 3, 1891.
A number recorded for Australia.
213. ————"Monograph of Myxogastres." 8vo. Coloured plates. Lond., 1892.
Forty-five Australian species are described.
214. ————"Notes on Exotic Fungi in the Royal Herbarium, Kew." Grev. XXI. 1, 1892.
Cyathus Baileyi (Mass.) from Brisbane described.
215. ————"Australian Fungi." Grev. XXII. 17, 1893.
Two new species described—*Puccinia Kochia* (Mass.) and *Xylaria Readeri* (F. v. M.); and *Phoma uvicola* recorded.
- MASSEE (G.)—[See "Cooke (M. C.)"]
216. McALPINE (D.)—"Report of the Vegetable Pathologist." Dept. Ag., Vict., Bull. 12, 1891.
Objects of section of vegetable pathology dealing with fungus pests stated, and reference to reports upon *Uromyces betæ* and *Plasmodiophora Brassicæ*.
217. ————"The Life-history of the Rust of Wheat." Ibid., Bull. 14, Pl. I.-II., 1891.
A popular account of the different phases of rust, (*Puccinia graminis*).
218. ————"Rust of Wheat." Ibid., Bull. 14, 1891.
Uredospores of *Puccinia graminis* found during the winter season as well as in summer, and *Puccinia poarum* also observed all the year round.
219. ————"Report of Wheat Blight." Ibid., Bull. 14, 1891.
Gives an account of *Septoria tritici*.
220. ————"Report on Club Root of Cauliflowers, Cabbages, Turnips, and other Cruciferous Plants." Ibid., Bull. 14, Pl. III., 1891.
Description of *Plasmodiophora Brassicæ*, with preventive measures.

221. McALPINE (D.)—"Beet-leaf Rust or Blighted Mangel Leaves." *Ibid.*, Bull. 14, 1891.
Description of *Uromyces betæ*, with preventive measures.
222. ——— "Root Fungus of Raspberry (Raspberry-root Disease)." *Ibid.*, Bull. 14, 1891.
Mycelium of a fungus found on the roots.
223. ——— "Report on Peach and Plum Leaf Rust (*Puccinia pruni*)." *Ibid.*, Bull. 14, Pl. V.-VI., 1891.
Notes the appearance of this disease not only on the leaves but also on the fruit of the Peach. A full account of it is given, together with preventive and remedial measures.
224. ——— "Report on Rust in Wheat as Victorian Delegate to New South Wales." Proc. Rust in Wheat Conf., Sydney, 1891.
225. ——— "Ueber die Verwendung geschrumpfter Körner von rostigem Weizen als Saatgut" (On the use of Shrivelled Grains of Rusty Wheat for Seed). *Zeitschrift f. Pflanzenkrankheiten*, III. Pt. 4, 1892.
Gives the results of experiments with rust-shrivelled and plump grain, showing that 87 per cent. of the former germinated, as against 67 per cent. of the latter.
226. ——— "Report on Rust in Wheat as Victorian Delegate to South Australia." Proc. Rust in Wheat Conf., Adelaide, 1892.
227. ——— "Native Bread (*Polyporus Mylittæ* C. and M.)." *Aust. Jour. Pharm.* VIII. 291, 1893.
Fresh specimen of sclerotium described, along with its edible qualities.
228. ——— "The Undescribed Uredospores of *Puccinia Burchardiae*, Ludwig." *Vict. Nat.* X. 192, 1894. (Read Nov. 1893.)
Uredospores on stem and leaves described.
229. ——— "Report on Rust in Wheat Experiments, 1892-3." Pp. 66. Illustrated with maps and drawings. Govt. Printer, Melbourne, 1894.
Results obtained from 315 experimental plots.
230. ——— "Report on Rust in Wheat as Victorian Delegate to Brisbane." Proc. Rust in Wheat Conf., Brisbane, 1894.
Results obtained from 285 plots at School of Horticulture, Burnley; also from farmers' wheat-testing experiments.
231. ——— "Botanical Nomenclature, with special reference to the Fungi." Report Aust. Assoc. Adv. Sci., Adelaide, V., 414, 1893.
232. ——— "Australian Fungi." Proc. Roy. Soc., Vict., VII., N.S., 1895.
Twenty-eight species recorded, eight of which are new to science, in addition to one new variety.
233. ——— "Systematic Arrangement of Australian Fungi, together with Host-index and List of Works on the subject." Dept. of Agriculture. Govt. Printing Office, Melbourne, 1894.
Gives a list of all known Australian fungi up to date, numbering 2278 species, with habitats, occurrence, general characters, &c. Also the host-plants with their accompanying fungi, and a numbered list of all works relating to the subject.
234. McALPINE (D.) and HILL (W. H. F.)—"The Entomogenous Fungi of Victoria." Proc. Roy. Soc., Vict. VII., N.S., 159, 1895.
Isaria Oncopterae (McAlp.) described on dead larvæ of *Oncoptera intricata*.
235. McALPINE (D.) and TEPPER (J. G. O.)—"A New Australian Stone-making Fungus" (*Laccocephalum basila piloides*, McAlp. and Tepp.) Proc. Roy. Soc., Vict. VII., N.S. 166. Pl. X., 3 Figs., 1895.
A new genus (*Laccocephalum*, McAlp.) constituted and the stone-forming species fully described.
236. "Michelia, Commentarium Mycologicæ Italicæ." Edited by P. A. Saccardo. 8vo.—(continued.) Padua, 1877-94.
Published at irregular intervals, and devoted exclusively to fungi.
237. MORRISON (A.)—"Notices of Victorian Fungi: New or imperfectly described *Uredineæ*." *Vict. Nat.* XI., No. 6, 90, 1894.
Puccinia Coprosomatis new and uredospores of *Uromyces Orchidearum* (Cooke and Mass.) first described.
238. ——— "Notices of Victorian Fungi: New or imperfectly described *Uredineæ*—(continued)." *Vict. Nat.* XI., No. 8, 1894.
Puccinia Coprosomatis, var. *Operculariæ*, new, and *Puccinia investita* (Schwein) new to Australia.
239. MÜCKE (C.)—"The 'Take-All'" (*Xenodochus cerealium*, F. v. M.), with five plates. Prize Essay, pp. 19, Melb., 1870.
The cause of this disease supposed to be due to a fungus.
240. MUELLER (F. v.)—"Fragmenta Phytographiæ Australiæ—Supplement." The fungi determined by Berkeley, von Thuemen, Kalchrenner, and Cooke. 8vo., Vol. XI. Melb. 1880.
One thousand and sixty-nine species of fungi are recorded.
241. ——— "Census of the Genera of Plants, hitherto known as Indigenous to Australia." Proc. Roy. Soc., N.S.W., XV., 1881.
The genera of Australian fungi are recorded, with authority for names and year of publication.
242. ——— "Additions to Census of the Genera of Plants." Proc. Roy. Soc., N.S.W., XVII., 1883.
Several genera of fungi are given.
243. ——— "Notes on Victorian Fungi." *Vict. Nat.* II., No. 6, 76, 1885.
Gives list of fungi obtained by the Botanic Department of Melbourne from 1882 to 1884 as new for Victoria. Compiled from successive records furnished by Dr. M. C. Cooke, M.A. One hundred and one species are enumerated.
244. ——— "Further Additions to Censuses of the Genera of Plants." Proc. Roy. Soc., N.S.W., XX., 1886.
Several genera of fungi recorded.
245. ——— "Notes on Rare Victorian Fungi." *Vict. Nat.* III., No. 10, 140, 1887.
Cyttaria Gunnii (Berk.) and *Cordyceps Taylori* are given.
246. ——— "Notes on some New and Rare Plants." Proc. Roy. Soc., Tasm., 1887.
Two new fungi for Tasmania are given—*Diploderma glaucum* (Cooke and Mass.) and *Castoreum radicum* (Cooke and Mass.).
247. ——— "List of Fungi named by Dr. M. C. Cooke—collected near Lake Bonny by Miss Wehl." Proc. Roy. Soc., S.A., XI., 1888.
Thirty-five species are recorded.

248. MUELLEE (F. v.)—"Select Extra-tropical Plants, readily Eligible for Industrial Culture or Naturalization." Melb. Successive editions and translations up to 1891.
References to useful and edible fungi.
249. MURSON (C. T.)—"Notes on Insect and Fungous Pests." Ag. Gaz., N.S.W., V., Pt. 8, 1894.
Notifies fungus diseases of Apple, Pear, Peach, Apricot, and Vine, and suggests remedies.
250. ————"Notes on Insect and Fungous Pests." Ibid. V., Pt. 9, 1894.
Suggests measures for dealing with such pests in the spring.
251. ————"Notes on Insect and Fungous Pests." Ibid. V., Pt. 10, 1894.
Suggestions for carrying out quarantine against such pests.
252. "Native Bread (*Mylitta australis*)." Ag. Gaz., N.S.W., III., Pt. 1, 1892.
Referred to in general notes.
253. "New Victorian Fungus." Vict. Nat. III., No. 6, 80, 1886.
Fifteen species named by Dr. M. C. Cooke, forwarded by Baron von Mueller.
254. PLOWRIGHT (C. B.)—"British Uredinæ and Ustilaginæ." 8vo. London, 1889.
Occasional references to Australian species.
255. RALPH (T. S.)—"On Dry Rot." Proc. Roy. Soc., Vict., VI., 1861.
Remarks chiefly in reference to Pines.
256. ————"On the *Æcidium* affecting the *Senecio vulgaris*, or Groundsel." Vict. Nat. VII., No. 2, 18, 1890.
257. READER (F.)—"Notes on some hitherto Unrecorded Victorian Fungi." Vict. Nat. II., 66, 1886.
258. ————"Note on *Hirneola polytricha*." Vict. Nat. IV., 174, 1887.
259. REICHHARDT (H. W.)—"Fungi, in Reise der Oesterreichischen regatte Novara um die Erde in den Jahren 1857, 1858, 1859." Botanischer Theil. 4, Wien., 1870.
Two species—*Lycogala lejusporum* (Rehdt.) and *Hydium griseo-fuscescens* (Rehdt.)—described, from Sydney.
REMY (J.)—[See "Kalchbrenner (K.)"]
260. "Revue Mycologique, recueil trimestriel illustré consacré à l'Étude des Champignons. Edited by C. Roumeguère. 8vo., Vols. I.-XV.—(continued)." Toulouse, 1879-94.
261. "Rust in Wheat—Minutes of Proceedings at a Conference of Delegates from Victoria, South Australia, New South Wales, and Queensland." Melb., March, 1890.
A series of experiments, and the issuing of questions to farmers suggested. Appendix to report on "The Nature of Rust in Wheat," by A. N. Pearson.
262. "Rust in Wheat—Report of the Conference at Sydney." Sydney, 1891.
Delegates from the four colonies as above, and results of experiments, together with replies from farmers given.
263. "Rust in Wheat—Report of the Proceedings of the Conference at Adelaide (Third Session)." Adelaide, 1892.
Delegate from Tasmania in addition, and reports on replies from farmers and on experiments given.
264. "Rust in Wheat." Ag. Gaz., N.S.W., III., Pt. 7, 1892.
Details of mode of conducting experiments.
265. "Rust in Wheat—Report of the Proceedings of the Rust in Wheat Conference at Brisbane (Fourth Session)." Brisbane, 1894.
Reports from the various delegates and descriptions of prominent varieties of Wheat with illustrations.
266. SACCARDO (P. A.)—"Sylloge Fungorum omnium hucusque cognitorum. 8vo., Vols. I.-X., Padua, 1882-92.
Describes all the known species of fungi up to June, 1892 = 39,663.
267. ————"Notes Mycologiques—Mycetes aliquot australiensis." Series I., Hedwigia, 125, 1889. Series II., Bull. Soc. Myc., France, V., 116, 1890. Series III., Hedwigia, 1890. Series IV., Hedwigia, 1893.
Series II. consists of twenty-two species, four of which are new. Series III. consists of eighteen species, nine of which are new. Series IV. consists of twelve species, four of which are new.
268. SACCARDO (P. A.) and BERLESE (A. N.)—"Fungi australiensis." Rev. Myc. No. 26, 1885, or Atti del. R. Institut. Veneto di Scienze, &c., Venetia, 1885.
Fifty-one species recorded with figures. Three new genera are constituted—*Scortechinia*, *Gibellia*, and *Gamospora*; and eighteen new species described.
SACCARDO (P. A.)—[See "Bresadola (J.)"]
269. SCHLECTENDAL (D. F. L. V.)—"De Aseroës genere Dissertatio." Berlin, 1847.
270. ————"Eine neue Phalloidee, nebst Bemerkungen üh. d. ganze Familie derselben." Linnaea. Bd. XXXI., 101, 1861.
Contains general remarks on the *Phalloideæ*, which are perhaps better represented in Australia than in any of the other great divisions of the globe.
271. SKUSE (F. A. A.)—"The New Zealand Vegetable Caterpillar." Vict. Nat. VIII., Nos. 2 and 3, 47, 1891.
Criticises paper by T. Steel on the subject, and expresses doubts as to the *Spharia Robertsii* being associated with the caterpillar of *Hepialus virescens*.
272. SOUTHALL (W.)—"Note on a Specimen of *Mylitta australis* (with figure)." Pharm. Journ. (3) XV., 210, 1884.
273. SPICER (W. W.)—"Ergot." Proc. Roy. Soc., Tasm., 1877.
On *Lolium perenne*.
274. STEELE (T.)—"The New Zealand Vegetable Caterpillar." Vict. Nat. VIII., No. 8, 110, 1890.
Refers to Australian specimens of entomogenous fungi.
275. STEPHEN (T.)—"Smut in Wheat." Proc. Roy. Soc., Tasm., 1889.
Steps for prevention given.
276. SUTHERLAND (G.)—"The South Australian Vine-growers' Manual." Adelaide, Gov. Printer, 1892.
Oidium, Black Rot, *Peronospora viticola*, Black Spot or Anthracnose, Pox or *Gleosporium ampelophagum* referred to at pp. 101-104.
277. TATE (R.)—"A List of the Charas, Mosses, Liverworts, Lichens, Fungi, and Algae of Extra-tropical S.A." Proc. Roy. Soc., S.A., Vol. IV., 1881.
Eighty-six species of fungi are recorded.

278. TAYLOR (R.)—"Description of the Bulrush Caterpillar (*Sphæria Robertsii*)." *Tasm. Journ. I.*, Pl. 1, 1842.
A drawing of *Sphæria innominata* is given from N.S.W.
279. TENISON-WOODS (J. E.)—"Botanical Notes on Queensland." *Proc. Linn. Soc., N.S.W., VII.*, 1882.
Hexagonia crinigera (Fr.) mentioned.
280. TENISON-WOODS (J. E.) and BAILEY (F. M.)—"On some Fungi of New South Wales and Queensland." *Proc. Linn. Soc., N.S.W.*, 1880.
Notes on the genera and more remarkable species, followed by a classified list.
281. TEPPER (J. G. O.)—"Red Rust: Its Nature, Approximate Cause, and Probable Cure." *Proc. Roy. Soc., S.A., III.*, 1879.
282. ——— "Botanical Notes Relating to S.A." *Proc. Roy. Soc., S.A., VI.*, 1883.
Additions to the list of Australian fungi—eighteen species (eight unrecorded for Australia and ten new to S.A.).
283. ——— "Fungi collected near Clarendon 1882-3." *Proc. Roy. Soc., S.A., VIII.*, 1885.
Eleven species are recorded identified by Dr. Cooke.
284. ——— "Additional Lichens and Fungi of S.A., collected from 1880-85." *Proc. Roy. Soc., S.A., IX.*, 1887.
Five species of fungi recorded.
285. ——— "Notes on South Australian Fungi." *Proc. Roy. Soc., S.A., XII.*, 1889.
List of fungi new or rare for S.A.—fourteen species—together with Australian *Ustilagineæ*.
286. ——— "Additional Species of Australian Fungi." *Proc. Roy. Soc., S.A., XIII.*, 1890.
Records twenty-four species collected by himself in S.A., and described by Winter, Saccardo, and Ludwig in various journals.
287. ——— "'Take-all' and its Remedies." *Ag. Gaz., N.S.W., III.*, Pt. 1, 1892.
Fungus not considered to be the cause of the disease, but simply starvation of the crop.
TEPPER (J. G. O.)—[See "Ludwig (F. M.)" and also "McAlpine (D.)"].
288. THOMPSON (E. H.)—"A Handbook to the Insect Pests of Farm and Orchard." *Bull. No. 1, Dept. Ag., Tasmania.*
Treats also of fungus pests, particularly *Puccinia pruni* and *Fusicladium dendriticum*.
289. THUMMEN (F. von.)—"Symbolæ ad Floram Mycologicam Australiæ I." *Grev. I.*, 1875."
290. ——— *Ibid.* II, *Flora*, 1878.
291. ——— "Mycotheca Universalis." Bayreuth 1879.
Ustilago Muellieriana recorded as a new species.
292. TISDALL (H. T.)—"Fungi of Country East of Mount Baw Baw." *Vict. Nat. I.*, No. 15, 169, 1885.
Seven species of *Agaricus* in its extended sense are recorded, determined by Dr. Cooke.
293. ——— "Fungi of North Gippsland." *Vict. Nat. II.*, No. 9, 106, 1886.
Eight species described, and found a *Polyporus* developed from *Mylitta australis*.
294. ——— "Notes on Fungi in Mines." *Proc. Roy. Soc., Vict., XXIV.*, Parts I.-II., 1887.
295. ——— "Victorian Agarics." *Vict. Nat. IV.*, No. 12, 203, 1888.
Forty-three species briefly described, and localities given.
296. TISDALL (H. T.)—"Fungi of the Season." *Vict. Nat. VI.*, No. 7, 107, 1889.
Fungi found in or near Melbourne.
297. ——— "A Curious Fungus." *Vict. Nat. VI.*, No. 7, 119, 1889.
Species of *Cordyceps* growing from an ant *Formica corisobrina*, and found by Mr. C. French, Government Entomologist.
298. ——— "Victorian Fngns new to Science." *Vict. Nat. VII.*, No. 7, 96, 1890.
Seven new species recorded, and six of these described.
299. ——— "On a Species of Isaria." *Vict. Nat. X.*, No. 6, 90, 1893.
Found on a cocoon, supposed to be that of the moth *Darala ocellata*.
300. "Tobacco Industry in the Adelong and Tummt Districts." *Ag. Gaz., N.S.W., II.*, Pt. 1, 1891.
Tobacco Blight (*Peronospora*) referred to and remedies suggested.
301. TRYON (H.)—"Report on Insect and Fungus Pests." *Dept. Ag., Queensland. 8vo.*, pp. 238. Brisbane, 1889.
Records fungus diseases in Apple, Pear, Peach, Almond, Orange, Vine, Pumpkin, Potato, Maize, and Wheat.
302. TURNER (F.)—"Xylostroma giganteum., Fr. (a peculiar fungus)." *Ag. Gaz., N.S.W., III.*, Pt. 6, 1892.
Obtained from the heart-wood of several Eucalypts.
303. TULASNE (L. R.)—"Fungi Hypogæi, p. 199, folio, 1851."
Refers to *Mylitta australis*, &c.
304. "Victorian Royal Commission on Vegetable Products, 1885-94." *8vo.* Melbourne.
Ten Progress Reports issued, and fungus pests occasionally referred to.
305. WALLACE (R.)—"The Rural Economy and Agriculture of Australia and New Zealand." *8vo.* London, 1891.
References to rust in Wheat, Anthracnose of the Vine, Oidium, Ergot, and *Peronospora* in Australia.
306. WALLIS (A. R.)—"The Vine Disease, Oidium Tuckeri." Two plates. *Ann. Rep. Dept. Ag., Vict.*, 1873.
307. ——— "A New Disease among Rye Grass." Two plates. *Ibid.*, 1873.
Isaria graminiperda (Berk. and F. v. M.) as the cause of it, described in *Gardener's Chronicle*, 696, 1873.
308. WEHL (Miss.)—"List of Species of Agaricus and Panus, discovered near Lake Bonney." *Proc. Roy. Soc., S.A., X.*, 1887.
Seven species of *Agaricus* recorded, and one of *Panus* (*P. carbonarius*).
309. WINTER (G.)—"Exotische Pilze II., Hedwigia, 1886."
Four new species described.—*Uromyces vesiculosa*, *Asterina microthyrioides*, *Phyllachora nervisequia*, and *Lembosia orbicularis*. *Meliola cladotricha* (Lev.) also further described.
310. ——— "Fungi Australienses." *Revue Mycologique*, Toulouse, 1886, and *Rev. Myc.* 1888.
311. WOOLLS (W.)—"A Contribution to the Flora of Australia." *8vo.*, pp. 255. Sydney, 1867.
Occasional references are made to fungi in the neighbourhood of Sydney.

CORRECTIONS.

- P. 13.—No. 180.—S.A. in wrong column.
- P. 124.—Order XX. should be XXV.
- P. 156.—No. 193 should be 1939.
- P. 178.—No. 2133.—*Colletotrichum* should be in brackets as a synonym.
- P. 180.—No. 2152.—Add *Carpozyma* as a synonym, since Apiculate yeast is considered by some to belong to this genus.





ORIENTAÇÕES PARA O USO

Esta é uma cópia digital de um documento (ou parte dele) que pertence a um dos acervos que fazem parte da Biblioteca Digital de Obras Raras e Especiais da USP. Trata-se de uma referência a um documento original. Neste sentido, procuramos manter a integridade e a autenticidade da fonte, não realizando alterações no ambiente digital – com exceção de ajustes de cor, contraste e definição.

1. Você apenas deve utilizar esta obra para fins não comerciais. Os livros, textos e imagens que publicamos na Biblioteca Digital de Obras Raras e Especiais da USP são de domínio público, no entanto, é proibido o uso comercial das nossas imagens.

2. Atribuição. Quando utilizar este documento em outro contexto, você deve dar crédito ao autor (ou autores), à Biblioteca Digital de Obras Raras e Especiais da USP e ao acervo original, da forma como aparece na ficha catalográfica (metadados) do repositório digital. Pedimos que você não republique este conteúdo na rede mundial de computadores (internet) sem a nossa expressa autorização.

3. Direitos do autor. No Brasil, os direitos do autor são regulados pela Lei n.º 9.610, de 19 de Fevereiro de 1998. Os direitos do autor estão também respaldados na Convenção de Berna, de 1971. Sabemos das dificuldades existentes para a verificação se uma obra realmente encontra-se em domínio público. Neste sentido, se você acreditar que algum documento publicado na Biblioteca Digital de Obras Raras e Especiais da USP esteja violando direitos autorais de tradução, versão, exibição, reprodução ou quaisquer outros, solicitamos que nos informe imediatamente (dtsibi@usp.br).